

IA82527 Serial Communications Controller - CAN Protocol

Data Sheet





Copyright © 2007

PRELIMINARY

Copyright © 2007 by Innovasic Semiconductor, Inc.

Published by Innovasic Semiconductor, Inc. 3737 Princeton Drive NE, Suite 130, Albuquerque, NM 87107

Innovasic Semiconductor, Inc. 3737 Princeton Drive NE, Suite 130 Albuquerque, NM 87107-4237

.

Office:

Toll Free:

FAX:

505.883.5263 505.883.5477 1-888.824.4184

www.innovasic.com

An ISO 9001:2000 Company

Intel® is a registered trademark of Intel Corporation. MILES $^{\text{TM}}$ is a trademark of Innovasic Semiconductor, Inc. Motorola® is a registered trademark of Motorola, Inc.

Innovasic[©]
Semiconductor

Copyright © 2007

EN21070504-00

www.Innovasic.com Customer Support:

Page 2 of 45

1-888-824-4184

As of Production Ver. 00

Table of Contents

Contents

| Introduction | 5 |
|--------------|--------------|
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| • | |
| | Introduction |

Copyright © 2007

As of Production Ver. 00

List of Figures

| Figure 1. IA82527 44-Pin PLCC Package Diagram | 8 |
|--|----|
| Figure 2. IA82527 44-Pin QFP Package Diagram | |
| Figure 3. IA82527 Functional Block Diagram | |
| Figure 4. mosi/miso Connection | |
| Figure 5. IA82527 Address Map | |
| Figure 6. IA82527 Message Object Structure | |
| Figure 7. Mode 0 and Mode 1 General Bus Timing | |
| Figure 8. Mode 0 and Mode 1 ready Timing for Read Cycle | |
| Figure 9. Mode 0 and Mode 1 ready Timing for Write Cycle with No Write Pending | |
| Figure 10. Mode 0 & Mode 1 ready Timing for Write Cycle with Write Active | |
| Figure 11. Mode 2 General Bus Timing | |
| Figure 12. Mode 3, Asynchronous Operation, Read Cycle | |
| Figure 13. Mode 3, Asynchronous Operation, Write Cycle | |
| Figure 14. Mode 3, Synchronous Operation, Read Cycle Timing | |
| Figure 15. Mode 3, Synchronous Operation, Write Cycle Timing | |
| Figure 16. Serial Interface Mode, icp = 0 and cp = 0 | |
| Figure 17. Serial Interface Mode, icp = 1 and cp = 1 | 41 |
| Figure 18. 44-Pin PLCC Physical Dimensions | 43 |
| Figure 19. 44-Pin QFP Physical Dimensions | 44 |
| List of Tables | |
| Table 1. IA82527 44-Pin PLCC Pin List | 8 |
| Table 2. IA82527 44-Pin QFP Pin List | |
| Table 3. IA82527 Pin/Signal Descriptions | 10 |
| Table 4. IA82527 Absolute Maximum Ratings | |
| Table 5. IA82527 Thermal Characteristics | 18 |
| Table 6. IA82527 DC Parameters | 19 |
| Table 7. IA82527 ISO Physical Layer DC Parameters | 20 |
| Table 8. Mode 0 and Mode 1 General Bus and ready Timing | 27 |
| Table 9. Mode 2 General Bus Timing | |
| Table 10. Mode 3 Asynchronous Operation Timing | |
| Table 11. Mode 3 Synchronous Operation Timing | |
| Table 12. Serial Interface Mode Timing | |
| Table 13. 44-Pin PLCC Physical Dimensions | |
| Table 14. 44-Pin QFP Physical Dimensions | |
| Table 15. IA82527 Ordering Information | 45 |

EN21070504-00 www.Innovasic.com Customer Support:

Page 4 of 45 1-888-824-4184

PRELIMINARY

1. Introduction

The Innovasic Semiconductor IA82527 Controller Area Network (CAN) Serial Communications Controller is a form, fit, and function replacement for the original Intel[®] 82527 Serial Communications Controller.

These devices are produced using Innovasic's Managed IC Lifetime Extension System (MILES™). This cloning technology, which produces replacement ICs beyond simple emulations, ensures complete compatibility with the original device, including any "undocumented features." Additionally, MILES™ captures the clone design in such a way that production of the clone can continue even as silicon technology advances.

