

AN1477 APPLICATION NOTE

EMULATED DATA EEPROM WITH XFLASH MEMORY

by CMG/MCD Application Laboratory

INTRODUCTION

When the data EEPROM is not available in a ST7 device, it can be emulated by the XFlash memory with some restrictions. This Application Note describes how to emulate this feature with a ST72F264 device and the restrictions this emulation implies.

Data EEPROM can be emulated in all XFlash devices (all Lite, ST72F344,).

For more information concerning ST7 programming, including a .zip file with the complete corresponding code for the ST72F264, visit our web site at www.st.com.

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1 RESTRICTIONS

- 1 To guarantee that the XFlash program memory is write protected when programming the Emulated Data EEPROM, the whole program memory MUST be located in sector 0 (refer to the datasheet). This implies that:
 - The maximum program memory size is 4 Kbytes (sector 0 set by option byte to the maximum size which allows sector 1 availability).
 - IAP is not available for program memory.
- 2 During emulated data EEPROM programming, the XFlash can not be executed. This implies that:
 - The software which programs the emulated data EEPROM must be located in RAM.
 This software needs at least 16 bytes of RAM as shown in following program example.
 - The interrupts cannot be served during programming so they have to be masked.

2 PROCEDURE

To program 1 byte in the emulated data EEPROM (located in sector 1) the following steps have to be done:

- 1 Enter the XFlash RASS key to unlock the access to the FCSR register (only once, after reset for example).
- 2 Download the programming driver into RAM (from 0083h to 008Fh for example).
- Write the data and address to be programmed in a RAM buffer (at RAM address 0080h to 0082h for example).
- 4 Call the downloaded RAM driver to program the emulated data EEPROM.

3 ASSEMBLER PROGRAM EXAMPLE

The following program example describes a driver routine to be called to emulate data EEPROM with an XFlash ST7 device. This example assumes that all restrictions are taken into account.

In this example, the program memory size is 4 Kbytes and the data EEPROM is also 4 Kbytes, but these sizes can be adjusted through option bytes depending on the needs.

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```
FCSR EQU $72
                               ; XFLASH Control/Status register definition
 #DEFINE LAT 1
 #DEFINE PGM 0
E2DATA EQU $80
                              ; 1 byte: Emul. EEPROM Data to be programmed
E2ADDR EQU $81
                              ; 2 bytes: Emul. EEPROM Address to be programmed
WORDS
SEGMENT byte at E000-EFFF 'XFlash Sect1 -Emul Data EEPROM'
SEGMENT byte at F000-FFFF 'XFlash Sect0 -Program'
; < RESET >
      LD A,#$56
                              ; Enter RASS keys to unlock FCSR register
      LD FCSR, A
      LD A, #$AE
      LD FCSR, A
; < USER APPLICATION PROGRAM >
CALL XemulE2_ByteProg
; < USER APPLICATION PROGRAM >
; ------
; ROUTINE: XemulE2 ByteProg
; DESCRIPTION: Emulated data EEPROM byte programming driver routine
; BEFORE: A = data to be programmmed
    X:Y = address where it has to be programmed [E000h..EFFFh]
; AFTER: Interrupts are disabled
     The requested data byte is programmed
; RESSOURCES:
     Program size: 40 bytes in sector 0
     Used RAM area: 16 bytes from 0080h to 008Fh.
.XemulE2_ByteProg
      LD E2DATA,A
                             ; Data to be programmed (0080h) is in A
      LD {E2ADDR},X
                              ; High address to be programmed (0081h) in X
      LD \{E2ADDR+1\}, Y
                             ; Low address to be programmed (0082h) in Y
      LD X, #$0C
                              ; Copy programming software driver
```

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```
.RAM_Copy
                           ; into RAM from address 0083h
     LD A,(RAM_Driver,X)
     LD ($83,X),A
     DEC X
     JRPL RAM_Copy
     SIM
                           ; Disable interrupts
     JP $83
                           ; Call the programming driver located in RAM
.RAM Driver
     BSET FCSR, #LAT
                    ; Enable Emul. EEPROM latches
     LD A, E2DATA
     LD [E2ADDR.w],A
BSET FC SR,#PGM
                          ; Set address/data to be programmed
                          ; Launch the Emul. EEPROM programming
.EEPROM_Prog
     BTJT FCSR, #PGM, EEPROM_Prog; Wait for end of programming (~5ms)
     RET
END
```

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