

2Vrms Ground Referenced Stereo Line Amplifier with LPF

■ GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The **NJU72010** is an audio line Amplifier .

It can swing 2Vrms (5.6V peak-to-peak) signal at 3.3V operating voltage.

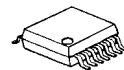
Ground-referenced outputs eliminate output coupling capacitor. The pop noise suppression circuit removes a pop noise at the power-on and power-off.

It is suitable for audio line interface of audio equipment which does not have over 9V regulator.

■ PACKAGE OUTLINE



NJU72010RB2



NJU72010V

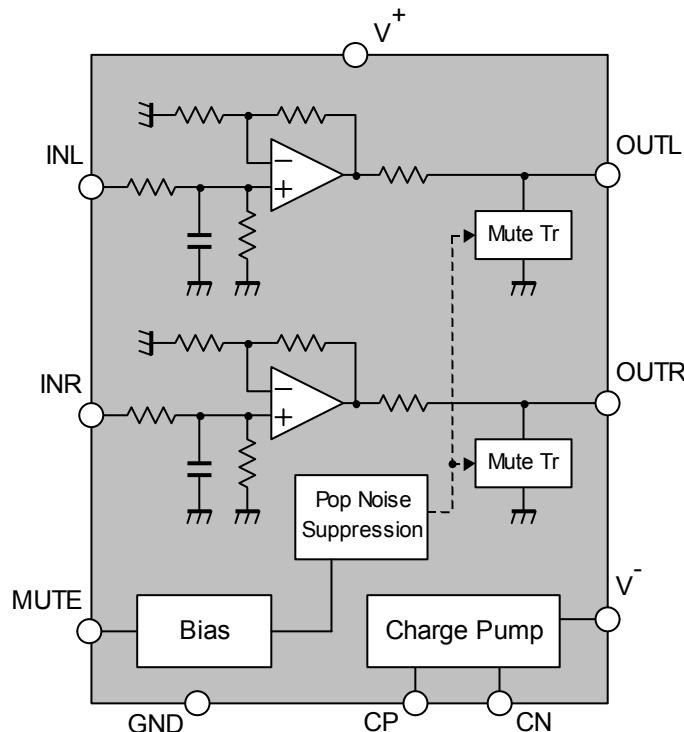
■ APPLICATIONS

- Audio applications requiring 2Vrms outputs

■ FEATURES

- | | |
|----------------------------------|---|
| ● Operating Voltage | +2.7 to +3.6V |
| ● Operating Current | $I_{DD}=5\text{mA}$ typ.
at $V^+=3.3\text{V}$, $R_L=47\text{k}\Omega$, No Signal |
| ● Output Coupling Capacitor-less | |
| ● Pop Noise Suppression Circuit | |
| ● LPF | |
| ● C-MOS Technology | |
| ● Package Outline | TVSP10, SSOP14 |

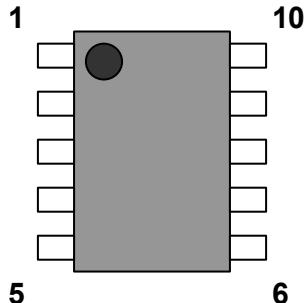
■ BLOCK DIAGRAM



NJU72010

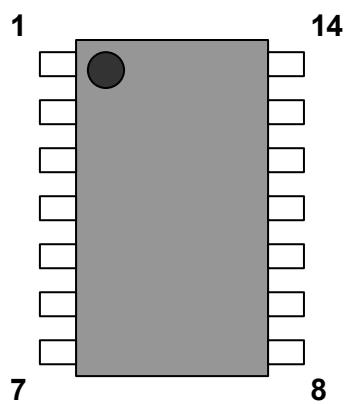
■ PIN CONFIGURATION

TVSP10



No.	Symbol	Function
1	INL	Lch Input
2	OUTL	Lch Output
3	V+	V+ Power Supply
4	CP	Flying Capacitor Positive Terminal
5	CN	Flying Capacitor Negative Terminal
6	V-	V- Power Supply
7	MUTE	Mute / Pop Noise Suppression
8	GND	Ground
9	OUTR	Rch Output
10	INR	Rch Input

SSOP14



No.	Symbol	Function
1	NC	NC
2	INL	Lch Input
3	OUTL	Lch Output
4	V+	V+ Power Supply
5	CP	Flying Capacitor Positive Terminal
6	CN	Flying Capacitor Negative Terminal
7	NC	NC
8	NC	NC
9	V-	V- Power Supply
10	MUTE	Mute / Pop Noise Suppression
11	GND	Ground
12	OUTR	Rch Output
13	INR	Rch Input
14	NC	NC

■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING (Ta=25°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Supply Voltage	V ⁺	+4	V
Power Dissipation	P _D	TVSP10 : 530 ^(Note1) SSOP14 : 550 ^(Note1)	mW
Maximum Input Voltage	V _{IMAX}	-V ⁺ -0.3 ~ V ⁺ +0.3	V
Operating Temperature Range	Topr	-40 ~ +85	°C
Storage Temperature Range	Tstg	-40 ~ +125	°C

(Note1) EIA/JEDEC STANDARD Test board (76.2x114.3x1.6mm, 2layer, FR-4) mounting

■ RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

(Ta=25°C unless otherwise specified)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Operating Voltage	V ⁺		2.7	3.3	3.6	V

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS(Ta=25°C, V⁺=3.3V, f=1kHz, Vin=1Vrms, Mute=OFF, R_L=47kΩ unless otherwise specified)

