

# BLM8G0710S-45AB; BLM8G0710S-45ABG

LDMOS 2-stage power MMIC

Rev. 1 — 20 August 2015

Objective data sheet

## 1. Product profile

### 1.1 General description

The BLM8G0710S-45AB(G) is a dual section, asymmetric, 2-stage power MMIC using NXP's state of the art GEN8 LDMOS technology. This multiband device is perfectly suited as small cell final stage in Doherty configuration, or as general purpose driver in the 700 MHz to 1000 MHz frequency range. Available in gull wing or straight lead outline.

**Table 1. Performance**

Typical RF performance at  $T_{case} = 25$  °C. Test signal: 3GPP test model 1; 64 DPCH; PAR = 9.9 dB at 0.01% probability on CCDF; specified in a class-AB production circuit.

Test signal	f	I <sub>Dq1</sub> [1]	I <sub>Dq2</sub> [1]	V <sub>DS</sub>	P <sub>L(AV)</sub>	G <sub>p</sub>	η <sub>D</sub>	ACPR <sub>5M</sub>
	(MHz)	(mA)	(mA)	(V)	(W)	(dB)	(%)	(dBc)
single carrier W-CDMA								
carrier section	957.5	30	120	28	3	35	27	-41.5
peaking section	957.5	60	240	28	6	35.2	24.5	-40

[1] I<sub>Dq1</sub> represents driver stage; I<sub>Dq2</sub> represents final stage.

### 1.2 Features and benefits

- Designed for broadband operation (frequency 700 MHz to 1000 MHz)
- High section-to-section isolation enabling multiple combinations
- High Doherty efficiency thanks to 2 : 1 asymmetry
- Integrated temperature compensated bias
- Biasing of individual stages is externally accessible
- Integrated ESD protection
- Excellent thermal stability
- High power gain
- On-chip matching for ease of use
- Compliant to Directive 2002/95/EC, regarding restriction of hazardous substances (RoHS)

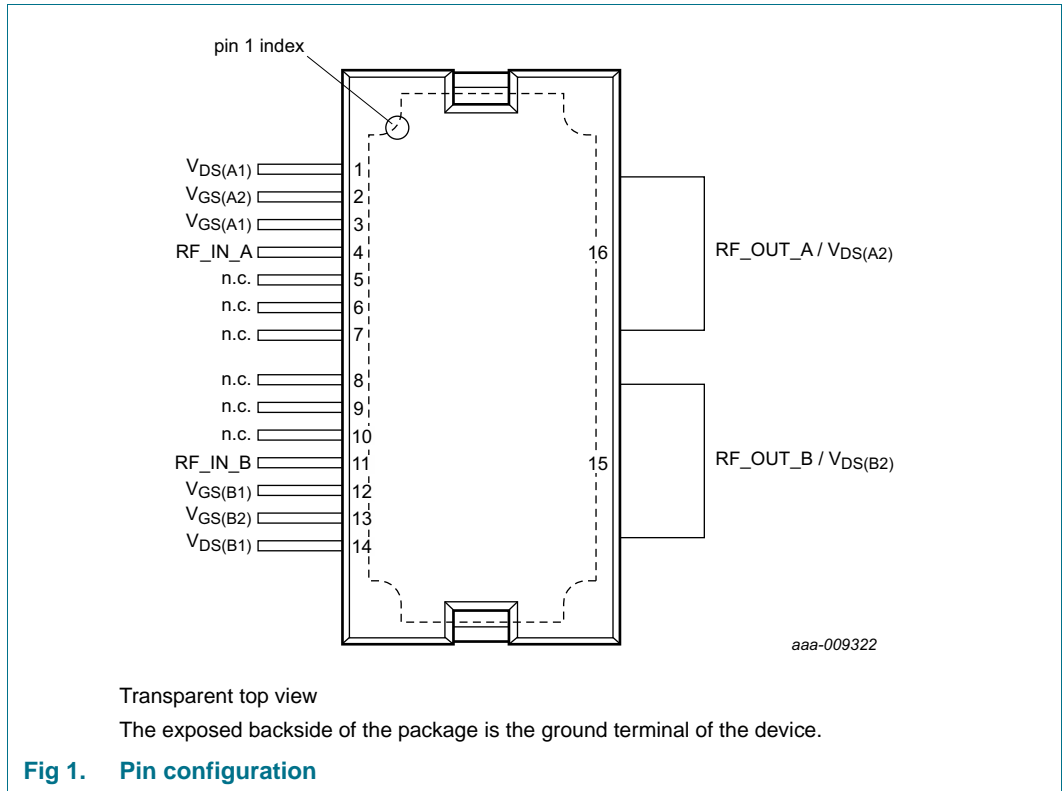
### 1.3 Applications

- RF power MMIC for W-CDMA base stations in the 700 MHz to 1000 MHz frequency range. Possible circuit topologies are the following as also depicted in [Section 8.1](#):
  - ◆ Asymmetric final stage in Doherty configuration
  - ◆ Asymmetric driver for high power Doherty amplifier



## 2. Pinning information

### 2.1 Pinning



### 2.2 Pin description

**Table 2. Pin description**

Symbol	Pin	Description
$V_{DS(A1)}$	1	drain-source voltage of carrier section, driver stage (A1)
$V_{GS(A2)}$	2	gate-source voltage of carrier section, final stage (A2)
$V_{GS(A1)}$	3	gate-source voltage of carrier section, driver stage (A1)
RF_IN_A	4	RF input carrier section (A)
n.c.	5	not connected
n.c.	6	not connected
n.c.	7	not connected
n.c.	8	not connected
n.c.	9	not connected
n.c.	10	not connected
RF_IN_B	11	RF input peaking section (B)
$V_{GS(B1)}$	12	gate-source voltage of peaking section, driver stage (B1)
$V_{GS(B2)}$	13	gate-source voltage of peaking section, final stage (B2)
$V_{DS(B1)}$	14	drain-source voltage of peaking section, driver stage (B1)

**Table 2. Pin description ...continued**

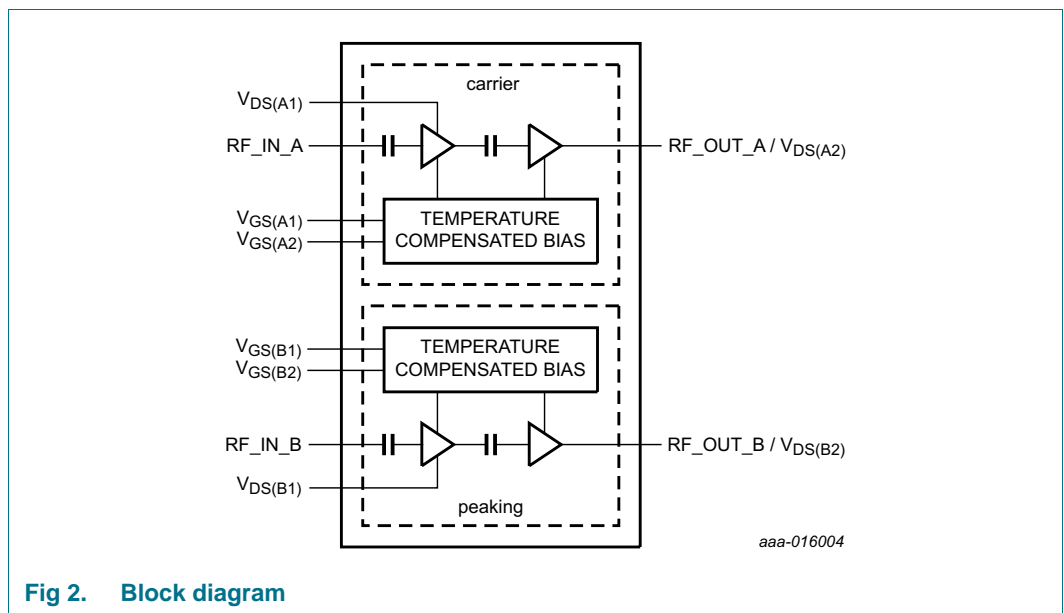
Symbol	Pin	Description
RF_OUT_B/ $V_{DS(B2)}$	15	RF output peaking section (B) / drain-source voltage of peaking section, final stage (B2)
RF_OUT_A/ $V_{DS(A2)}$	16	RF output carrier section (A) / drain-source voltage of carrier section, final stage (A2)
GND	flange	RF ground

