

# **AN8122FAP**

## **High Speed Low Power Consumption 8-Bit A/D Converter**

### **■ Overview**

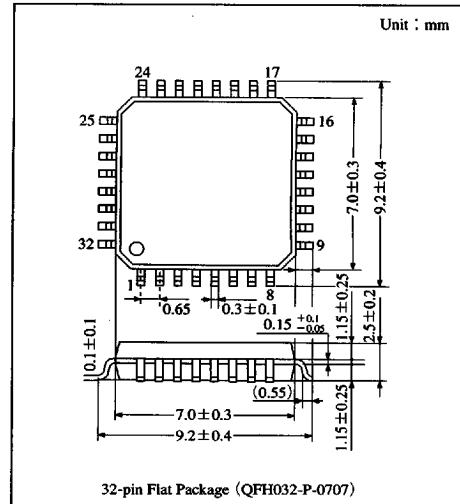
The AN8122FAP is a 8-bit A/D convertor for image processing which uses the high speed bipolar process, realizing the low power consumption and analogue input band of 60MHz. It can operate with single power supply of 5V and maximum conversion rate of 50MSPS.

### **■ Features**

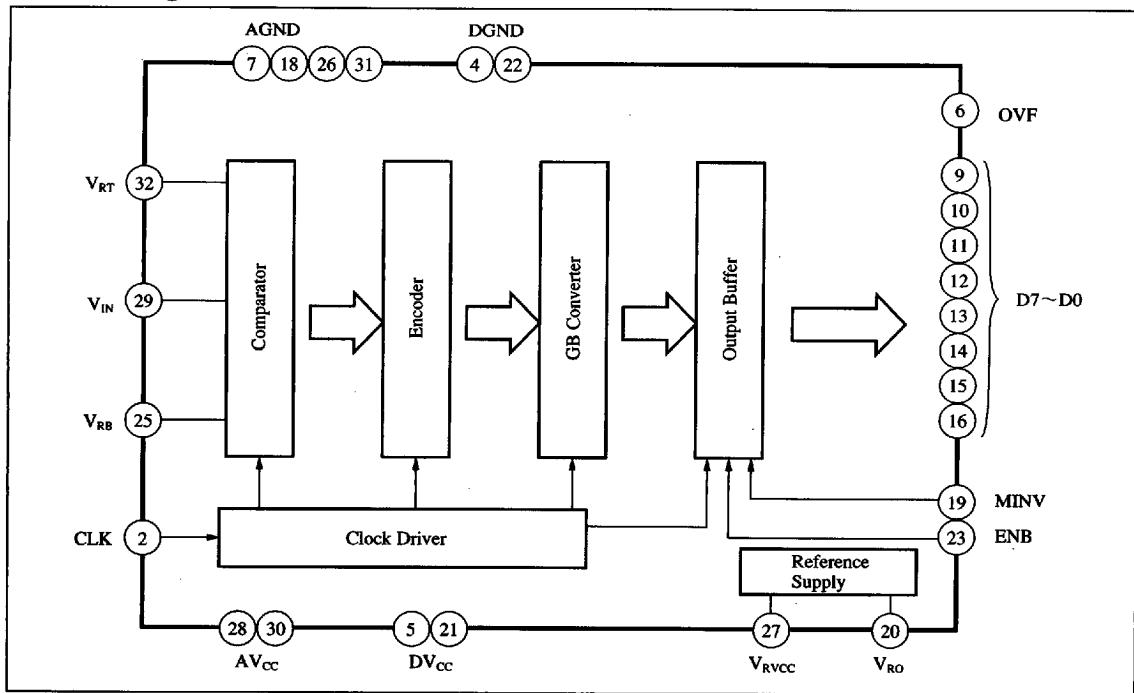
- 8-bit resolution
- Maximum conversion rate : 50MSPS (min.)
- Wide input band : 60MHz, typ. (-3dB)
- Low power consumption : 150mW (typ.)
- Operation on single power supply of 5V
- Low input capacitance : 15pF
- Input/Output form : TTL level compatible

### **■ Application Field**

- Image processing
- Measuring equipment such as digital oscilloscope



### **■ Block Diagram**



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**Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta=25°C)**

| Parameter                     | Symbol                                 | Rating                       | Unit |
|-------------------------------|--|------------------------------|------|
| Supply voltage                | V <sub>CC</sub>                        | -0.3 to +6.0                 | V    |
| Analogue input voltage        | V <sub>IN</sub>                        | 0 to V <sub>CC</sub> +0.3    | V    |
| Digital input voltage         | V <sub>CLK/MINV/ENB</sub>              | -0.3 to V <sub>CC</sub> +0.3 | V    |
| Digital output current        | I <sub>D7</sub> to I <sub>D0/OVF</sub> | -15                          | mA   |
| Reference resistive current   | I <sub>RT</sub> /I <sub>RB</sub>       | +50/-50                      | mA   |
| Reference voltage             | V <sub>RT</sub> /V <sub>RB</sub>       | 0 to V <sub>CC</sub> +0.3    | V    |
| Power dissipation             | P <sub>D</sub>                         | 334*                         | mW   |
| Operating ambient temperature | T <sub>opr</sub>                       | -20 to 75                    | °C   |
| Storage temperature           | T <sub>stg</sub>                       | -55 to 150                   | °C   |

