CMOS 4-Bit Microcontroller

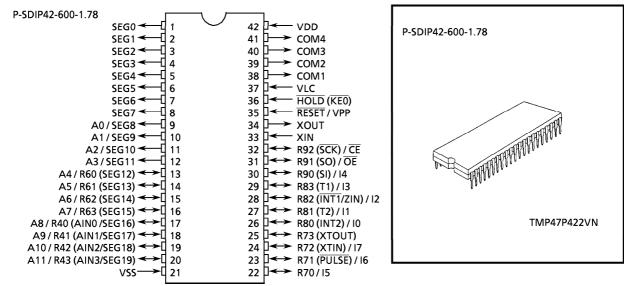
TMP47P422VN TMP47P422VF TMP47P422VU

The TMP47P422V is the system evaluation LSI of TMP47C222/422 with a 32 Kbit one-time PROM. The TMP47P422V programs / verifies using an adapter socket to connect with PROM programmer, as it is in TMM27256AD.

In addition, the TMP47P422V and the TMP47C222/422 are pin compatible. The TMP47P422V operates as the same as the TMP47C222/422 by programming to the internal PROM.

Part No.	EPROM	RAM	Package	Adapter Socket
TMP47P422VN	ОТР		P-SDIP42-600-1.78	BM11102
TMP47P422VF	•	256 × 4-bit	P-QFP44-1414-0.80D	BM11103
TMP47P422VU	4096 x 8-bit /U		P-QFP44-1010-0.80	BM11170

Pin Assignment (Top View)



For a discussion of how the reliability of microcontrollers can be predicted, please refer to Section 1.3 of the chapter entitled

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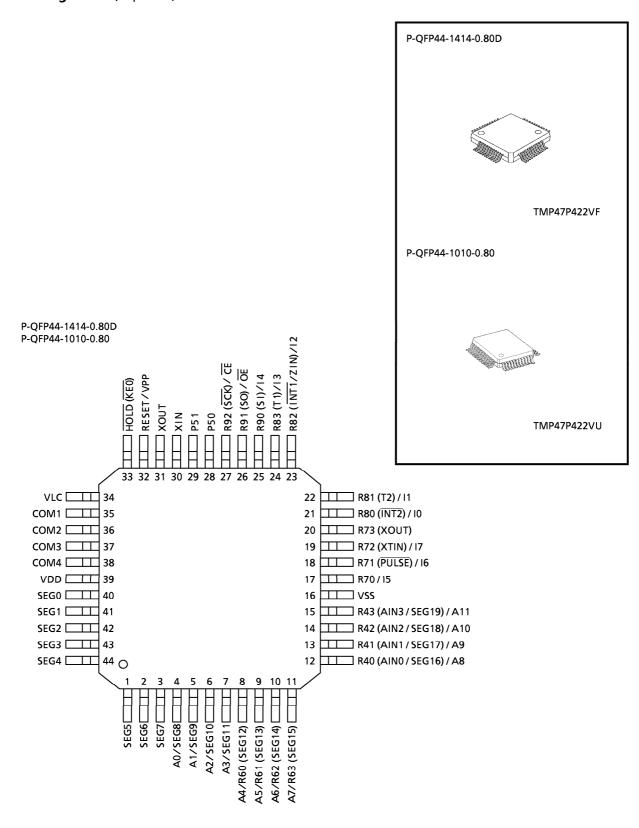
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Pin Assignment (Top View)



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Pin Function

The TMP47P422V has MCU mode and PROM mode.

(1) MCU mode The TMP47C222/422 and the TMP47P422V are pin compatible.

(2) PROM mode

Р	in Nar	ne	Input / Output	Functions	ne (MCU mode)				
A11	to	A8			R43	to	R40		
Α7	to	Α4	Input	Address inputs	R63	to	R60		
А3	to	Α0			SEG11	to	SEG8		
17	to	15			R72	to	R70		
14			1/0	Data inputs / outputs	R90				
13	to	10			R83	to	R80		
CE				Chip Enable input	R92				
ŌĒ			Input	Output Enable input	R91				
VPP				+ 12.5 V / 5 V (Program supply voltage)	RESET				
vcc			Power supply	+5 V	VDD				
VSS				ov	VSS				
HOL	D		Input	PROM mode setting pin. Be fixed to low level.					
XIN			Input	Input the clock from the external oscillator. (8 MHz typ.)					
xou	Т		Input	Be pulled down to VSS level. (750 Ω typ.)					
SEG 7	7 to S	EG0							
CON	14 to C	ОМ0	Output	Open					
VLC			Power supply	Be fixed to VSS level.					