The IA82527 Serial Communications Controller replaces the obsolete Intel[®] 82527 device, allowing users to retain existing board designs, software compilers/assemblers, and emulation tools, thereby avoiding expensive redesign efforts.

NOTE

This data sheet contains preliminary information for the Innovasic Semiconductor IA82527 Serial Communications Controller. The finalized data sheet that documents all necessary engineering information about the IA82527 will be available when the device nears completion in Q2 2008.

1.1 General Description

Controller Area Network (CAN) protocol uses a multi-master CSMA/CR (Carrier Sense, Multiple Access with Collision Resolution) bus to transfer message objects between network nodes.

The IA82527 supports CAN Specification 2.0 Part A and B, standard and extended message frames, and has the capability to transmit, receive, and perform message filtering on extended message frames.

The IA82527 can store 15 message objects of 8-byte data length. Each message object can be configured as either transmit or receive except for the last message object, which is receive-only. The last message object also provides a special acceptance mask designed to allow select groups of different message identifiers to be received.

The IA82527 also provides a programmable acceptance mask that allows users to globally mask any identifier bits of the incoming message. This global mask can be used for both standard and extended message frames.

Copyright © 2007

EN21070504-00 www.Innovasic.com Customer Support:

Page 5 of 45 1-888-824-4184

1.2 Features

The primary features of the IA82527 are as follows:

- CAN Protocol Support
 - Specification 2.0, Part A and Part B
 - Standard Data and Remote Frames
 - Extended Data and Remote Frames
- CAN Bus Interface
 - Configurable Input Comparator
 - o Configurable Output Driver
- Global Mask, Programmable
 - Standard Message Identifier
 - Extended Message Identifier
- Message Objects
 - o 14 Transmit/Receive Buffers
 - o 1 Receive Buffer with Programmable Mask
- Programmable Bit Rate
- Flexible Status Interface
- CPU Interface Options
 - o 16-Bit Multiplexed Intel® Architecture
 - o 8-Bit Multiplexed Intel[®] Architecture
 - o 8-Bit Multiplexed Non-Intel® Architecture
 - o 8-Bit Non-Multiplexed Non-Intel® Architecture
 - Serial (SPI)
- I/O Ports (2)
 - o 8-Bit
 - o Bidirectional
- Flexible Interrupt Structure
- Programmable Clock Output

A more detailed description of the IA82527, including the features listed above, is provided in Section 4.

Copyright © 2007

PRELIMINARY

2. Packaging and Pin Descriptions

2.1 Packages and Pinouts

The Innovasic Semiconductor IA82527 CAN Serial Communications Controller is available in the following packages:

- 44-Pin Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier (PLCC)
- 44-Pin Quad Flat Pack (QFP)

The 44-pin PLCC package is shown in Figure 1/Table 1, and the 44-pin QFP package is shown in Figure 2/Table 2.

Detailed descriptions of pin/signal functions are provided in section 2.2 (Table 3).

NOTE

Table 1 (PLCC package) and Table 2 (QFP package) provide numerical indexes of pin names. Table 3 provides an alphabetical index of pin and signal descriptions.



Copyright © 2007 EN21070504-00 www.Innovasic.com
Customer Support:

