



## Diode

Silicon Carbide Schottky Diode

# IDM10G120C5

5<sup>th</sup> Generation thinQ!™ 1200 V SiC Schottky Diode

## Final Datasheet

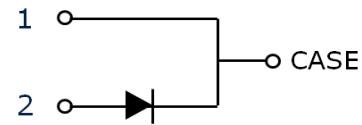
Rev. 2.0 2015-22-07

Industrial Power Control

## SiC Schottky Diode

### Features:

- Revolutionary semiconductor material - Silicon Carbide
- No reverse recovery current / No forward recovery
- Temperature independent switching behavior
- Low forward voltage even at high operating temperature
- Tight forward voltage distribution
- Excellent thermal performance
- Extended surge current capability
- Specified dv/dt ruggedness
- Qualified according to JEDEC<sup>1)</sup> for target applications
- Pb-free lead plating; RoHS compliant



### Benefits

- System efficiency improvement over Si diodes
- System cost / size savings due to reduced cooling requirements
- Enabling higher frequency / increased power density solutions
- Higher system reliability due to lower operating temperatures
- Reduced EMI
- Related Links: [www.infineon.com/sic](http://www.infineon.com/sic)



### Applications



- Solar inverters
- Uninterruptable power supplies
- Motor drives
- Power Factor Correction



### Package pin definitions

- Pin 1 and backside – cathode
- Pin 2 – anode

### Key Performance and Package Parameters

Type	$V_{dc}$	$I_F$	$Q_C$	$T_{j,max}$	Marking	Package
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1) J-STD20 and JESD22

IDM10G120C5	1200V	10A	41nC	175°C	D1012C5	PG-T0252-2
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1) J-STD20 and JESD22

**Maximum ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Repetitive peak reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$	1200	V
Continous forward current for $R_{th(j-c,max)}$ $T_C = 160^\circ\text{C}, D=1$ $T_C = 135^\circ\text{C}, D=1$ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}, D=1$	$I_F$	10 18 38	A
Surge non-repetitive forward current, sine halfwave $T_C=25^\circ\text{C}, t_p=10\text{ms}$ $T_C=150^\circ\text{C}, t_p=10\text{ms}$	$I_{F,SM}$	99 84	
Non-repetitive peak forward current $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}, t_p=10 \mu\text{s}$	$I_{F,max}$	711	
$i^2t$ value $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}, t_p=10 \mu\text{s}$ $T_C = 150^\circ\text{C}, t_p=10 \mu\text{s}$	$\int i^2 dt$	49 35	A²s
Diode dv/dt ruggedness $V_R=0...960 \text{ V}$	dv/dt	80	V/ns
Power dissipation $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_{tot}$	223	W
Operating temperature	$T_j$	-55...175	°C
Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$	-55...150	
Soldering temperature, Wave- and reflowsoldering allowed (reflow MSL1)	$T_{sold}$	260	

**Thermal Resistances**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
<b>Characteristic</b>						
Diode thermal resistance, junction – case	$R_{th(j-c)}$		-	0.5	0.7	
Thermal resistance, junction – ambient	$R_{th(j-a)}$	SMD version, device on PCB, minimal footprint	-	-	62	K/W
		SMD version, device on PCB, 6 cm² cooling area <sup>2)</sup>		35		

<sup>2)</sup> Device on 40 mm\*40mm\*1.5 epoxy PCB FR4 with 6cm² (one layer, 70µm thick) copper for cathode connection. PCB is vertical without air stream cooling.

