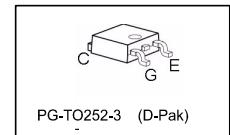
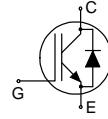


## Reverse conducting IGBT with monolithic body diode

- Powerful monolithic body diode with low forward voltage designed for soft commutation only
- TrenchStop® technology applications offers:
  - very tight parameter distribution
  - high ruggedness, temperature stable behavior
  - low  $V_{CEsat}$
  - easy parallel switching capability due to positive temperature coefficient in  $V_{CEsat}$
- Low EMI
- Qualified according to JEDEC for target applications
- Pb-free lead plating; RoHS compliant; solder temperature 260°C, MSL3
- Complete product spectrum and PSpice Models:  
<http://www.infineon.com/igbt/>



PG-T0252-3 (D-Pak)

Type	$V_{CE}$	$I_c$	$V_{CE(sat)}$ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$	$T_{jmax}$	Marking	Package
IHD10N60RA	600V	10A	1.6V	175°C	H10R60A	PG-T0252-3

### Maximum ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-emitter voltage	$V_{CE}$	600	V
DC collector current, limited by $T_{jmax}$ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	$I_c$	20.0 10.0	A
Pulsed collector current, $t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	$I_{cpuls}$	30.0	A
Turn off safe operating area $V_{CE} = 600\text{V}$ , $T_j = 175^\circ\text{C}$	-	30.0	A
Diode forward current, limited by $T_{jmax}$ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	$I_f$	20.0 10.0	A
Gate-emitter voltage	$V_{GE}$	$\pm 20$	V
Short circuit withstand time $V_{GE} = 15.0\text{V}$ , $V_{CC} \leq 250\text{V}$ , $T_j \leq 125^\circ\text{C}$ Allowed number of short circuits < 1000 Time between short circuits: $\geq 1.0\text{s}$	$t_{sc}$	10	$\mu\text{s}$
Power dissipation $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_{tot}$	110.0	W
Operating junction temperature	$T_j$	-40...+175	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$	-40...+175	$^\circ\text{C}$
Soldering temperature, for 10 s (according to JEDEC J-STA-020A)	PG-T0252-3	260	$^\circ\text{C}$

**Thermal Resistance**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Max. Value	Unit
<b>Characteristic</b>				
IGBT thermal resistance, junction - case	$R_{thJC}$		1.35	K/W
Diode thermal resistance, junction - case	$R_{thJCD}$		1.35	K/W
Thermal resistance, min. footprint junction - ambient	$R_{thJA}$	PG-T0252-3	75	K/W
Thermal resistance, 6cm <sup>2</sup> Cu on PCB junction - ambient	$R_{thJA}$	PG-T0252-3	50	K/W

**Electrical Characteristic, at  $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
<b>Static Characteristic</b>						
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)CES}$	$V_{GE} = 0\text{V}, I_c = 0.20\text{mA}$	600	-	-	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$V_{GE} = 15.0\text{V}, I_c = 10.0\text{A}$	-	1.45	1.90	V
		$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-	1.70	-	
		$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	-	1.75	-	
Diode forward voltage	$V_F$	$V_{GE} = 0\text{V}, I_F = 10.0\text{A}$	-	1.55	1.90	V
		$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-	1.65	-	
		$T_j = 175^\circ\text{C}$	-	1.65	-	
Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$I_c = 0.30\text{mA}, V_{CE} = V_{GE}$	4.1	4.9	5.7	V
Zero gate voltage collector current	$I_{CES}$	$V_{CE} = 600\text{V}, V_{GE} = 0\text{V}$	-	-	40.0	$\mu\text{A}$
		$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	600.0	
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$	$V_{CE} = 0\text{V}, V_{GE} = 20\text{V}$	-	-	100	nA
Transconductance	$g_{fs}$	$V_{CE} = 20\text{V}, I_c = 10.0\text{A}$	-	6.0	-	S
Integrated gate resistor	$R_{Gint}$			none		$\Omega$

**Electrical Characteristic, at  $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified**

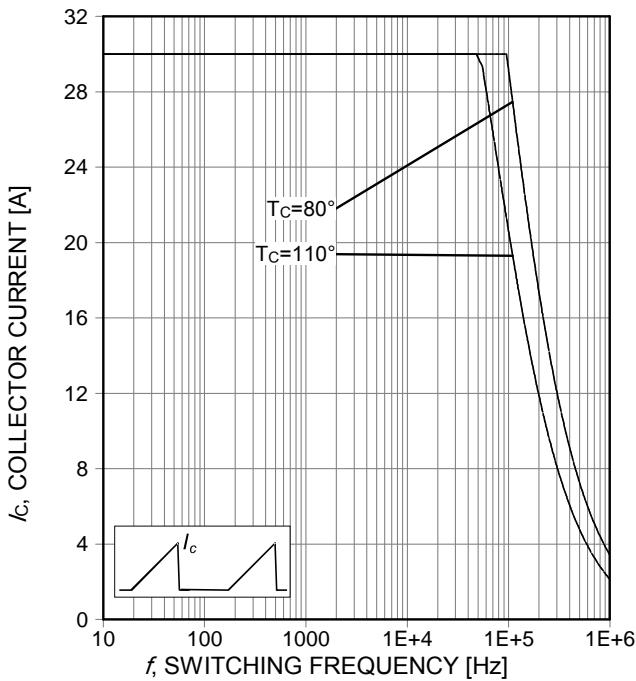
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
<b>Dynamic Characteristic</b>						
Input capacitance	$C_{iss}$		-	550	-	pF
Output capacitance	$C_{oss}$	$V_{CE} = 25\text{V}, V_{GE} = 0\text{V}, f = 1\text{MHz}$	-	40	-	
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{rss}$		-	17	-	
Gate charge	$Q_{Gate}$	$V_{CC} = 480\text{V}, I_c = 10.0\text{A}, V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$	-	62.0	-	nC
Internal emitter inductance measured 5mm (0.197 in.) from case	$L_E$	PG-T0252-3	-	7.0	-	nH

**Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at  $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$** 

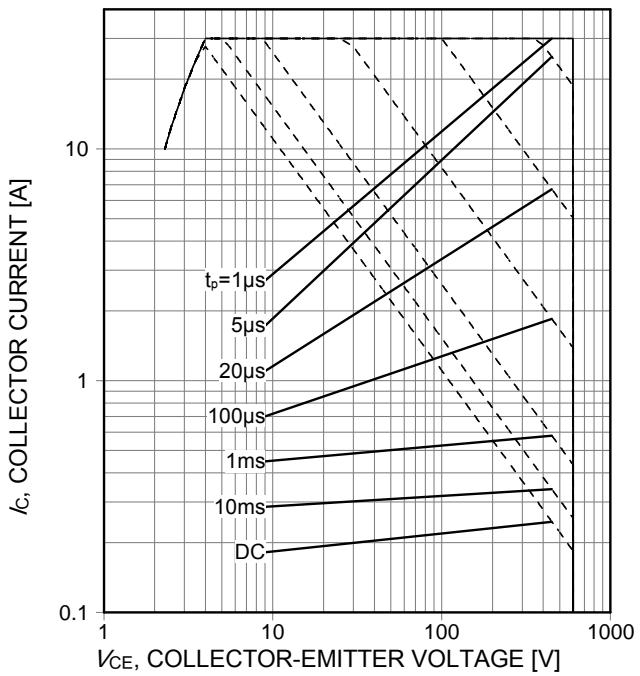
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
<b>IGBT Characteristic</b>						
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(\text{off})}$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , $V_{CC} = 400\text{V}$ , $I_C = 10.0\text{A}$ , $V_{GE} = 0.0/15.0\text{V}$ ,	-	170	-	ns
Fall time	$t_f$	$R_G = 23.0\Omega$ , $L_\sigma = 60\text{nH}$ , $C_\sigma = 40\text{pF}$	-	90	-	ns
Turn-off energy	$E_{\text{off}}$	$L_\sigma$ , $C_\sigma$ from Fig. E	-	0.27	-	mJ

**Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at  $T_j = 175^\circ\text{C}$** 

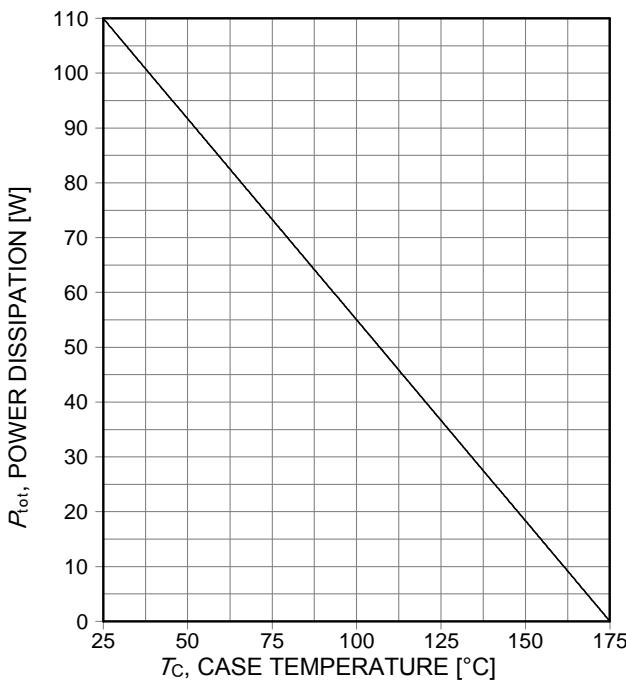
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
<b>IGBT Characteristic</b>						
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(\text{off})}$	$T_j = 175^\circ\text{C}$ , $V_{CC} = 400\text{V}$ , $I_C = 10.0\text{A}$ , $V_{GE} = 0.0/15.0\text{V}$ ,	-	205	-	ns
Fall time	$t_f$	$R_G = 23.0\Omega$ , $L_\sigma = 60\text{nH}$ , $C_\sigma = 40\text{pF}$	-	150	-	ns
Turn-off energy	$E_{\text{off}}$	$L_\sigma$ , $C_\sigma$ from Fig. E	-	0.45	-	mJ



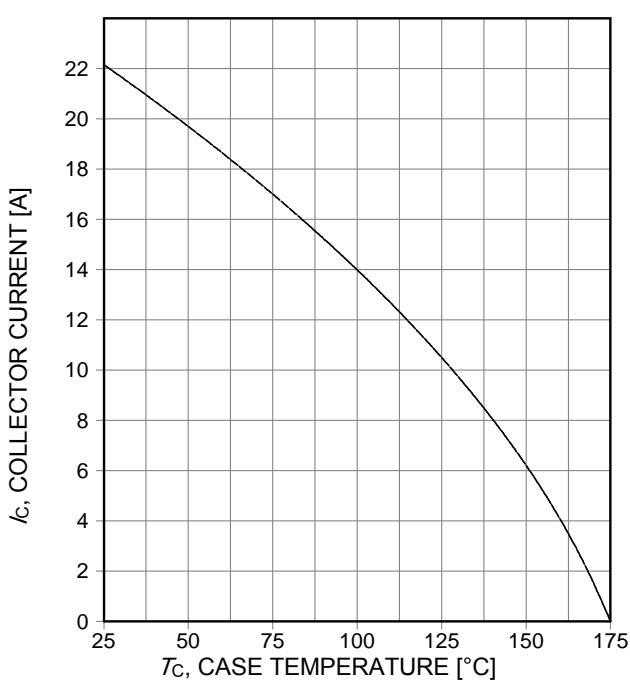
**Figure 1. Collector current as a function of switching frequency**  
 $(T_J \leq 150^\circ\text{C}, D=0.5, V_{CE}=400\text{V}, V_{GE}=15/0\text{V}, R_G=23\Omega)$



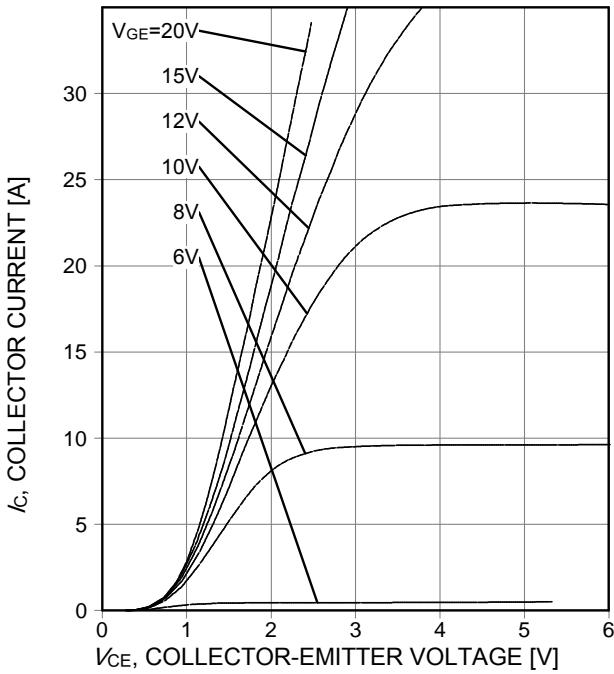
**Figure 2. Forward bias safe operating area**  
 $(D=0, T_C=25^\circ\text{C}, T_J \leq 175^\circ\text{C}; V_{GE}=15\text{V})$



