

Advanced Power MOSFET

SSW/I4N60A

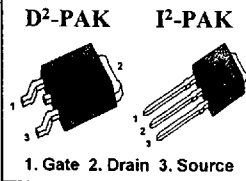
FEATURES

- Avalanche Rugged Technology
- Rugged Gate Oxide Technology
- Lower Input Capacitance
- Improved Gate Charge
- Extended Safe Operating Area
- Lower Leakage Current : 25 μ A (Max.) @ $V_{DS} = 600V$
- Lower $R_{DS(ON)}$: 2.037 Ω (Typ.)

$$BV_{DSS} = 600 V$$

$$R_{DS(on)} = 2.5 \Omega$$

$$I_D = 4 A$$



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Characteristic	Value	Units
V_{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Voltage	600	V
I_D	Continuous Drain Current ($T_C=25^\circ C$)	4	A
	Continuous Drain Current ($T_C=100^\circ C$)	2.5	
I_{DM}	Drain Current-Pulsed ①	16	A
V_{GS}	Gate-to-Source Voltage	± 30	V
E_{AS}	Single Pulsed Avalanche Energy ②	262	mJ
I_{AR}	Avalanche Current ①	4	A
E_{AR}	Repetitive Avalanche Energy ①	10	mJ
dv/dt	Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt ③	3.0	V/ns
P_D	Total Power Dissipation ($T_A=25^\circ C$)*	3.1	W
	Total Power Dissipation ($T_C=25^\circ C$)	100	W
	Linear Derating Factor	0.8	• $^\circ C$
T_J, T_{STG}	Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	- 55 to +150	$^\circ C$
T_L	Maximum Lead Temp. for Soldering Purposes, 1/8 " from case for 5-seconds	300	

Thermal Resistance

Symbol	Characteristic	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case	—	1.25	$^\circ C/W$
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient *	—	40	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient	—	62.5	

* When mounted on the minimum pad size recommended (PCB Mount).



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N-CHANNEL POWER MOSFET

Electrical Characteristics ($T_C=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Condition
BV_{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	600	--	--	V	$V_{GS}=0V, I_D=250\mu A$
$\Delta BV/\Delta T_J$	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coeff.	--	0.68	--	$V/^{\circ}\text{C}$	$I_D=250\mu A$ See Fig 7
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	2.0	--	4.0	V	$V_{DS}=5V, I_D=250\mu A$
I_{GSS}	Gate-Source Leakage, Forward	--	--	100	nA	$V_{GS}=30V$
	Gate-Source Leakage, Reverse	--	--	-100	nA	$V_{GS}=-30V$
I_{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current	--	--	25	μA	$V_{DS}=600V$
		--	--	250		$V_{DS}=480V, T_C=125^{\circ}\text{C}$
$R_{DS(on)}$	Static Drain-Source On-State Resistance	--	--	2.5	Ω	$V_{GS}=10V, I_D=2A$ ④
g_{fs}	Forward Transconductance	--	3.32	--	S	$V_{DS}=50V, I_D=2A$ ④
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	--	545	710	pF	$V_{GS}=0V, V_{DS}=25V, f=1\text{MHz}$ See Fig 5
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	--	63	75		
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	--	25	30		
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	--	14	40	ns	$V_{DD}=300V, I_D=4A,$ $R_G=12\Omega$ See Fig 13 ④ ⑤
t_r	Rise Time	--	16	45		
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	--	49	110		
t_f	Fall Time	--	22	55		
Q_g	Total Gate Charge	--	25	34	nC	$V_{DS}=480V, V_{GS}=10V,$ $I_D=4A$ See Fig 6 & Fig 12 ④ ⑤
Q_{gs}	Gate-Source Charge	--	4	--		
Q_{gd}	Gate-Drain("Miller") Charge	--	11.9	--		

Source-Drain Diode Ratings and Characteristics

Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Condition
I_S	Continuous Source Current	--	--	4	A	Integral reverse pn-diode in the MOSFET
I_{SM}	Pulsed-Source Current ①	--	--	16		
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage ④	--	--	1.4	V	$T_J=25^{\circ}\text{C}, I_S=4A, V_{GS}=0V$
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	--	350	--	ns	$T_J=25^{\circ}\text{C}, I_F=4A$
Q_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Charge	--	2.15	--	μC	$di_F/dt=100A/\mu\text{s}$ ④

Notes ;

- ① Repetitive Rating : Pulse Width Limited by Maximum Junction Temperatur
- ② $L=30\text{mH}, I_{AS}=4A, V_{DD}=50V, R_G=27\Omega$, Starting $T_J=25^{\circ}\text{C}$
- ③ $I_{SD}\leq 4A, di/dt\leq 100A/\mu\text{s}, V_{DD}\leq BV_{DSS}$, Starting $T_J=25^{\circ}\text{C}$
- ④ Pulse Test : Pulse Width = $250\mu\text{s}$, Duty Cycle $\leq 2\%$
- ⑤ Essentially Independent of Operating Temperature