### Electrical Characteristics

**Static Characteristic, at  $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
DC blocking voltage	$V_{DC}$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	1200	-	-	V
Diode forward voltage	$V_F$	$I_F = 10 \text{ A}, T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $I_F = 10 \text{ A}, T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	-	1.5 2.0	1.8 2.6	V
Reverse current	$I_R$	$V_R = 1200 \text{ V}, T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R = 1200 \text{ V}, T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		4 22	62 320	$\mu\text{A}$

**Dynamic Characteristics, at  $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
Total capacitive charge	$Q_C$	$V_R = 800 \text{ V}, T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$ $Q_C = \int_0^{V_R} C(V) dV$	-	41	-	nC
Total Capacitance	C	$V_R = 1 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ $V_R = 400 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ $V_R = 800 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	-	525 37 29	-	pF

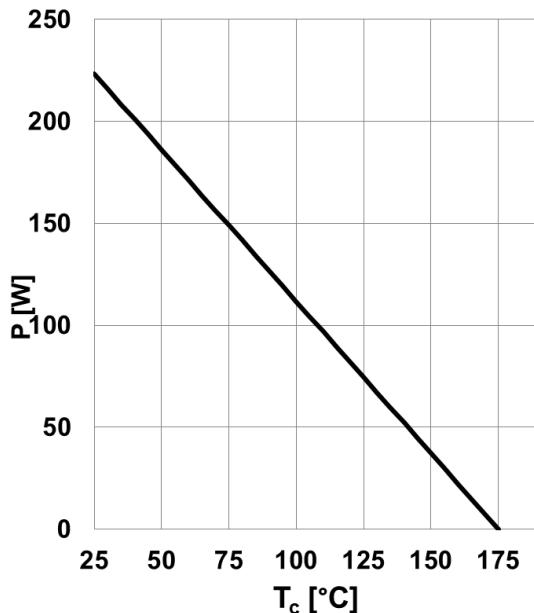


Figure 1. Power dissipation as a function of case temperature,  $P_{\text{tot}}=f(T_c)$ ,  $R_{\text{th(j-c),max}}$

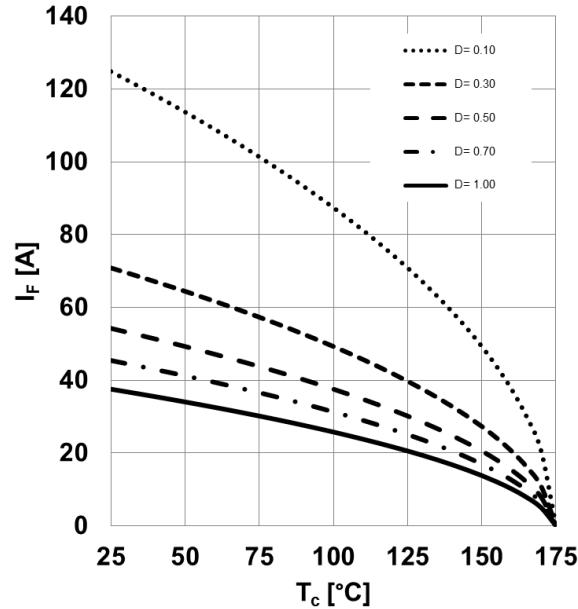


Figure 2. Diode forward current as function of temperature,  $T_j \leq 175^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $R_{\text{th(j-c),max}}$ , parameter  $D$ =duty cycle,  $V_{\text{th}}$ ,  $R_{\text{diff}}$  @  $T_j=175^{\circ}\text{C}$

