

Optical Reflective Sensor

Technical Data

HEDS-1300 Precision Resolution Sensor

Features

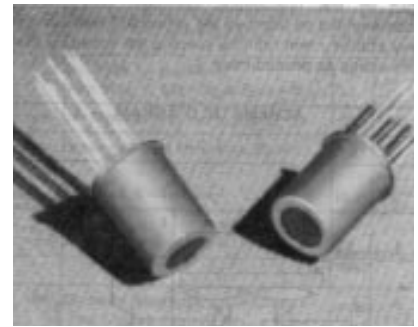
- Focused Emitter and Detector in a Single Package
- TO5 Package
- Binning of Sensors by Photocurrent (I_{pr})

Applications

- Bar Code Scanning
- Pattern Recognition and Verification
- Object Sizing
- Optical Limit Switching
- Optical/Surface Inspection
- Tachometry
- Edge/Line Sensing
- Dimensional Monitoring

Description

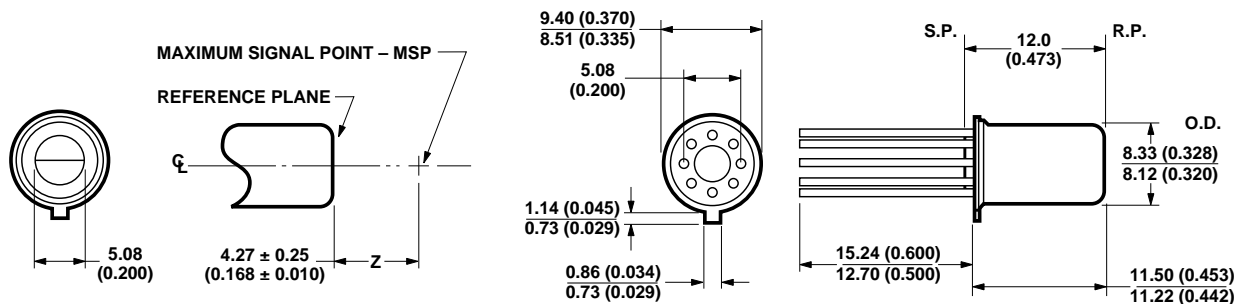
The HEDS-1300 sensor is fully integrated modules designed for applications requiring optical reflective sensing. The module contains an LED emitter (at the appropriate wavelengths) and a matched I.C. photodetector. A bifurcated aspheric lens is used to image the active areas of the emitter and the detector to a single spot that defines the resolution of the sensor. The output signal is a current generated by the photodiode.



Selection Guide

Sensor Part Number	HEDS-1300
Resolution	0.19 mm (0.0075 in.)
LED Wavelength	700 nm

Package Dimensions



NOTES:

1. ALL DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETERS AND (INCHES).
2. ALL UNTOLERANCED DIMENSIONS ARE FOR REFERENCE ONLY.
3. THE REFERENCE PLANE (R.P.) IS THE TOP SURFACE OF THE PACKAGE.
4. NICKEL CAN AND GOLD PLATED LEADS.
5. S.P. = SEATING PLANE.
6. THE LEAD DIAMETER IS 0.45 mm (0.018 IN.) TYP.
7. O.D. = OUTSIDE DIAMETER OF CAN MEASURED IN REGION ABOVE WELD FLANGE TO MIDWAY OF CAN LENGTH.

Mechanical Considerations

The HEDS-1300 sensors is packaged in a high profile 8 pin TO5 metal can with a glass window. The emitter and photodetector chips are mounted on the header at the base of the package. Positioned above these active elements is a bifurcated aspheric acrylic lens that focuses them to the same point.

The sensors can be rigidly secured by commercially available TO5 style heat sinks, or 8 pin 0.200 inch diameter pin circle sockets. These fixtures provide a stable reference platform for affixing the sensors to a circuit board.