Operational Description

The following is an explanation of hardware configuration and operation in relation to the TMP47P422V. The TMP47P422V is the same as the TMP47C222/422 except that an OTP is used instead of a built-in mask ROM.

1. Operation mode

The TMP47P422V has a MCU mode and a PROM mode.

1.1 MCU mode

The MCU mode is set by attaching a resonator between the XIN and Xout pins. Operation in the MCU mode is the same as for the TMP47C222/422. In the TMP47P422V, RC oscillation is impossible.

1.1.1 Program Memory

The program storage area is the same as for the TMP47C422.

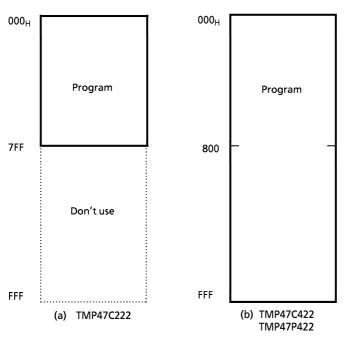


Figure 1-1. Program area (ROM)

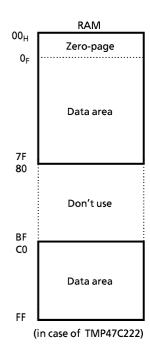


Figure 1-2. RAM addressing

1.1.2 Data Memory

The TMP47P422V contains 256×4 -bit (equivalent to TMP47C422) data memory. When the TMP47P422V is used as evaluator of the TMP47C222, programming should be performed assuming that the RAM is assigned to addresses 00 to 7F_H and C0 to FF_H as show in Figure 1-2 by considering the application software evaluation. When the BM47C422 (emulator) is used as the TMP47C222 evaluator, it is sam.

1.1.3 Input / Output Circuitry

(1) Control pins

TMP47P422V is the same as code SA of the TMP47C222/422. In the TMP47P422V, RC oscillation is impossible. Connecting the resonator or inputting the external clock to XIN pin are required when using as evaluator of I/O code SD.

(2) I/O Ports

The input / output circuit of the TMP47P422V is the same as the TMP47C222/422.

1.2 PROM mode

The PROM mode is set by inputting the external clock to the XIN pin when XOUT pin is pulled down to the VSS level. In PROM mode, programs can be written or verified using a general-purpose PROM writer with an adapter socket being attached.

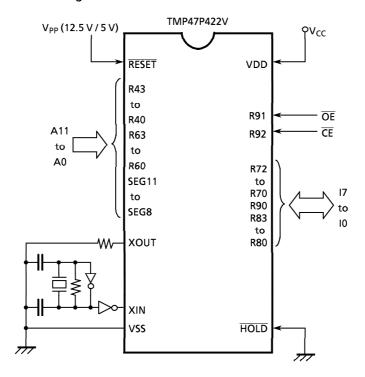


Figure 1-3. Setting for PROM mode

1.2.1 Program Writing

When writing a program, set a ROM type to "27256AD" (programming voltage: 12.5 V) . Since the TMP47P422V has a 4096×8 -bit internal PROM (000 to FFF_H) , set a stop address of a PROM writer to "FFF_H" . For a general-purpose PROM writer, use the writer which does not have or can release an electric signature mode.

Note: When the data written to OTP is same as the data of PROM programmer, there is the possibility that the security writing can not be executed, which is depended on the types of PROM programmers.

In this case, set the data of PROM programmer to "00" and execute the security writing after writing the data to OTP.

1.2.2 High Speed Programming Mode

The program time can be greatly decreased by using this high speed programming mode. The device is set up in the high speed programming mode when the programming voltage (+ 12.5 V) is applied to the V_{PP} terminal with $V_{CC} = 6$ V and $\overline{CE} = V_{IH}$.

The programming is achieved by applying a single low level 1 ms pulse the $\overline{\text{CE}}$ input after addresses and data are stable. Then the programmed data is verified by using Program Verify Mode.

If the programmed data is not correct, another program pulse of 1ms is applied and then programmed data is verified. This should be repeated until the program operates correctly (max. 25 times).

After correctly programming the selected address, one additional program pulse with pulse width 3 times that needed for programming is applied.

When programming has been completed, the data in all addresses should be verified with $V_{CC} = V_{PP} = 5 \text{ V}$.

