KERSEMI

PD - 94499A

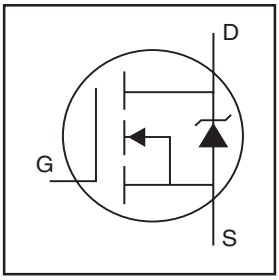
AUTOMOTIVE MOSFET

IRFR3504
IRFU3504

HEXFET® Power MOSFET

Features

- Advanced Process Technology
- Ultra Low On-Resistance
- 175°C Operating Temperature
- Fast Switching
- Repetitive Avalanche Allowed up to Tjmax



V_{DSS} = 40V

$R_{DS(on)}$ = 9.2mΩ

I_D = 30A

Description

Specifically designed for Automotive applications, this HEXFET® Power MOSFET utilizes the latest processing techniques to achieve extremely low on-resistance per silicon area. Additional features of this product are a 175°C junction operating temperature, fast switching speed and improved repetitive avalanche rating. These features combine to make this design an extremely efficient and reliable device for use in Automotive applications and a wide variety of other applications.

The D-Pak is designed for surface mounting using vapor phase, infrared, or wave soldering techniques. The straight lead version (IRFU series) is for through-hole mounting applications. Power dissipation levels up to 1.5 watts are possible in typical surface mount applications.

D-Pak IRFR3504 | I-Pak IRFU3504

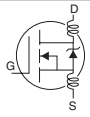
Absolute Maximum Ratings

	Parameter	Max.	Units
I_D @ T_C = 25°C	Continuous Drain Current, V_{GS} @ 10V (Silicon limited)	87	A
I_D @ T_C = 100°C	Continuous Drain Current, V_{GS} @ 10V (See Fig.9)	61	
I_D @ T_C = 25°C	Continuous Drain Current, V_{GS} @ 10V (Package limited)	30	
I_{DM}	Pulsed Drain Current ①	350	
P_D @T_C = 25°C	Power Dissipation	140	W
	Linear Derating Factor	0.92	W/°C
V_{GS}	Gate-to-Source Voltage	± 20	V
E_{AS}	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy②	240	mJ
E_{AS} (tested)	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy Tested Value⑦	480	
I_{AR}	Avalanche Current①	See Fig.12a, 12b, 15, 16	A
E_{AR}	Repetitive Avalanche Energy⑥		mJ
T_J	Operating Junction and	-55 to + 175	°C
T_{STG}	Storage Temperature Range		
	Soldering Temperature, for 10 seconds	300 (1.6mm from case)	

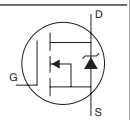
Thermal Resistance

	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case	—	1.09	°C/W
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient (PCB mount)⑧	—	50	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient	—	110	

Electrical Characteristics @ T_J = 25°C (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$V_{(BR)DSS}$	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	40	—	—	V	V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 250μA
$\Delta V_{(BR)DSS}/\Delta T_J$	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient	—	0.041	—	V/°C	Reference to 25°C, I_D = 1mA
$R_{DS(on)}$	Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance	—	7.8	9.2	mΩ	V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 30A ④
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	2.0	—	4.0	V	V_{DS} = 10V, I_D = 250μA
g_{fs}	Forward Transconductance	40	—	—	S	V_{DS} = 10V, I_D = 30A
I_{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current	—	—	20	μA	V_{DS} = 40V, V_{GS} = 0V
		—	—	250		V_{DS} = 40V, V_{GS} = 0V, T_J = 125°C
I_{GSS}	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage	—	—	200	nA	V_{GS} = 20V
	Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage	—	—	-200		V_{GS} = -20V
Q_g	Total Gate Charge	—	48	71	nC	I_D = 30A
Q_{gs}	Gate-to-Source Charge	—	12	18		V_{DS} = 32V
Q_{gd}	Gate-to-Drain ("Miller") Charge	—	13	20		V_{GS} = 10V④
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	11	—	ns	V_{DD} = 20V
t_r	Rise Time	—	53	—		I_D = 30A
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	36	—		R_G = 6.8Ω
t_f	Fall Time	—	22	—		V_{GS} = 10V ④
L_D	Internal Drain Inductance	—	4.5	—	nH	Between lead, 6mm (0.25in.) from package and center of die contact 
L_S	Internal Source Inductance	—	7.5	—		
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	—	2150	—	pF	V_{GS} = 0V
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	—	580	—		V_{DS} = 25V
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	46	—		f = 1.0MHz, See Fig. 5
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	—	2830	—		V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 1.0V, f = 1.0MHz
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	—	510	—		V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 32V, f = 1.0MHz
C_{oss} eff.	Effective Output Capacitance ⑤	—	870	—		V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 0V to 32V