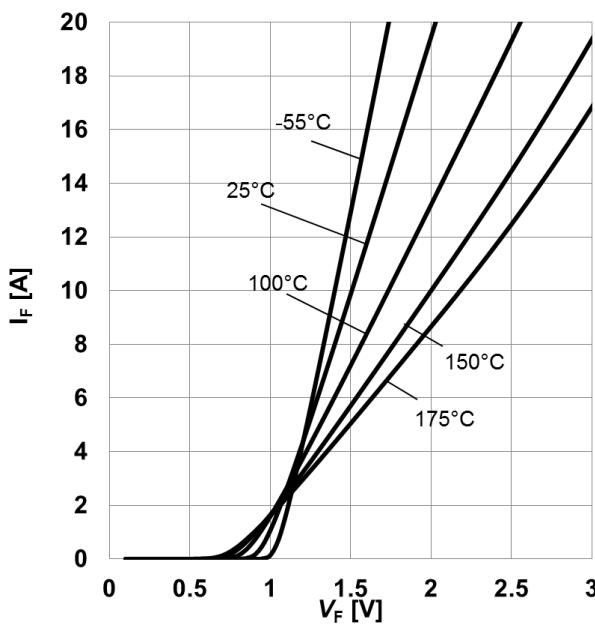


Figure 3. Typical forward characteristics,  $I_F=f(V_F)$ ,  $t_p=10 \mu\text{s}$ , parameter:  $T_j$

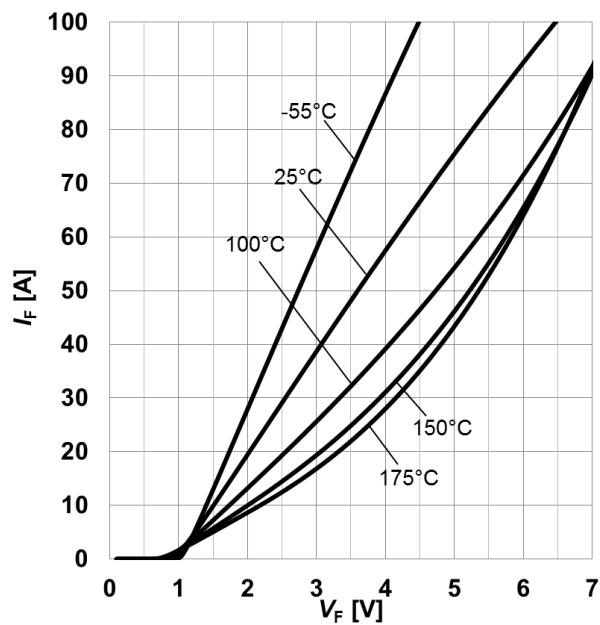
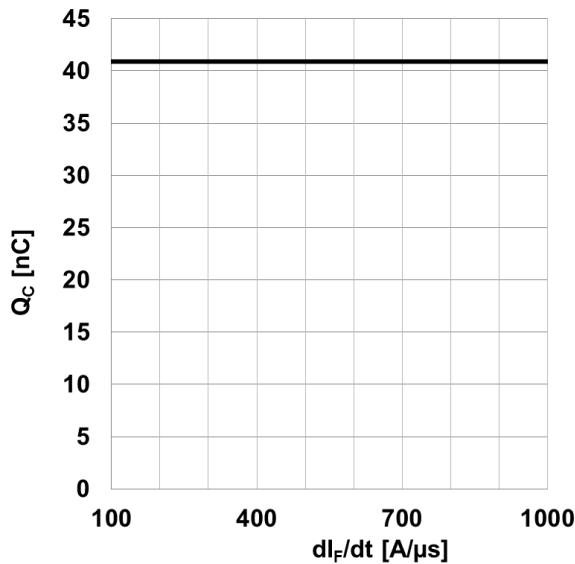
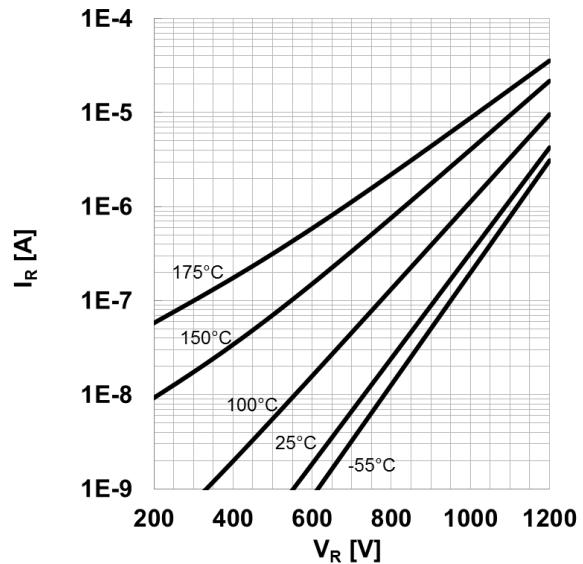


