## **AN5421N**

### TV Synchronizing Signal Detection Circuit

#### Description

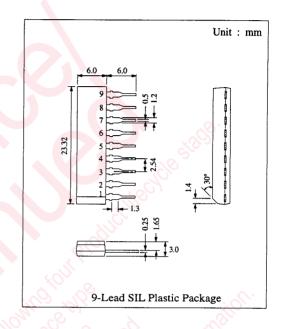
The AN5421N is an integrated circuit designed for TV synchronizing signal detection circuit.

#### Features

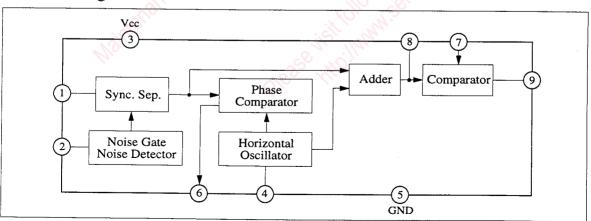
- Signal detection circuit providing stable operation against changes in supply voltage and temperature
- Signal separating circuit providing stable operation against noise

#### ■ Pin Descriptions

Pin No.	Pin Name
1	Video Input
2	Noise Gate Input
3	Vcc
4	Hor. Osc. CR
5	GND
6	Hor. AFC Output
7	Comp. Voltage Input
8	Integral Capacitor
9	Sync. Det. Output



#### ■ Block Diagram



### ■ Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta=25°C)

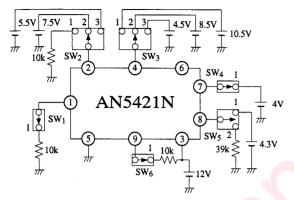
	Item	Symbol	Ra	ating	Unit
	Supply Voltage	V <sub>3-5</sub>	1	4.4	V
Voltage		V <sub>7-5</sub>	0	V <sub>3-5</sub>	V
	Circuit Voltage	V <sub>8-5</sub>	0	V <sub>3-5</sub>	V
		V <sub>9-5</sub>	0	V <sub>3-5</sub>	V
Current	Supply Current	I3	35		mA
	Circuit Current	I <sub>1</sub>	-3	0	mA
		I <sub>2</sub>	-1	3	mA
		I <sub>4</sub>	0	5	mA
		I <sub>6</sub>	-3	3	mA
		I <sub>7</sub>	0	1	mA
		I8	-15	1	mA
		I9	0	10	mA
Power Dissip	pation (Ta = 70 °C)	P <sub>D</sub>	5	510	mW
Operating A	erating Ambient Temperature Topr -20 ~ +70		~ +70	°C	
Storage Temperature		Tstg	-55 ~ +150		°C