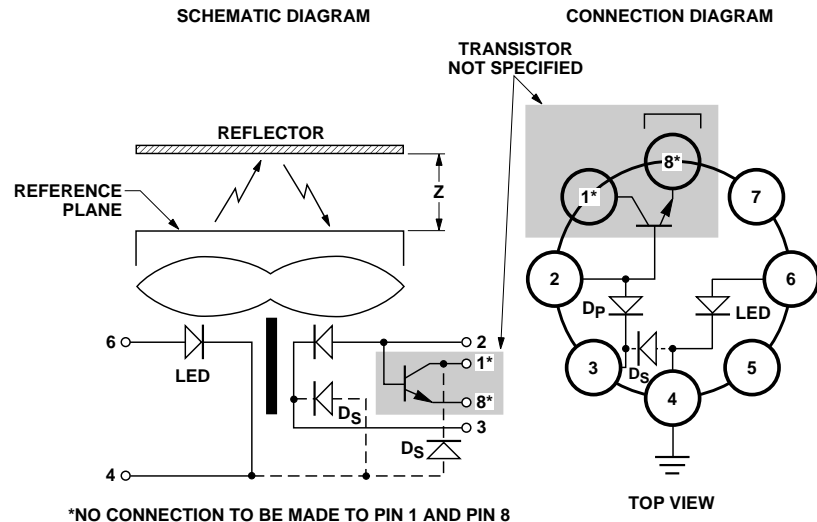
In applications requiring contact scanning, protective focusing tips are available. Focusing tips are available in either metal (HBCS-2999 or HBCS-4999) or polycarbonate (HBCS-A998 or HBCS-A999) packages using a rugged sapphire ball as the contact surface.

Electrical Operations

The detector of the sensor is a single photodiode. The cathode of the emitter is physically and electrically connected to the case-substrate of the device.

Applications that require modulation or switching of the LED should be designed to have the cathode connected to the electrical ground of the system. Refer to the Schematic and Connection Diagrams that follow.

HEDS-1300 Optical System



PIN #	FUNCTION (HEDS-1300)
2	PHOTODIODE ANODE
3	PHOTODIODE CATHODE
4	LED CATHODE, SUBSTRATE, CASE
6	LED ANODE

Absolute Maximum Ratings @ $T_A = 25^\circ$

Parameter	Symbol	HEDS-	Min.	Max.	Units	Fig.	Notes
Storage Temperature	T_s	1300	-40	+75	$^\circ\text{C}$		
Operating Temperature	T_A	1300	-20	+70	$^\circ\text{C}$		
Lead Soldering Temperature 1.6 mm from Seating Plane		1300		260 $^\circ\text{C}$ for 10 sec.			1
Average LED Forward Current	I_f	1300		50	mA		2
Peak LED Forward Current	I_{fpk}	1300		75	mA	7	3
Reverse LED Input Voltage	V_r	1300		5.0	V		
Photodiode Bias ($I_d = 100 \mu\text{A max}$)	V_d	1300	-0.3	20	V		4

Notes:

1. Caution: The thermal constraints of the acrylic lens will not permit the use of conventional wave soldering procedures. The typical preheat and post-cleaning temperatures and dwell times can subject the lens to thermal stresses beyond the absolute maximum ratings and can cause it to defocus.
2. Derate Maximum Average Current linearly from 65 $^\circ\text{C}$ by 6 mA/ $^\circ\text{C}$ [HEDS-1300 only].
3. 1 KHz pulse rate, 300 mS pulse width.
4. All voltages referenced to Pin 4.

System Electrical/Optical Characteristics @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	HEDS-	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions	Fig.	Notes
Reflected Photocurrent	I_{pr}	1300	150	280	650	nA	$I_f = 35 \text{ mA}$, $V_d = 0$ See Binning Table	1, 2, 6	
Quality Factor	$\langle Q \rangle$	1300	0.82	0.95	1.0		$I_f = 35 \text{ mA}$	1	5, 6
I_{pr} Temperature Coefficient	K_e	1300		-0.01		1/ $^\circ\text{C}$	$I_f = 35 \text{ mA}$		7
System Optical Step Response Size (OSR)	d	1300		0.19		mm		9	8
Maximum Signal Point (MSP)	Z_m	1300	4.01	4.27	4.52	mm	Measured from Reference Plane	4	
Effective Numerical Aperture of Detector Lens	N.A.	1300		0.3					

Notes:

5. Measured from a reflector coated with 99% diffuse reflective white paint (Kodak 6080) positioned 4.27 mm (0.168 in.) from the sensor's reference plane. Measured physically is the total photocurrent, I_{pt} , which consists of a signal (reflected from target) component, I_{pr} , and a component induced by reflections internal to the sensor (stray), I_{ps} . $I_{pr} = I_{pt} - I_{ps}$.
6. $\langle Q \rangle = I_{pr}/I_{pt}$
7. Photocurrent variation with temperature follows a natural exponential law: $I_p(T) = I_p(T_o) \cdot \exp[K_e(T - T_o)]$
8. OSR size is defined as the distance for the 10%-90% "step" response of I_{pr} as the sensor moves over an abrupt black-white edge, or from opaque white to free space (no reflection).

Detector Electrical/Optical Characteristics @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	HEDS-	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions	Fig.	Notes
Dark Current	Id	1300		50	1000	pA	Vd = 5 V, If = 0 Reflection = 0%		
Capacitance	Cd	1300		100		pF	Vd = 0 V, If = 0 f = 1 MHz		
Detector Area	Ad	1300		0.16		sq-mm	Square, with length = 0.4 mm per side		

Emitter Electrical/Optical Characteristics @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	HEDS-	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions	Fig.	Notes
Forward Voltage	Vf	1300		1.6	1.8	V	If = 35 mA	3	
Reverse Break-down Voltage	BVR	1300	5.0			V	Ir = 100 μA		
Thermal Co-efficient of Vf	$\Delta\text{Vf}/\Delta\text{T}$	1300		-1.2		mV/ $^\circ\text{C}$	If = 35 mA		
Peak Wavelength	λ	1300	680	700	720	nm	If = 35 mA	5	
Emitting Area	Ae	1300		0.0285		sq-cm	0.185 mm diameter junction (0.0073 in.)		

Bin Table

Ipr Limits (nA)		
Bin #	Min.	Max.
2	150	200
3	195	245
4	240	293
5	288	355
6	350	430
7	425	520
8	515	650

Product Marking

The photocurrent binning of the sensor is included in the 8-digit code printed on the sensor can. The last digit in the code represents the bin number.

See Figure 8 for suggestions in the application of photocurrent bins.

Test algorithm bins units to the lowest bin number if a unit is in the overlap region. Such units can cross bin boundaries as temperature changes. (Ambient temper-

ature affects LED efficiency slightly and may cause several percent changes in Ipr). Bin numbers are for “reference only” and do not constitute an absolute guarantee.

The output of all LEDs degrades with time, depending on drive conditions and temperature.

The entire available distribution of parts, appropriately marked, will be shipped. Single bin orders cannot be supplied.