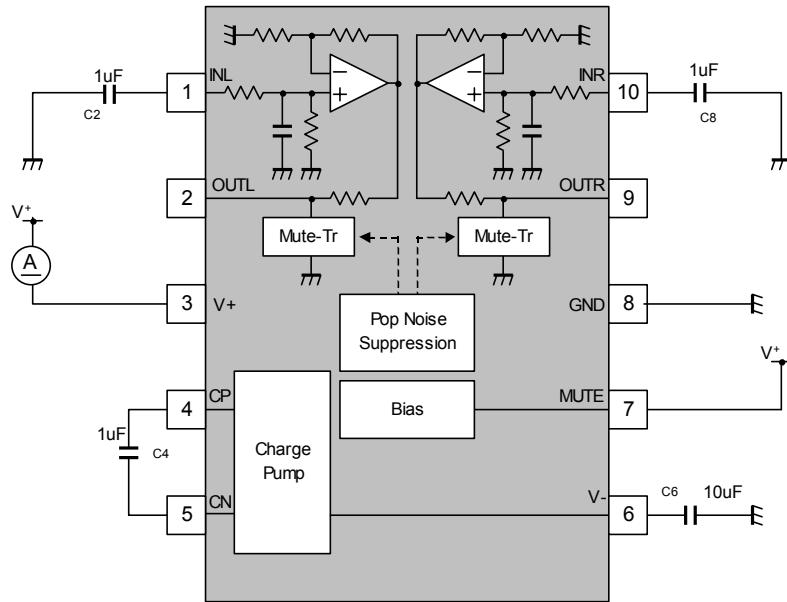
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Operating Current	I _{DD}	No signal	-	5	10	mA
Output Gain	G _V		5.2	6.2	7.2	dB
Output Gain Error	ΔG _V		-0.5	0	0.5	dB
Maximum Output Voltage Level	V _{OMAX}	THD=1%	-	2.3	-	Vrms
Mute Level	V _{MUTE}	R _g =0Ω, Mute=ON	-	-110	-	dB
Equivalent Input Noise Voltage	V _{NO}	R _g =0Ω, BW:400Hz-22kHz	-	-106	-	dB
Total Harmonic Distortion	THD	BW:400Hz-22kHz	-	0.003	-	%
Channel Separation	CS	R _g =600Ω	80	-	-	dB
Cut-off Frequency	f _C	2 nd order LPF	100	150	200	kHz
Output Offset Voltage	V _{os}	R _g =0Ω	-	1	5	mV
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	Vripple=1kHz / 100mVrms	-	45	-	dB
Output Impedance	R _{OUT}		-	300	-	Ω

■ CONTROL CHARACTERISTICS(Ta=25°C, V⁺=3.3V, R_L=47kΩ unless otherwise specified)

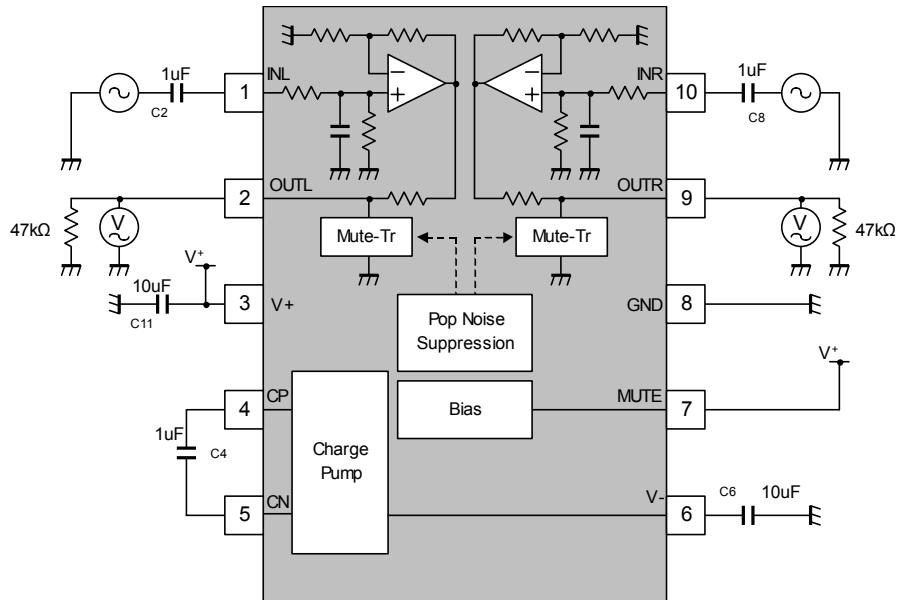
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Mute terminal High	MuteH	Mute=OFF	0.8V ⁺	-	V ⁺	V
Mute terminal Low	MuteL	Mute=ON	0	-	0.2V ⁺	V

NJU72010

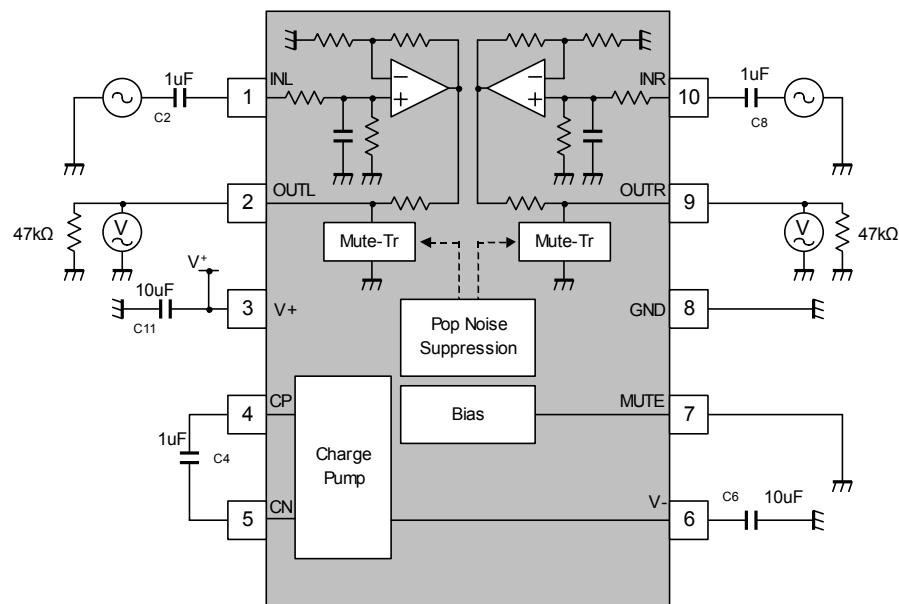
■TEST CIRCUIT (I_{DD})