### 3. Ordering information

**Table 3. Ordering information**

Type number	Package		Version
	Name	Description	
BLM8G0710S-45AB	HSOP16F	plastic, heatsink small outline package; 16 leads(flat)	SOT1211-2
BLM8G0710S-45ABG	HSOP16	plastic, heatsink small outline package; 16 leads	SOT1212-2

### 4. Block diagram



### 5. Limiting values

**Table 4. Limiting values**

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
$V_{DS}$	drain-source voltage		-	65	V
$V_{GS}$	gate-source voltage		-0.5	+13	V
$T_{stg}$	storage temperature		-65	+150	°C
$T_j$	junction temperature	[1]	-	225	°C
$T_{case}$	case temperature		-	150	°C

[1] Continuous use at maximum temperature will affect the reliability. For details refer to the online MTF calculator.

## 6. Thermal characteristics

Table 5. Thermal characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Value	Unit
<b>Carrier section</b>				
$R_{th(j-c)}$	thermal resistance from junction to case	final stage; $T_{case} = 90\text{ °C}$ ; $P_L = 1.26\text{ W}$	[1] 2.9	K/W
		driver stage; $T_{case} = 90\text{ °C}$ ; $P_L = 1.26\text{ W}$	[1] 10.5	K/W
<b>Peaking section</b>				
$R_{th(j-c)}$	thermal resistance from junction to case	final stage; $T_{case} = 90\text{ °C}$ ; $P_L = 2.51\text{ W}$	[1] 1.78	K/W
		driver stage; $T_{case} = 90\text{ °C}$ ; $P_L = 2.51\text{ W}$	[1] 7.4	K/W

[1] When operated with a CW signal.

## 7. Characteristics

Table 6. DC characteristics

$T_{case} = 25\text{ °C}$ ; per section unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>Carrier section</b>						
<b>Final stage</b>						
$V_{(BR)DSS}$	drain-source breakdown voltage	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$ ; $I_D = 0.241\text{ mA}$	65	-	-	V
$V_{GSq}$	gate-source quiescent voltage	$V_{DS} = 28\text{ V}$ ; $I_D = 120\text{ mA}$	<tbid>	2	<tbid>	V
		$V_{DS} = 28\text{ V}$ ; $I_D = 120\text{ mA}$	[1]	<tbid>	2.6	<tbid>
$\Delta I_{Dq}/\Delta T$	quiescent drain current variation with temperature	$-40\text{ °C} \leq T_{case} \leq +85\text{ °C}$	[1]	-	$\pm 0.5$	%
$I_{DSS}$	drain leakage current	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$ ; $V_{DS} = 28\text{ V}$	-	-	1.4	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{DSX}$	drain cut-off current	$V_{GS} = 5.65\text{ V}$ ; $V_{DS} = 10\text{ V}$	-	4.4	-	A
$I_{GSS}$	gate leakage current	$V_{GS} = 1.0\text{ V}$ ; $V_{DS} = 0\text{ V}$	-	-	140	nA
<b>Driver stage</b>						
$V_{(BR)DSS}$	drain-source breakdown voltage	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$ ; $I_D = 0.06\text{ mA}$	65	-	-	V
$V_{GSq}$	gate-source quiescent voltage	$V_{DS} = 28\text{ V}$ ; $I_D = 30\text{ mA}$	<tbid>	2.1	<tbid>	V
		$V_{DS} = 28\text{ V}$ ; $I_D = 30\text{ mA}$	[2]	<tbid>	2.6	<tbid>
$\Delta I_{Dq}/\Delta T$	quiescent drain current variation with temperature	$-40\text{ °C} \leq T_{case} \leq +85\text{ °C}$	[2]	-	$\pm 0.5$	%
$I_{DSS}$	drain leakage current	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$ ; $V_{DS} = 28\text{ V}$	-	-	1.4	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{DSX}$	drain cut-off current	$V_{GS} = 5.65\text{ V}$ ; $V_{DS} = 10\text{ V}$	-	1.1	-	A
$I_{GSS}$	gate leakage current	$V_{GS} = 1.0\text{ V}$ ; $V_{DS} = 0\text{ V}$	-	-	140	nA
<b>Peaking section</b>						
<b>Final stage</b>						
$V_{(BR)DSS}$	drain-source breakdown voltage	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$ ; $I_D = 0.482\text{ mA}$	65	-	-	V
$V_{GSq}$	gate-source quiescent voltage	$V_{DS} = 28\text{ V}$ ; $I_D = 240\text{ mA}$	<tbid>	1.9	<tbid>	V
		$V_{DS} = 28\text{ V}$ ; $I_D = 240\text{ mA}$	[3]	<tbid>	2.4	<tbid>
$\Delta I_{Dq}/\Delta T$	quiescent drain current variation with temperature	$-40\text{ °C} \leq T_{case} \leq +85\text{ °C}$	[3]	<tbid>	-	%
$I_{DSS}$	drain leakage current	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$ ; $V_{DS} = 28\text{ V}$	-	-	1.4	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{DSX}$	drain cut-off current	$V_{GS} = 5.65\text{ V}$ ; $V_{DS} = 10\text{ V}$	-	8.4	-	A
$I_{GSS}$	gate leakage current	$V_{GS} = 1.0\text{ V}$ ; $V_{DS} = 0\text{ V}$	-	-	140	nA

**Table 6. DC characteristics ...continued**  
*T<sub>case</sub> = 25 °C; per section unless otherwise specified.*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>Driver stage</b>						
V <sub>(BR)DSS</sub>	drain-source breakdown voltage	V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V; I <sub>D</sub> = 0.120 mA	65	-	-	V
V <sub>GSq</sub>	gate-source quiescent voltage	V <sub>DS</sub> = 28 V; I <sub>D</sub> = 60 mA	<td>	1.9	<td>	V
		V <sub>DS</sub> = 28 V; I <sub>D</sub> = 60 mA [4]	<td>	2.4	<td>	V
I <sub>DSS</sub>	drain leakage current	V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V; V <sub>DS</sub> = 28 V	-	-	1.4	μA
I <sub>DSX</sub>	drain cut-off current	V <sub>GS</sub> = 5.65 V; V <sub>DS</sub> = 10 V	-	2.2	-	A
I <sub>GSS</sub>	gate leakage current	V <sub>GS</sub> = 1.0 V; V <sub>DS</sub> = 0 V	-	-	140	nA

- [1] In production circuit with 1.3 kΩ gate feed resistor.
- [2] In production circuit with 1.2 kΩ gate feed resistor.
- [3] In production circuit with 1.3 kΩ gate feed resistor.
- [4] In production circuit with 1.2 kΩ gate feed resistor.