Page 7 of 45 1-888-824-4184

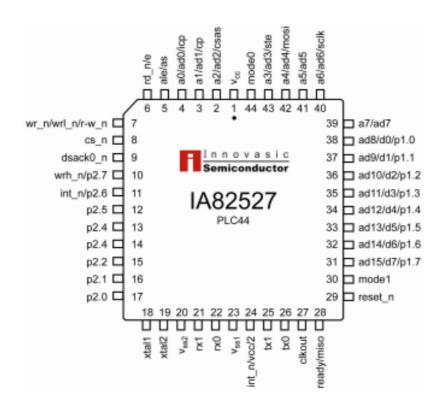


Figure 1. IA82527 44-Pin PLCC Package Diagram

Table 1. IA82527 44-Pin PLCC Pin List

| Pin | Name | Pin | Name | Pin | Name | Pin | Name |
|-----|------------------|-----|------------------|-----|--------------------------|-----|--------------|
| 1 | V _{cc} | 12 | p2.5 | 23 | V _{ss1} | 34 | ad12/d4/p1.4 |
| 2 | a2/ad2/csas | 13 | p2.4 | 24 | int_n/v _{cc} /2 | 35 | ad11/d3/p1.3 |
| 3 | a1/ad1/cp | 14 | p2.3 | 25 | tx1 | 36 | ad10/d2/p1.2 |
| 4 | a0/ad0/icp | 15 | p2.2 | 26 | tx0 | 37 | ad9/d1/p1.1 |
| 5 | ale/as | 16 | p2.1 | 27 | clkout | 38 | ad8/d0/p1.0 |
| 6 | rd_n/e | 17 | p2.0 | 28 | ready/miso | 39 | a7/ad7 |
| 7 | wr_n/wrl_n/r-w_n | 18 | xtal1 | 29 | reset_n | 40 | a6/ad6/sclk |
| 8 | cs_n | 19 | xtal2 | 30 | mode1 | 41 | a5/ad5 |
| 9 | dsack0_n | 20 | V _{ss2} | 31 | ad15/d7/p1.7 | 42 | a4/ad4/mosi |
| 10 | wrh_n/p2.7 | 21 | rx1 | 32 | ad14/d6/p1.6 | 43 | a3/ad3/ste |
| 11 | int_n/p2.6 | 22 | rx0 | 33 | ad13/d5/p1.5 | 44 | mode0 |

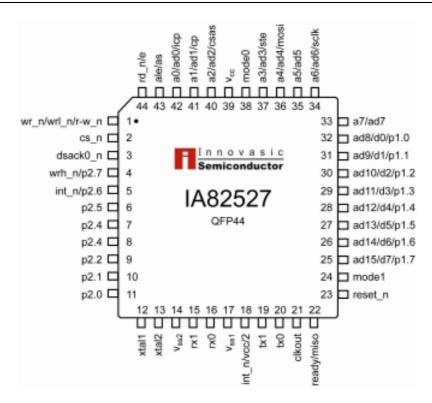


Figure 2. IA82527 44-Pin QFP Package Diagram

Table 2. IA82527 44-Pin QFP Pin List

| Pin | Name | Pin | Name | Pin | Name | Pin | Name |
|-----|------------------|-----|--------------------------|-----|--------------|-----|-----------------|
| 1 | wr_n/wrl_n/r-w_n | 12 | xtal1 | 23 | reset_n | 34 | a6/ad6/sclk |
| 2 | cs_n | 13 | xtal2 | 24 | mode1 | 35 | a5/ad5 |
| 3 | dsack0_n | 14 | V _{ss2} | 25 | ad15/d7/p1.7 | 36 | a4/ad4/mosi |
| 4 | wrh_n/p2.7 | 15 | rx1 | 26 | ad14/d6/p1.6 | 37 | a3/ad3/ste |
| 5 | int_n/p2.6 | 16 | rx0 | 27 | ad13/d5/p1.5 | 38 | mode0 |
| 6 | p2.5 | 17 | V _{ss1} | 28 | ad12/d4/p1.4 | 39 | V _{cc} |
| 7 | p2.4 | 18 | int_n/v _{cc} /2 | 29 | ad11/d3/p1.3 | 40 | a2/ad2/csas |
| 8 | p2.3 | 19 | tx1 | 30 | ad10/d2/p1.2 | 41 | a1/ad1/cp |
| 9 | p2.2 | 20 | tx0 | 31 | ad9/d1/p1.1 | 42 | a0/ad0/icp |
| 10 | p2.1 | 21 | clkout | 32 | ad8/d0/p1.0 | 43 | ale/as |
| 11 | p2.0 | 22 | ready/miso | 33 | a7/ad7 | 44 | rd_n/e |

EN21070504-00

www.Innovasic.com Customer Support:

2.2 **Pin/Signal Descriptions**

Descriptions of the pin and signal functions for the IA82527 Serial Communications Controller are provided in Table 3.