■TEST CIRCUIT (G_V , V_{OMAX} , THD)

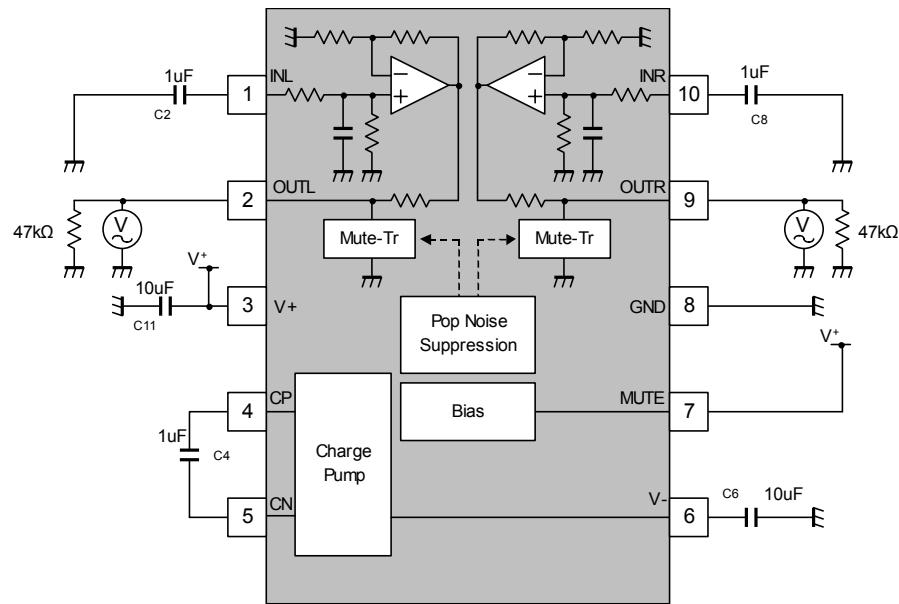


■TEST CIRCUIT (V_{MUTE})

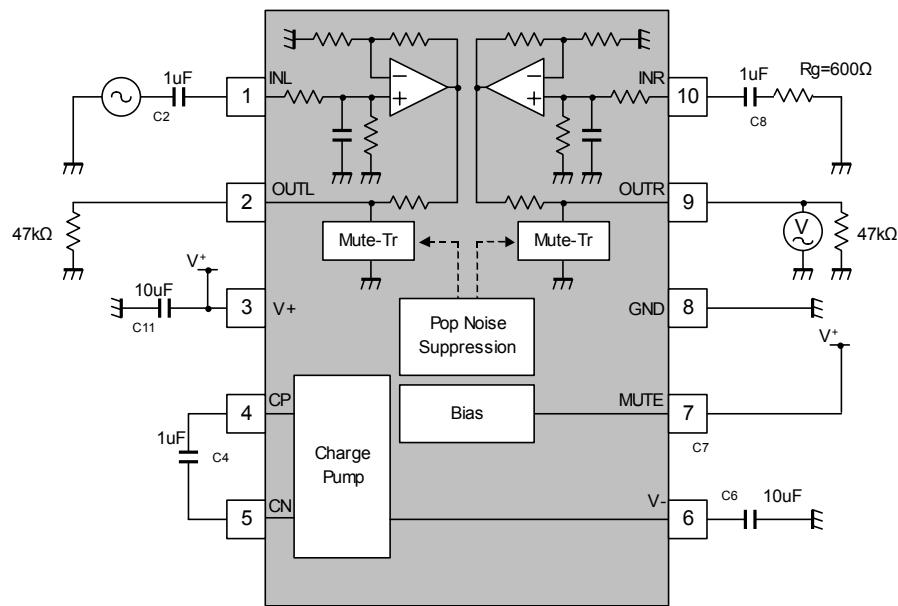


■TEST CIRCUIT (V_{NO})