Fig 1. Output Characteristics

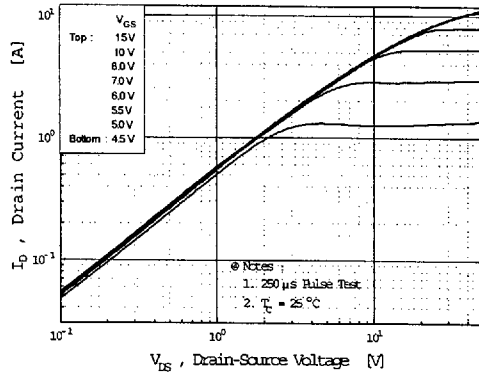


Fig 2. Transfer Characteristics

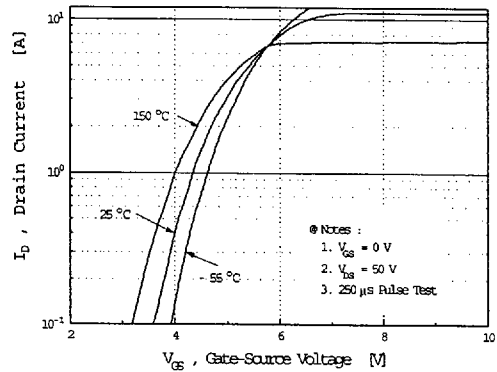


Fig 3. On-Resistance vs. Drain Current

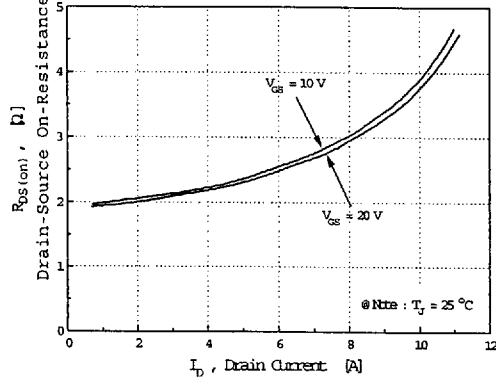


Fig 4. Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

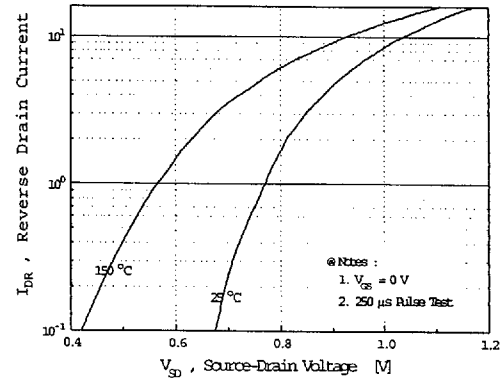


Fig 5. Capacitance vs. Drain-Source Voltage

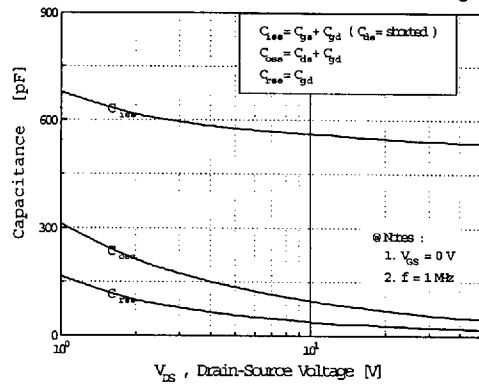
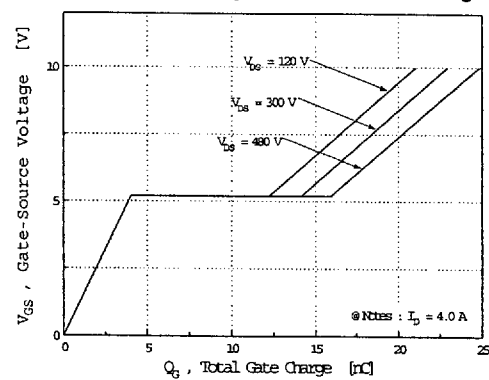
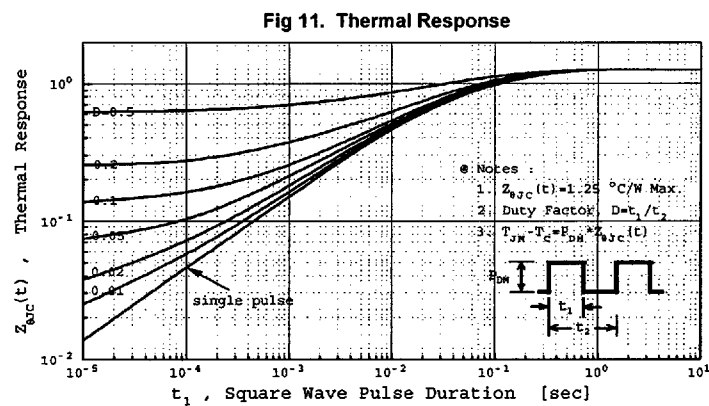
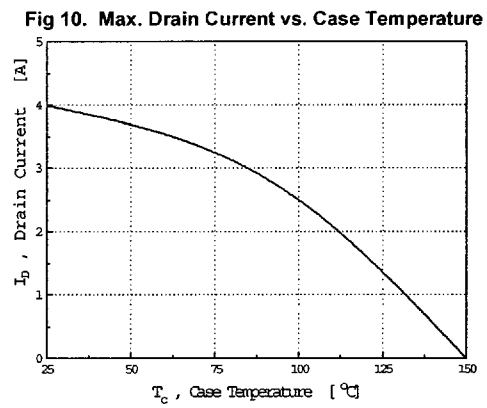
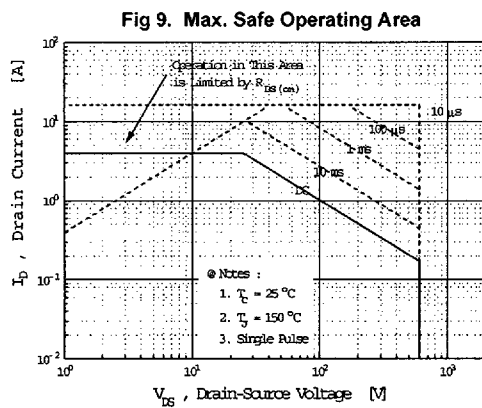
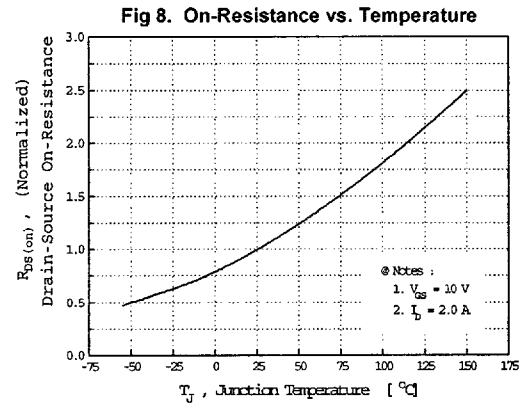
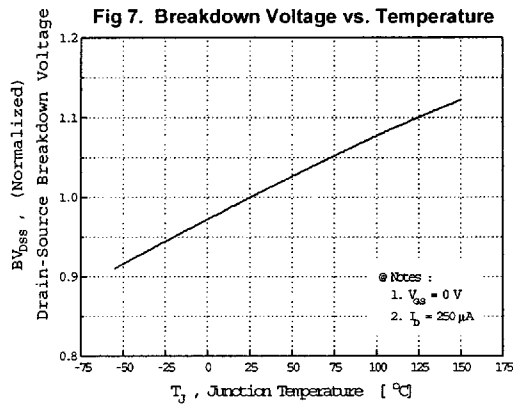


Fig 6. Gate Charge vs. Gate-Source Voltage





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The diagram shows a circuit for characterizing a Diode Under Test (DUT). A 12V DC source is connected to a