**Table 7. RF Characteristics**

*Typical RF performance at f = 957.5 MHz; T<sub>case</sub> = 25 °C; V<sub>DS</sub> = 28 V; I<sub>Dq1</sub> = 30 mA (carrier section, driver stage); I<sub>Dq2</sub> = 120 mA (carrier section, final stage); P<sub>L(AV)</sub> = 3 W (carrier section); I<sub>Dq1</sub> = 60 mA (peaking section, driver stage); I<sub>Dq2</sub> = 240 mA (peaking section, final stage); P<sub>L(AV)</sub> = 6 W (peaking section) unless otherwise specified, measured in an NXP wideband f = 700 MHz to 1000 MHz straight lead production circuit.*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>Carrier section</b>						
Test signal: single carrier W-CDMA [1]						
G <sub>p</sub>	power gain	f = 730.5 MHz	-	35.7	-	dB
		f = 957.5 MHz	<td>	35	<td>	dB
η <sub>D</sub>	drain efficiency	f = 730.5 MHz	-	24	-	%
		f = 957.5 MHz	<td>	27	-	%
RL <sub>in</sub>	input return loss	f = 730.5 MHz	-	-16	<td>	dB
ACPR <sub>5M</sub>	adjacent channel power ratio (5 MHz)	f = 957.5 MHz	-	-39	-	dBc
		f = 730.5 MHz	-	-41.5	<td>	dBc
PAR <sub>O</sub>	output peak-to-average ratio	f = 957.5 MHz	-	8	-	dB
		f = 730.5 MHz	<td>	8	-	dB
<b>Peaking section</b>						
Test signal: single carrier W-CDMA [1]						
G <sub>p</sub>	power gain	f = 730.5 MHz	-	36.5	-	dB
		f = 957.5 MHz	<td>	35.2	<td>	dB
η <sub>D</sub>	drain efficiency	f = 730.5 MHz	-	24.5	-	%
		f = 957.5 MHz	<td>	24.5	-	%
RL <sub>in</sub>	input return loss	f = 957.5 MHz	-	-20	<td>	dB
ACPR <sub>5M</sub>	adjacent channel power ratio (5 MHz)	f = 730.5 MHz	-	-40	-	dBc
		f = 957.5 MHz	-	-40	<td>	dBc
PAR <sub>O</sub>	output peak-to-average ratio	f = 730.5 MHz	-	8	-	dB
		f = 957.5 MHz	<td>	8.3	-	dB

**Table 7. RF Characteristics ...continued**

Typical RF performance at  $f = 957.5$  MHz;  $T_{case} = 25$  °C;  $V_{DS} = 28$  V;  $I_{Dq1} = 30$  mA (carrier section, driver stage);  $I_{Dq2} = 120$  mA (carrier section, final stage);  $P_{L(AV)} = 3$  W (carrier section);  $I_{Dq1} = 60$  mA (peaking section, driver stage);  $I_{Dq2} = 240$  mA (peaking section, final stage);  $P_{L(AV)} = 6$  W (peaking section) unless otherwise specified, measured in an NXP wideband  $f = 700$  MHz to 1000 MHz straight lead production circuit.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Test signal: CW [2]						
$\Delta\phi_{s21}$	phase response difference	normalized; between sections	-10	-	+10	deg
$\Delta S_{21} ^2$	insertion power gain difference	normalized; between sections	-0.5	-	+0.5	dB

[1] 3GPP test model 1; 64 DPCH; PAR = 9.9 dB at 0.01% probability on CCDF.

[2]  $f = 957.5$  MHz.

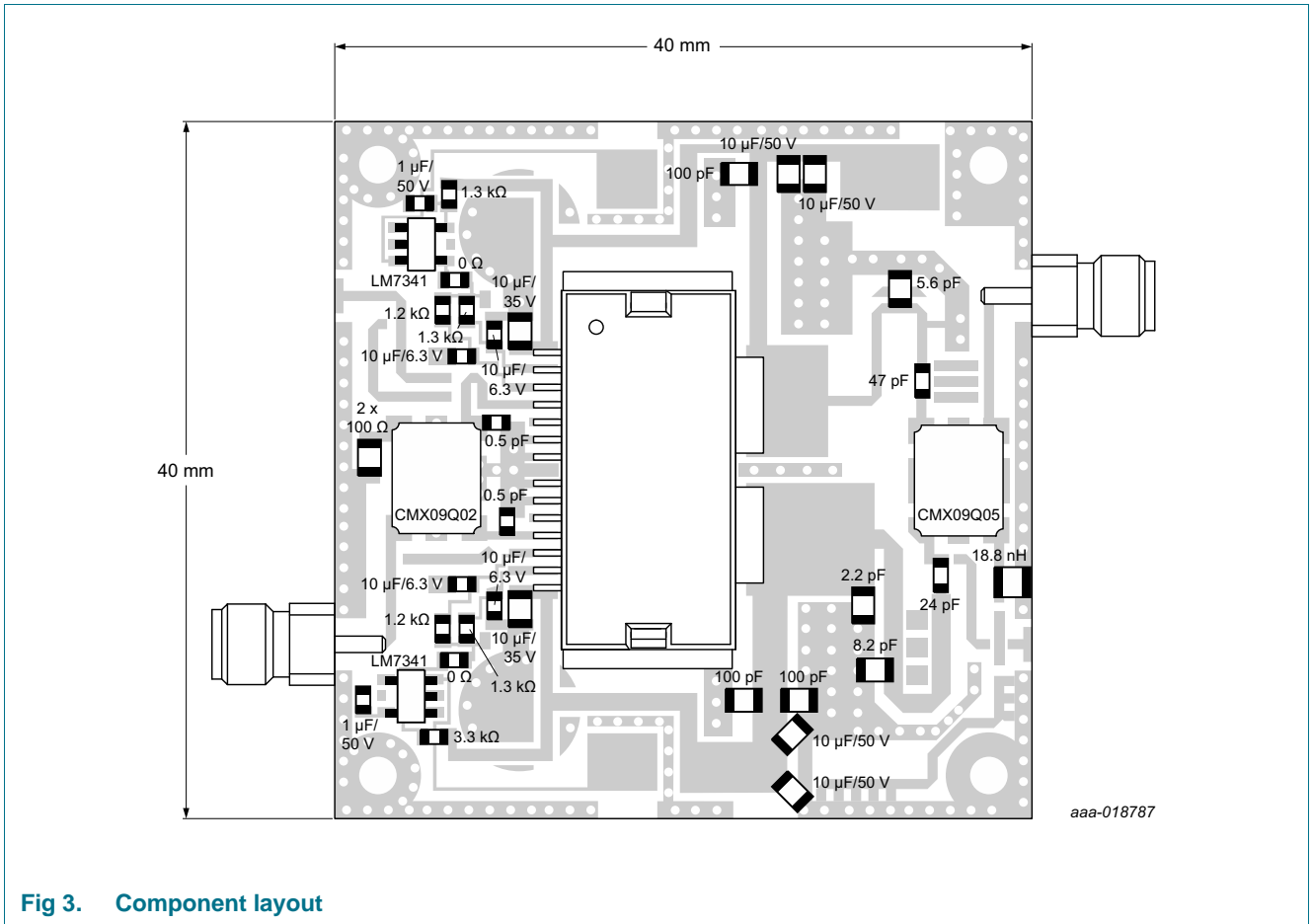
## 8. Application information

**Table 8. Doherty typical performance**

Test signal: 1-tone CW; RF performance at  $T_{case} = 25$  °C;  $V_{DS} = 28$  V;  $I_{Dq1} = 130$  mA (carrier section, final stage);  $I_{Dq2} = 4$  mA (peaking section, final stage); unless otherwise specified, measured in an NXP,  $f = 925$  MHz to 960 MHz, Doherty application circuit (see [Figure 3](#) and [Figure 4](#)).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$P_{L(3dB)}$	output power at 3 dB gain compression	$f = 942.5$ MHz; 1-tone pulsed CW (10 % duty cycle)	-	63.9	-	W
$\eta_D$	drain efficiency	at $P_{L(3dB)}$ ; $f = 942.5$ MHz; 1-tone pulsed CW (10 % duty cycle)	-	<tbid>	-	%
$G_p$	power gain	$P_{L(AV)} = 8.3$ W; $f = 942.5$ MHz	-	8.3	-	dB
$B_{video}$	video bandwidth	$P_{L(AV)} = 4$ W; $f = 942.5$ MHz; 2-tone CW	-	160	-	MHz
$G_{flat}$	gain flatness	$P_{L(AV)} = 8.3$ W	-	0.7	-	dB
K	Rollett stability factor	$T_{case} = -40$ °C; $f = 0.1$ GHz to 3 GHz	[1]	>1	-	

[1] For carrier and peaking sections (S-parameters measured with load-pull jig).