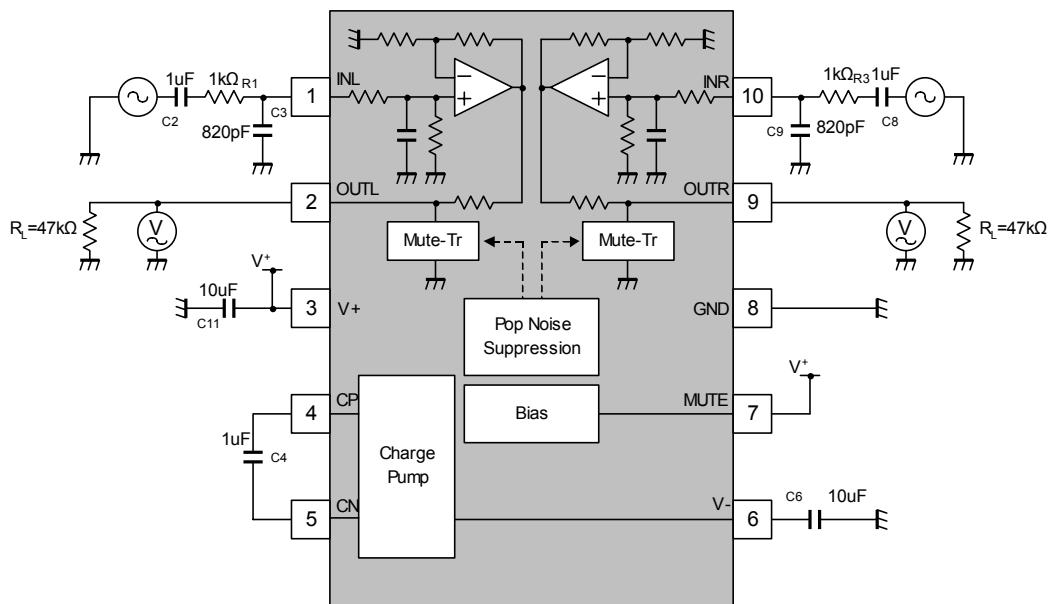
$V_{NO} = (\text{measurement}) - Gv1$



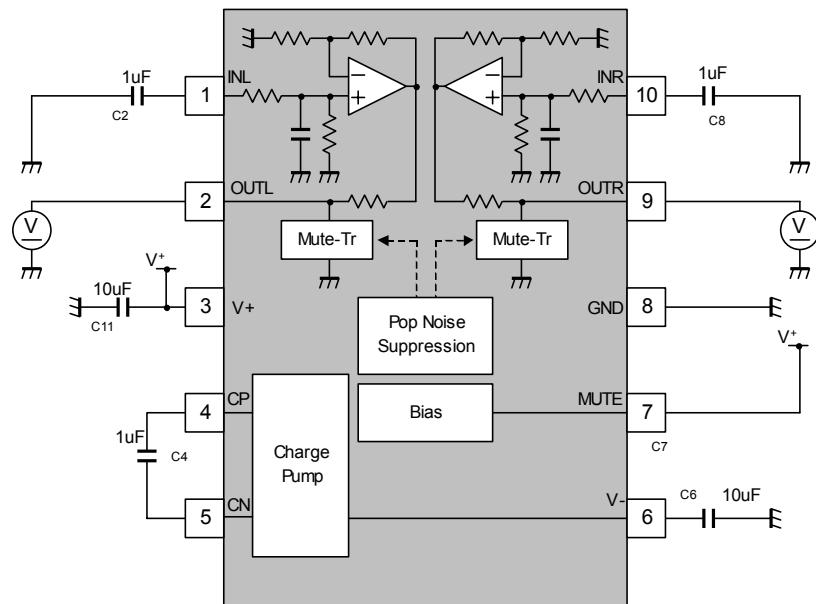
■TEST CIRCUIT (CS)



■TEST CIRCUIT (f_C)

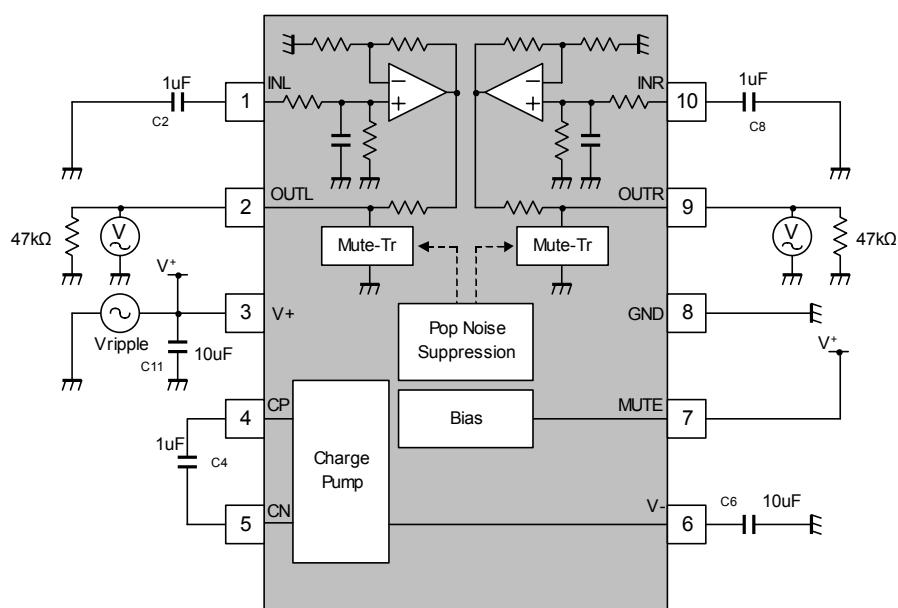


■TEST CIRCUIT (V_{os})



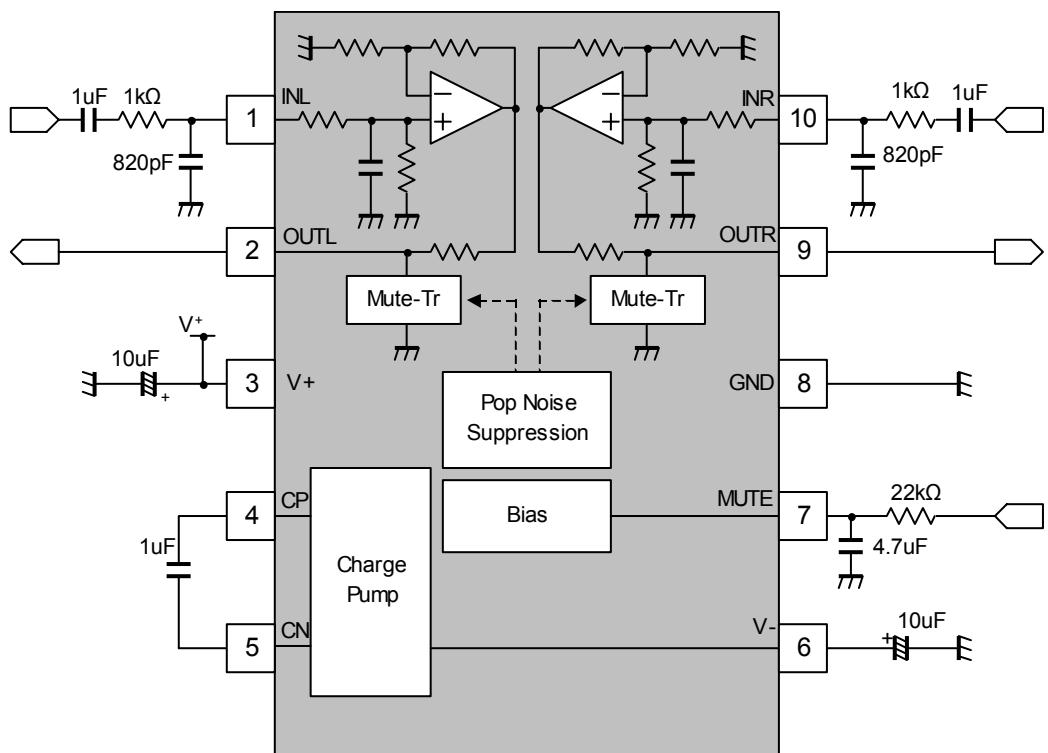
■TEST CIRCUIT (PSRR)