Several of the IA82527 pins have different functions depending on the operating mode of the device. Each of the different signals supported by a pin is listed and defined in Table 3, indexed alphabetically in the first column of the table. Additionally, the name of the pin associated with the signal as well as the pin numbers for both the PLCC and QFP packages are provided in the "Pin" column. If the signal and pin names are the same, no entry is provided in the "Pin-Name" column.

Table 3. IA82527 Pin/Signal Descriptions

| Signal | Pin | | | Description |
|--------|----------------------|------|-----|---|
| | Name | PLCC | QFP | |
| a0 | a0 /ad0/icp | 4 | 42 | |
| a1 | a1 /ad1/cp | 3 | 41 | |
| a2 | a2/ad2/csas | 2 | 40 | address bits 7–0. Input. Mode 3. |
| a3 | a3 /ad3/ste | 43 | 37 | When the IA82527 is configured to operate in the 8-bit non- |
| a4 | a4/ad4/mosi | 42 | 36 | multiplexed non-Intel® architecture mode (Mode 3), these lines provide the 8-bit address bus input to the device. |
| a5 | a5 /ad5 | 41 | 35 | |
| a6 | a6/ad6/sclk | 40 | 34 | |
| a7 | a7 /ad7 | 39 | 33 | |
| ad0 | a0/ ad0 /icp | 4 | 42 | |
| ad1 | a1/ ad1 /cp | 3 | 41 | |
| ad2 | a2/ad2/csas | 2 | 40 | |
| ad3 | a3/ ad3/ ste | 43 | 37 | |
| ad4 | a4/ ad4 /mosi | 42 | 36 | |
| ad5 | a5/ ad5 | 41 | 35 | |
| ad6 | a6/ ad6 /sclk | 40 | 34 | address/data bits 15–0. Input/Output. Mode 1. |
| ad7 | a7/ ad7 | 39 | 33 | When the IA82527 is configured to operate in the 16-bit multiplexed |
| ad8 | ad8/d0/p1.0 | 38 | 32 | Intel® architecture mode (Mode 1), these lines provide the 16-bit |
| ad9 | ad9/d1/p1.1 | 37 | 31 | address bus (input) and the 16-bit data bus (input/output) for the device. |
| ad10 | ad10/d2/p1.2 | 36 | 30 | |
| ad11 | ad11/d3/p1.3 | 35 | 29 | |
| ad12 | ad12/d4/p1.4 | 34 | 28 | |
| ad13 | ad13/d5/p1.5 | 33 | 27 | |
| ad14 | ad14/d6/p1.6 | 32 | 26 | |
| ad15 | ad15/d7/p1.7 | 31 | 25 | - |
| ale | ale/as | 5 | 43 | address latch enable. Input. Active High. Mode 0 and Mode 1. When the IA82527 is configured to operate in either the 8-bit multiplexed Intel [®] architecture mode (Mode 0) or the 16-bit multiplexed Intel [®] architecture mode (Mode 1), this signal latches the address into the device during the address phase of the bus cycle. |
| | | | - | continued |