HEDS-1300 Optical System

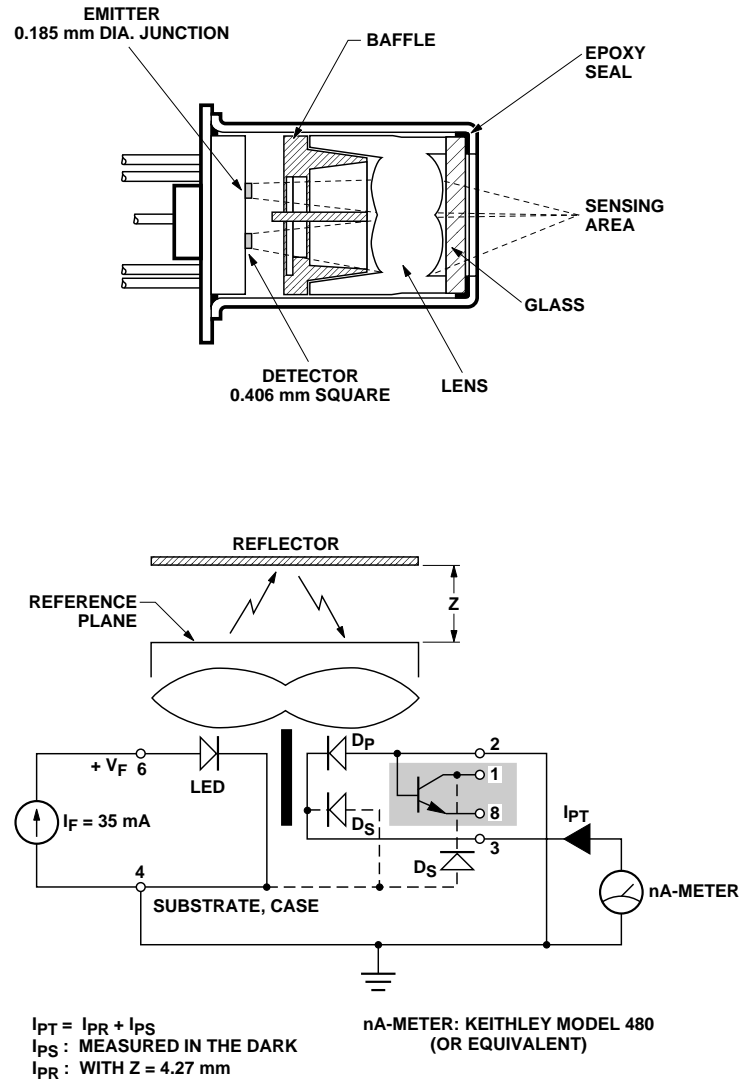


Figure 1. HEDS-1300 Photocurrent Test Circuit.

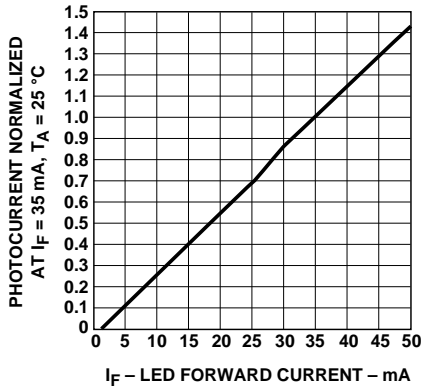


Figure 2. Relative Reflected Photocurrent.

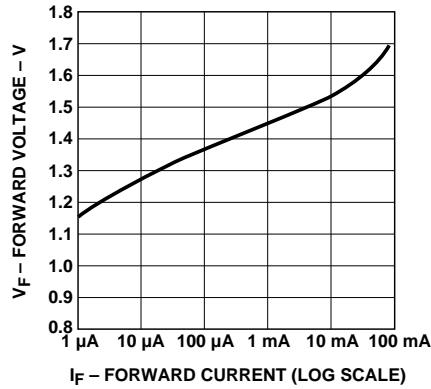


Figure 3. LED Forward Voltage vs. Forward Current.

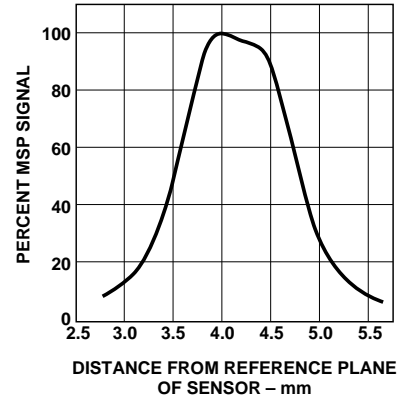


Figure 4. Photocurrent Variation with Distance.

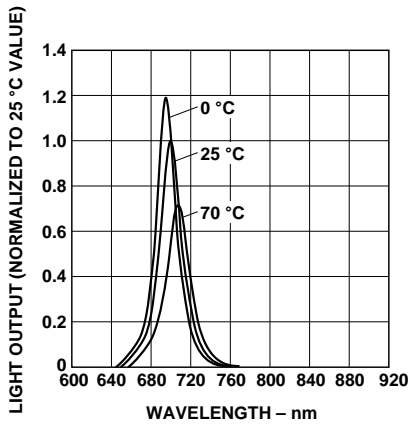


Figure 5. Typical Spectral Distribution of LEDs.

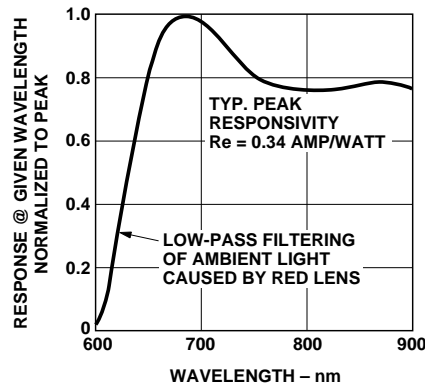


Figure 6. Relative Spectral Response of HEDS-1300 Sensor.