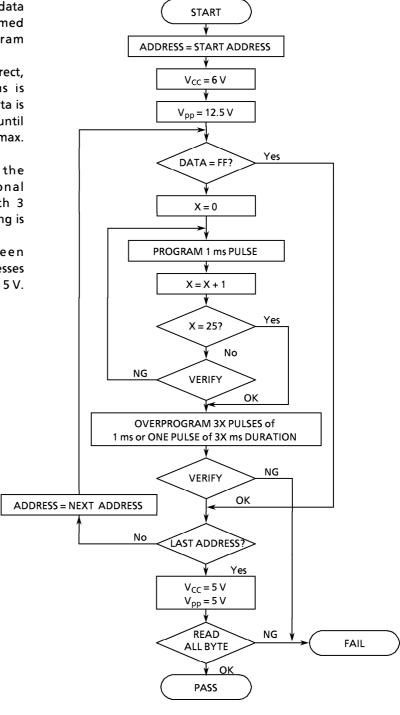


Figure 1-6. Flowchart

Electrical Characteristics

Absolute Maximum Ratings $(V_{SS} = 0 V)$

Parameter	Symbol	Pins	Ratings	Unit
Supply Voltage	V_{DD}		– 0.3 to 6.5	V
Program Voltage	V_{PP}	RESET / VPP pin	- 0.3 + 13.0	V
Input Voltage	V_{IN}		- 0.3 to V _{DD} + 0.3	V
Output Voltage	V _{OUT}		- 0.3 to V _{DD} + 0.3	V
0 :	I _{OUT1}	Port R4, R7	30	
Output Current (Per 1 pin)	I _{OUT2}	Port R5, R6, R8, R9	120	mA
Output Current	ZI _{OUT}	Port R4, R7	120	mA
Power Dissipation [Topr = 70°C]	PD		400	mW
Soldering Temperature (time)	Tsld		260 (10 s)	°C
Storage Temperature	Tstg		– 55 to 125	°C
Operating Temperature	Topr		– 30 to 70	°C

Note: The absolute maximum ratings are rated values which must not be exceeded during operation, even for an instant.

Any one of the ratings must not be exceeded. If any absolute maximum rating is exceeded, a device may break down or its performance may be degraded, causing it to catch fire or explode resulting in injury to the user. Thus, when designing products which include this device, ensure that no absolute maximum rating value will ever be exceeded.

Recommended Operating Conditions

 $(V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V, Topr} = -30 \text{ to } 70^{\circ}\text{C})$

Parameter	Symbol	Pins	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit	
			fc = 8.0 MHz	2.7			
Cumply Valtage	.,		fc = 4.2 MHz	2.2	5.5	_v	
Supply Voltage	V_{DD}		In the SLOW mode	2.2	5.5	'	
			In the HOLD mode	2.0			
Input High Voltage	V_{IH1}	Except Hysteresis Input	In the normal	$V_{DD} \times 0.7$			
	V_{IH2}	Hysteresis Input	operating area	$V_{DD} \times 0.75$	V_{DD}	V	
	V _{IH3}		In the HOLD mode	$V_{DD} \times 0.9$			
	V _{IL1}	Except Hysteresis Input	In the normal		$V_{DD} \times 0.3$		
Input Low Voltage	V_{IL2}	Hysteresis Input	operating area	0	$V_{DD} \times 0.25$	v	
	V _{IL3}		In the HOLD mode		$V_{DD} \times 0.1$		
	fc	XIN, XOUT	$V_{DD} = 2.7 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	0.4	8.0	MHz	
Clock Frequency	I C	XIN, XUUT	$V_{DD} = 2.2 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	0.4	4.2	IVIHZ	
	fs	XTIN, XTOUT	$V_{DD} = 2.2 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	30	34	kHz	

Note: The recommended operating conditions for a device are operating conditions under which it can be guaranteed that the device will operate as specified. If the device is used under operating conditions other than the recommended operating conditions (supply voltage, operating temperature range, specified AC/DC values etc.), malfunction may occur. Thus, when designing products which include this device, ensure that the recommended operating conditions for the device are always adhered to.