network of components: a 50KΩ resistor, a 200nF capacitor, and a 300nF capacitor. A MOSFET, labeled "Current Regulator", is connected to this network. Its gate is driven by a 3mA current source. The drain of the MOSFET is connected to the DUT. The DUT is also connected to a 300nF capacitor and a MOSFET labeled "DUT". The gate of the DUT MOSFET is driven by a V_{GS} source. The drain of the DUT MOSFET is connected to a current source I_D and a resistor R_2 . The source of the DUT MOSFET is connected to a resistor R_1 and a current source I_G . The circuit is powered by a V_{DS} source. The MOSFETs are represented by symbols with arrows indicating current flow.

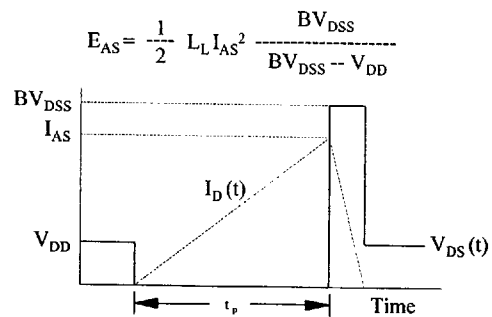
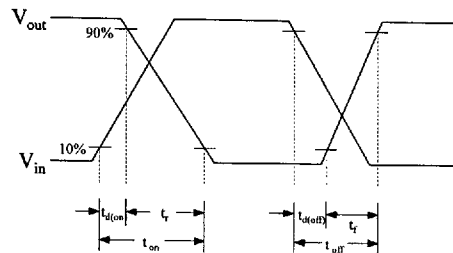
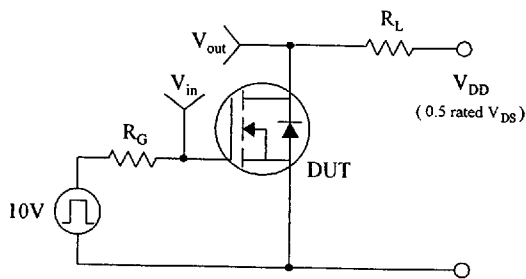


Fig 15. Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt Test Circuit & Waveforms

