



ALPHA & OMEGA
SEMICONDUCTOR

AOK9N90

900V,9A N-Channel MOSFET

General Description

The AOK9N90 is fabricated using an advanced high voltage MOSFET process that is designed to deliver high levels of performance and robustness in popular AC-DC applications. By providing low $R_{DS(on)}$, C_{iss} and C_{rss} along with guaranteed avalanche capability this part can be adopted quickly into new and existing offline power supply designs.

For Halogen Free add "L" suffix to part number:
AOK9N90L

Product Summary

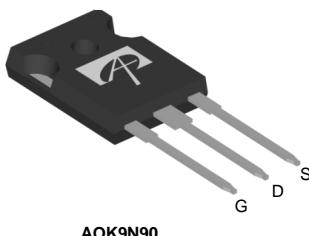
V_{DS}	1000@150°C
I_D (at $V_{GS}=10V$)	9A
$R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS}=10V$)	< 1.3Ω

100% UIS Tested
100% R_g Tested

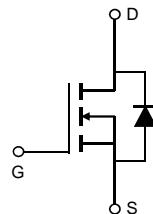


Top View

TO-247



AOK9N90



Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	AOK9N90	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	V_{DS}	900	V
Gate-Source Voltage	V_{GS}	± 30	V
Continuous Drain Current	I_D	9	A
$T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$		6	
Pulsed Drain Current ^C	I_{DM}	34	A