Source-Drain Ratings and Characteristics

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
I_S	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	87	A	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode. 
I_{SM}	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ①	—	—	350		
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	—	—	1.3	V	T_J = 25°C, I_S = 30A, V_{GS} = 0V ④
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	—	53	80	ns	T_J = 25°C, I_F = 30A, V_{DD} = 20V
Q_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Charge	—	86	130	nC	di/dt = 100A/μs ④
t_{on}	Forward Turn-On Time	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible (turn-on is dominated by L_S+L_D)				

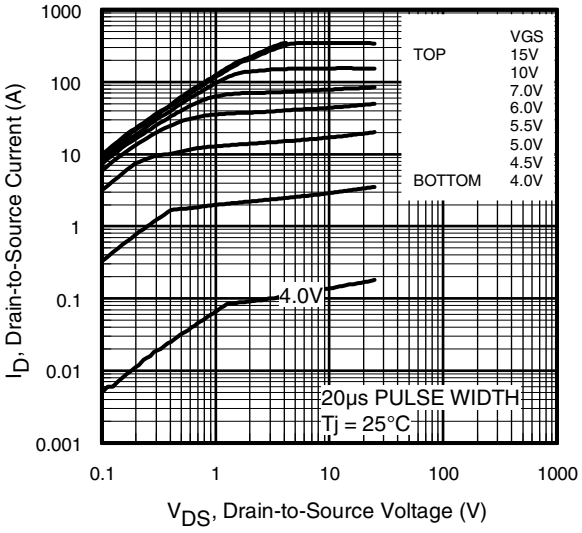


Fig 1. Typical Output Characteristics

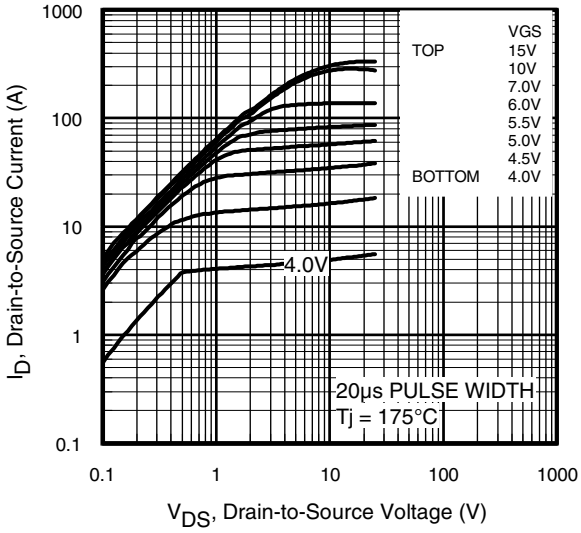


Fig 2. Typical Output Characteristics

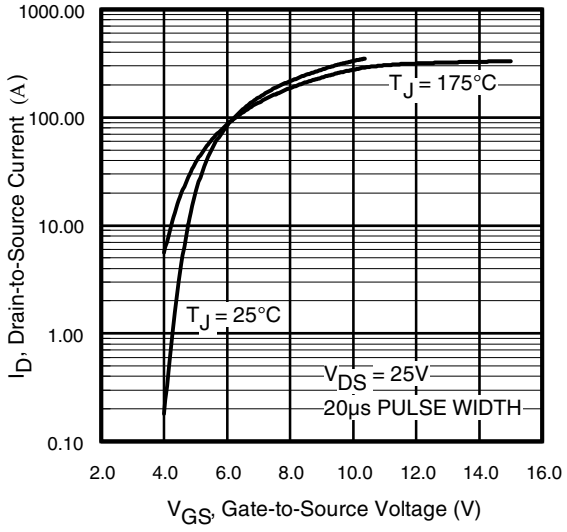


Fig 3. Typical Transfer Characteristics

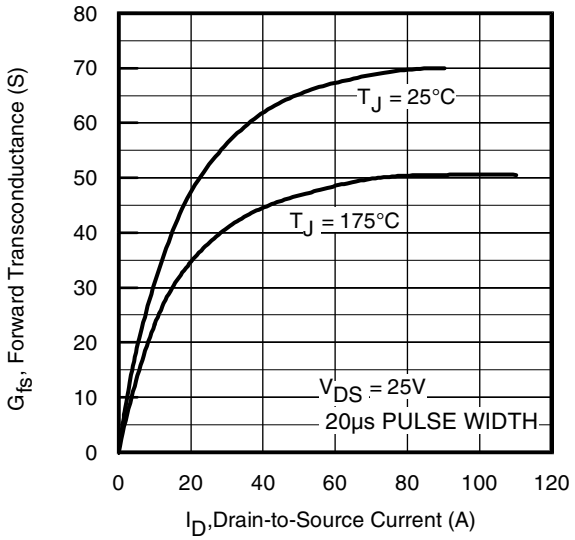


Fig 4. Typical Forward Transconductance Vs. Drain Current

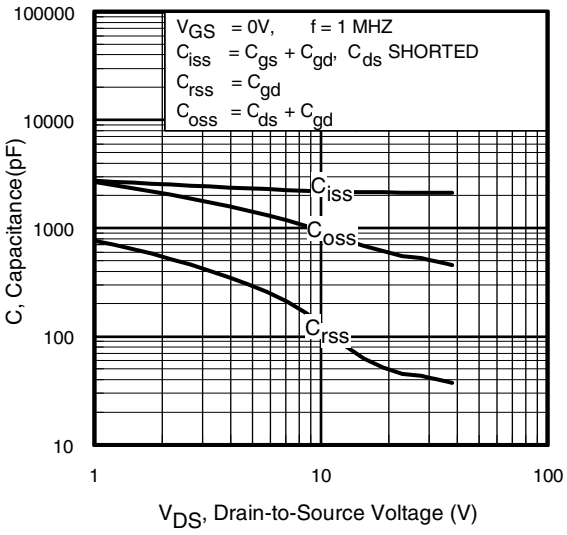


Fig 5. Typical Capacitance Vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage

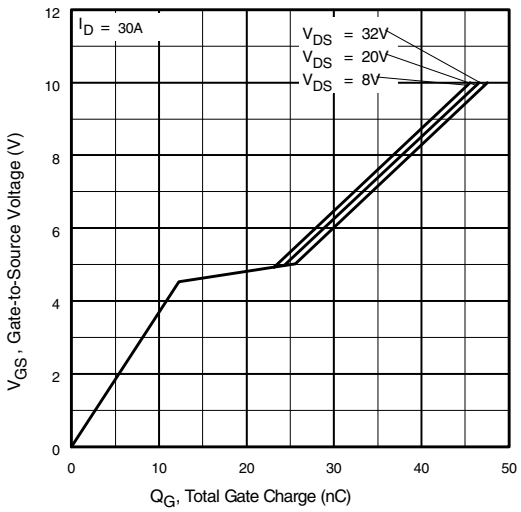


Fig 6. Typical Gate Charge Vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