\* Ta=75°C

**Recommended Operating Conditions (Ta=25°C)**

| Parameter                 | Symbol          | min             | typ | max             | Unit |
|---------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----|-----------------|------|
| Supply voltage            | V <sub>CC</sub> | 4.75            | 5.0 | 5.25            | V    |
| Reference voltage         | V <sub>RT</sub> | —               | 5.0 | —               | V    |
|                           | V <sub>RB</sub> | —               | 3.0 | —               | V    |
| Analogue input voltage    | V <sub>IN</sub> | V <sub>RB</sub> | —   | V <sub>RT</sub> | V    |
| Digital input voltage     | V <sub>IH</sub> | 2.0             | —   | —               | V    |
|                           | V <sub>IL</sub> | —               | —   | 0.8             | V    |
| Clock input pulse width * | t <sub>H</sub>  | —               | 14  | —               | ns   |

\* f<sub>CLK</sub>=35MHz**Electrical Characteristics (V<sub>CC</sub>=5V, Ta=25°C)**

| Parameter                             | Symbol            | Condition                                       | min  | typ   | max   | Unit             |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|---|------|-------|-------|------------------|
| Supply current                        | I <sub>CC</sub>   | —   | —    | 30    | 50    | mA               |
| Reference power supply output voltage | V <sub>RO</sub>   | I <sub>RO</sub> =10mA, V <sub>RVCC</sub> =5.0V  | 2.8  | 3.0   | 3.2   | V                |
| Reference supply current              | I <sub>RVCC</sub> | Reference power supply output under no Load     | —    | 2.0   | —     | mA               |
| Reference resistive current           | I <sub>RT</sub>   | V <sub>RT</sub> =5.0V                           | —    | 9     | 20    | mA               |
|                                       | I <sub>RB</sub>   | V <sub>RB</sub> =3.0V                           | -20  | -9    | —     | mA               |
| Input bias current                    | I <sub>IN</sub>   | V <sub>IN</sub> =4.0V                           | —    | 40    | 120   | μA               |
| Digital input current                 | I <sub>IH</sub>   | V <sub>IH</sub> =2.7V                           | —    | 100   | 145   | μA               |
|                                       | I <sub>IL</sub>   | V <sub>IL</sub> =0.4V                           | -145 | -100  | —     | μA               |
| Digital output voltage                | V <sub>OH</sub>   | I <sub>OH</sub> =-400 μA                        | 2.7  | 3.4   | —     | V                |
|                                       | V <sub>OL</sub>   | I <sub>OL</sub> =1.6mA                          | —    | 0.2   | 0.4   | V                |
| Linearity error                       | E <sub>L</sub>    | V <sub>RT</sub> -V <sub>RB</sub> =2.0V          | —    | ±0.25 | ±0.65 | LSB              |
| Differential linearity error          | E <sub>D</sub>    | V <sub>RT</sub> -V <sub>RB</sub> =2.0V          | —    | ±0.25 | ±0.65 | LSB              |
| Maximum conversion rate               | F <sub>CMAX</sub> | —   | 50   | —     | —     | MHz              |
| Maximum conversion rate               | —                 | —   | —    | 2     | —     | V <sub>p-p</sub> |
| Equivalent input impedance *1         | R <sub>IN</sub>   | V <sub>IN</sub> =4V                             | —    | 50    | —     | kΩ               |
| Input capacitance *1                  | C <sub>IN</sub>   | V <sub>IN</sub> =4V                             | —    | 15    | —     | pF               |
| Quantization noise *2                 | SINAD             | f <sub>CLK</sub> =35MHz, f <sub>IN</sub> =5MHz  | —    | 45    | —     | dB               |
|                                       | —                 | f <sub>CLK</sub> =35MHz, f <sub>IN</sub> =10MHz | —    | 43    | —     | dB               |
| Input band *1                         | BW <sub>F</sub>   | V <sub>IN</sub> =2V <sub>p-p</sub> , -3dB       | —    | 60    | —     | MHz              |
| Clock duty *1                         | DTY               | f <sub>CLK</sub> =50MHz                         | —    | 50    | —     | %                |
| Digital output delay *1               | τ <sub>d</sub>    | —   | —    | 20    | —     | ns               |

