

**FIXED 2.5 AND 5 VOLT  
3-Terminal Voltage References**  
ISSUE 4 - MARCH 1998

**ZTR250  
ZTR500**

**DEVICE DESCRIPTION**

The ZTR250 and ZTR500 are precision three terminal references. These devices are ideal for battery powered applications where power saving is important. They offer low power alternatives to other two terminal shunt references.

The ZTR devices do not require an external resistor and, in contrast to two terminal references, waste none of the battery power as load current varies. The ZTR only consumes 30 $\mu$ A supply current.

The two devices require as low as 1.4 volts between input and output for regulation. Output voltage tolerance is  $\pm 2.5\%$ , with a voltage variation of 0.275mV/ $^{\circ}$ C over the -55 $^{\circ}$ C to 125 $^{\circ}$ C operating range.

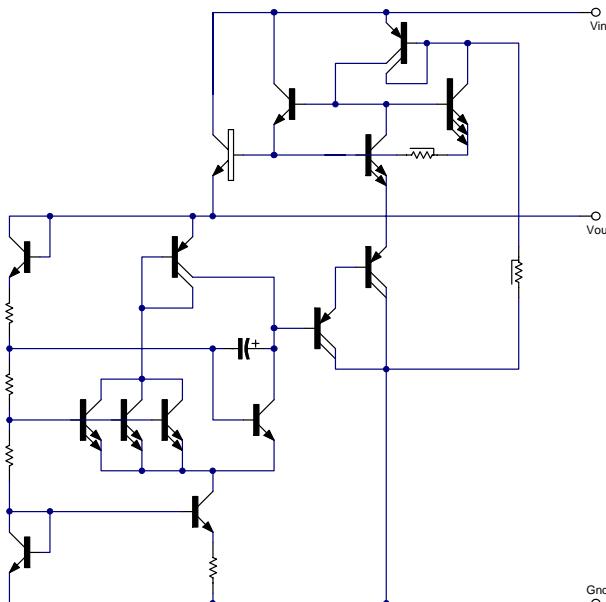
**FEATURES**

- Small outline SOT23 and SOT89 packages
- TO92 package
- 2.5V and 5V output
- 2.5% tolerance
- Supply current independent of input voltage over temperature
- Output current up to 50mA
- Very low supply current (30 $\mu$ A)
- Unconditionally stable
- Internal short circuit current limit

**APPLICATIONS**

- Battery Powered Systems
- Portable and Hand Held Equipment
- Instrumentation
- Metering

**SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM**



## ZTR250 ZTR500

### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Input Voltage	20V	Power Dissipation ( $T_{amb}=25^{\circ}C$ , $T_{jmax}=150^{\circ}C$ )
Output current ( $I_O$ )	200mA	SOT23 500mW
Operating temperature	-55 to 125°C	TO92 600mW
Storage temperature	-65 to 150°C	SOT89 1.5W

### **Note:**

1. The maximum operating input voltage and output current of the device will be governed by the maximum power dissipation of the selected package. Maximum package power dissipation is specified at 25 °C and must be linearly derated to zero at  $T_{amb}=125^{\circ}C$ .
2. The following data represents pulse test conditions with junction temperatures as indicated at the initiation of the test. Continuous operation of the devices with the stated conditions might exceed the power dissipation limits of the chosen package.
3. This device does not contain a thermal shutdown circuit so care should be taken not to exceed the stated maximum power dissipation rating. Maximum power dissipation, for the SOT23 and SOT89 packages, is calculated assuming that the device is mounted on a ceramic substrate measuring 15 x 15 x 0.6mm.