**Fig 3. Component layout**

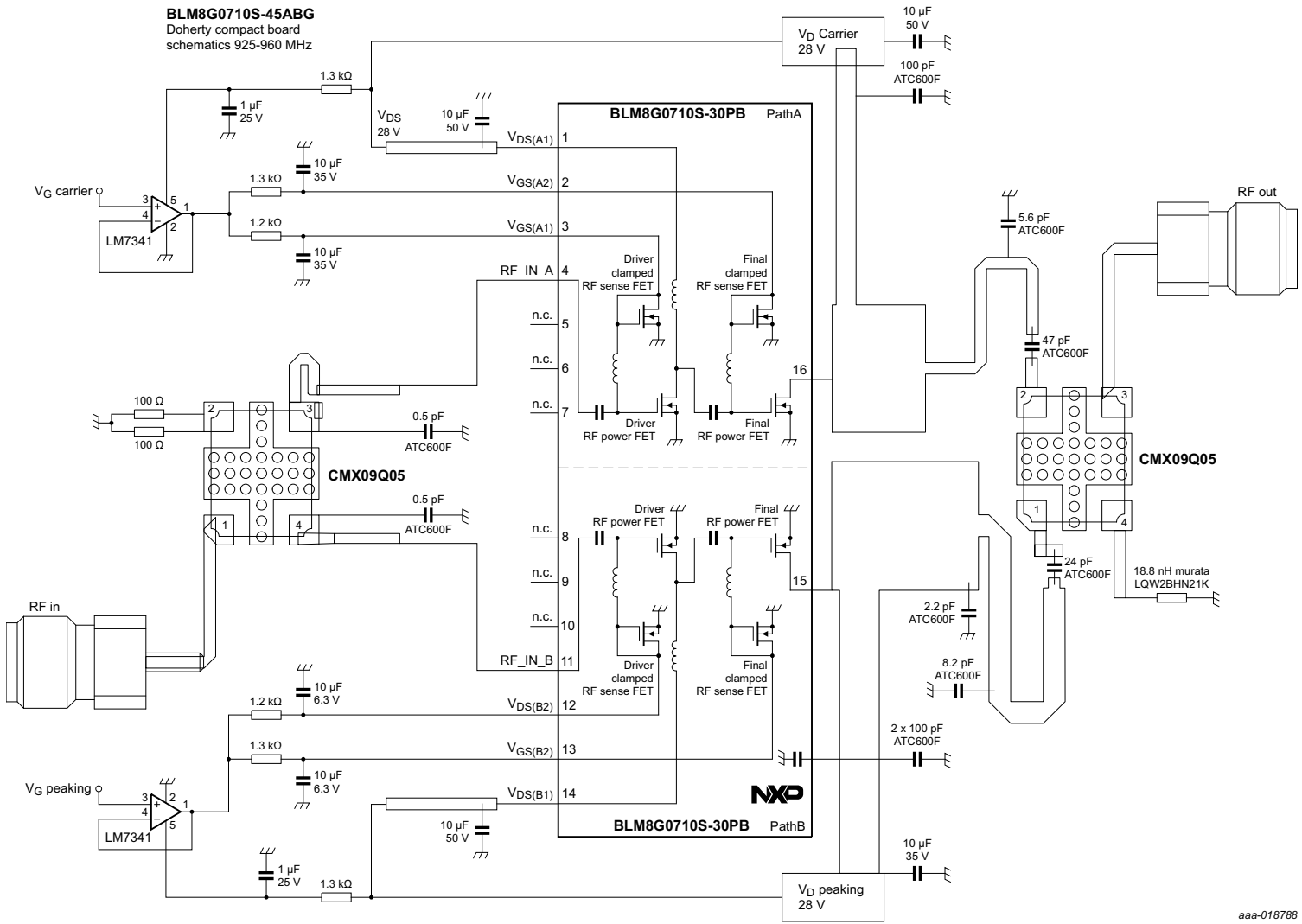
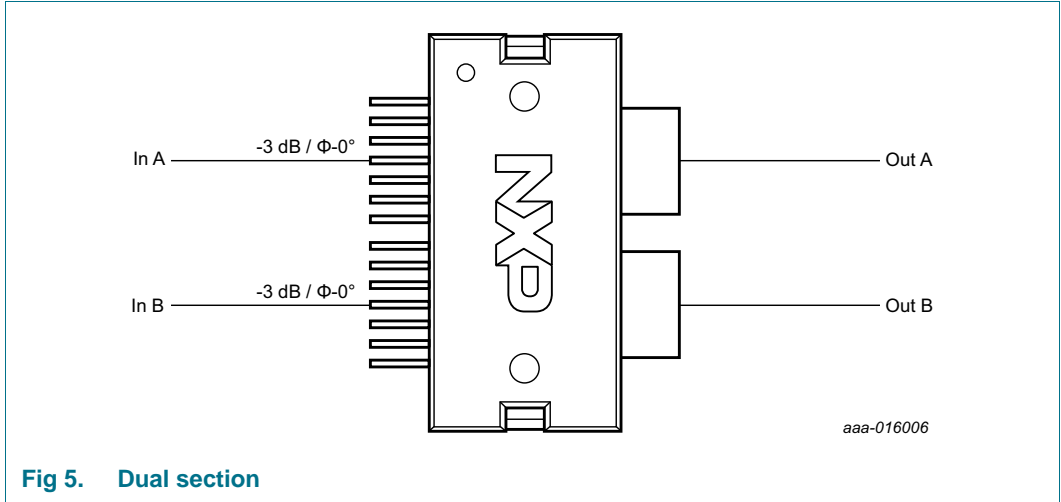