Avalanche Current ^C	I_{AR}	3.6	A
Repetitive avalanche energy ^C	E_{AR}	194	mJ
Single pulsed avalanche energy ^G	E_{AS}	388	mJ
Peak diode recovery dv/dt	dv/dt	5	V/ns
Power Dissipation ^B	P_D	368	W
Derate above 25°C		2.9	W/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	T_J, T_{STG}	-55 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Maximum lead temperature for soldering purpose, 1/8" from case for 5 seconds	T_L	300	$^\circ\text{C}$

Thermal Characteristics

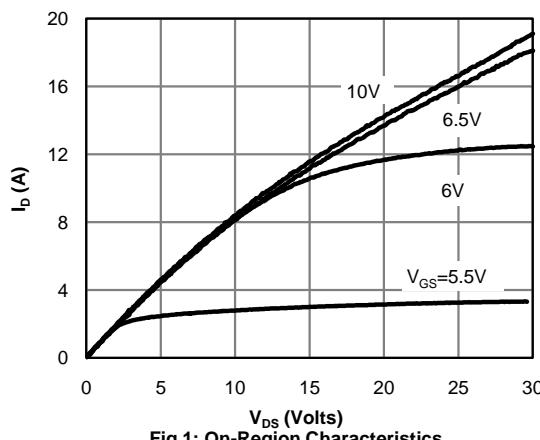
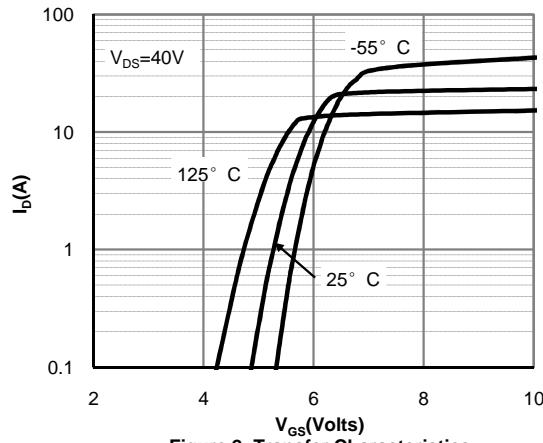
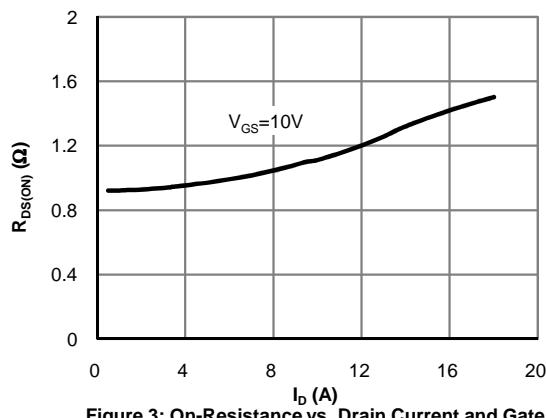
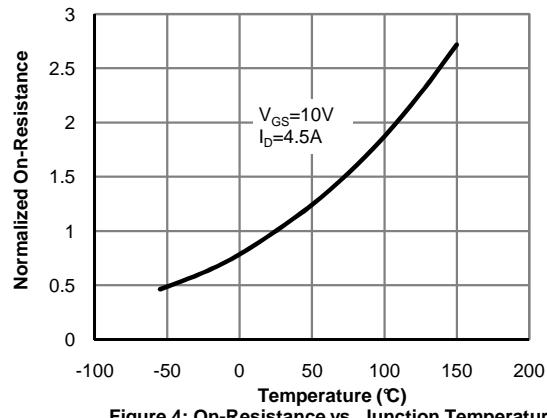
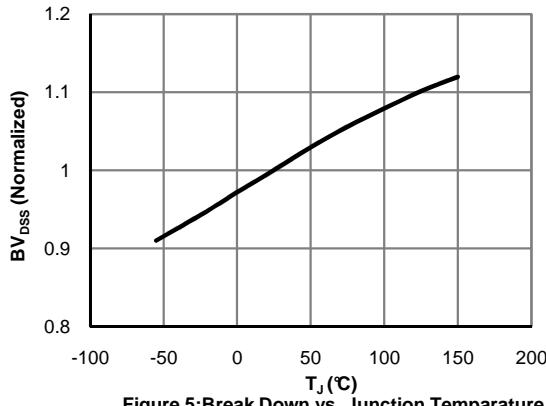
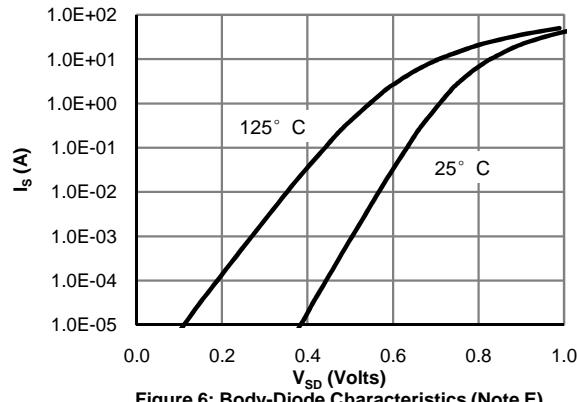
Parameter	Symbol	AOK9N90	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^{A,D}	$R_{\theta JA}$	40	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
Maximum Case-to-sink ^A	$R_{\theta CS}$	0.5	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
Maximum Junction-to-Case	$R_{\theta JC}$	0.34	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$