### ■ Electrical Characteristics (Ta=25°C)

Item	Symbol	Test Cct.	Condition	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
Circuit Current	I <sub>3</sub>	1	Vcc = 12V	17	24	31	mA
	V <sub>1-5</sub>	1	E 10 10 11/2 11/2	6.2	6.6	7.0	v
Circuit Voltage	V <sub>2-5</sub>	1	Vcc = 12V	5.8	6.2	6.6	v
	V <sub>8-5</sub>	1	Chi Lan Sile : Who into	10.1	10.5	10.9	v
Noise Detector (1)	V <sub>8-5(1)</sub>	1	Vec = 12V	9.8	10.4	11.0	V
Noise Detector (2)	V <sub>8-5(2)</sub>	1	Vcc = 12V	900	2),	0.2	V
Video Signal Discrimination (1)	V <sub>8-5</sub>	1		10.		0.2	v
Video Signal Discrimination (2)	V8-5	1		60.		0.2	v
Video Signal Discrimination (3)	V <sub>8-5</sub>	1	Condition  Vcc = 12V  Comparison of the difference between at Vcc = 6V and at Vcc = 14.4V  Graph difference between at flow-in of $I_0 = \pm 100 \mu A$ Video input for $V_8 \le 0.2V$ Vcc = 12V, $T_8 = -20^{\circ}C \sim +70^{\circ}C$ $\mu$ . $\beta$ Video input signal detected  Video input signal not detected  Vi = 0.3Vpp			0.2	V
Video Signal Discrimination (4)	V <sub>8-5</sub>	1		9.8	10.4	11.0	v
Horizontal Oscillation Frequency	f <sub>HO</sub>	2	Vcc = 12V	14.9	15.6	16.3	kHz
f <sub>VO</sub> Change with Supply Voltage	Δf <sub>HO</sub> /Vcc	2	fHO difference between at Vcc = 6V and at Vcc = 14.4V		45	65	Hz/V
f <sub>HO</sub> Control Sensitivity	ß	2		23.0	25.5	28.0	Hz/μA
Video Signal Discriminative Video Input*	V <sub>i(min)</sub>	2	Video input for V <sub>8</sub> ≤ 0.2V			0.2	Vpp
fHO Change with Ambient Temperature*	Δf <sub>HO</sub> /Ta	2	$Vcc = 12V, Ta = -20^{\circ}C \sim +70^{\circ}C$		-3.5		Hz/°C
AFC Loop Gain*	f <sub>AFC</sub>	2	μ.β		1.10		kHz/μs
Smoothing Voltage (1)*	V <sub>8(1)</sub>	2	Video input signal detected			0.2	V
Smoothing Voltage (2)*	V <sub>8(2)</sub>	2	Video input signal not detected		6.2		V
Horizontal Sync. Pulse Width*	$ au_{ m sync}$	2	Vi = 0.3Vpp		8.0		μs
Horizontal Oscillation Pulse Width	$ au_{ ext{HO}}$	2	Vcc = 12V		3.2		μs

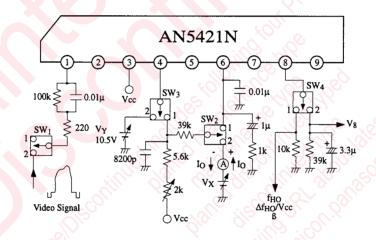
<sup>\* :</sup> Reference values for design

Test Circuit 1 (I<sub>3</sub>, V<sub>1-5</sub>, V<sub>2-5</sub>, V<sub>8-5</sub>)



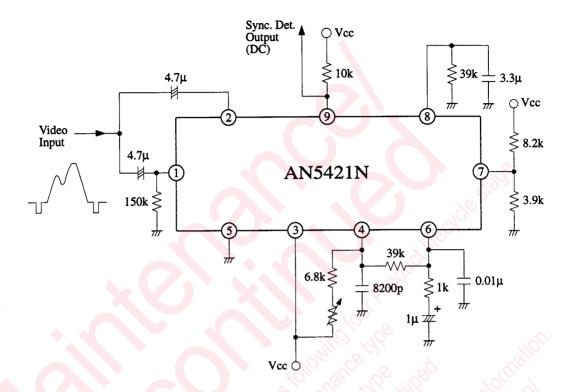
Item	Symbol	sw <sub>1</sub>	SW <sub>2</sub>	SW <sub>3</sub>	SW4	SW <sub>5</sub>	SW <sub>6</sub>
Circuit Current	I3	1	-	-	1	2	1
Circuit Voltage	V <sub>1-5</sub>	1	-	-	-		-
Circuit Voltage	V <sub>2-5</sub>	-	1	-	-	1	-
Circuit Voltage	V <sub>8-5</sub>	-	-	1	-	2	-
Noise Detector (1)	V <sub>8-5</sub>	1	3	1	-	2	-
Noise Detector (2)	V <sub>8-5</sub>	1	2	1	-	2	-
Video Sig. Discrimination (1)	V <sub>8-5</sub>	1	-	2	-	2	-
Video Sig. Discrimination (2)	V <sub>8-5</sub>	1	-	l		2	-
Video Sig. Discrimination (3)	V <sub>8-5</sub>	J.	-	3	%	2	-
Video Sig. Discrimination (4)	V <sub>8-5</sub>		-	Sl	-	2	-