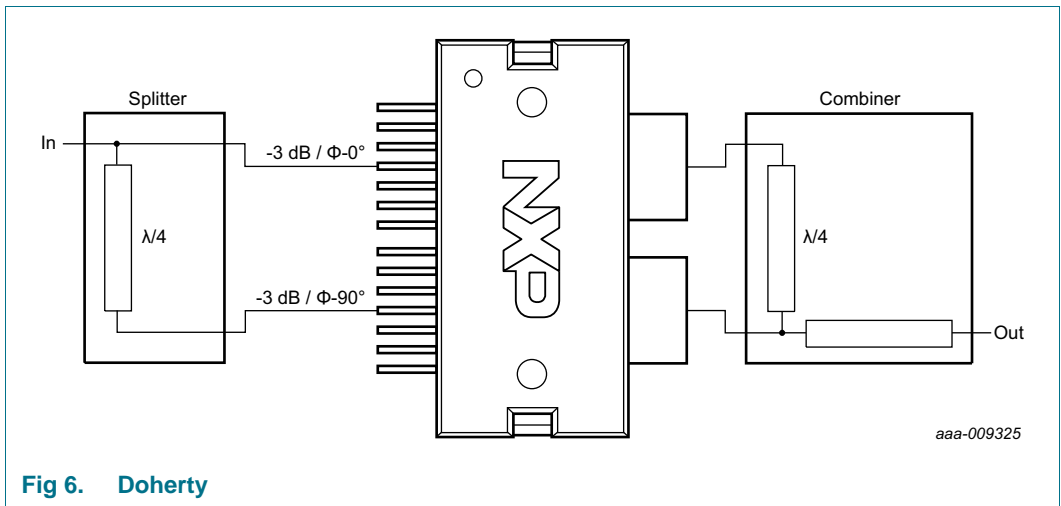
Fig 4. Electrical schematic



**8.1 Possible circuit topologies**



**Fig 5. Dual section**



**Fig 6. Doherty**

**8.2 Ruggedness in class-AB operation**

The BLM8G0710S-45AB and BLM8G0710S-45ABG are capable of withstanding a load mismatch corresponding to  $V_{SWR} = 10 : 1$  through all phases under the following conditions:  $f = \langle tbd \rangle$  MHz;  $V_{DS} = 32$  V;  $I_{Dq1} = \langle tbd \rangle$  mA (carrier section, driver stage);  $I_{Dq2} = \langle tbd \rangle$  mA (carrier section, final stage);  $I_{Dq1} = \langle tbd \rangle$  mA (peaking section, driver stage);  $I_{Dq2} = \langle tbd \rangle$  mA (peaking section, final stage);  $P_i = \langle tbd \rangle$  dBm (carrier section);  $P_i = \langle tbd \rangle$  dBm (peaking section).  $P_i$  is measured at CW and corresponding to  $P_{L(3dB)}$  under  $Z_S = 50 \Omega$  load.

### 8.3 Impedance information

**Table 9. Typical impedance**

Measured load-pull data at 3 dB gain compression point; test signal: pulsed CW;  $T_{case} = 25\text{ °C}$ ;  $V_{DS} = 28\text{ V}$ ;  $t_p = 100\text{ }\mu\text{s}$ ;  $\delta = 10\%$ ;  $Z_S = 50\text{ }\Omega$ ;  $I_{Dq1} = 30\text{ mA}$  (carrier section, driver stage);  $I_{Dq2} = 120\text{ mA}$  (carrier section, final stage);  $I_{Dq1} = 60\text{ mA}$  (peaking section, driver stage);  $I_{Dq2} = 240\text{ mA}$  (peaking section, final stage). Typical values unless otherwise specified.

f (MHz)	tuned for maximum output power					tuned for maximum power added efficiency				
	Z <sub>L</sub> ( $\Omega$ )	G <sub>p(max)</sub> (dB)	P <sub>L</sub> (W)	$\eta_{add}$ (%)	AM-PM conversion (deg)	Z <sub>L</sub> ( $\Omega$ )	G <sub>p(max)</sub> (dB)	P <sub>L</sub> (W)	$\eta_{add}$ (%)	AM-PM conversion (deg)
<b>Carrier section</b>										
<b>BLM8G0710S-45AB</b>										
680	6.4 + j4.3	34	44.9	59.4	-9.2	9.3 + j8.4	35.3	43.6	68.1	-11.1
700	6.2 + j3.6	33.9	44.8	56.4	-8.5	9.2 + j8.5	35.5	43.5	67.3	-10.7
720	6.2 + j3.7	34	44.8	56.8	-8	8.8 + j9.6	35.7	43	67	-11
740	6.3 + j3.6	33.9	44.8	57.2	-7.2	8.5 + j8.7	35.4	43.3	66.7	-9.7
760	6.3 + j3.5	33.8	44.8	57.4	-6.1	9.4 + j8.4	35.3	43.3	66.7	-7.3
780	6.2 + j3.5	33.6	44.8	57.7	-6.2	8.4 + j8.5	35.1	43.2	66.1	-8.2
800	6.2 + j2.8	33.4	44.9	56.3	-5	9.2 + j8.5	35.1	43.2	65.4	-6.1
820	6.3 + j2.9	33.3	44.8	56.8	-5.7	8.7 + j6.8	34.6	43.7	65.1	-6.3
840	6.8 + j2.2	33.1	44.9	56.5	-4.1	7.9 + j6.9	34.6	43.7	65.1	-6.2
860	7.4 + j1.7	33.1	44.8	56.2	-4	7.9 + j6.8	34.5	43.7	64.5	-6.2
880	7.4 + j1.7	33.1	44.8	56.2	-3.3	7.8 + j6.8	34.5	43.6	64	-5.3
900	7.2 + j0.9	32.9	44.8	54.3	-3.4	7.8 + j6.8	34.6	43.5	63.8	-5.2
920	7.3 + j0.9	32.9	44.7	54.2	-2.7	8.1 + j7.8	34.8	43.1	63.1	-3.9
940	8.1 + j0.7	33.2	44.7	55.2	-2	8.3 + j5.9	34.6	43.7	62.4	-2.8
960	7.2 + j0.9	33.2	44.6	53.4	-2.4	8.7 + j6.7	34.8	43.3	61.8	-1.9
980	8.0 + j0.8	33.4	44.7	55.1	-2	8.6 + j6.8	34.8	43.3	62.1	-1.5
1000	8.1 + j0.9	33.4	44.6	55.1	-2.2	7.1 + j6.8	34.9	43.1	61.6	-3.2
<b>BLM8G0710S-45ABG</b>										
700	6.4 + j3.1	34.4	44.4	55.3	-8.8	8.5 + j8.5	36.1	42.9	65.8	-12.7
720	6.3 + j3.4	34.6	44.4	56.6	-8.3	8.9 + j8.8	36.1	42.8	66.8	-11
740	6.5 + j2.6	34.4	44.5	55.5	-7.6	8.3 + j8.2	36	42.9	65.4	-10.9
760	7.4 + j1.8	34.2	44.5	55.9	-6	8.8 + j8.7	35.9	42.6	65.1	-9.2
780	6.5 + j1.6	33.6	44.5	53.1	-5.5	7.3 + j8.1	35.5	42.7	64.2	-10.2
800	7.1 + j1.3	33.6	44.7	55.7	-4.8	7.1 + j8.0	35.5	42.8	64.9	-9.7
820	6.4 + j1.2	33.3	44.7	54.2	-4.8	8.3 + j8.2	35.3	42.6	64	-6.9
840	7.0 + j0.8	33.3	44.7	55	-4.7	8.1 + j8.1	35.3	42.5	63.5	-7
860	7.5 + j0.5	33.3	44.6	54.7	-4.4	8.4 + j7.1	35.1	42.9	63.4	-6
880	7.4 + j0.7	33.4	44.5	54.6	-4.3	8.2 + j7.4	35.3	42.7	62.3	-6
900	8.2 + j0.3	33.6	44.4	54.8	-2.9	8.0 + j7.2	35.4	42.6	62.1	-4.9
920	7.4 + j0.1	33.4	44.5	53.8	-2.8	7.3 + j6.3	35.3	42.9	61.8	-5.4
940	8.0 + j0.1	33.5	44.4	53.9	-2.4	6.8 + j6.5	35.4	42.6	60.9	-5.7

**Table 9. Typical impedance ...continued**

Measured load-pull data at 3 dB gain compression point; test signal: pulsed CW;  $T_{case} = 25\text{ °C}$ ;  $V_{DS} = 28\text{ V}$ ;  $t_p = 100\text{ }\mu\text{s}$ ;  $\delta = 10\%$ ;  $Z_S = 50\text{ }\Omega$ ;  $I_{DQ1} = 30\text{ mA}$  (carrier section, driver stage);  $I_{DQ2} = 120\text{ mA}$  (carrier section, final stage);  $I_{DQ1} = 60\text{ mA}$  (peaking section, driver stage);  $I_{DQ2} = 240\text{ mA}$  (peaking section, final stage). Typical values unless otherwise specified.

