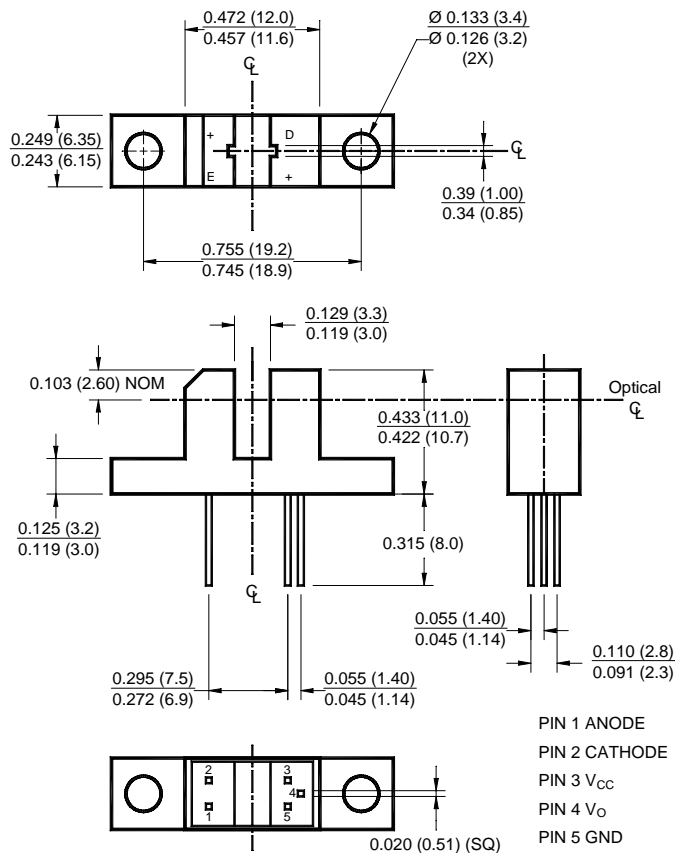
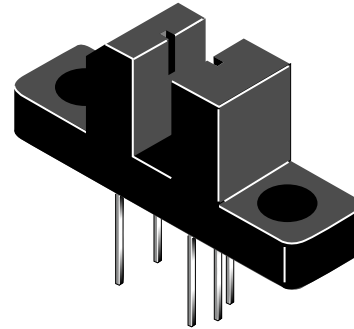


## PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



### NOTES:

- Dimensions for all drawings are in inches (millimeters).
- Tolerance of  $\pm .010$  (.25) on all non-nominal dimensions unless otherwise specified.
- Lead cross section is controlled between .050 (1.27) from the seating plane and the end of the leads.



## FEATURES

- Black plastic housing
- Mounting tabs on housing
- Choice of inverter or buffer output functions
- Choice of open-collector or totem-pole output configuration
- TTL/CMOS compatible output functions

## PART NUMBER DEFINITIONS

H21LTB	Totem-pole, buffer output
H21LTI	Totem-pole, inverter output
H21LOB	Open-collector, buffer output
H21LOI	Open-collector, inverter output

## NOTES (Applies to Max Ratings and Characteristics Tables.)

- Derate power dissipation linearly 1.67 mW/°C above 25°C.
- Derate power dissipation linearly 2.50 mW/°C above 25°C.
- RMA flux is recommended.
- Methanol or isopropyl alcohols are recommended as cleaning agents.
- Soldering iron 1/16" (1.6mm) from housing.
- As long as leads are not under any stress or spring tension.