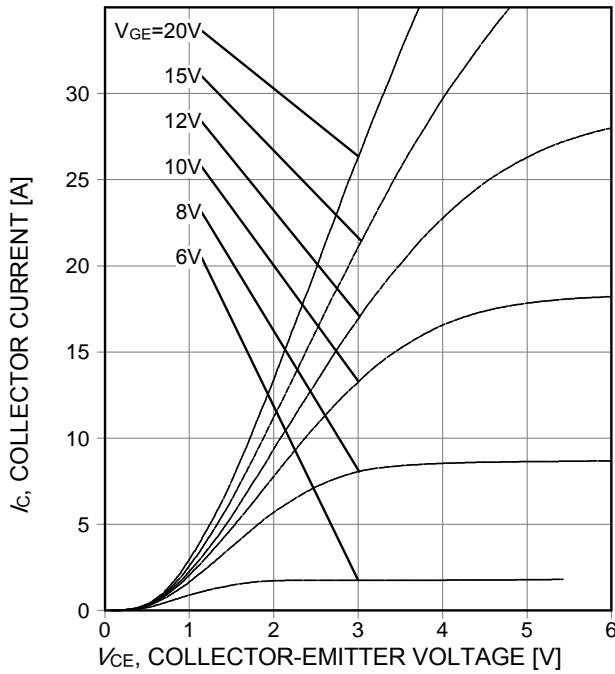
**Figure 3. Power dissipation as a function of case temperature**  
 $(T_J \leq 175^\circ\text{C})$



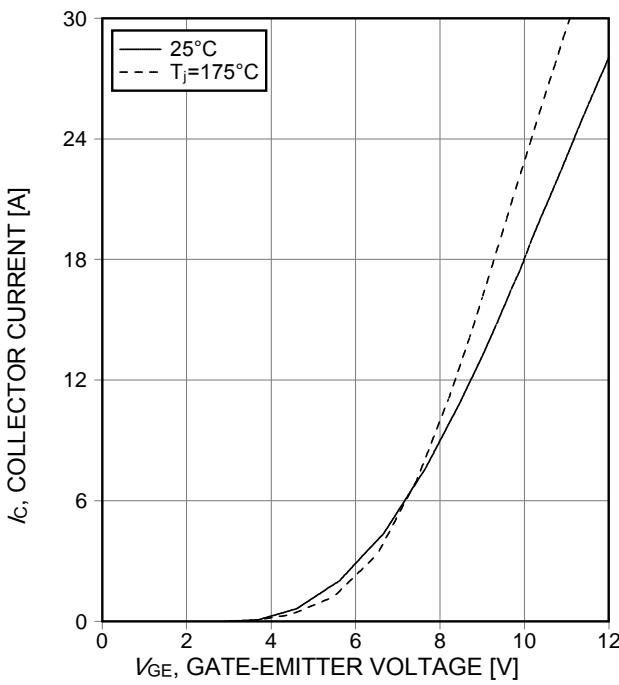
**Figure 4. Collector current as a function of case temperature**  
 $(V_{GE} \geq 15\text{V}, T_J \leq 175^\circ\text{C})$



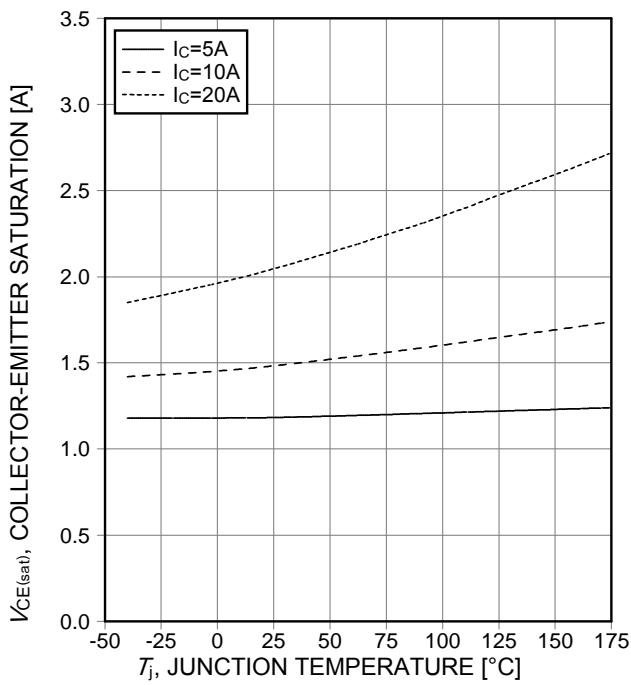
**Figure 5. Typical output characteristic**  
( $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ )



**Figure 6. Typical output characteristic**  
( $T_j=175^\circ\text{C}$ )

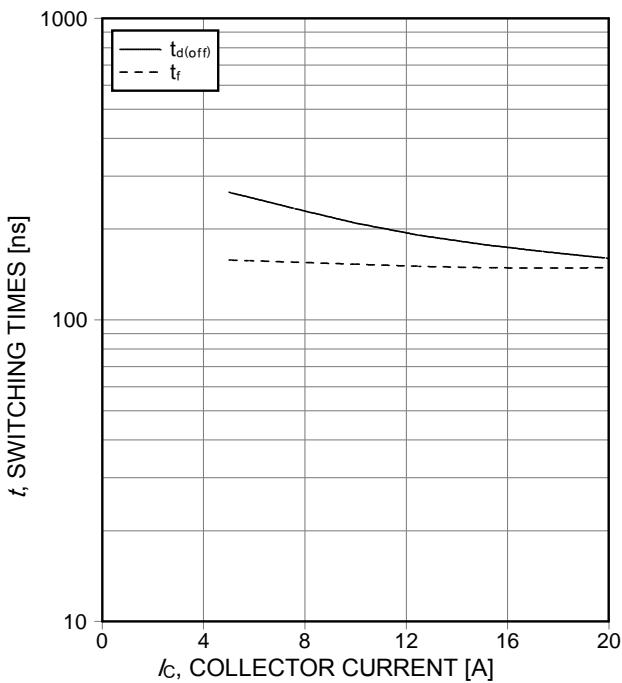


**Figure 7. Typical transfer characteristic**  
( $V_{CE}=20\text{V}$ )

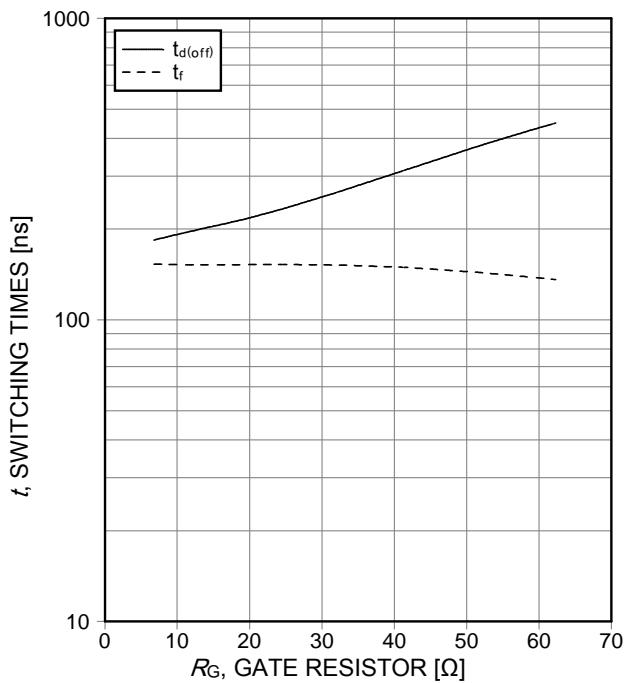


**Figure 8. Typical collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of junction temperature**  
( $V_{GE}=15\text{V}$ )

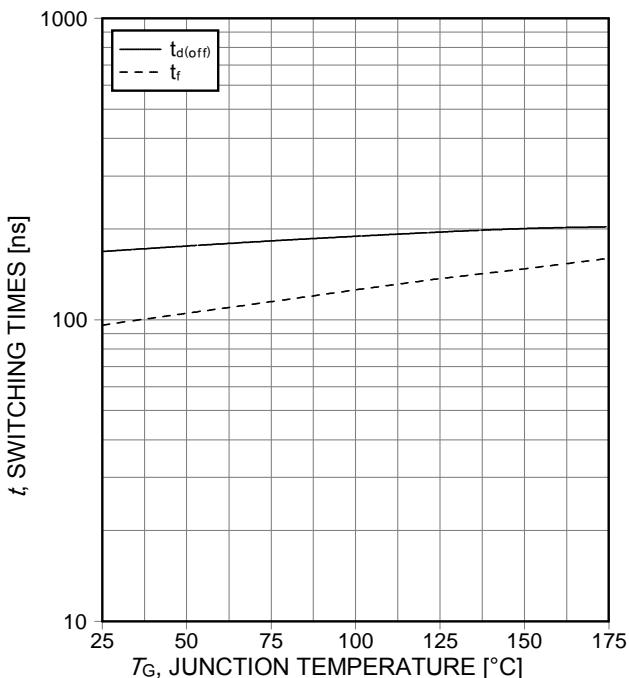
## Soft Switching Series



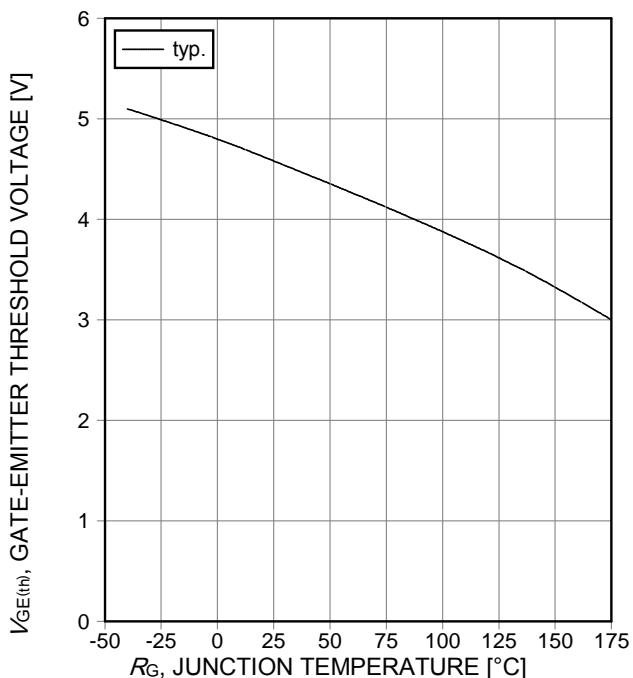
**Figure 9. Typical switching times as a function of collector current**  
(inductive load,  $T_j=175^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$ ,  
 $V_{GE}=15/0\text{V}$ ,  $R_G=23\Omega$ )



**Figure 10. Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor**  
(inductive load,  $T_j=175^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$ ,  
 $V_{GE}=15/0\text{V}$ ,  $I_C=10\text{A}$ )

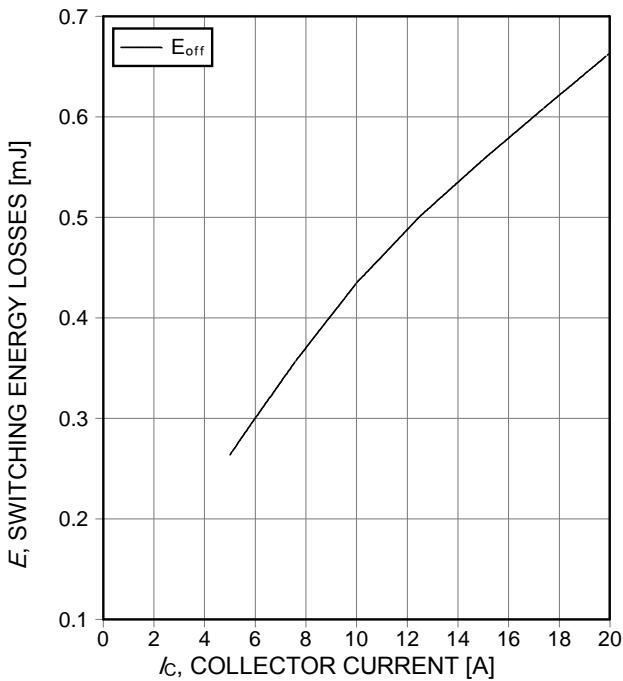


**Figure 11. Typical switching times as a function of junction temperature**  
(inductive load,  $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$ ,  $V_{GE}=15/0\text{V}$ ,  
 $I_C=10\text{A}$ ,  $R_G=23\Omega$ , Dynamic test circuit in  
Figure E)