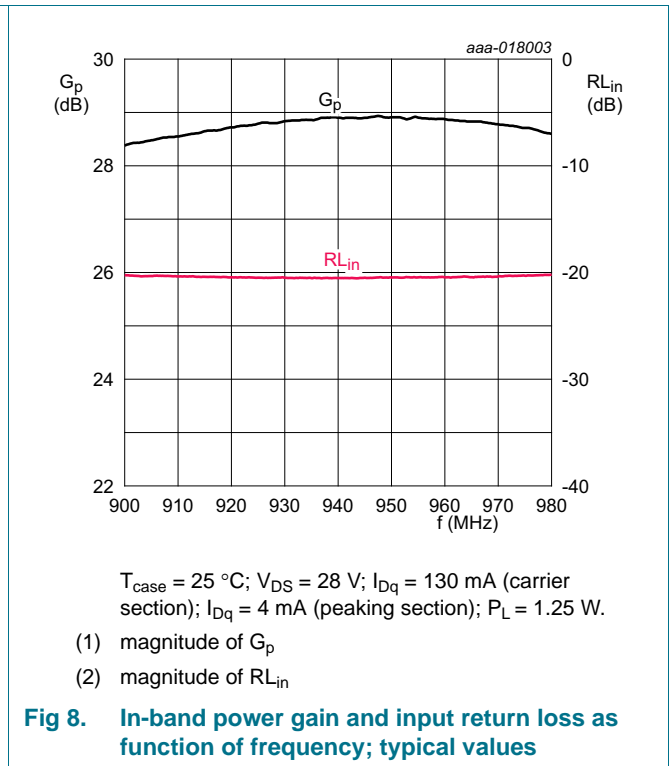
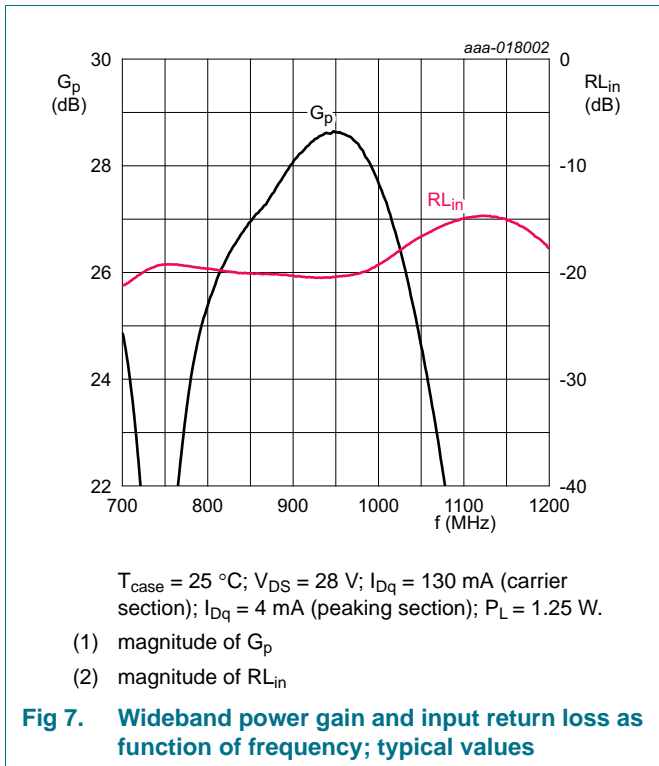
f	tuned for maximum output power					tuned for maximum power added efficiency				
	Z <sub>L</sub>	G <sub>p(max)</sub>	P <sub>L</sub>	$\eta_{add}$	AM-PM conversion	Z <sub>L</sub>	G <sub>p(max)</sub>	P <sub>L</sub>	$\eta_{add}$	AM-PM conversion
(MHz)	( $\Omega$ )	(dB)	(W)	(%)	(deg)	( $\Omega$ )	(dB)	(W)	(%)	(deg)
960	7.9 - j0.6	33.5	44.3	52.4	-2	7.0 + j6.9	35.8	42.4	60.5	-4.2
980	7.7 - j0.5	33.7	44.4	53	-1.6	7.1 + j6.3	35.5	42.6	61.3	-3
1000	7.2 - j0.4	33.5	44.3	52.7	-2.3	7.0 + j6.0	35.2	42.7	61.1	-3.2
<b>Peaking section</b>										
<b>BLM8G0710S-45AB</b>										
680	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>
700	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>
720	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>
740	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>
760	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>
780	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>
800	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>
820	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>
840	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>
860	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>
880	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>
900	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>
920	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>
940	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>
960	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>
980	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>
1000	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>	<td>
<b>BLM8G0710S-45ABG</b>										
700	3.7 + j0.7	35.1	47.4	58	-3.2	4.5 + j4.1	36.4	45.5	65.8	-7.2
720	3.2 + j0.1	34.1	47.5	53.4	-2.2	4.1 + j3.6	35.6	46	66.2	-6.4
740	3.2 + j0.7	34.8	47.5	55.9	-3.6	4.2 + j3.1	36.2	46.2	65.3	-6.8
760	3.7 + j0.2	35	47.5	57.3	-2.1	4.7 + j3.6	36.4	45.7	64.7	-5.1
780	3.7 - j0.4	34.3	47.6	54.8	-1.8	4.5 + j3.0	35.8	46	64.1	-5.2
800	3.1 + j0.1	34.1	47.6	54.5	-3.1	4.0 + j3.5	35.8	45.5	64.2	-7.4
820	3.1 - j0.2	34.2	47.5	53.6	-2.9	4.1 + j2.2	35.7	46.4	63.9	-5.4
840	3.7 - j0.8	34.1	47.5	54	-2.6	3.8 + j2.0	35.5	46.5	63.5	-6.3
860	3.5 - j0.5	34.2	47.5	55.1	-3.3	4.4 + j2.8	35.8	45.7	63.3	-5.7
880	3.8 - j1.1	34	47.4	53.1	-3	3.7 + j2.6	35.6	45.6	62.4	-7.2
900	3.2 - j0.8	33.8	47.4	53.2	-4.4	4.1 + j2.6	35.7	45.7	62.8	-6.5
920	3.2 - j1.0	33.9	47.4	52.5	-5.2	3.2 + j2.6	35.9	45.3	62.6	-9.7

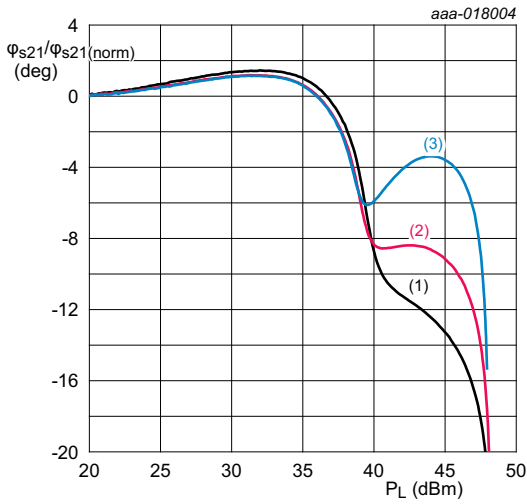
**Table 9. Typical impedance ...continued**

Measured load-pull data at 3 dB gain compression point; test signal: pulsed CW;  $T_{case} = 25\text{ °C}$ ;  $V_{DS} = 28\text{ V}$ ;  $t_p = 100\text{ }\mu\text{s}$ ;  $\delta = 10\text{ %}$ ;  $Z_S = 50\text{ }\Omega$ ;  $I_{Dq1} = 30\text{ mA}$  (carrier section, driver stage);  $I_{Dq2} = 120\text{ mA}$  (carrier section, final stage);  $I_{Dq1} = 60\text{ mA}$  (peaking section, driver stage);  $I_{Dq2} = 240\text{ mA}$  (peaking section, final stage). Typical values unless otherwise specified.