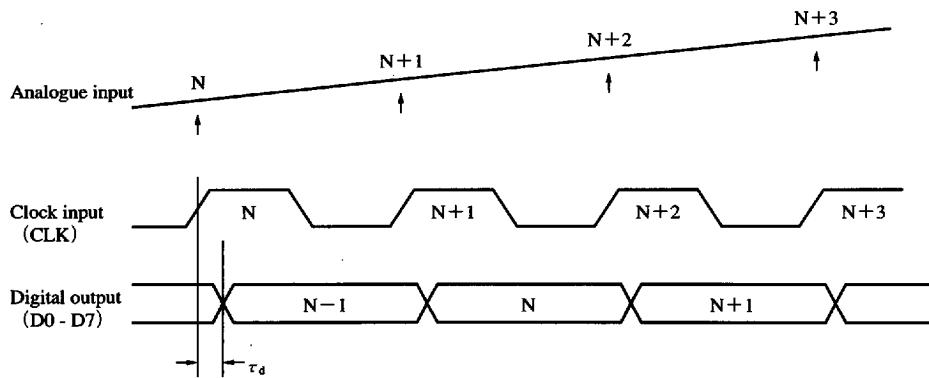
\*1 Design reference value but not guaranteed one

\*2 Total harmonics distortion included

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### ■ Timing Chart



### ■ Output Code

| Step | Input signal |          |      | Digital output |          |
|------|--------------|----------|------|----------------|----------|
|      | 2.000VFS     | 7.8125mV | STEP | MINV=L         |          |
|      |              |          |      | M              | L        |
| 000  | 3.00000      |          |      | 0              | 00000000 |
| 001  | 3.00781      |          |      | 0              | 00000001 |
| .    | .            |          |      | .              | .        |
| .    | .            |          |      | .              | .        |
| 127  | 3.99218      |          |      | 0              | 01111111 |
| 128  | 4.00000      |          |      | 0              | 10000000 |
| 129  | 4.00781      |          |      | 0              | 10000001 |
| .    | .            |          |      | .              | .        |
| .    | .            |          |      | .              | .        |
| 255  | 4.99218      |          |      | 0              | 11111111 |
| 256  | 5.00000      |          |      | 1              | 01111111 |

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### ■ Pin Descriptions

| Pin No.  | Symbol  | Pin name  | Standard waveform               | Voltage level                             | Description   |
|--|---|---|---------------------------------|---|---|
| 29   | VIN   | Analogue input  |                                 | 3 to 5V                                   | It is an input pin of analogue signal for A/D conversion circuit.   |
| 7, 18<br>26, 31                                  | AGND  | Analogue ground   |                                 | 0V  | Connect AGND and DGND with the possible lowest impedance at one point as near as possible to the chip.  |
| 28<br>30   | AV <sub>CC</sub>                                    | Analogue power supply pin   |                                 | 5V  | It is a power supply pin for analogue. Connect tantalum capacitor of several $\mu$ F and ceramic capacitor of 0.1 $\mu$ F as near as possible to this pin between this pin and AGND.  |
| 5<br>21  | DV <sub>CC</sub>                                    | Digital power supply pin  |                                 | 5V  | It is a power supply pin for digital. Connect tantalum capacitor of several $\mu$ F and ceramic capacitor of 0.1 $\mu$ F as near as possible to this pin between this pin and DGND.   |
| 32<br>25   | V <sub>RT</sub><br>V <sub>RB</sub>                  | Reference voltage high level,<br>Reference voltage low level  |                                 | 5V<br>3V                                  | It is used to set the reference voltage for comparator. Normally, V <sub>RT</sub> is given 5V and V <sub>RB</sub> is given 3V. Connect tantalum capacitor of several $\mu$ F and ceramic capacitor of 0.1 $\mu$ F in parallel between each pin and analogue ground. |
| 4<br>22  | DGND  | Digital ground  |                                 | 0V  | Connect AGND and DGND with the possible lowest impedance at one point as near as possible to the chip.  |
| 2  | CLK   | Clock input   | Refer to the timing chart.      | TTL                                       | It is a clock for sampling. For their timing, refer to the timing chart.  |
| 6<br>9<br>10<br>11<br>12<br>13<br>14<br>15<br>16 | OVF<br>D7<br>D6<br>D5<br>D4<br>D3<br>D2<br>D1<br>D0 | Overflow output,<br>Digital output (LSB),<br>Digital output,<br>Digital output,<br>Digital output,<br>Digital output,<br>Digital output,<br>Digital output,<br>Digital output (MSB) | Refer to the timing chart.      | TTL                                       | It is an output pin of TTL Level.   |
| 19   | MINV  | Output code setting pin   | Refer to the output code table. | TTL                                       | Setting the MINV pin to "H" level sets the digital output code to 2's complement code and setting it to "L" level sets the digital output code to binary code. The output is reversed synchronously with clock.   |
| 23   | ENB   | Output enabling pin   |                                 | TTL                                       | Setting the ENB pin to "H" level enters the digital output pins (D0 - D7) into high impedance mode and setting it to "L" level enters them into enabling mode in which the digital data is outputted.   |
| 20<br>27   | V <sub>RO</sub><br>V <sub>RVCC</sub>                | Reference voltage output,<br>Power supply pin for reference power supply  |                                 | V <sub>CC</sub> - 2.0V<br>V <sub>CC</sub> | It is a power supply output pin for A/D reference voltage.<br>It is V <sub>CC</sub> pin for reference power supply.   |

Pin No. 1, 3, 8, 17, 24 : NC

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