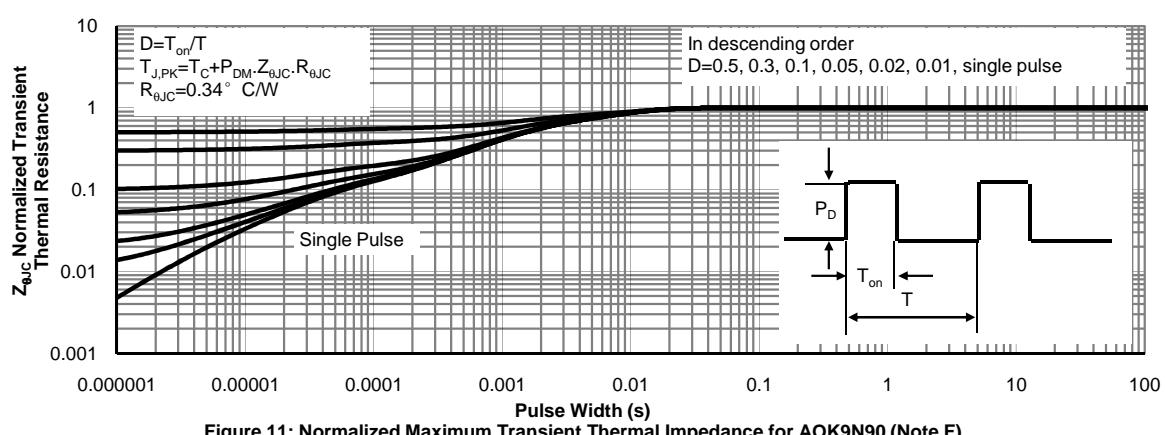
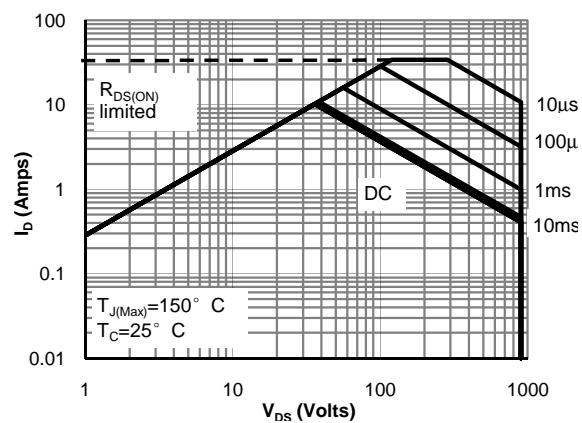
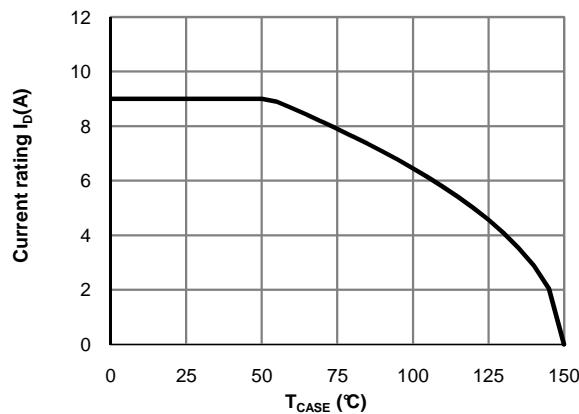
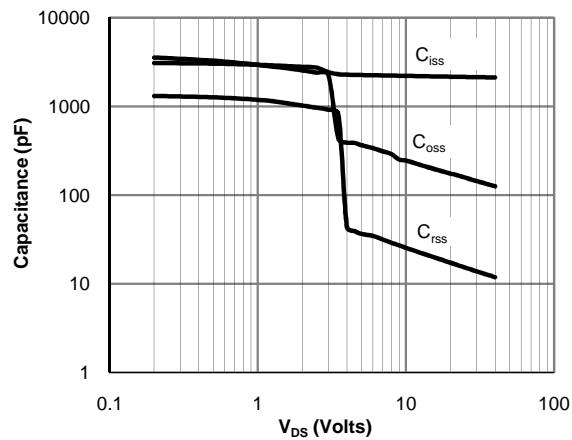
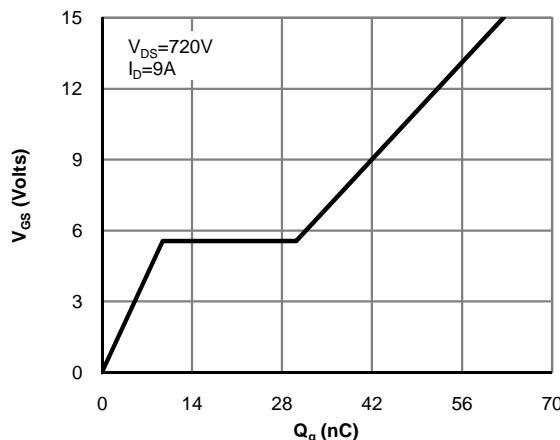
Electrical Characteristics ($T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