### **ZTR250**

### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

**TEST CONDITIONS (Unless otherwise stated):  $T_j=25^{\circ}C$ ,  $I_O=10mA$ ,  $V_{in}=6.5V$**

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS
$V_O$	Output Voltage		2.438	2.5	2.563	V
		$I_O=0$ to 50mA $T_j=-55$ to 125°C	2.360		2.640	V
		$V_{in}=4.5$ to 20V $I_O=0$ to 50mA $T_j=-55$ to 125°C	2.360		2.640	V
$\Delta V_O$	Line Regulation	$V_{in}=4.5$ to 20V		5	15	mV
$\Delta V_O$	Load Regulation	$I_O=0$ to 50mA $I_O=0$ to 10mA	20 12	30		mV mV
$I_s$	Supply Current	$T_j=-55$ to 125°C	30	40		μA
$\Delta I_s$	Supply Current Change	$I_O=0$ to 50mA $V_{in}=4.5$ to 20V	1 2	±10 10		μA μA
$V_n$	Output Noise Voltage	f=10Hz to 10kHz	65			μV (rms)
$\Delta V_{in}/\Delta V_O$	Ripple Rejection	$V_{in}=6.3$ to 18V f=120Hz	55	75		dB
$V_{in}$	Input Voltage Required To Maintain Regulation		4.2	3.9		V
$\Delta V_O/\Delta T$	Average Temperature Coefficient of $V_O$	$I_O=5.0mA$ $T_j=-55$ to 125°C		0.275	0.700	mV/°C

## ZTR250 ZTR500

**ZTR500**

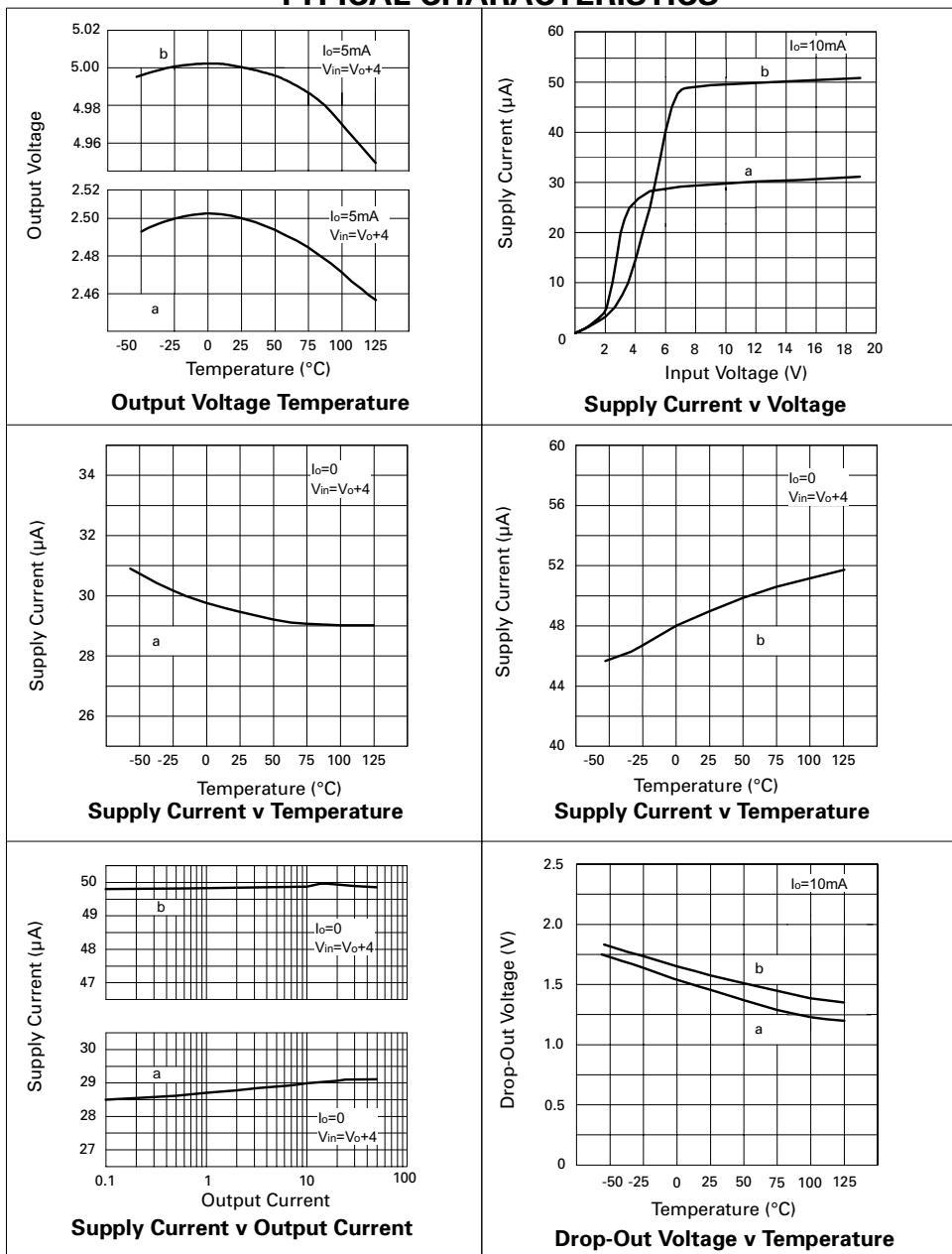
### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