Test Circuit 2 (f<sub>HO</sub>,  $\Delta$ f<sub>HO</sub>/Vcc,  $\beta$ ,  $V_{i(min)}$ ,  $\Delta$ f<sub>HO</sub>/Ta, f<sub>AFC</sub>,  $V_{8(1)}$ ,  $V_{8(2)}$ ,  $\tau_{sync.}$ ,  $\tau_{HO}$ )



		O.			
Item	Symbol	sw <sub>1</sub>	SW <sub>2</sub>	SW <sub>3</sub>	SW <sub>4</sub>
Horizontal Oscillation Frequency	f <sub>HO</sub>	12	1	1	1
fHO Change with Supply Voltage	Δf <sub>HO</sub> /Vcc	1	1	1	1
Control Sensitivity	В	1	2	1	1
Video Signal Discriminative Input	V <sub>i(min)</sub>	2	1	2	1
fHO Change with Ambient Temperature	Δf <sub>HO</sub> /Ta	1	1	1	1
Smoothing (1)	V <sub>8(1)</sub>	2	1	1	2
Smoothing (2)	V <sub>8(2)</sub>	1	1	i	2
Horizontal Sync. Pulse Width	τ <sub>sync</sub> .	2	1	2	I
Horizontal Oscillation Pulse Width	τно	1	1	1	1

### ■ Application Circuit



# Request for your special attention and precautions in using the technical information and semiconductors described in this book

- (1) If any of the products or technical information described in this book is to be exported or provided to non-residents, the laws and regulations of the exporting country, especially, those with regard to security export control, must be observed.
- (2) The technical information described in this book is intended only to show the main characteristics and application circuit examples of the products. No license is granted in and to any intellectual property right or other right owned by Panasonic Corporation or any other company. Therefore, no responsibility is assumed by our company as to the infringement upon any such right owned by any other company which may arise as a result of the use of technical information described in this book.
- (3) The products described in this book are intended to be used for standard applications or general electronic equipment (such as office equipment, communications equipment, measuring instruments and household appliances).
  - Consult our sales staff in advance for information on the following applications:
  - Special applications (such as for airplanes, aerospace, automobiles, traffic control equipment, combustion equipment, life support systems and safety devices) in which exceptional quality and reliability are required, or if the failure or malfunction of the products may directly jeopardize life or harm the human body.
  - · Any applications other than the standard applications intended.
- (4) The products and product specifications described in this book are subject to change without notice for modification and/or improvement. At the final stage of your design, purchasing, or use of the products, therefore, ask for the most up-to-date Product Standards in advance to make sure that the latest specifications satisfy your requirements.
- (5) When designing your equipment, comply with the range of absolute maximum rating and the guaranteed operating conditions (operating power supply voltage and operating environment etc.). Especially, please be careful not to exceed the range of absolute maximum rating on the transient state, such as power-on, power-off and mode-switching. Otherwise, we will not be liable for any defect which may arise later in your equipment.
- Even when the products are used within the guaranteed values, take into the consideration of incidence of break down and failure mode, possible to occur to semiconductor products. Measures on the systems such as redundant design, arresting the spread of fire or preventing glitch are recommended in order to prevent physical injury, fire, social damages, for example, by using the products.
- (6) Comply with the instructions for use in order to prevent breakdown and characteristics change due to external factors (ESD, EOS, thermal stress and mechanical stress) at the time of handling, mounting or at customer's process. When using products for which damp-proof packing is required, satisfy the conditions, such as shelf life and the elapsed time since first opening the packages.
- (7) This book may be not reprinted or reproduced whether wholly or partially, without the prior written permission of our company.

20080805