DC Characteristics

 $(V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}, \text{ Topr} = -30 \text{ to } 70^{\circ}\text{C})$

Parameter	Symbol	Pins	Conditions	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Hysteresis Voltage	V _{HS}	Hysteresis Input		_	0.7	_	\ \
la a 16 and 1	I _{IN1}	RESET, HOLD					
Input Current	I _{IN2}	Open drain output ports	$V_{DD} = 5.5 \text{ V}, V_{IN} = 5.5 \text{ V} / 0 \text{ V}$	_	_	± 2	μΑ
Input Resistance	R _{IN}	ESET		100	220	450	kΩ
Output Leakage Current	I _{LO}	Open drain output ports	V _{DD} = 5.5 V, V _{OUT} = 5.5 V	_	_	2	μA
Output Low Current	I _{OL2}	Port R4, R7	V _{DD} = 4.5 V, V _{OL} = 1.0 V	7	10	_	mA
Output Low			$V_{DD} = 4.5 \text{ V}, I_{OL} = 1.6 \text{ mA}$	_	_	0.4	
Voltage	V _{OL}	Port R4, P5, R6, R7, R8, R9	$V_{DD} = 2.2 \text{ V}, \ I_{OL} = 20 \ \mu\text{A}$	_	_	0.1	V
Segment Output Low Registance	R _{OS1}	SEG pin			10		
Common Output Low Registance	R _{OC1}	COM pin		_	or 20	_	kΩ
Segment Output High Resistance	R _{OS2}	SEG pin			70		
Common Output High Resistance	R _{OC2}	COM pin	$V_{DD} = 5 \text{ V}, V_{DD} - V_{LC} = 3 \text{ V}$	_	or 200	_	kΩ
	V _{O2/3}			3.8	4.0	4.2	
Segment/Common Output Registance	V _{O1/2}	SEG / COM pin		3.3	3.5	3.7] _v
	V _{O1/3}			2.8	3.0	3.2	
			V _{DD} = 5.5 V, fc = 4 MHz	-	2	4	
Supply Current (in the Normal mode)	I _{DD}		V _{DD} = 3.0 V, fc = 4 MHz	_	1	2	mA
			$V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}, \text{ fc} = 400 \text{ kHz}$	_	0.5	1	
Supply Current (in the SLOW mode)	I _{DDS}		V _{DD} = 3.0 V, fs = 32.768 kHz	_	20	40	μΑ
Supply Current (in the HOLD mode)	I _{DDH}		V _{DD} = 5.5 V	_	0.5	10	μA

Note 1: Typ. values show those at Topr = 25° C, $V_{DD} = 5$ V.

Note 2: Input Current I_{IN1} : The current through resistor is not included.

Note 3: Output Resistance R_{os} , R_{oc} ; Shows on-resistance at the level switching.

Note 4: $V_{O2/3}$; Shows 2/3 level output voltage, when the 1/4 or 1/3 duty LCD is used. $V_{O1/2}$; Shows 1/2 level output voltage, when the 1/2 duty or static LCD is used.

 $V_{O1/3}$; Shows 1/3 level output voltage, when the 1/4 or 1/3 duty LCD is used.

Note 5: Supply Current I_{DD} , I_{DDH} : $V_{IN} = 5.3 \text{ V} / 0.2 \text{ V} (V_{DD} = 5.5 \text{ V})$, $2.8 \text{ V} / 0.2 \text{ V} (V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V})$

Supply Current I_{DDS} ; $V_{IN} = 2.8 \text{ V} / 0.2 \text{ V}$. Low frequency clock is only osillated.

Note 6: When using LCD, it is necessary to consider values of Ros 1/2 and Roc 1/2.

Note 7: Times fou SEG/COM output switching on; Ros1, Roc1: 2/fc (s)

Ros2, Roc2: $1/(n \cdot f_F)$ (1/n; duty, f_F : frame frequency)

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AD Conversion Characteristics

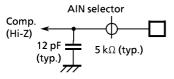
 $(Topr = -30 \text{ to } 70^{\circ}\text{C})$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Analog Reference Voltage Range	ΔV_{AREF}	V _{DD} - V _{SS}	2.7	_	_	V
Analog Input Voltage	V _{AIN}		V _{SS}	_	V _{DD}	V
Analog Supply current	I _{REF}		_	0.5	1.0	mA
Nonlinearity Error			_	_	± 1	
Zero Point Error		V _{DD} = 2.7 V to 5.5 V	_	_	± 1	
Full Scale Error		V _{SS} = ± 0.000 V	_	_	± 1	LSB
Total Error			_	-	± 2	