f	tuned for maximum output power					tuned for maximum power added efficiency				
	Z <sub>L</sub>	G <sub>p(max)</sub>	P <sub>L</sub>	$\eta_{add}$	AM-PM conversion	Z <sub>L</sub>	G <sub>p(max)</sub>	P <sub>L</sub>	$\eta_{add}$	AM-PM conversion
(MHz)	( $\Omega$ )	(dB)	(W)	(%)	(deg)	( $\Omega$ )	(dB)	(W)	(%)	(deg)
940	3.9 - j1.5	34.1	47.3	52.7	-5.5	3.9 + j2.2	36.1	45.7	62.4	-7.7
960	3.9 - j1.3	34.5	47.3	54.6	-6.4	3.8 + j1.5	36	46.1	62.5	-7.6
980	3.4 - j1.7	33.9	47.3	51.2	-8	3.3 + j2.0	36.1	45.5	62.5	-9.7
1000	3.4 - j1.0	34.2	47.3	56.1	-8.7	3.4 + j1.7	35.6	45.7	62.3	-9.2

**8.4 Graphs**

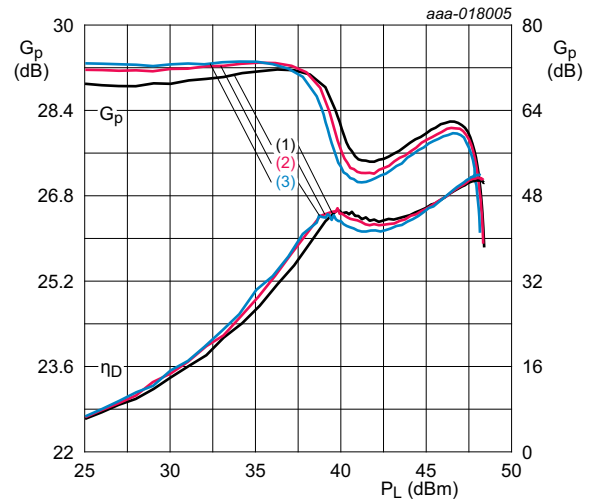




$T_{case} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ ;  $V_{DS} = 28\text{ V}$ ;  $I_{Dq} = 130\text{ mA}$  (carrier section);  $I_{Dq} = 4\text{ mA}$  (peaking section).

- (1)  $f = 925\text{ MHz}$
- (2)  $f = 942.5\text{ MHz}$
- (3)  $f = 960\text{ MHz}$

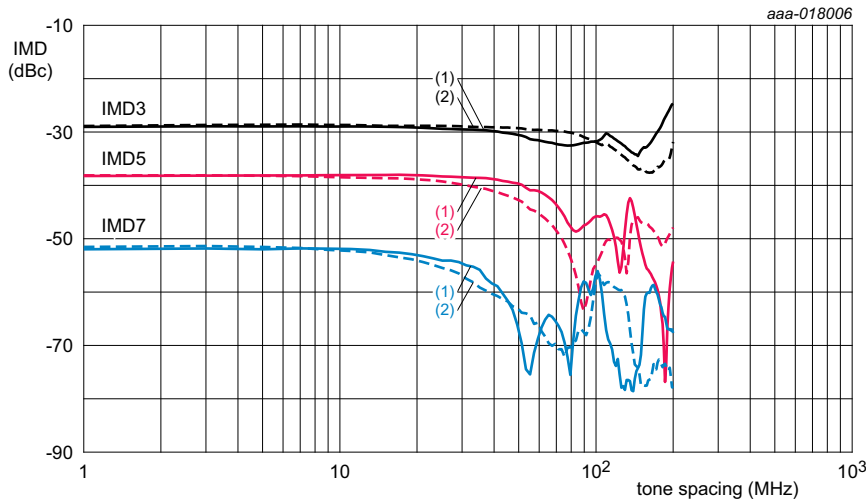
**Fig 9. Normalized phase response as a function of output power; typical values**



$T_{case} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ ;  $V_{DS} = 28\text{ V}$ ;  $I_{Dq} = 130\text{ mA}$  (carrier section);  $I_{Dq} = 4\text{ mA}$  (peaking section).

- (1)  $f = 925\text{ MHz}$
- (2)  $f = 942.5\text{ MHz}$
- (3)  $f = 960\text{ MHz}$

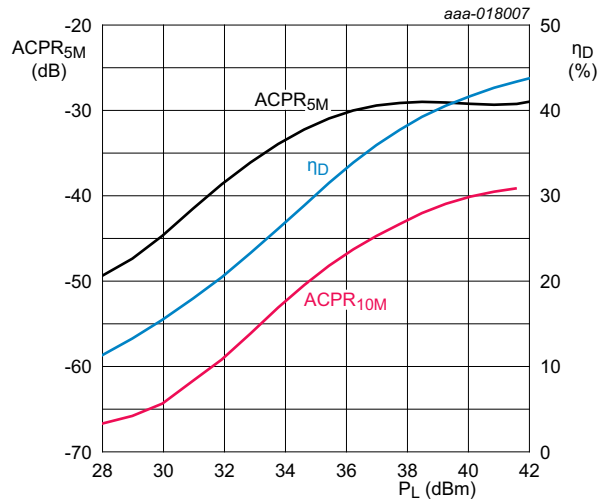
**Fig 10. Power gain and drain efficiency as a function of output power; typical values**



$T_{case} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ ;  $V_{DS} = 28\text{ V}$ ;  $I_{Dq} = 130\text{ mA}$  (carrier section);  $I_{Dq} = 4\text{ mA}$  (peaking section).

- (1) IMD low
- (2) IMD high

**Fig 11. Intermodulation distortion as a function of tone spacing; typical values**



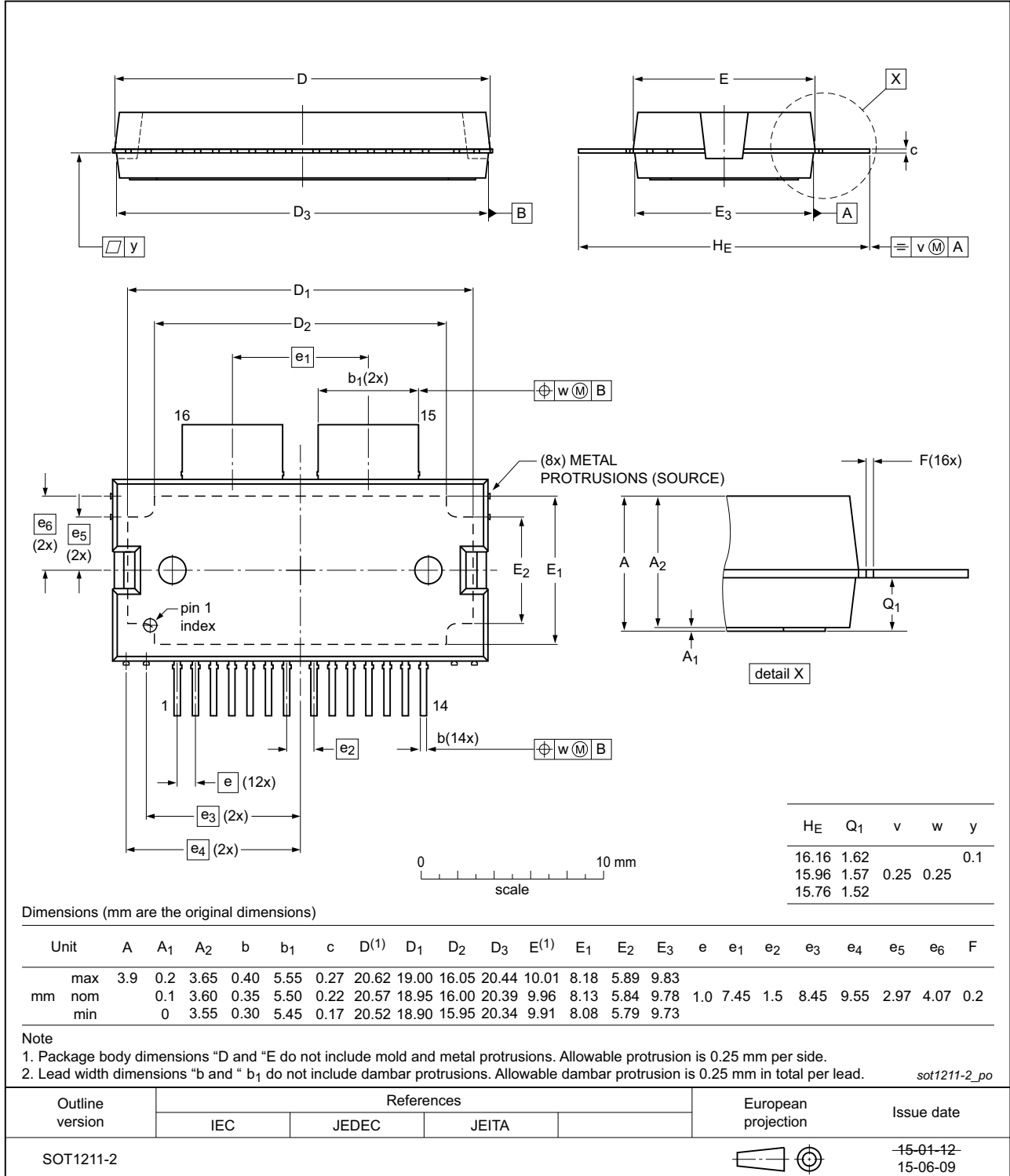
$T_{case} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $V_{DS} = 28\text{ V}$ ;  $I_{Dq} = 130\text{ mA}$  (carrier section);  $I_{Dq} = 4\text{ mA}$  (peaking section).