Figure 4. Typical forward characteristics in surge current,  $I_F=f(V_F)$ ,  $t_p=10 \mu\text{s}$ , parameter:  $T_j$

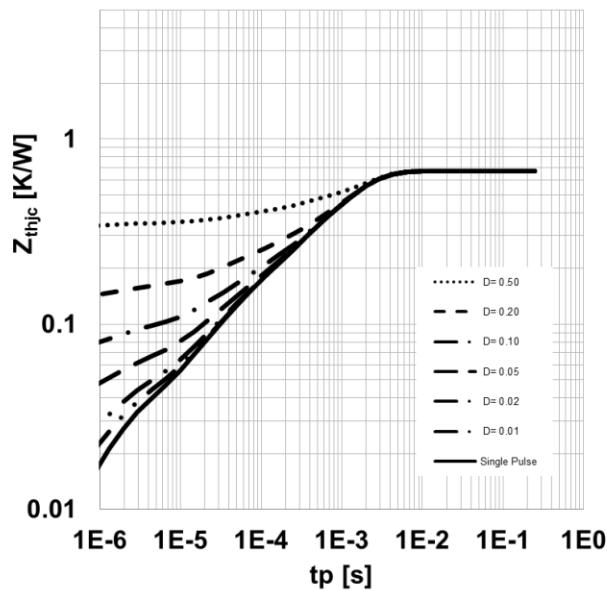


**Figure 5. Typical capacitance charge as function of current slope<sup>1</sup>,  $Q_C=f(dI_F/dt)$ ,  $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$**

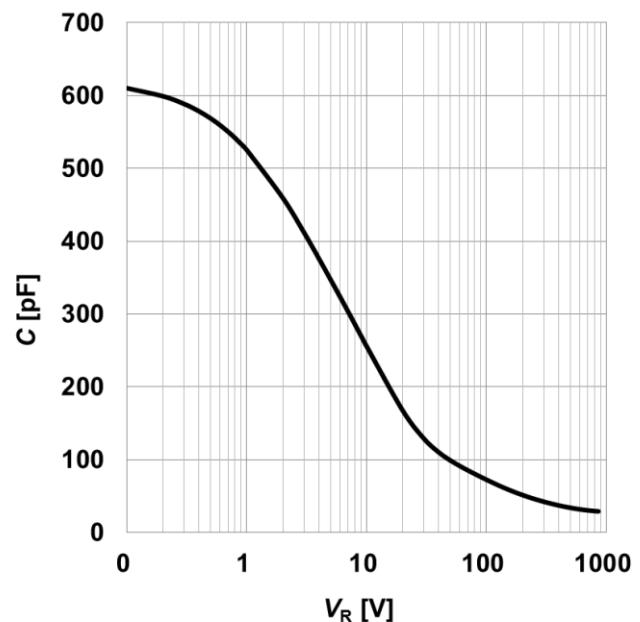
1) Only capacitive charge, guaranteed by design.



**Figure 6. Typical reverse current as function of reverse voltage,  $I_R=f(V_R)$ , parameter:  $T_j$**



**Figure 7. Max. transient thermal impedance,  $Z_{th,jc}=f(t_p)$ , parameter:  $D=t_p/T$**



**Figure 8. Typical capacitance as function of reverse voltage,  $C=f(V_R)$ ;  $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $f=1 \text{ MHz}$**