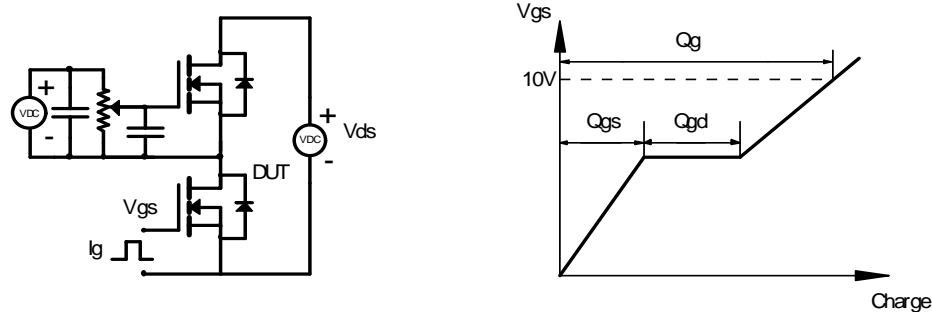
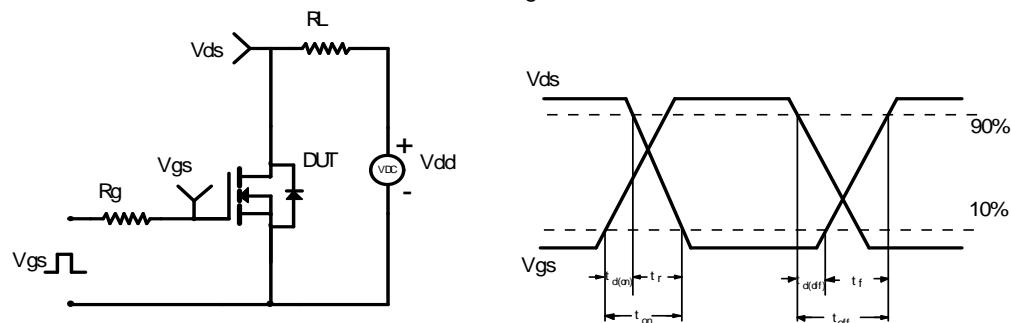
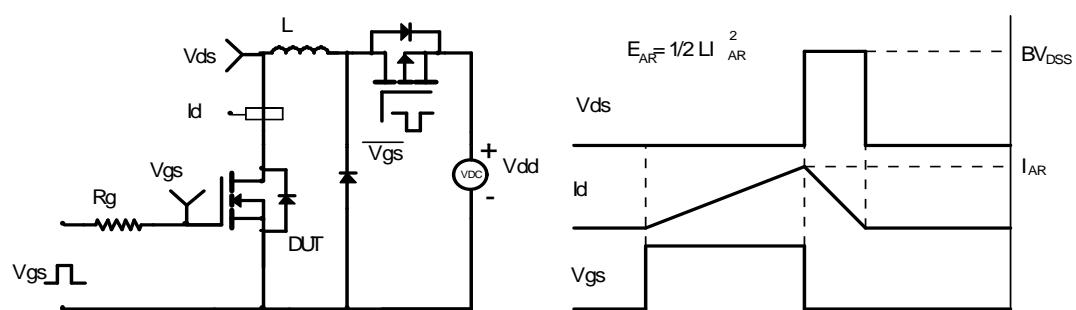
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
STATIC PARAMETERS						
BV _{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	I _D =250μA, V _{GS} =0V, T _J =25°C	900			V
		I _D =250μA, V _{GS} =0V, T _J =150°C		1000		
BV _{DSS} / ΔT_J	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I _D =250μA, V _{GS} =0V		0.9		V/°C
I _{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	V _{DS} =900V, V _{GS} =0V			1	μA
		V _{DS} =720V, T _J =125°C			10	
I _{GSS}	Gate-Body leakage current	V _{DS} =0V, V _{GS} =±30V			±100	nA
V _{GS(th)}	Gate Threshold Voltage	V _{DS} =5V, I _D =250μA	3.4	4	4.5	V
R _{DS(ON)}	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	V _{GS} =10V, I _D =4.5A		1	1.3	Ω
g _{FS}	Forward Transconductance	V _{DS} =40V, I _D =4.5A		13		S
V _{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	I _S =1A, V _{GS} =0V		0.7	1	V
I _S	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				9	A
I _{SM}	Maximum Body-Diode Pulsed Current				34	A
DYNAMIC PARAMETERS						
C _{iss}	Input Capacitance	V _{GS} =0V, V _{DS} =25V, f=1MHz	1700	2130	2560	pF
C _{oss}	Output Capacitance		100	152	200	pF
C _{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		8	14	20	pF
R _g	Gate resistance	V _{GS} =0V, V _{DS} =0V, f=1MHz	0.6	1.3	2.0	Ω
SWITCHING PARAMETERS						
Q _g	Total Gate Charge	V _{GS} =10V, V _{DS} =720V, I _D =9A	35	46	58	nC
Q _{gs}	Gate Source Charge			9.5		nC
Q _{gd}	Gate Drain Charge			20.5		nC
t _{D(on)}	Turn-On DelayTime	V _{GS} =10V, V _{DS} =450V, I _D =9A, R _G =25Ω		45		ns
t _r	Turn-On Rise Time			80		ns
t _{D(off)}	Turn-Off DelayTime			116		ns
t _f	Turn-Off Fall Time			60		ns
t _{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	I _F =9A, dI/dt=100A/μs, V _{DS} =100V	450	568	690	ns
Q _{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	I _F =9A, dI/dt=100A/μs, V _{DS} =100V	6.0	7.8	10.0	μC

- A. The value of R_{θJA} is measured with the device in a still air environment with T_A=25°C.
B. The power dissipation P_D is based on T_{J(MAX)}=150°C, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.
C. Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature T_{J(MAX)}=150°C. Ratings are based on low frequency and duty cycles to keep initial T_J=25°C.
D. The R_{θJA} is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case R_{θJC} and case to ambient.
E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300 μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.
F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of T_{J(MAX)}=150°C. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.
G. L=60mH, I_{AS}=3.6A, V_{DD}=150V, R_G=25Ω, Starting T_J=25°C

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TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Fig 1: On-Region Characteristics

Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics

Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage

Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

Figure 5: Break Down vs. Junction Temperature

Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics (Note E)

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS


Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform

Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms

Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms

Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms