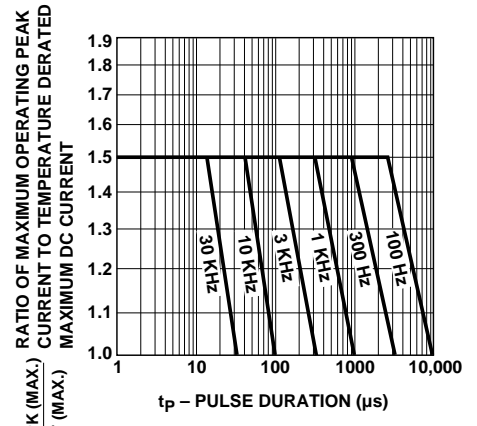


Figure 7. Sensor Pulse Drive Considerations. Max Tolerable Peak Pulse Current vs. Pulse Duration.

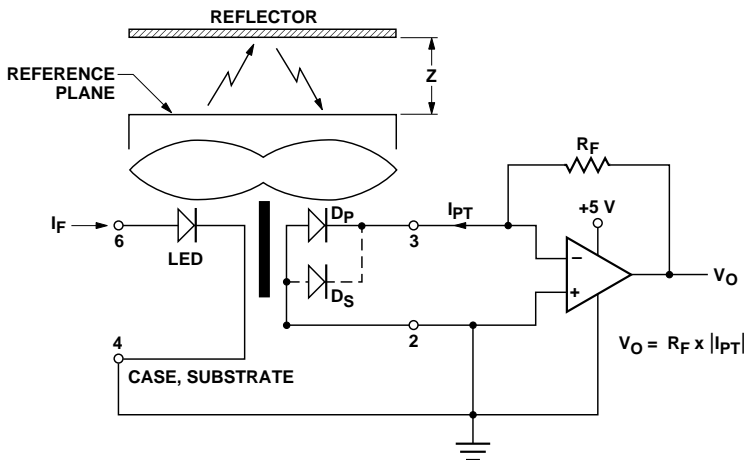
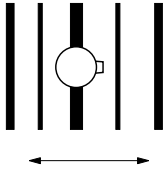


Figure 8. Sensor with Transimpedance Amplifier.

NOTE: FOR V_O (APPROX.) 1.9 – 2.4 VOLTS

SENSOR BIN NUMBER	RECOMMENDED VALUE OR R_F (OHMS)
2	15 M
3	12 M
4	10 M
5	8.2 M
6	6.8 M
7	5.6 M
8	4.7 M

Preferred Orientation



At maximum signal point (MSP) and/or when the sensor is in focus, the orientation of the sensor is unimportant. However, as one moves away from MSP and/or moves out of focus (either by distance or angle), the preferred orientation indicated above is recommended to maintain a higher resolution spot size.

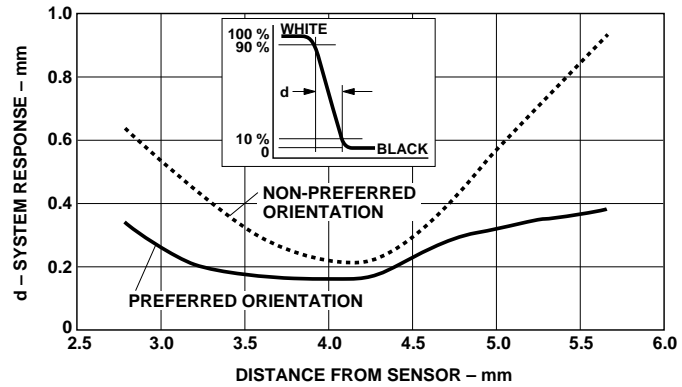


Figure 9. HEDS-1300, System Optical Step Response Variation with Distance.

Warranty and Service

Agilent Optical Reflective Sensor is warranted for a period of one year after purchase covering defects in material and workmanship. Agilent will repair or, at its option, replace products that prove to be defective in material or workmanship under proper use during the warranty period.

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