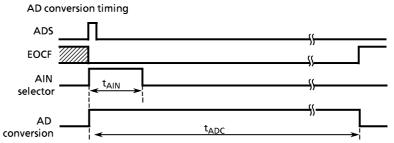
AC Characteristics	$(V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}, \text{ Topr} = -30 \text{ to } 70^{\circ}\text{C})$							
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		Min	Тур.	Max	Unit	
		In the normal	$V_{DD} = 2.7 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	1.0	-	20		
Instruction Cycle Time	tcy	mode	$V_{DD} = 2.2 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	1.9	-		μ s	
		In the S	LOW mode	235		267		
High level clock pulse width	+	For external clock	V _{DD} ≧ 2.7 V	60		_		
	t _{WCH}		V _{DD} <2.7 V	120				
Low level clock pulse width			V _{DD} ≧ 2.7 V	60	_		ns	
Low level clock pulse width	t _{WCL}		V _{DD} <2.7 V	120				
AD Conversion Time	t _{ADC}				24 tcy	_		
AD Sampling Time	t _{AIN}			_	2 tcy	_	μs	
Shift data Hold Time	t _{SDH}			0.5 tcy – 0.3	_	_	μ s	

Note 1: AD conversion timing:

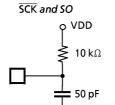
Internal circuit for pins AINO to 7



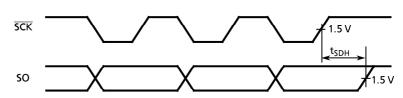
Electrical change inust be loaded into the buit-in condensen during t_{AIN} for normal AD conversion.



Note2: Shift data Hold Time: External circuit for pins



Serial port (completed of transmission)



Zero-Cross Detection Characteristics

 $(V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}, \text{ Topr } = -30 \text{ to } 70^{\circ}\text{C})$

Characteristics are equivalent to the TMP47C222/422's.

Recommended Oscillating Conditions

(V_{SS} = 0 V, V_{DD} = 2.2 to 5.5 V, Topr = -30 to 70° C)

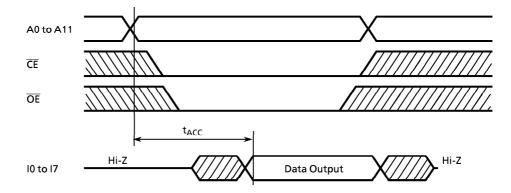
Recommended oscillating conditions of the TMP47P422V are equal to the TMP47C222/422's but RC oscillation is impossible.

DC/AC Characteristics

 $(V_{SS} = 0 \ V)$

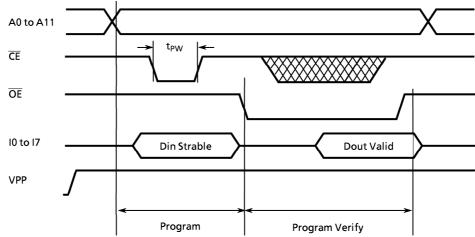
(1) Read Operation

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Output Level High Voltage	V _{IH4}		V _{CC} × 0.7	-	V _{CC}	V
Output Level Low Voltage	V _{IL4}		0	-	V _{CC} × 0.3	V
Supply Voltage	V _{CC}		4.75		6.0	V
Programming Voltage	V_{PP}		4.75	_	6.0	V
Address Access Time	t _{ACC}	V _{CC} = 5.0 ± 0.25 V	0	_	350	ns



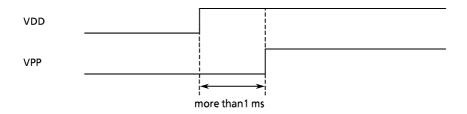
(2) High Speed Programming Operation

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Input High Voltage	V _{IH4}		V _{CC} × 0.7	-	V _{CC}	٧
Input Low Voltage	V _{IL4}		0	-	V _{CC} × 0.3	٧
Supply Voltage	V _{CC}		4.75	_	6.0	٧
V _{PP} Power Supply Voltage	V _{PP}		12.00	12.50	13.00	٧
Programming Pulse Width	t _{PW}	V _{CC} = 6.0 ± 0.25 V	0.95	1.0	1.05	ms



Note: There are some PROM programmer types which cannot program OTP.

In TMP47P422V, VPP pin is also used as RESET pin. To set a mode, REST/VPP pin must be set to "low" during 1 ms and more after the rising of power-on and the rising of VDD electrical power.



Recommended EPROM programmer

TYPE

R4945 (ADVANTEST)

UNISITE (DATA I/O)

AF - 9706 (ANDO)

PECKER - 11 (AVAL DATA)