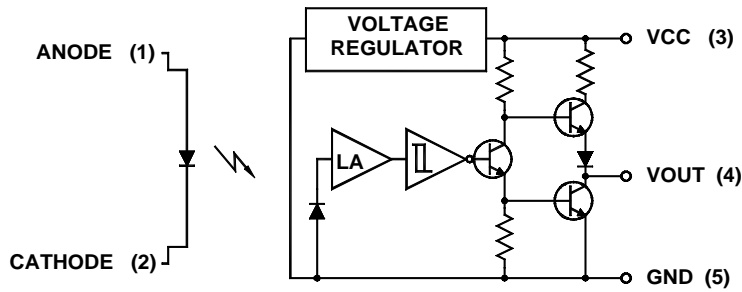
## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Units
Operating Temperature	T <sub>OPR</sub>	-40 to +85	°C
Storage Temperature	T <sub>STG</sub>	-40 to +85	°C
Soldering Temperature (Iron) <sup>(3,4,5,6)</sup>	T <sub>SOL-I</sub>	240 for 5 sec	°C
Soldering Temperature (Flow) <sup>(3,4,6)</sup>	T <sub>SOL-F</sub>	260 for 10 sec	°C
<b>EMITTER</b>			
Continuous Forward Current	I <sub>F</sub>	50	mA
Reverse Voltage	V <sub>R</sub>	5	V
Power Dissipation <sup>(1)</sup>	P <sub>D</sub>	100	mW
<b>SENSOR</b>			
Output Current	I <sub>O</sub>	50	mA
Supply Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	4.0 to 16	V
Output Voltage	V <sub>O</sub>	30	V
Power Dissipation <sup>(1)</sup>	P <sub>D</sub>	150	mW

ELECTRICAL / OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C)						
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS
Operating Supply Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	4.5		16	V
<b>INPUT DIODE</b>						
Forward Voltage	I <sub>F</sub> = 20 mA	V <sub>F</sub>	—		1.7	V
Reverse Leakage Current	V <sub>R</sub> = 5 V	I <sub>R</sub>	—		10	μA
<b>COUPLED</b>						
Operating Supply Current	I <sub>F</sub> = 15 mA or 0 mA, V <sub>CC</sub> = 16 V	I <sub>CC</sub>	—		5	mA
Low Level Output Voltage H21LTB, H21LOB	I <sub>F</sub> = 0 mA, V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V, R <sub>L</sub> = 100 Ω	V <sub>OL</sub>	—		0.4	V
Low Level Output Voltage H21LTI, H21LOI	I <sub>F</sub> = 15 mA, V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V, R <sub>L</sub> = 360 Ω	V <sub>OL</sub>	—		0.4	V
High Level Output Voltage H21LTB	I <sub>F</sub> = 15 mA, V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V, I <sub>OH</sub> = -800 μA	V <sub>OH</sub>	2.4		—	V
High Level Output Voltage H21LTI	I <sub>F</sub> = 0 mA, V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V, I <sub>OH</sub> = -800 μA	V <sub>OH</sub>	2.4		—	V
High Level Output Current H21LOB	I <sub>F</sub> = 0 mA, V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V, I <sub>OH</sub> = -800 μA	I <sub>OH</sub>			100	μA
High Level Output Current H21LOI	I <sub>F</sub> = 0 mA, V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V, V <sub>OH</sub> = 30 V	I <sub>OH</sub>	—		100	μA
Turn on Threshold Current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V, R <sub>L</sub> = 360 Ω	I <sub>F</sub> (+)	—		15	mA
Turn off Threshold Current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V, R <sub>L</sub> = 360 Ω	I <sub>F</sub> (-)	0.50		—	mA
Hysteresis Ratio		I <sub>F</sub> (+) / I <sub>F</sub> (-)		1.3		
Propagation Delay	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V, R <sub>L</sub> = 360 Ω	t <sub>PLH</sub> , t <sub>PHL</sub>		5		μs
Output Rise and Fall Time	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V, R <sub>L</sub> = 360 Ω	t <sub>r</sub> , t <sub>f</sub>		70		ns

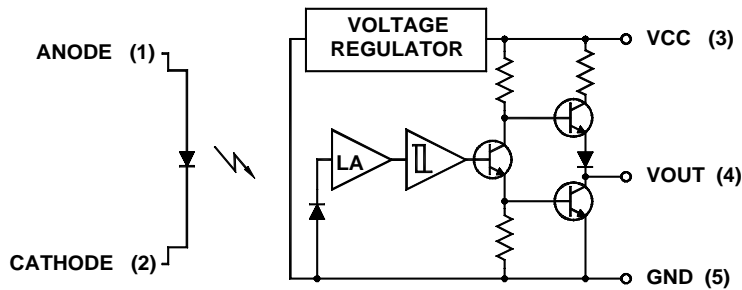
INPUT/OUTPUT TABLE		
Part Number	LED	Output
H21LTB	On	High
H21LTB	Off	Low
H21LTI	On	Low
H21LTI	Off	High
H21LOB	On	High
H21LOB	Off	Low
H21LOI	On	Low
H21LOI	Off	High

