

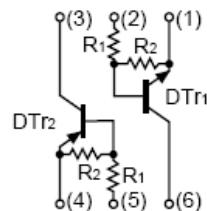
## General purpose transistors (dual transistors)

### FEATURES

- Both the DTA143Z chip and DTC143Z chip in a package
- Mounting possible with SOT-363 automatic mounting machines.
- Transistor elements are independent, eliminating interference.
- Mounting cost and area be cut in half.

**Marking:** D22

Equivalent circuit



**DTr1 DTC143Z**

**Absolute maximum ratings(Ta=25°C)**

Parameter	Symbol	Limits		Unit
<b>Supply voltage</b>	V <sub>CC</sub>	50		V
<b>Input voltage</b>	V <sub>IN</sub>	-5~+30		V
<b>Output current</b>	I <sub>O</sub>	100		mA
	I <sub>C(MAX)</sub>	100		
<b>Power dissipation</b>	P <sub>d</sub>	150		mW
<b>Junction temperature</b>	T <sub>j</sub>	150		°C
<b>Storage temperature</b>	T <sub>stg</sub>	-55~150		°C

**Electrical characteristics (Ta=25°C)**

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ	Max.	Unit	Conditions
<b>Input voltage</b>	V <sub>I(off)</sub>			0.5	V	V <sub>CC</sub> =5V, I <sub>O</sub> =100μA
	V <sub>I(on)</sub>	1.3				V <sub>O</sub> =0.3V, I <sub>O</sub> =5mA
<b>Output voltage</b>	V <sub>O(on)</sub>		0.1	0.3	V	I <sub>O</sub> /I <sub>i</sub> =5mA/0.25mA
<b>Input current</b>	I <sub>i</sub>			1.8	mA	V <sub>i</sub> =5V
<b>Output current</b>	I <sub>O(off)</sub>			0.5	μA	V <sub>CC</sub> =50V, V <sub>i</sub> =0
<b>DC current gain</b>	G <sub>i</sub>	80				V <sub>O</sub> =5V, I <sub>O</sub> =10mA
<b>Input resistance</b>	R <sub>i</sub>	3.29	4.7	6.11	KΩ	-
<b>Resistance ratio</b>	R <sub>2</sub> /R <sub>1</sub>	8	10	12		-
<b>Transition frequency</b>	f <sub>T</sub>		250		MHz	V <sub>CE</sub> =10V, I <sub>E</sub> =-5mA, f=100MHz

**DTr2 DTA143Z**
**Absolute maximum ratings(Ta=25°C)**

Parameter	Symbol	Limits	Unit
<b>Supply voltage</b>	V <sub>CC</sub>	-50	V
<b>Input voltage</b>	V <sub>IN</sub>	-30~+5	V
<b>Output current</b>	I <sub>O</sub>	-100	mA
	I <sub>C(MAX)</sub>	-100	
<b>Power dissipation</b>	P <sub>d</sub>	150	mW
<b>Junction temperature</b>	T <sub>j</sub>	150	°C
<b>Storage temperature</b>	T <sub>stg</sub>	-55~150	°C

**Electrical characteristics (Ta=25°C)**

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ	Max.	Unit	Conditions
<b>Input voltage</b>	V <sub>I(off)</sub>			-0.5	V	V <sub>CC</sub> =-5V, I <sub>O</sub> =-100μA
	V <sub>I(on)</sub>	-1.3				V <sub>O</sub> =-0.3V, I <sub>O</sub> =-5mA
<b>Output voltage</b>	V <sub>O(on)</sub>		-0.1	-0.3	V	I <sub>O</sub> /I <sub>i</sub> =-5mA/-0.25mA
<b>Input current</b>	I <sub>i</sub>			-1.8	mA	V <sub>i</sub> =-5V
<b>Output current</b>	I <sub>O(off)</sub>			-0.5	μA	V <sub>CC</sub> =-50V, V <sub>i</sub> =0
<b>DC current gain</b>	G <sub>i</sub>	80				V <sub>O</sub> =-5V, I <sub>O</sub> =-10mA
<b>Input resistance</b>	R <sub>i</sub>	3.29	4.7	6.11	KΩ	-
<b>Resistance ratio</b>	R <sub>2</sub> /R <sub>1</sub>	8	10	12		-
<b>Transition frequency</b>	f <sub>T</sub>		250		MHz	V <sub>CE</sub> =-10V, I <sub>E</sub> =5mA, f=100MHz