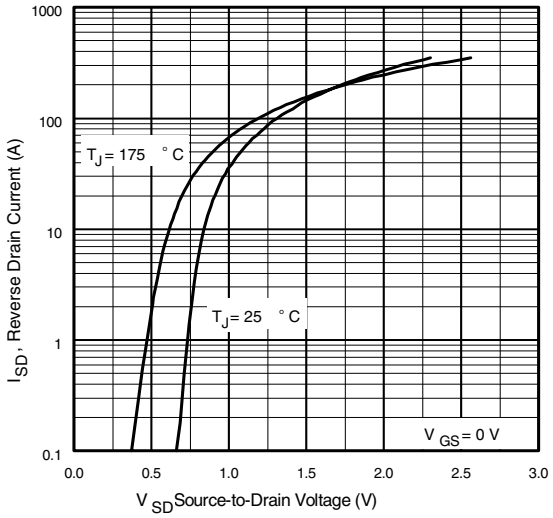


Fig 7. Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

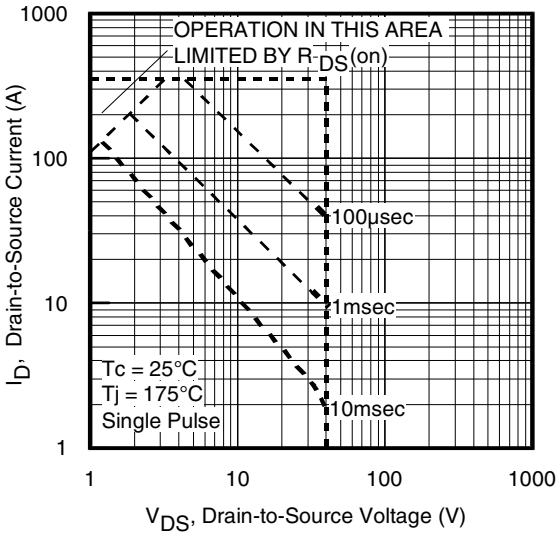


Fig 8. Maximum Safe Operating Area

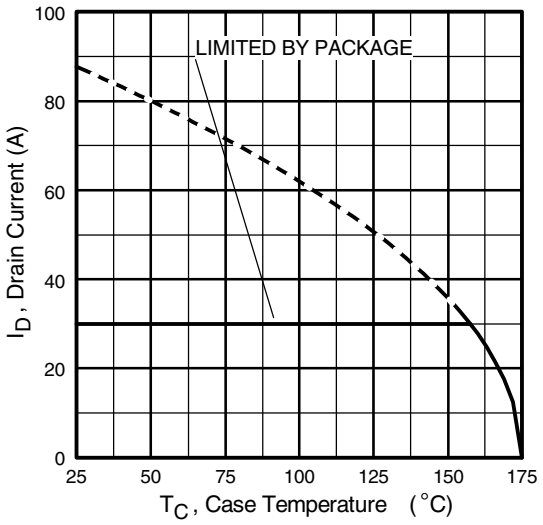


Fig 9. Maximum Drain Current Vs. Case Temperature

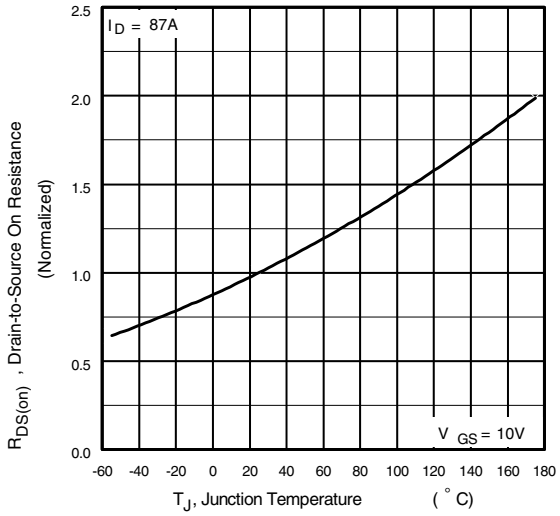


Fig 10. Normalized On-Resistance Vs. Temperature

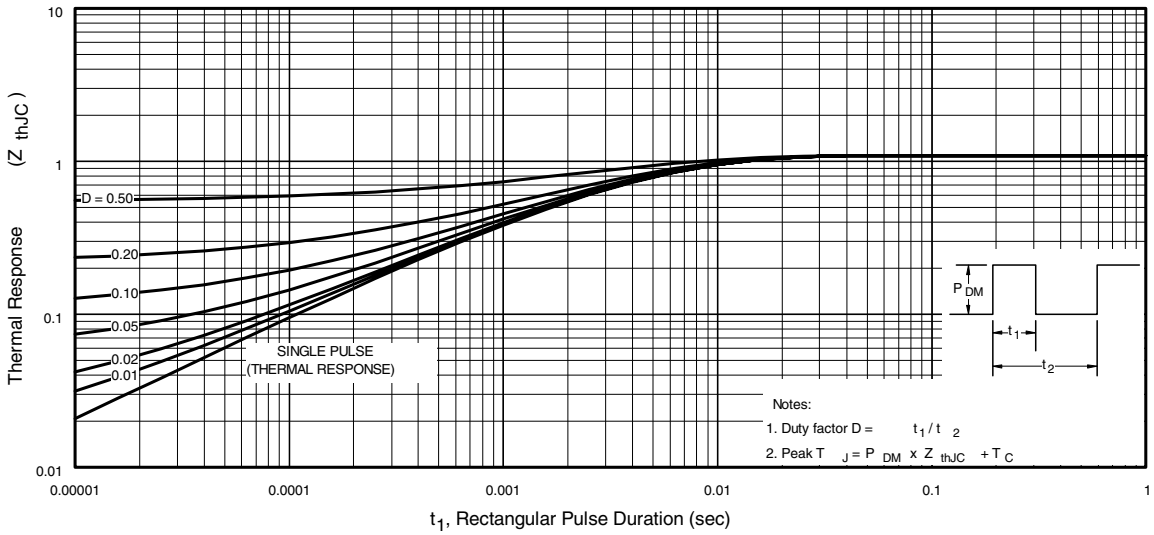


Fig 11. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

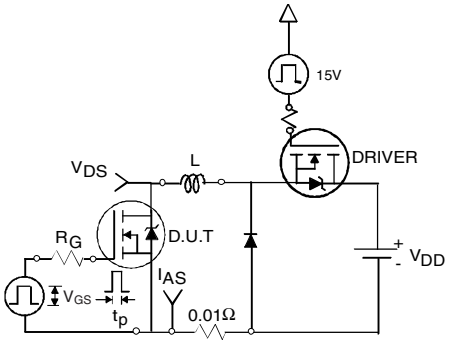


Fig 12a. Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

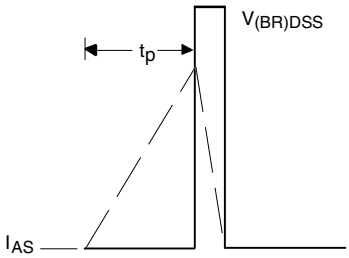