**TEST CONDITIONS (Unless otherwise stated):  $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $I_O=10\text{mA}$ ,  $V_{in}=10\text{V}$**

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS
$V_O$	Output Voltage		4.875	5	5.125	V
		$I_O=0$ to $50\text{mA}$ $T_j=-55$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$	4.780		5.160	V
		$V_{in}=7$ to $20\text{V}$ $I_O=0$ to $50\text{mA}$ $T_j=-55$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$	4.780		5.175	V
$\Delta V_O$	Line Regulation	$V_{in}=7$ to $20\text{V}$		5	15	mV
$\Delta V_O$	Load Regulation	$I_O=0$ to $50\text{mA}$ $I_O=0$ to $10\text{mA}$		25 15	40	mV mV
$I_s$	Supply Current	$T_j=-55$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$		50	70	$\mu\text{A}$
$\Delta I_s$	Supply Current Change	$I_O=0$ to $50\text{mA}$ $V_{in}=7$ to $20\text{V}$		1 2	$\pm 10$ 10	$\mu\text{A}$ $\mu\text{A}$
$V_n$	Output Noise Voltage	$f=10\text{Hz}$ to $10\text{kHz}$		90		$\mu\text{V}$ (rms)
$\Delta V_{in}/\Delta V_O$	Ripple Rejection	$V_{in}=8$ to $18\text{V}$ $f=120\text{Hz}$	55	72		dB
$V_{in}$	Input Voltage Required To Maintain Regulation		7	6.7		V
$\Delta V_O/\Delta T$	Average Temperature Coefficient of $V_O$	$I_O=5.0\text{mA}$ $T_j=-55$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$		0.275	0.700	mV/ $^\circ\text{C}$