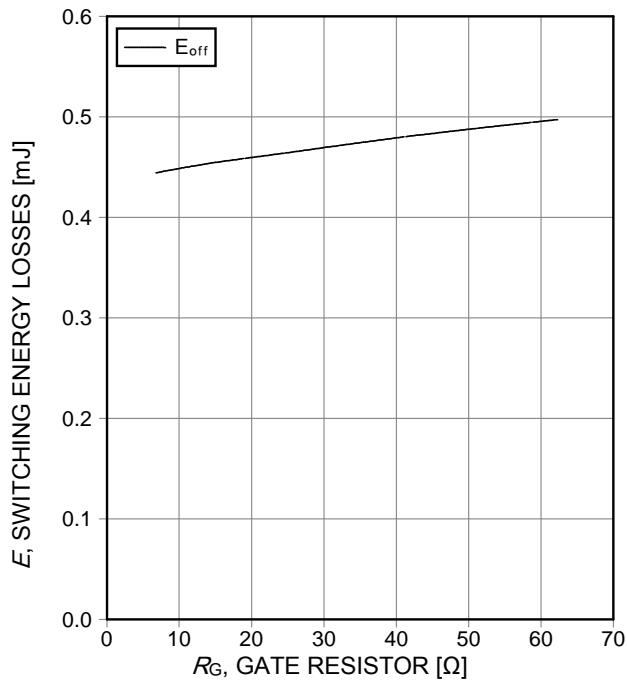


**Figure 12. Gate-emitter threshold voltage as a function of junction temperature**  
( $I_C=0.3\text{mA}$ )

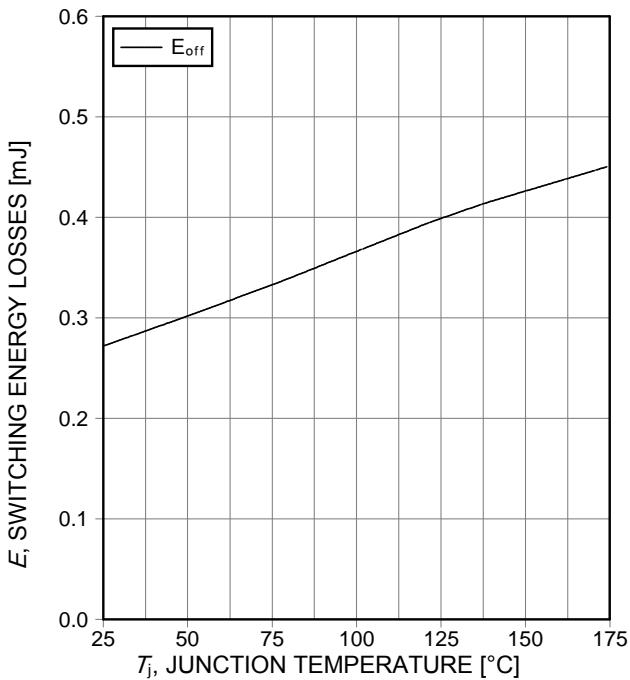
## Soft Switching Series



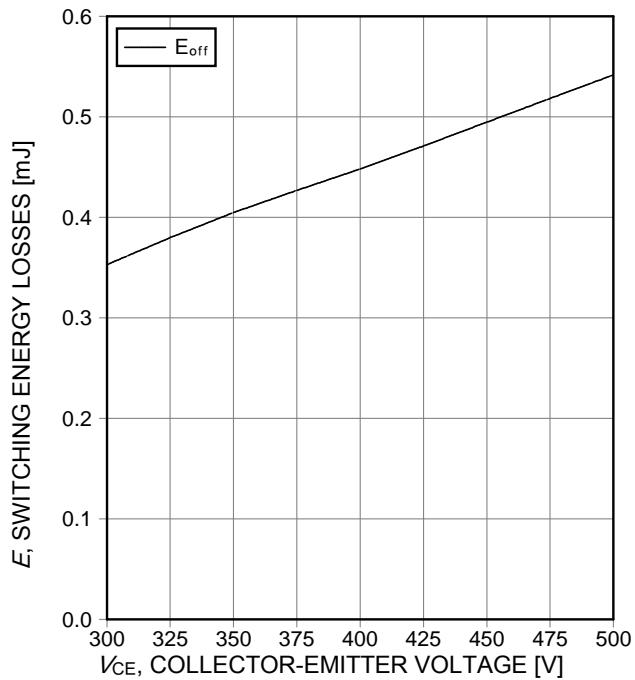
**Figure 13. Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current**  
(inductive load,  $T_j=175^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$ ,  
 $V_{GE}=15/0\text{V}$ ,  $R_G=23\Omega$ )



**Figure 14. Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor**  
(inductive load,  $T_j=175^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$ ,  
 $V_{GE}=15/0\text{V}$ ,  $R_G=23\Omega$ )



**Figure 15. Typical switching energy losses as a function of junction temperature**  
(inductive load,  $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$ ,  $V_{GE}=15/0\text{V}$ ,  
 $I_C=10\text{A}$ ,  $R_G=23\Omega$ , Dynamic test circuit in  
Figure E)



**Figure 16. Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector-emitter voltage**  
(inductive load,  $T_j=175^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{GE}=15/0\text{V}$ ,  
 $I_C=10\text{A}$ ,  $R_G=23\Omega$ )