Fig 12b. Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

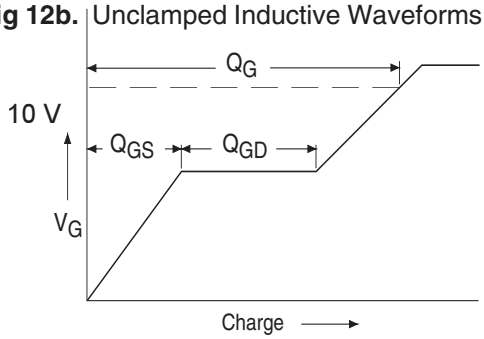


Fig 13a. Basic Gate Charge Waveform

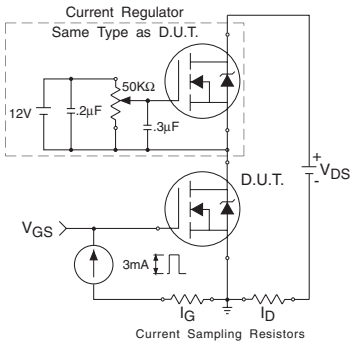


Fig 13b. Gate Charge Test Circuit

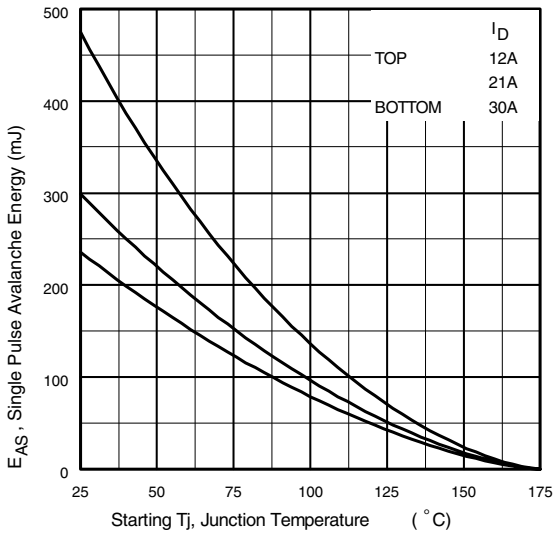


Fig 12c. Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Drain Current

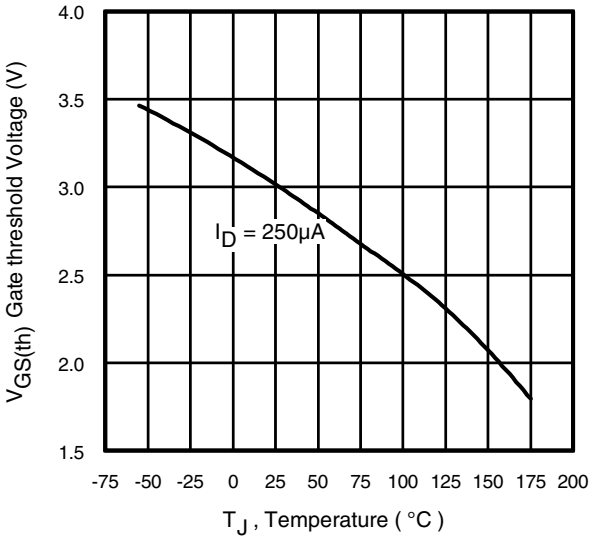


Fig 14. Threshold Voltage Vs. Temperature

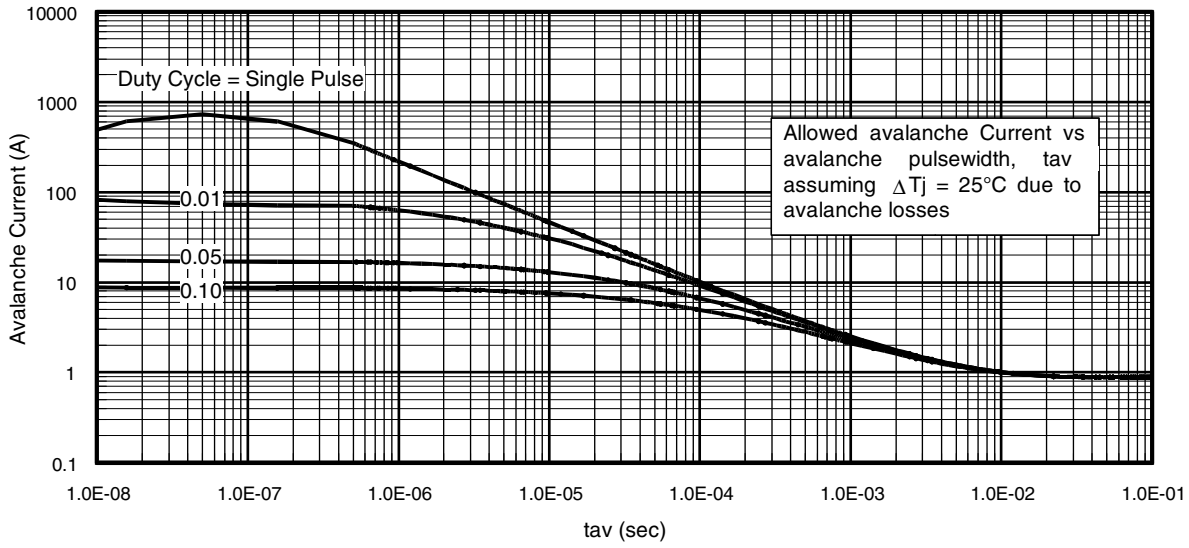


Fig 15. Typical Avalanche Current Vs.Pulsewidth

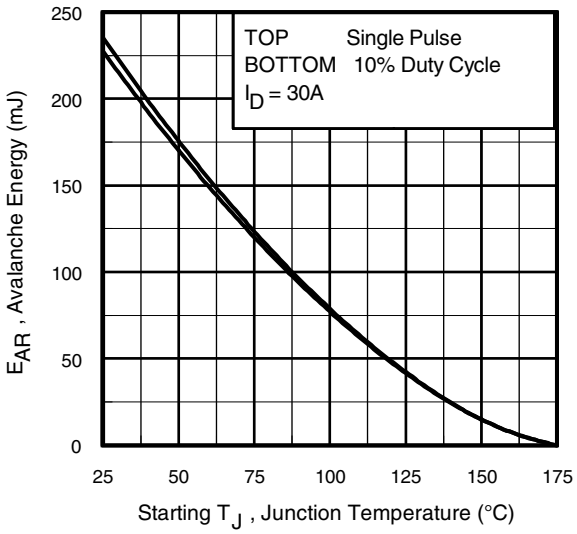


Fig 16. Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Temperature