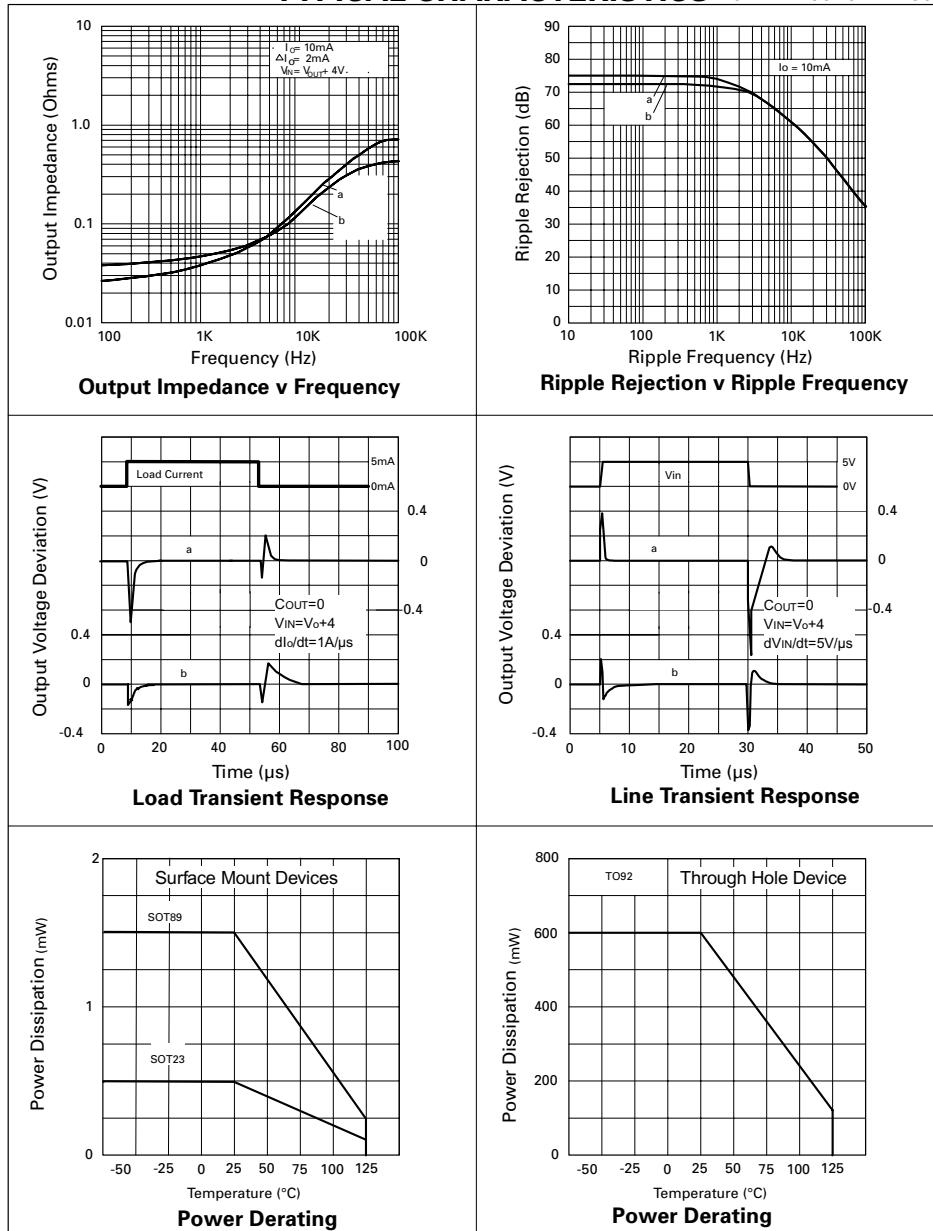
## ZTR250 ZTR500

### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS a=ZTR250; b=ZTR500



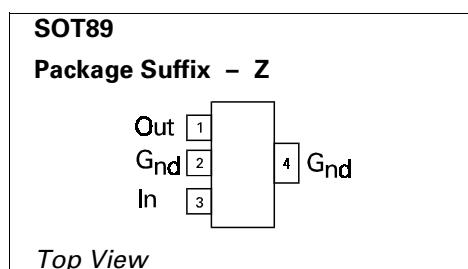
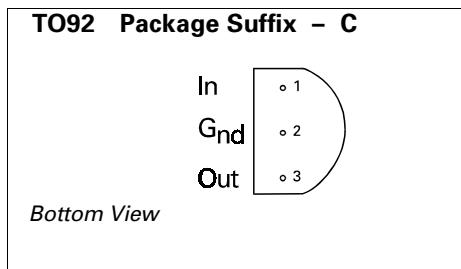
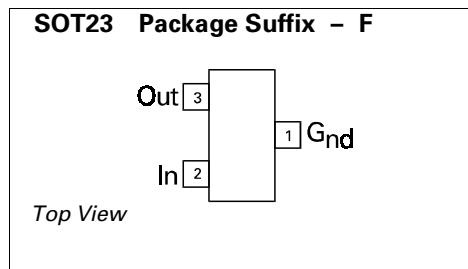
## ZTR250 ZTR500

### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS a=ZTR250: b=ZTR500



**ZTR250  
ZTR500**

**CONNECTION DIAGRAMS**



**ORDERING INFORMATION**

Part Number	Tol %	Package	Part Mark
ZTR250C02	2.5	TO92	ZTR25002
ZTR250F02	2.5	SOT23	25U
ZTR250Z02	2.5	SOT89	25U
ZTR500C02	2.5	TO92	ZTR50002
ZTR500F02	2.5	SOT23	50N
ZTR500Z02	2.5	SOT89	50N