Copyright © 2007

EN21070504-00 www.Innovasic.com **Customer Support:**

Page 10 of 45 1-888-824-4184

Table 3. IA82527 Pin/Signal Descriptions, continued

| Signal | Pin | | | Description |
|--------|-----------------------|--------------|-----|--|
| | Name | PLCC | QFP | |
| as | ale/as | 5 | 43 | address strobe. Input. Active High. Mode 2. When the IA82527 is configured to operate in either the 8-bit multiplexed non-Intel® architecture mode (Mode 2), this signal latches the address into the device during the address phase of the bus cycle. NOTE: If the IA82527 is configured to operate in Mode 3 (8-bit non-multiplexed non-Intel® architecture), this pin must be tied high. |
| clkout | _ | 27 | 21 | clock out. Output (push-pull). This output provides a programmable clock frequency. The frequency is set via the Clockout Register (1FH) and can range from the frequency of the xtal (crystal) input to xtal/n, where n can be an integer value from 2 through 15. This output allows the IA82527 to clock other devices such as the host CPU. |
| ср | a1/ad1/ cp | 3 | 41 | clock phase. Input. Serial Interface Mode. When this input is a logic 0, data are sampled on the rising edge of sclk. When this input is a logic 1, data are sampled on the falling edge of sclk. |
| cs_n | _ | 8 | 2 | chip select. Input. Active Low (Modes 0–3); Selectable Active Level (Serial Interface Mode). When the IA82527 is configured to operate in one of the parallel interface modes (Modes 0–3) or the Serial Interface Mode, this input, during its active state, selects the device allowing CPU access. For Serial Interface Mode operation, the active state is selectable (i.e., either high or low) via the IA8257 csas pin. |
| csas | a2/ad2/csas | 2 | 40 | chip select active state. Input. Serial Interface Mode. When this input is a logic 0, the cs_n input is configured to function active low. When this input is a logic 1, the cs_n input is configured to function active high. |
| d0 | ad8/ d0 /p1.0 | 38 | 32 | |
| d1 | ad9/ d1 /p1.1 | 37 | 31 | |
| d2 | ad10/ d2 /p1.2 | 36 | 30 | data bits 7-0. Input/Output. Mode 3. |
| d3 | ad11/ d3 /p1.3 | 35 | 29 | When the IA82527 is configured to operate in the 8-bit non-multiplexed non-Intel [®] architecture mode (Mode 3), these lines |
| d4 | ad12/ d4 /p1.4 | 34 | 28 | |
| d5 | ad13/ d5 /p1.5 | 33 | 27 | provide the 8-bit data bus to the device. |
| d6 | ad14/ d6 /p1.6 | 32 | 26 | |
| d7 | ad15/ d7 /p1.7 | 31 | 25 | |
| | | - | - | continued |

EN21070504-00 www.Innovasic.com Customer Support:

Page 11 of 45 1-888-824-4184

Table 3. IA82527 Pin/Signal Descriptions, continued

| | Name | PLCC | QFP | |
|----------|----------------------|------|-----|--|
| | | | | |
| dsack0_n | _ | 9 | 3 | data and size acknowledge 0. Output. Active Low (open drain with active pull-up). Mode 3 (asynchronous operation). When the IA82527 is configured to operate in the 8-bit non-multiplexed non-Intel [®] architecture mode (Mode 3), this signal functions as follows: when the CPU reads from the IA82527, dsack0_n active low indicates that the data are valid; when the CPU writes to the IA82527, dsack0_n active low indicates that the data have been received. |
| е | rd_n/e | 6 | 44 | enable. Input. Active High. Mode 3 (asynchronous). When the IA82527 is configured to operate in the 8-bit non-multiplexed non-Intel [®] architecture mode (Mode 3), this signal functions as follows: when the CPU reads from or writes to the IA82527, e active high indicates that the address is valid. |
| icp | a0/ad0/ icp | 4 | 42 | idle clock polarity. Input. Serial Interface Mode. When this input is a logic 0, the polarity for the idle state of sclk is low. When this input is a logic 1, the polarity for the idle state of sclk is high. |
| | int_n / Vcd/2 | 24 | 18 | interrupt. Output (open collector). Active Low. On the IA82527, two pins can provide the interrupt (int_n) output; however, depending on the setting of the MUX bit in the CPU Interface Register (02H), only one of the pins will serve as the source of int_n as follows: PLCC Package: When the MUX bit of the CPU Interface Register is 0, pin 24 functions as the int_n output and pin 11 functions as p2.6. |
| int_n - | int_n /p2.6 | 11 | 5 | When the MUX bit of the CPU Interface Register is 1, pin 11 functions as the int_n output and pin 24 functions as V_{cc}/2. QFP Package: When the MUX bit of the CPU Interface Register is 0, pin 18 functions as the int_n output and pin 5 functions as p2.6. When the MUX bit of the CPU Interface Register is 1, pin 5 functions as the int_n output and pin 18 functions as V_{cc}/2. |