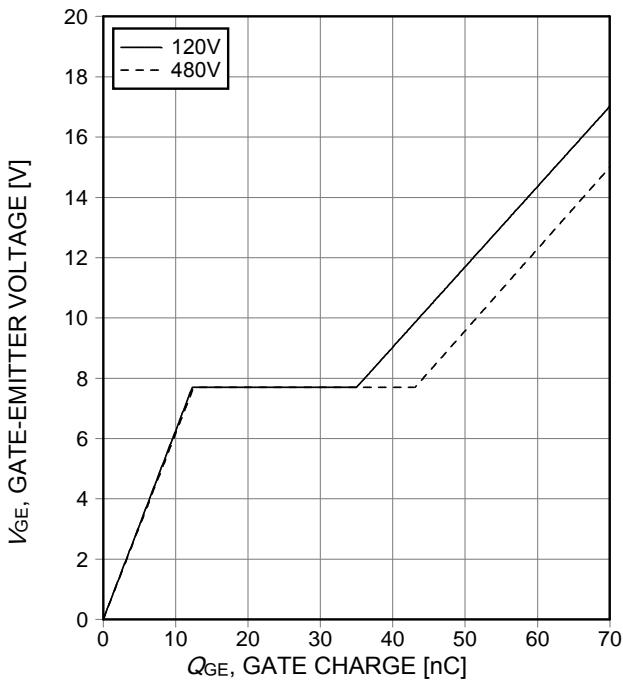


Figure 17. Typical gate charge  
( $I_C=10A$ )

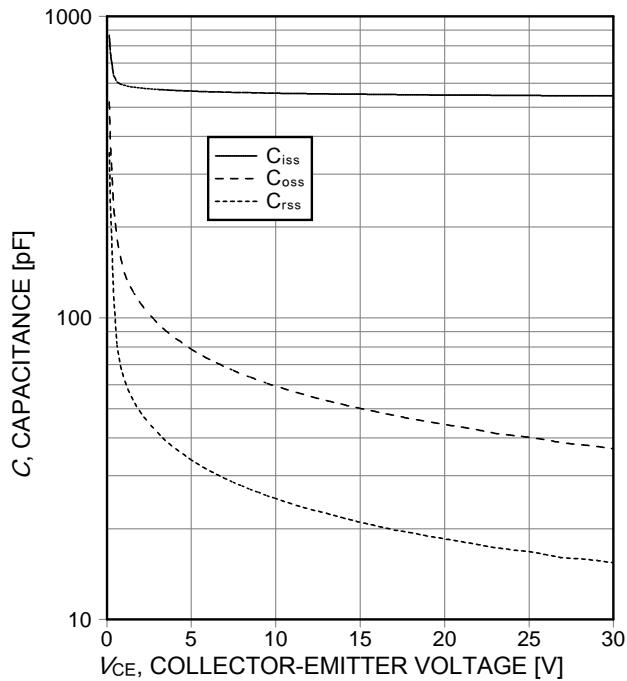


Figure 18. Typical capacitance as a function of collector-emitter voltage  
( $V_{GE}=0V$ ,  $f=1MHz$ )

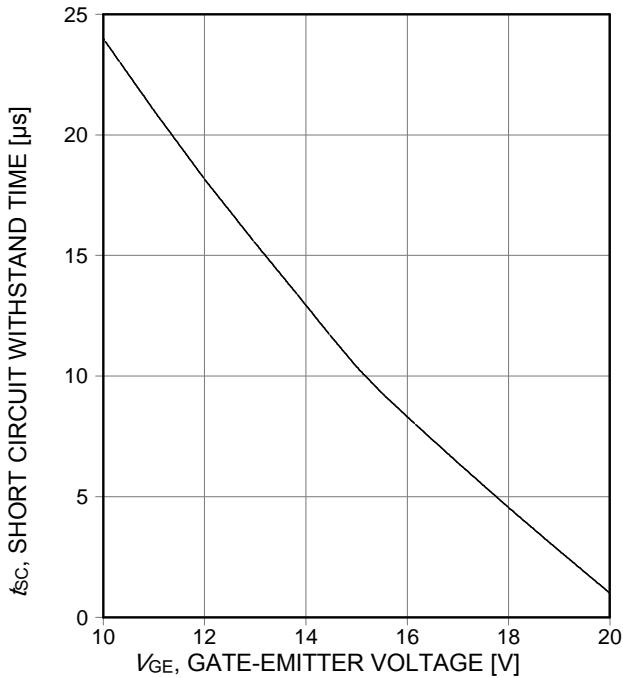


Figure 19. Short circuit withstand time as a function of gate-emitter voltage  
( $V_{CE}\leq 250V$ , start at  $T_j\leq 125^{\circ}C$ )

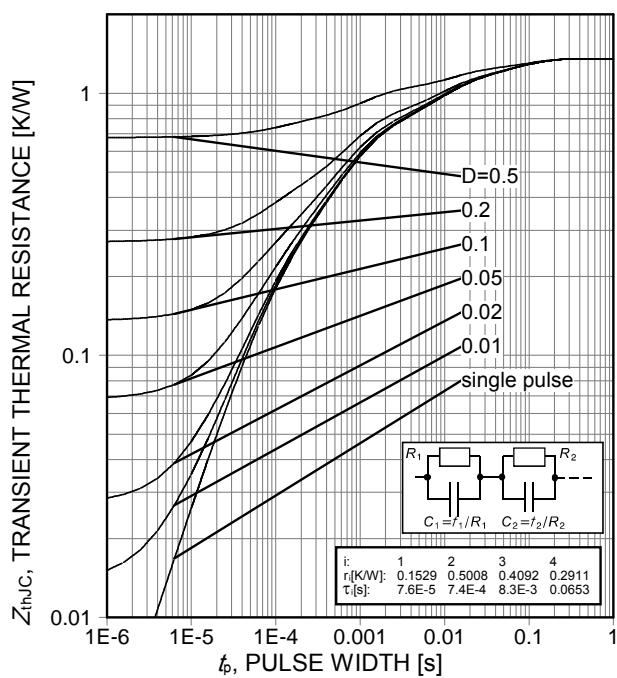


Figure 20. IGBT transient thermal resistance  
( $D=tp/T$ )