Vripple=1kHz / 100mVrms



■APPLICATION CIRCUIT

2nd order LPF



■ APPLICATION NOTE

The NJU72010 is an audio line amplifier that eliminates the need for external dc-blocking output capacitors. The NJU72010 has built-in pop suppression circuitry to eliminate disturbing pop noise during power-on, power-off and mute-control.

1. Operating Principle

The NJU72010 has the built-in non-inverted input operational amplifiers, voltage inverter, and pop noise suppression circuitry (Fig.1).

The voltage inverter for NJU72010 eliminates the need for external dc-blocking output capacitors. The pop suppression circuitry for NJU72010 eliminates the pop noise during power-on, power-off and mute-control.

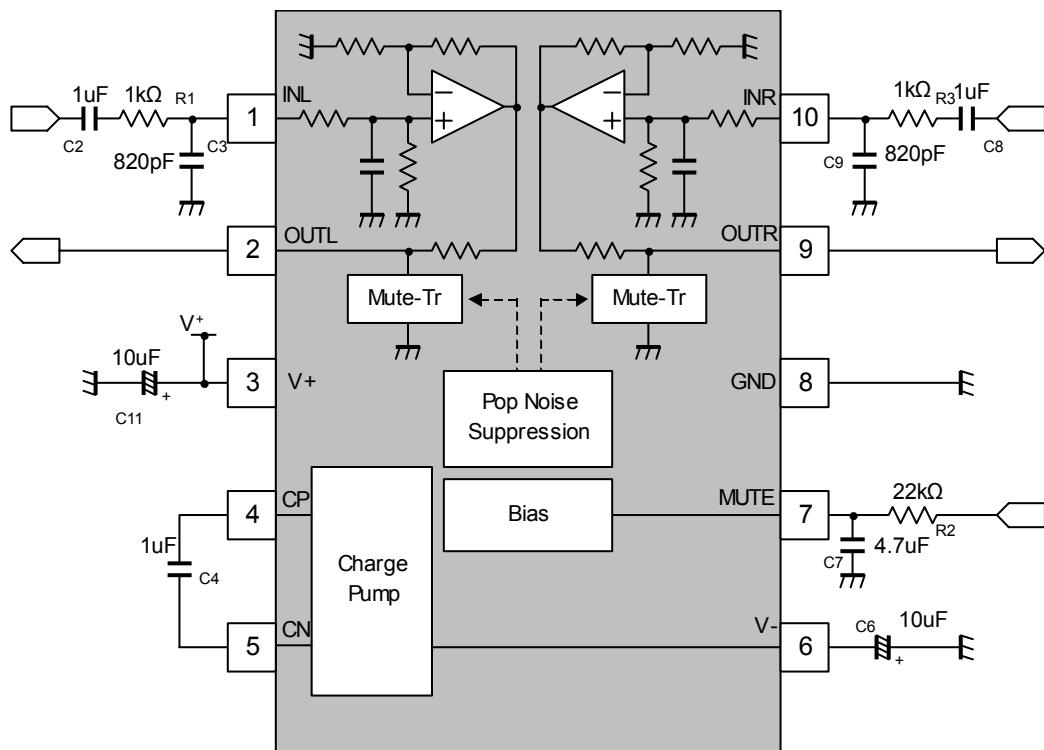


Fig.1 The NJU72010 functional block diagram

1.1 External parts

1.1.1 Input coupling capacitors C_i (C_2, C_8)

The input coupling capacitor (C_i) and the total of the external resistance (R_1, R_3) and the input resistance ($R_{in}=218\text{k}\Omega$ typ.) for the non-inverted terminal form a high-pass filter with the corner frequency determined in $[f_c=1/(2\pi \times (R_1+218\text{k}\Omega) \times C_i)]$. It is necessary to adjust 1uF or more.

1.1.2 Flying capacitor (C4)

Use capacitors with a low-ESR (ex. ceramic capacitors) for optimum performance. Design to provide low impedance for the wiring between CP terminal (4pin), CN terminal (5pin), and the flying capacitor (C4).

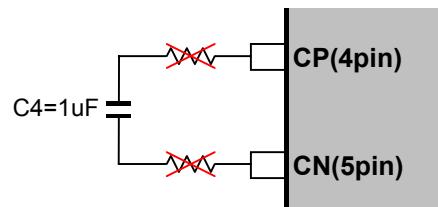


Fig.2 The NJU72040 block diagram (4pin, 5pin)

1.1.3 Hold capacitor (C6)

Use capacitors with a low-ESR (ex. ceramic capacitors) for optimum performance. Design to provide low impedance for the wiring between the hold capacitor (C6), V- terminal (6pin) and the GND on the PCB.