Fig 12. Adjacent channel power ratio and drain efficiency as function of output power; typical values

**9. Package outline**

HSOP16F: plastic, heatsink small outline package; 16 leads(flat)

SOT1211-2



**Fig 13. Package outline SOT1211-2 (HSOP16F)**

HSOP16: plastic, heatsink small outline package; 16 leads

SOT1212-2

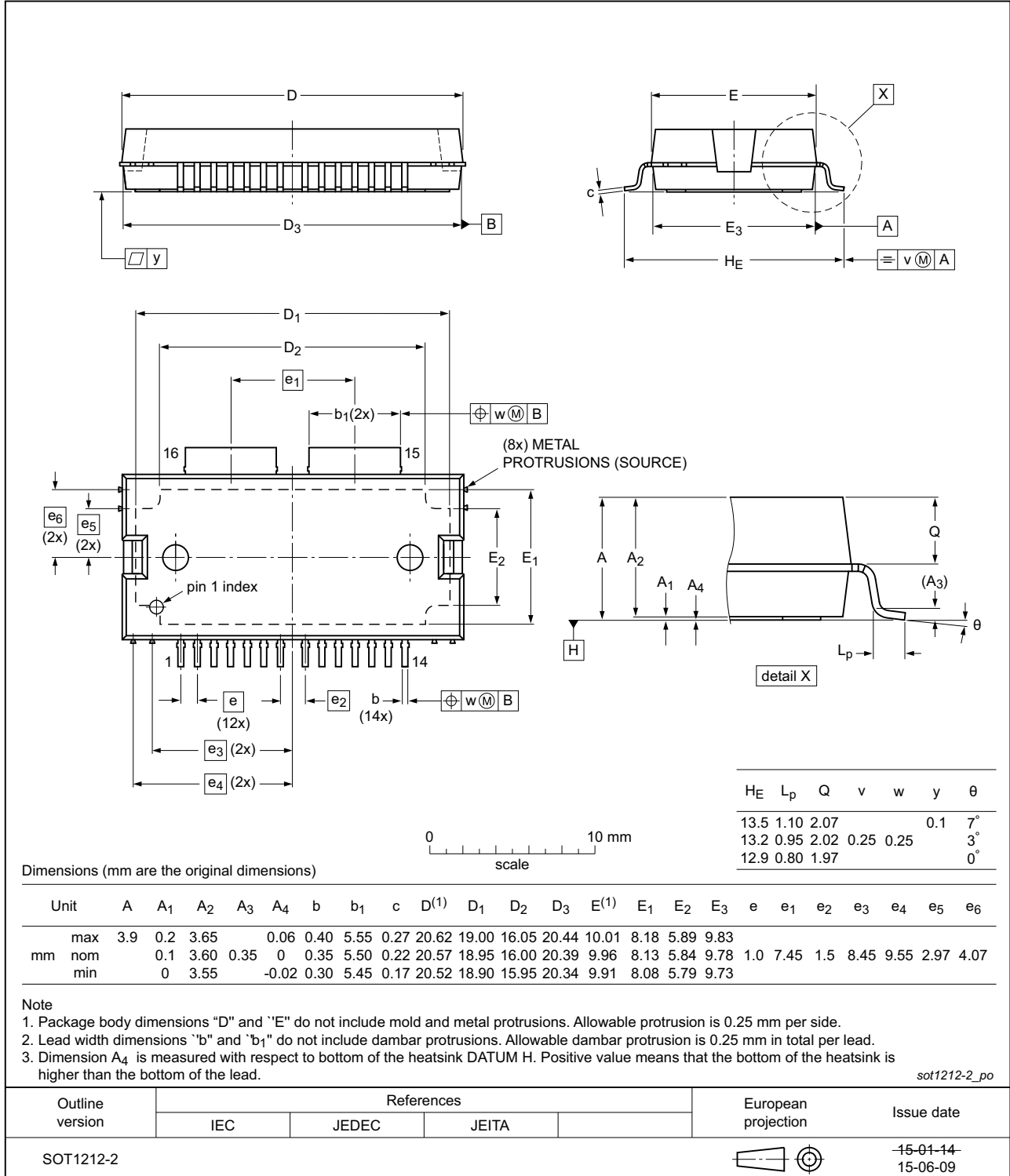


Fig 14. Package outline SOT1212-2 (HSOP16)



## 10. Handling information

### CAUTION



This device is sensitive to ElectroStatic Discharge (ESD). Observe precautions for handling electrostatic sensitive devices.

Such precautions are described in the *ANSI/ESD S20.20*, *IEC/ST 61340-5*, *JESD625-A* or equivalent standards.

## 11. Abbreviations

Table 10. Abbreviations

Acronym	Description
AM	Amplitude Modulation
3GPP	3rd Generation Partnership Project
CCDF	Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function
CW	Continuous Wave
DPCH	Dedicated Physical CHannel
ESD	ElectroStatic Discharge
GEN8	Eighth Generation
LDMOS	Laterally Diffused Metal Oxide Semiconductor
MMIC	Monolithic Microwave Integrated Circuit
MTF	Median Time to Failure
PAR	Peak-to-Average Ratio
PM	Phase Modulation
VSWR	Voltage Standing-Wave Ratio
W-CDMA	Wideband Code Division Multiple Access

## 12. Revision history

Table 11. Revision history

Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes
BLM8G0710S-45AB_S-45ABG v.1	20150820	Objective data sheet	-	-

## 13. Legal information

### 13.1 Data sheet status

Document status <sup>[1][2]</sup>	Product status <sup>[3]</sup>	Definition
Objective [short] data sheet	Development	This document contains data from the objective specification for product development.
Preliminary [short] data sheet	Qualification	This document contains data from the preliminary specification.
Product [short] data sheet	Production	This document contains the product specification.

[1] Please consult the most recently issued document before initiating or completing a design.

[2] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions".

[3] The product status of device(s) described in this document may have changed since this document was published and may differ in case of multiple devices. The latest product status information is available on the Internet at URL <http://www.nxp.com>.

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