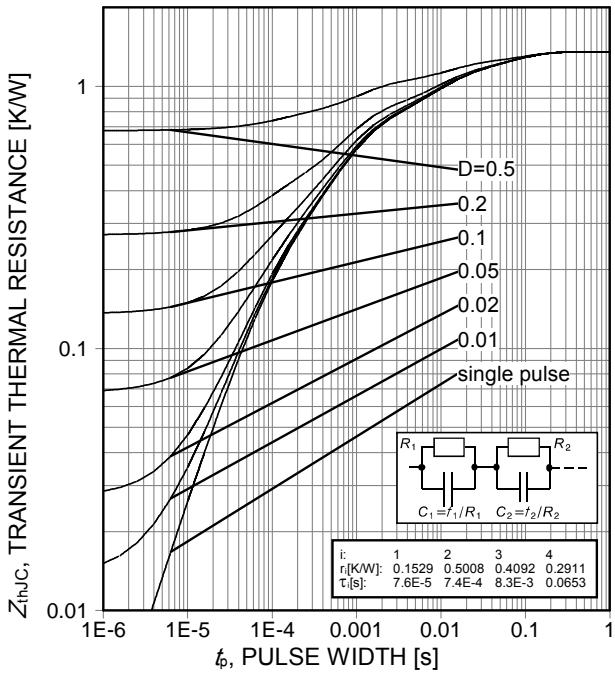


Figure 21. Diode transient thermal resistance ( $D=t_p/T$ )

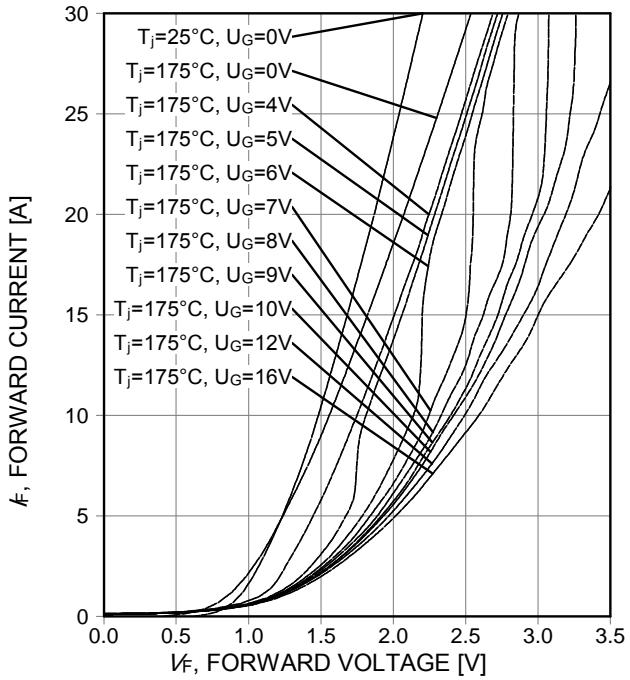


Figure 22. Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

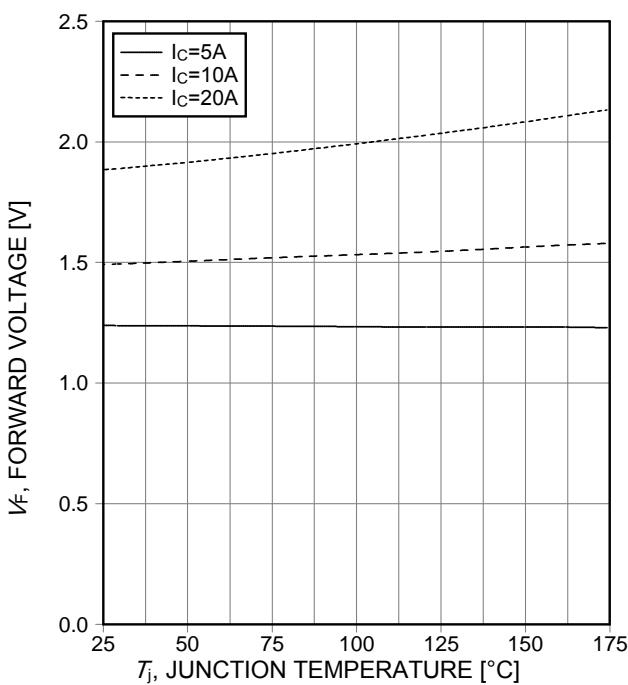
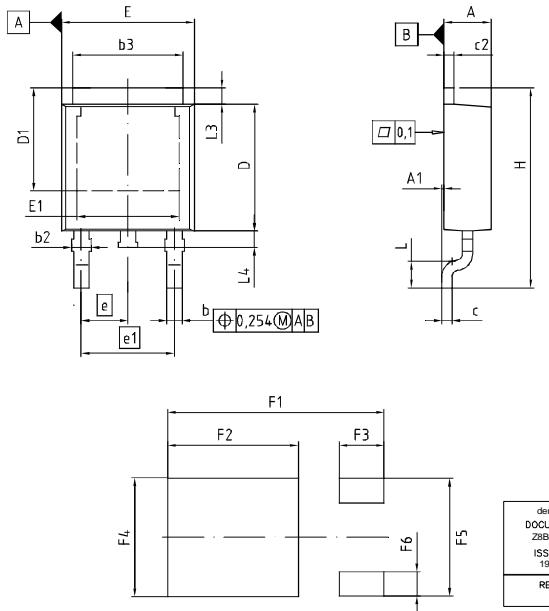


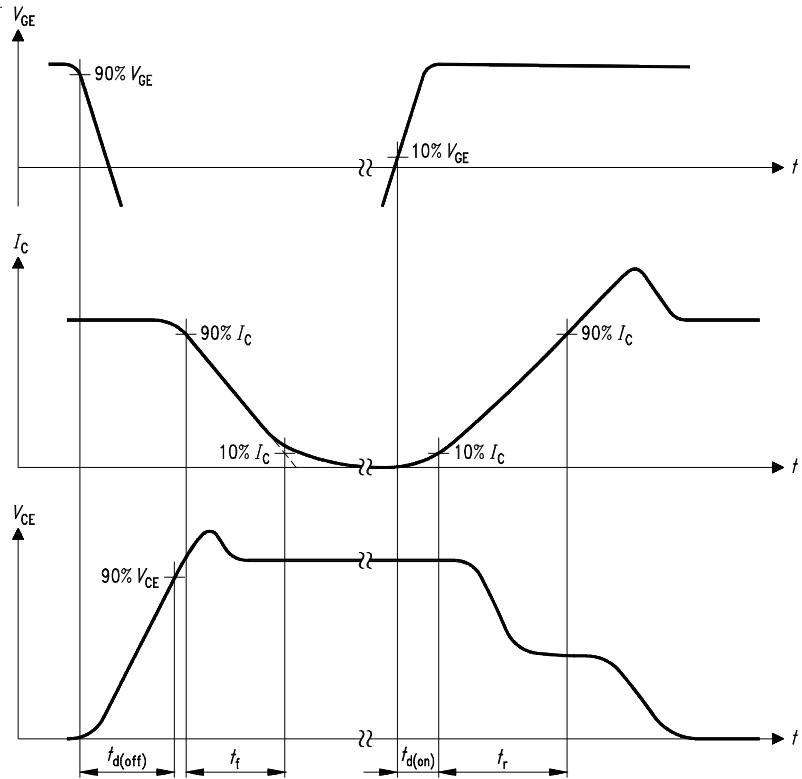
Figure 23. Typical diode forward voltage as a function of junction temperature