Separate the GND pattern connecting to the hold capacitor (C6) from that connecting to the GND terminal (8pin), thus suppressing the influence of switching noise by removing the common impedance of the GND wiring.

Design no short-circuits of V- terminal (6pin) and V+ terminal (3pin) on the PCB pattern.

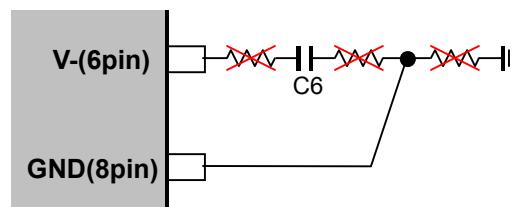


Fig.3 The NJU72010 block diagram (6pin, 8pin)

1.1.4 Mute terminal pop noise countermeasures (R2, C7)

Mute terminal needs time constant more than $R2 \times C7 = 0.1$. It is necessary to adjust $22k\Omega$ or less.

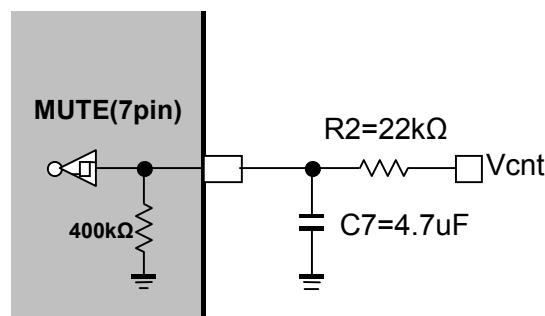


Fig.4 The NJU72010 block diagram (7pin)

1.2 Control of V+ terminal and Mute terminal

1.2.2 Power-on procedure

1. Turn on the V+.
 2. After 100msec from power on, change the control voltage of MUTE terminal (Vcnt) from "Low" to "High".
* It is necessary to stabilize an IC for 100msec.
- By releasing the MUTE function, the output terminal output the signal.

1.2.3 Power-off procedure

1. Change the control voltage of MUTE terminal (Vcnt) from "High" to "Low".
By the MUTE function, the output signals are stopped from output terminal.

2. Turn off the V+ after "2RC" sec from MUTE.

* It is necessary to stabilize a MUTE condition for "2RC" sec.

Ex.) $R_2=22\text{k}\Omega$, $C_7=4.7\mu\text{F} \rightarrow 2R_2 \times C_7=200\text{msec}$

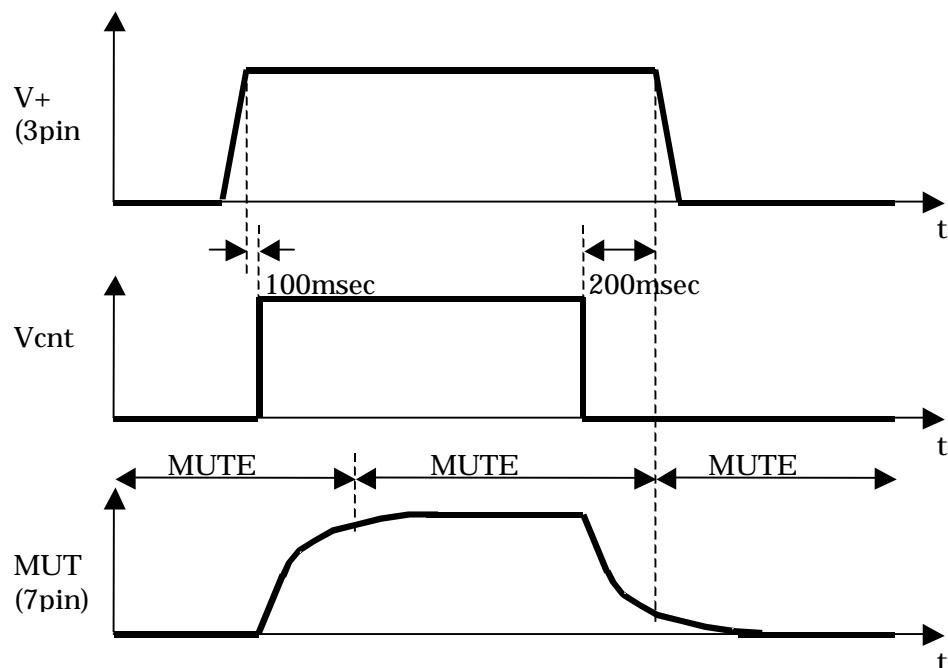
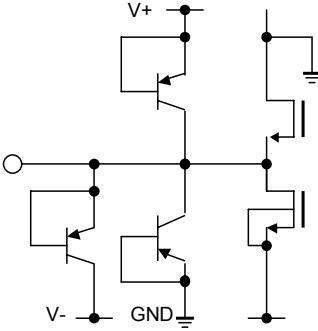
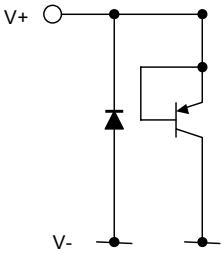
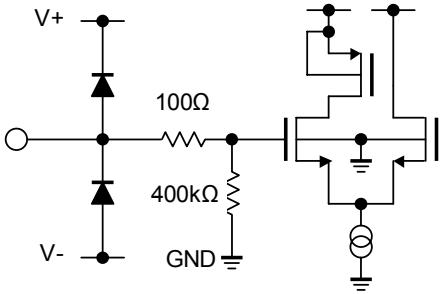