Notes on Repetitive Avalanche Curves , Figures 15, 16: (For further info, see AN-1005 at www.irf.com)

1. Avalanche failures assumption: Purely a thermal phenomenon and failure occurs at a temperature far in excess of T_{jmax}. This is validated for every part type.
2. Safe operation in Avalanche is allowed as long asT_{jmax} is not exceeded.
3. Equation below based on circuit and waveforms shown in Figures 12a, 12b.
4. $P_{D\ (ave)}$ = Average power dissipation per single avalanche pulse.
5. BV = Rated breakdown voltage (1.3 factor accounts for voltage increase during avalanche).
6. I_{av} = Allowable avalanche current.
7. ΔT = Allowable rise in junction temperature, not to exceed T_{jmax} (assumed as 25°C in Figure 15, 16).
   t_{av} = Average time in avalanche.
   D = Duty cycle in avalanche = $t_{av} \cdot f$
   $Z_{thJC}(D, t_{av})$ = Transient thermal resistance, see figure 11)

$$P_{D\ (ave)} = 1/2\ (1.3 \cdot BV \cdot I_{av}) = \Delta T / Z_{thJC}$$
$$I_{av} = 2\Delta T / [1.3 \cdot BV \cdot Z_{th}]$$
$$E_{AS\ (AR)} = P_{D\ (ave)} \cdot t_{av}$$

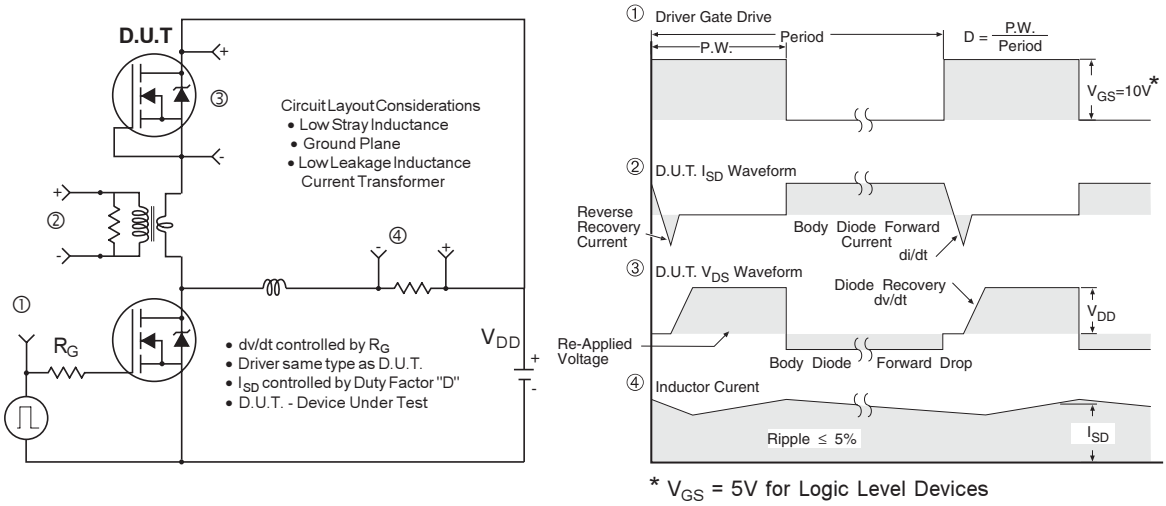


Fig 17. Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt Test Circuit for N-Channel HEXFET® Power MOSFETs