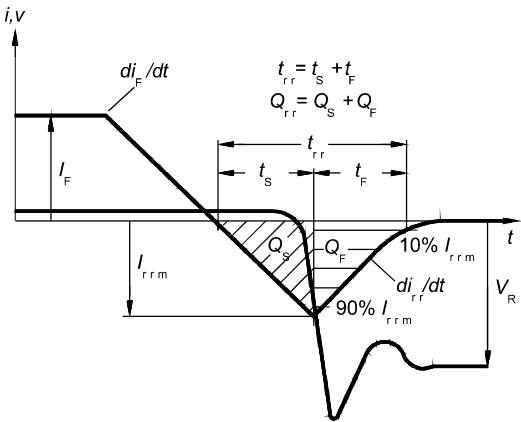
PG- TO252-3-1 /-11 /-21 /-311 /-341

DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	2.16	2.41	0.085	0.095
A1	0.00	0.15	0.000	0.006
b	0.64	0.89	0.025	0.035
b2	0.65	1.15	0.026	0.045
b3	5.00	5.50	0.197	0.217
c	0.46	0.60	0.018	0.024
c2	0.46	0.98	0.018	0.039
D	5.97	6.22	0.235	0.245
D1	5.02	5.84	0.198	0.230
E	6.40	6.73	0.252	0.265
E1	4.70	5.21	0.185	0.205
e	2.29		0.090	
e1	4.57		0.180	
N	3		3	
H	9.40	10.48	0.370	0.413
L	1.18	1.70	0.046	0.067
L3	0.90	1.25	0.035	0.049
L4	0.51	1.00	0.020	0.039
F1	10.50	10.70	0.413	0.421
F2	6.30	6.50	0.248	0.256
F3	2.10	2.30	0.083	0.091
F4	5.70	5.90	0.224	0.232
F5	5.66	5.86	0.223	0.231
F6	1.10	1.30	0.043	0.051

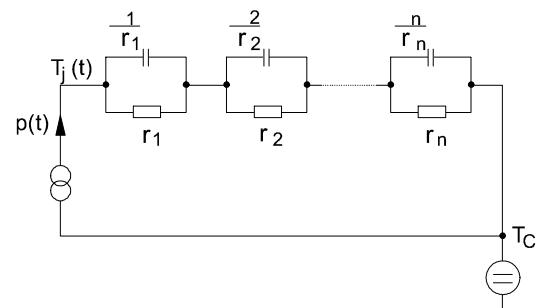
## Soft Switching Series



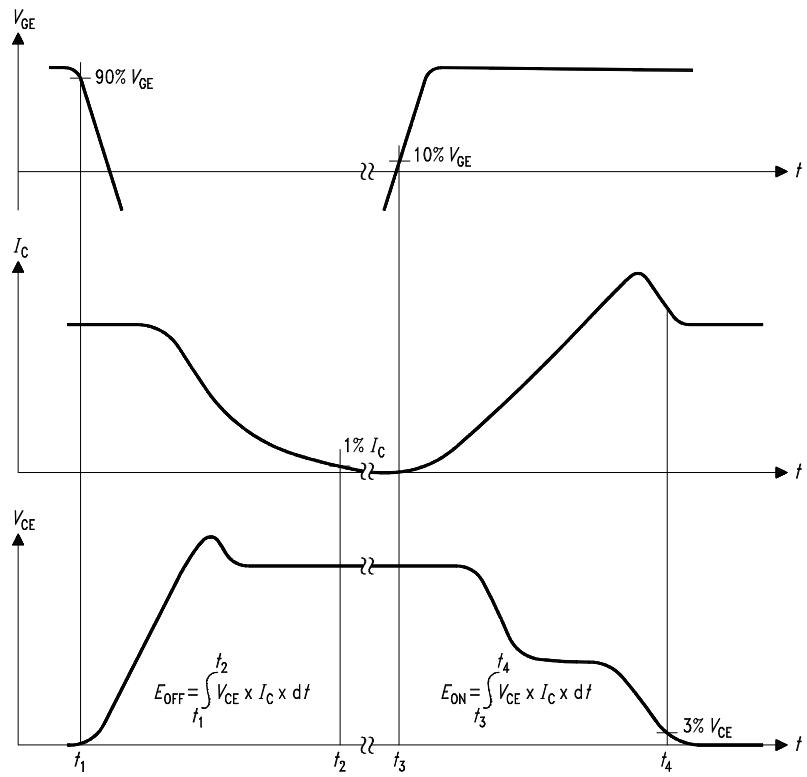
**Figure A. Definition of switching times**



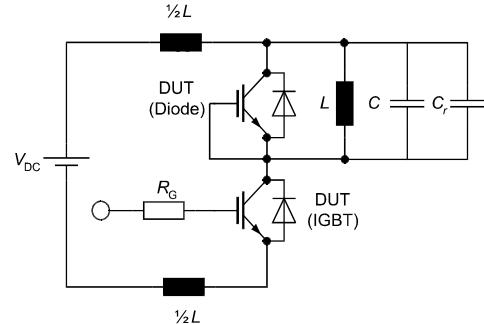
**Figure C. Definition of diodes switching characteristics**



**Figure D. Thermal equivalent circuit**



**Figure B. Definition of switching losses**



**Figure E. Dynamic test circuit**  
Leakage inductance  $L = 180\text{nH}$ ,  
Stray capacitor  $C_s = 40\text{pF}$ ,  
Relief capacitor  $C_r = 1\text{nF}$   
(only for ZVT switching)



IHD10N60RA

## Soft Switching Series

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