Fig.5 Power-on / Power-off timing chart

■TERMINAL DESCRIPTION

Terminal	Symbol	Function	Equivalent Circuit	Voltage
1 10	INL INR	AC Input		0V
2 9	OUTL OUTR	AC Output		0V
3	V+	Supply Voltage		V+
4	CP	Flying Capacitor Positive Terminal		-

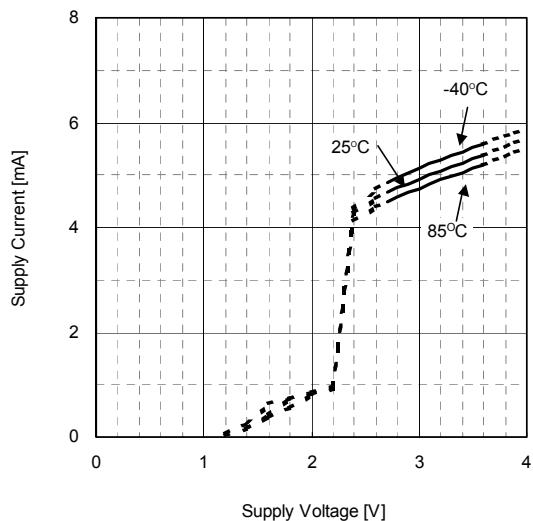
■TERMINAL DESCRIPTION

Terminal	SYMBOL	FUNCTION	EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT	VOLTAGE
5	CN	Flying Capacitor Negative Terminal		-
6	V-	V- Voltage		-[V+]
7	MUTE	MUTE/Pop Noise Suppression		0V

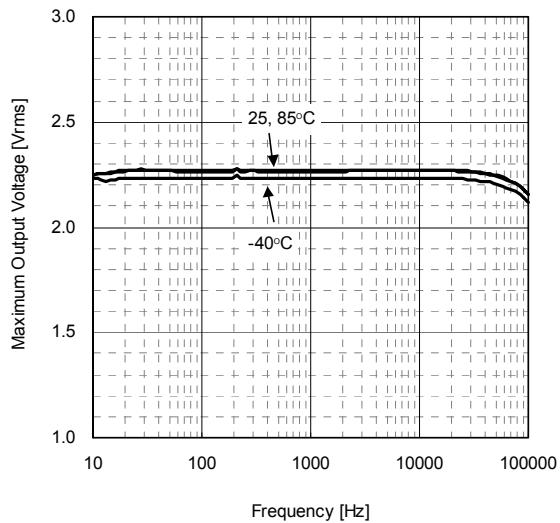
NJU72010

■TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

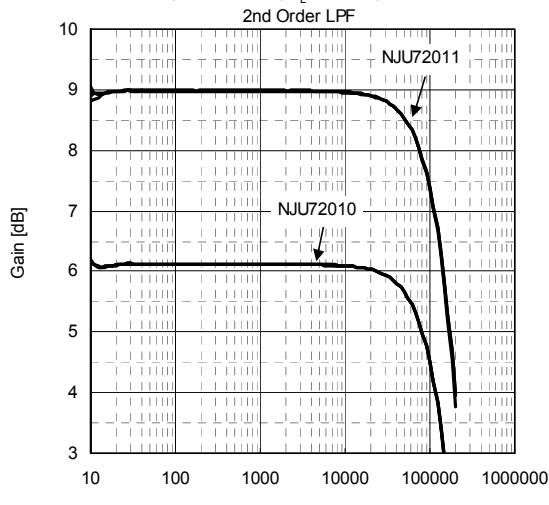
Supply Current vs Supply Voltage
No signal



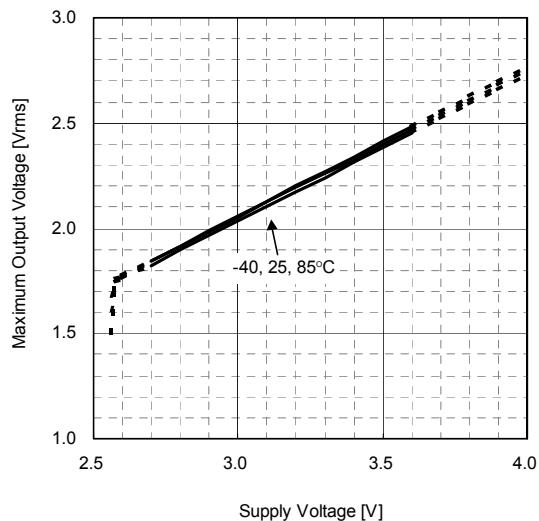
Maximum Output Voltage vs Frequency
 $V^+=3.3V$, THD=1%, $R_L=47k\Omega$, I/O: INL-OUTL



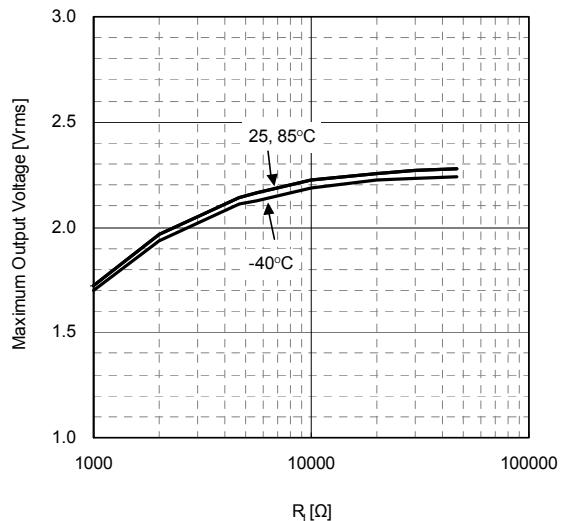
Gain vs Frequency
 $V^+=3.3V$, $V_{out}=2V_{rms}$, $R_L=47k\Omega$, I/O: INL-OUTL
2nd Order LPF