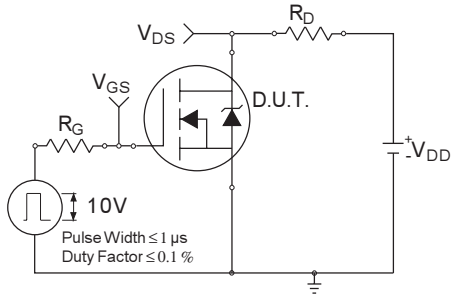


Fig 18a. Switching Time Test Circuit

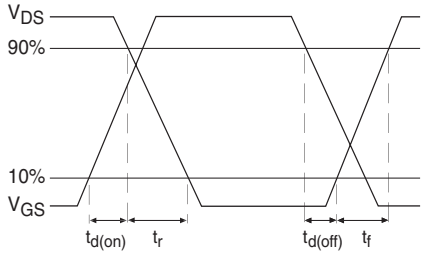
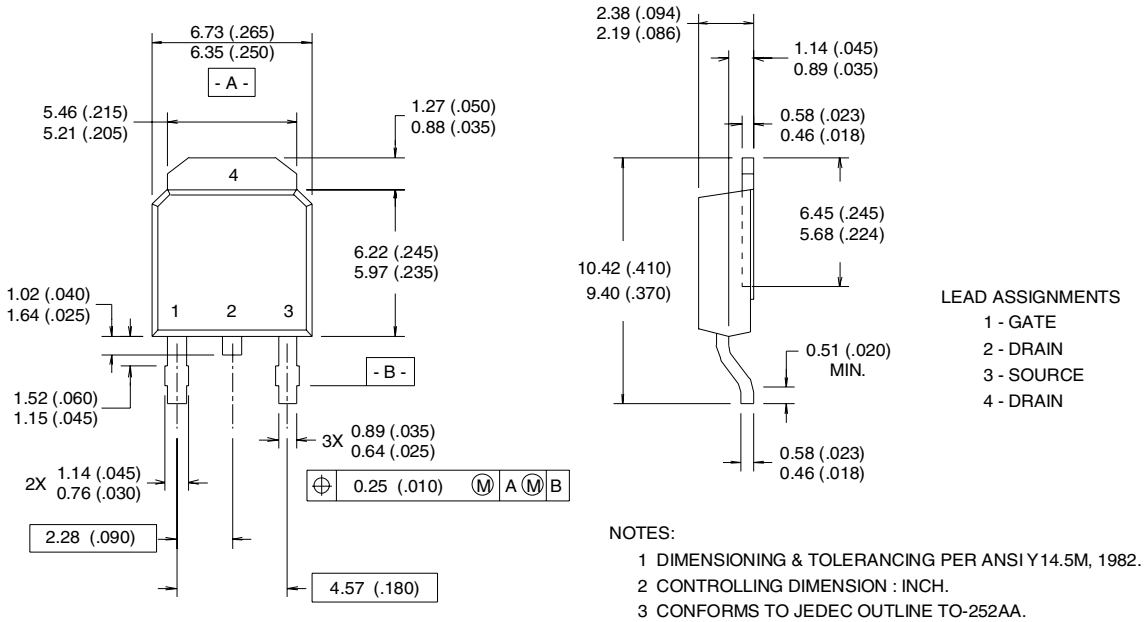


Fig 18b. Switching Time Waveforms

D-Pak (TO-252AA) Package Outline

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)

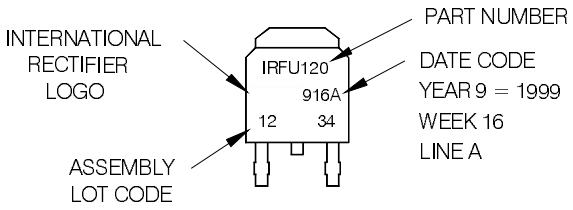


LEAD ASSIGNMENTS
1 - GATE
2 - DRAIN
3 - SOURCE
4 - DRAIN

NOTES:
1 DIMENSIONING & TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
2 CONTROLLING DIMENSION : INCH.
3 CONFORMS TO JEDEC OUTLINE TO-252AA.
4 DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE BEFORE SOLDER DIP, SOLDER DIP MAX. +0.16 (.006).