### CIRCUIT SCHEMATICS



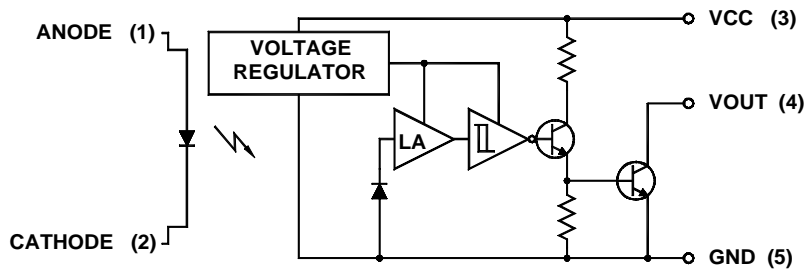
**H21LTB**

**Totem-Pole Output Buffer**



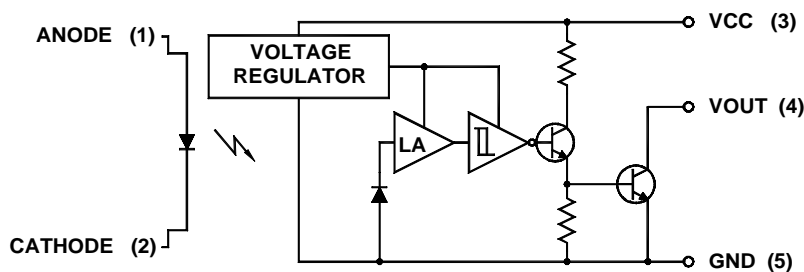
**H21LTI**

**Totem-Pole Output inverter**



**H21LOB**

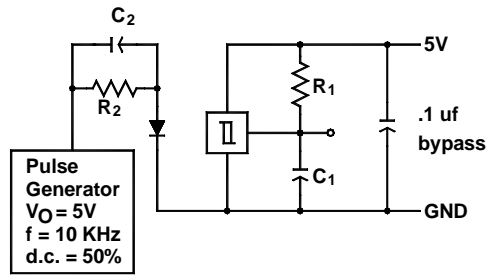
**Open-Collector Output Buffer**



**H21LOI**

**Open-Collector Output Inverter**

Switching Speed Test Circuit

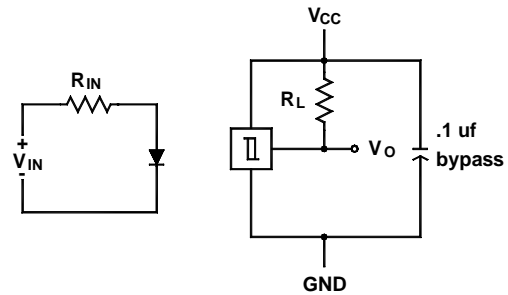


$R_1 = 180\ \Omega$   
 $R_2 = 360\ \Omega$

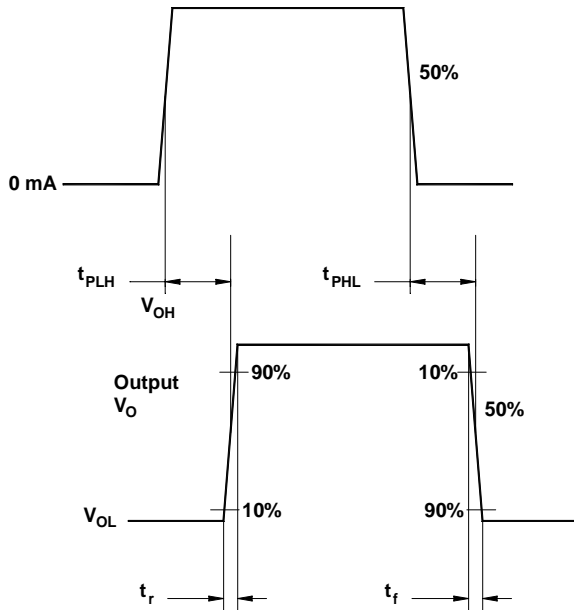
$C_1 = 15\text{ pf}$   
 $C_2 = 20\text{ pf}$

$C_1$  and  $C_2$  include probe and  
stray wire capacitance

Typical Operating Circuit



Switching Test Curve for Buffers



Switching Test Curve for Inverters