Maximum Output Voltage vs Supply Voltage
THD=1%, $R_L=47k\Omega$, I/O: INL-OUTL

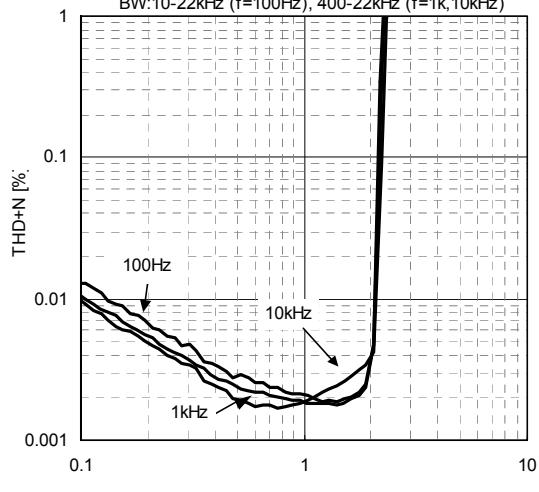


Maximum Output Voltage vs Load Resistance
 $V^+=3.3V$, $f=1kHz$, I/O: INL-OUTL

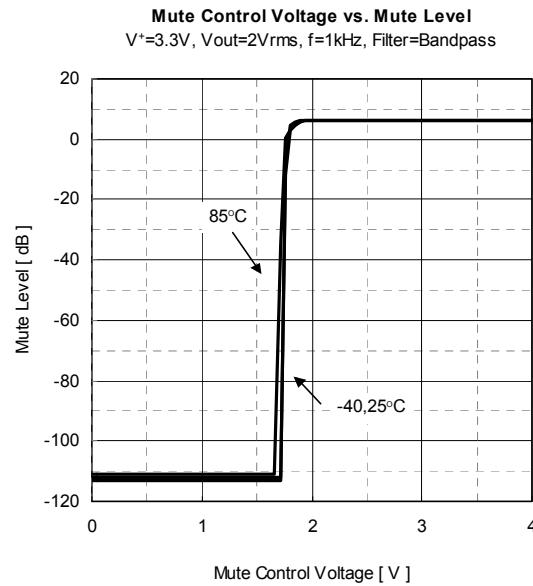
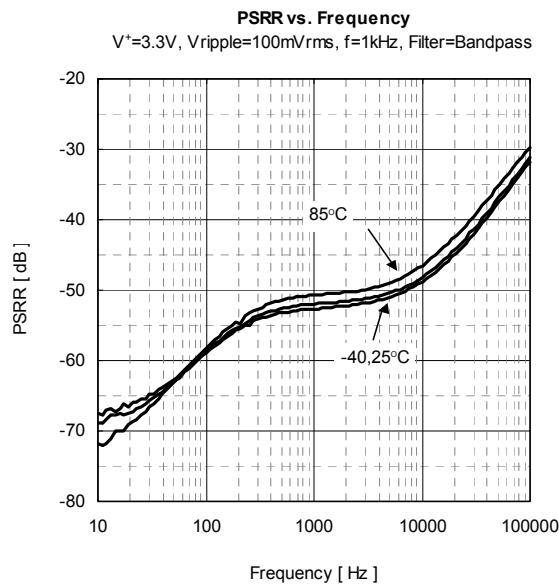
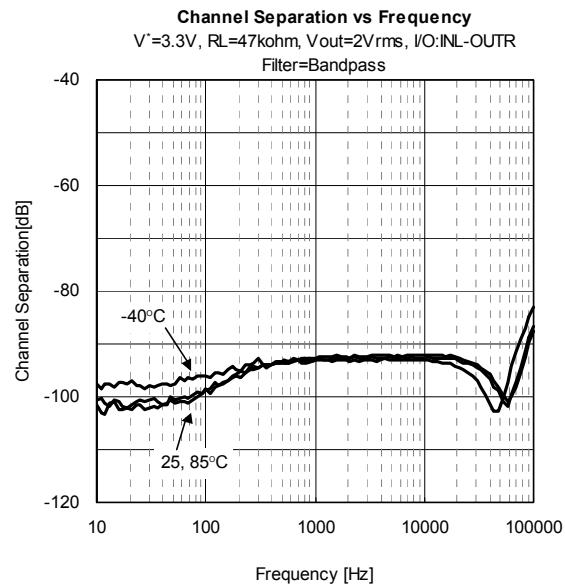
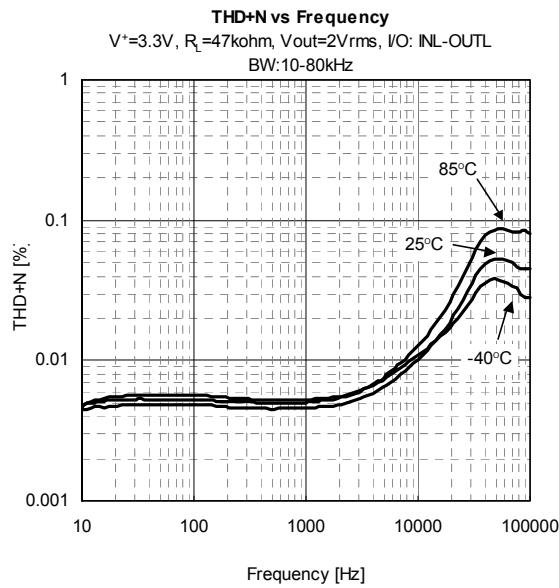


THD+N vs Output Voltage

$V^+=3.3V$, $T_a=25^\circ C$, $R_L=47k\Omega$, I/O: INL-OUTL
BW:10-22kHz ($f=100Hz$), 400-22kHz ($f=1k, 10kHz$)



■TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



[CAUTION]
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