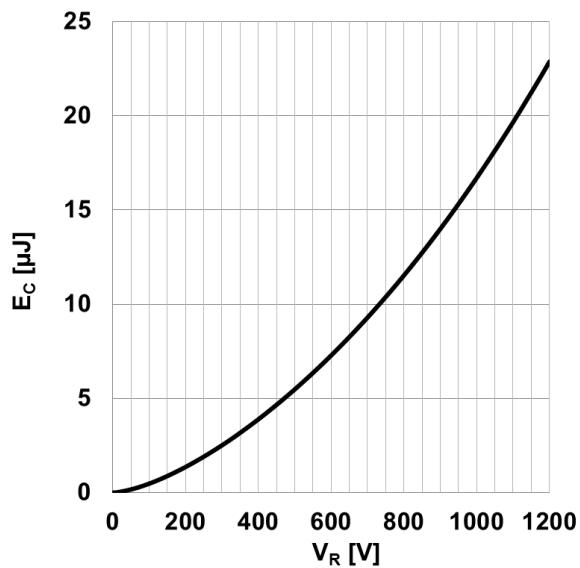
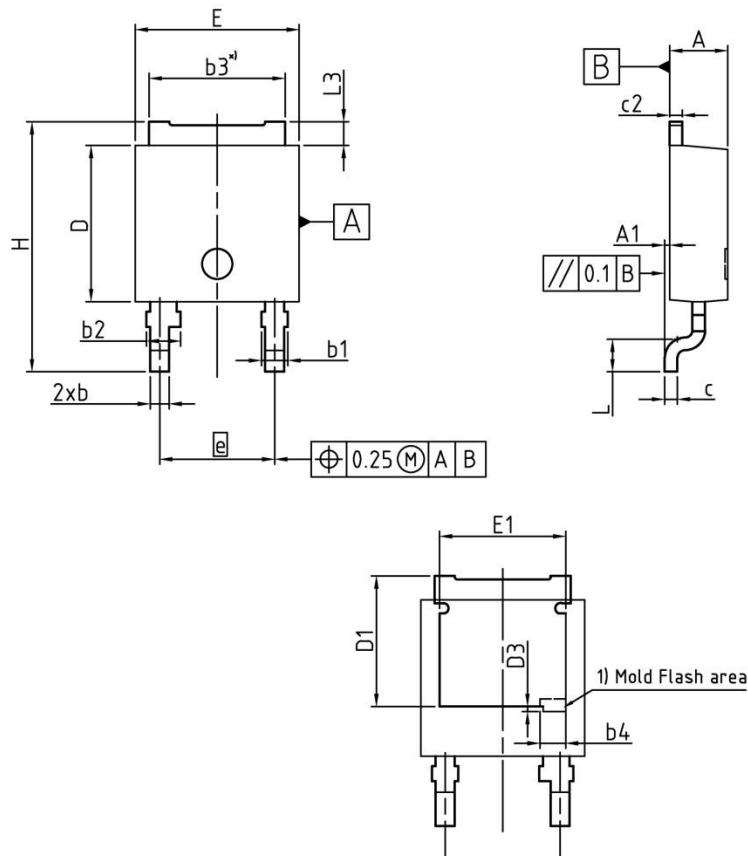


Figure 9. Typical capacitance stored energy as function of reverse voltage,

$$E_C = \int_0^{V_R} C(V) V dV$$

## PG-T0252-2



\*) mold flash not included

DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	2.20	2.35	0.087	0.093
A1	0.00	0.15	0.000	0.006
b	0.65	0.85	0.026	0.033
b1	-	1.15	-	0.045
b2	1.05	1.45	0.041	0.057
b3	5.30	5.50	0.209	0.217
b4	1.02		0.040	
c	0.46	0.58	0.018	0.023
c2	0.46	0.58	0.018	0.023
D	6.02	6.22	0.237	0.245
D1	5.04	5.44	0.198	0.214
E	6.45	6.65	0.254	0.262
E1	5.00		0.197	
e	4.57 (BSC)		0.180 (BSC)	
N	2		2	
H	9.40	10.40	0.370	0.409
L	1.19	1.39	0.047	0.055
D3	0.20		0.008	
L3	0.90	1.10	0.035	0.043

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## Revision History

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Previous Revision:

Revision	Date	Subjects (major changes since last version)
2.0	-	Final data sheet

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