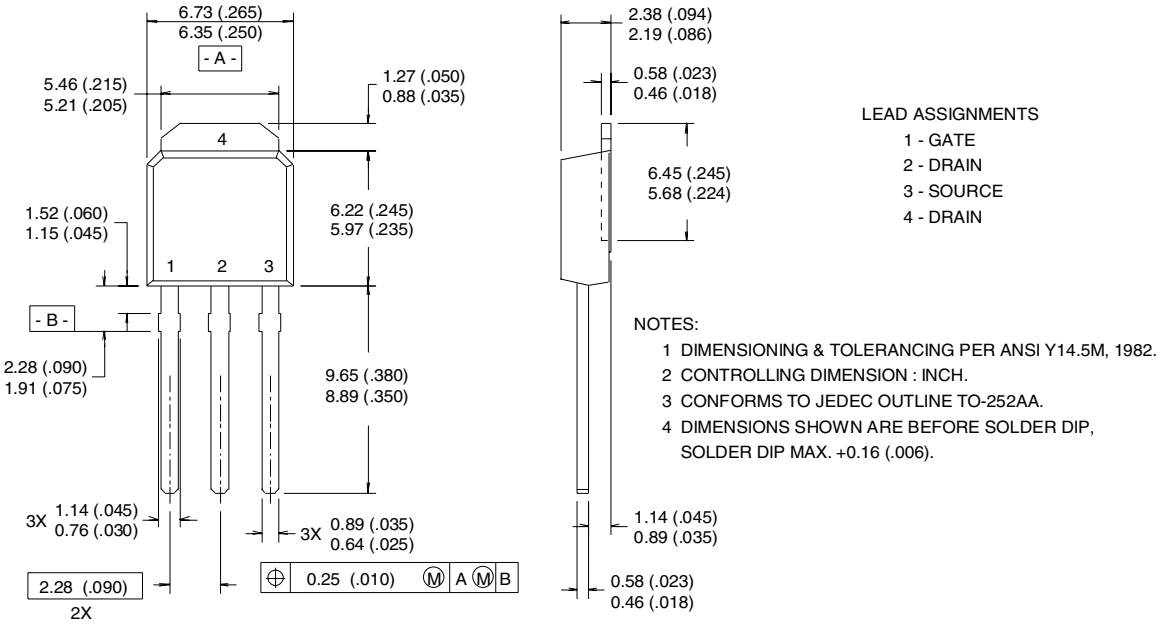
D-Pak (TO-252AA) Part Marking Information

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRFR120
WITH ASSEMBLY
LOT CODE 1234
ASSEMBLED ON WW 16, 1999
IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "A"



I-Pak (TO-251AA) Package Outline

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)

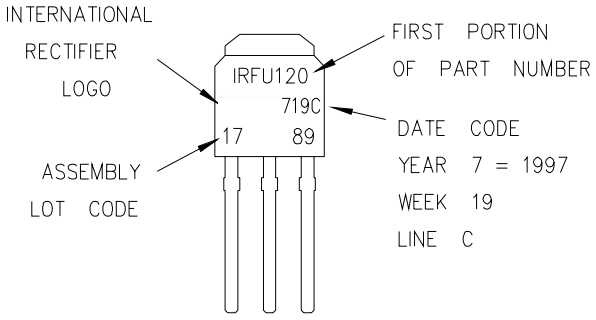


LEAD ASSIGNMENTS
1 - GATE
2 - DRAIN
3 - SOURCE
4 - DRAIN

NOTES:
1 DIMENSIONING & TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
2 CONTROLLING DIMENSION : INCH.
3 CONFORMS TO JEDEC OUTLINE TO-252AA.
4 DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE BEFORE SOLDER DIP, SOLDER DIP MAX. +0.16 (.006).

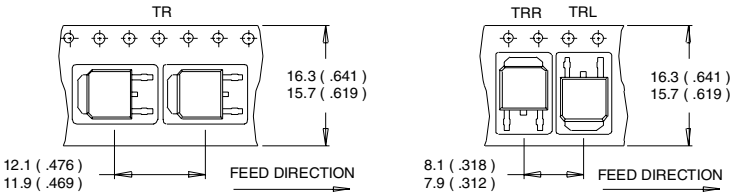
I-Pak (TO-251AA) Part Marking Information

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRFU120
LOT CODE 1789
ASSEMBLED ON WW 19, 1997
IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "C"

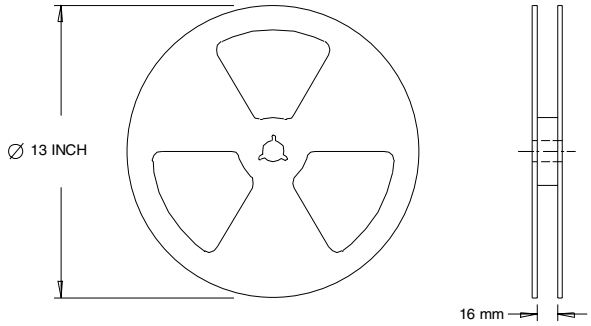


D-Pak (TO-252AA) Tape & Reel Information

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



NOTES :
1. CONTROLLING DIMENSION : MILLIMETER.
2. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS (INCHES).
3. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO EIA-481 & EIA-541.



NOTES :
1. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO EIA-481.

Notes:

① Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature. (See fig. 11).

② Limited by T_{Jmax}, starting T_J = 25°C, L = 0.52mH, R_G = 25Ω, I_{AS} = 30A, V_{GS} =10V. Part not recommended for use above this value.

③ $I_{SD} \leq$ 30A, di/dt ≤ 170A/μs, $V_{DD} \leq V_{(BR)DSS}$, $T_J \leq$ 175°C.

④ Pulse width

⑤ C_{oss} eff. is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 80% V_{DSS} .

⑥ Limited by T_{Jmax} , see Fig.12a, 12b, 15, 16 for typical repetitive avalanche performance.

⑦ This value determined from sample failure population. 100% tested to this value in production.

⑧ When mounted on 1" square PCB (FR-4 or G-10 Material). For recommended footprint and soldering techniques refer to