Page 12 of 45 1-888-824-4184

As of Production Ver. 00

Table 3. IA82527 Pin/Signal Descriptions, continued

| Signal | Pin | | | Description |
|--------|---------------------|------|-----|---|
| | Name | PLCC | QFP | |
| miso | ready/ miso | 28 | 22 | master in slave out. Output (open drain). Serial Interface Mode. When the IA82527 is configured to operate with a serial interface, miso is the serial data output. |
| mode0 | _ | 44 | 38 | modeN (N = 1 or 0). Input. The logic levels at the mode0 and mode1 inputs determine the operating mode (i.e., interface type) of the IA82527 as follows: mode1 mode0 Interface Type 0 0 8-bit Multiplexed Intel® 0 1 16-bit Multiplexed Intel® 1 0 8-bit Multiplexed Non-Intel® 1 1 8-bit Non-Multiplexed Non-Intel® The mode1 and mode0 inputs are also used to establish the Serial |
| mode1 | _ | 30 | 24 | Interface Mode as follows: when the IA82527 is reset, if mode1 = 0 mode0 = 0 rd_n = 0 wr_n = 0 the Serial Interface Mode will be selected. The mode1 and mode0 pins are internally connected to weak pull-downs. These pins will be pulled low during reset if unconnected. Following reset, these pins will float. |
| mosi | a4/ad4/ mosi | 42 | 36 | master out slave in. Input. Serial Interface Mode. When the IA82527 is configured to operate with a serial interface, mosi is the serial data input. |
| | · | = | | continued |

Copyright © 2007

EN21070504-00 www.Innovasic.com Customer Support:

Page 13 of 45 1-888-824-4184

Table 3. IA82527 Pin/Signal Descriptions, continued

| Signal | Pin | | | Description | |
|--------|----------------------|------|-----|---|--|
| | Name | PLCC | QFP | | |
| p1.0 | ad8/d0/ p1.0 | 38 | 32 | port 1, bit N (N = 7–0). Input/Output (general-purpose). Mode 0, Mode 2, and Serial Interface Mode. Port 1 bits p1.7–p1.0 can be individually programmed as inputs or | |
| p1.1 | ad9/d1/ p1.1 | 37 | 31 | outputs. Programming is accomplished by writing to the P1CONF Register (9FH). The 8 bits of the P1CONF Register, P1CONF7—P1CONF0, correspond directly to pins p1.7–p1.0 . Writing a 0 to a bit | |
| p1.2 | ad10/d2/ p1.2 | 36 | 30 | in the P1CONF Register causes the corresponding pin to be configured as a high-impedance input. Writing a 1 to a bit in the P1CONF Register causes the corresponding pin to be configured as | |
| p1.3 | ad11/d3/ p1.3 | 35 | 29 | a push-pull output. All Port 1 pins have weak pull-ups until the port i configured by writing to the P1CONF Register. The default value of the P1CONF Register following a reset is 00H. | |
| p1.4 | ad12/d4/ p1.4 | 34 | 28 | Data are read from Port 1 via the P1IN Register (BFH). A logic 0 for any bit in this register means that a logic 0 was read from the | |
| p1.5 | ad13/d5/ p1.5 | 33 | 27 | corresponding pin; a logic 1 for any bit means that a logic 1 was read from the corresponding pin. The default value of the P1IN Register following a reset is FFH. | |
| p1.6 | ad14/d6/ p1.6 | 32 | 26 | Data are written to Port 1 via the P1OUT Register (DFH). Writing a logic 0 to any bit in this register means that a logic 0 is written to the corresponding pin; writing a logic 1 to any bit means that a logic 1 is written to the corresponding pin. The default value of the P1OUT Register following a reset is 00H. | |
| p1.7 | ad15/d7/ p1.7 | 31 | 25 | | |
| p2.0 | _ | 17 | 11 | port 2 , bit N (N = 7–0). Input/Output. Port 2 bits p2.7 – p2.0 , can be individually programmed as inputs or | |
| p2.1 | _ | 16 | 10 | outputs. Programming is accomplished by writing to the P2CONF Register (AFH). The 8 bits of the P2CONF Register, P2CONF7–P2CONF0, correspond directly to pins p2.7–p2.0 . Writing a 0 to a bit | |
| p2.2 | _ | 15 | 9 | in the P2CONF Register causes the corresponding pin to be configured as a high-impedance input. Writing a 1 to a bit in the P2CONF Register causes the corresponding pin to be configured as | |
| p2.3 | _ | 14 | 8 | a push-pull output. All Port 2 pins have weak pull-ups until the port is configured by writing to the P2CONF Register. The default value of the P1CONF Register following a reset is 00H. | |
| p2.4 | _ | 13 | 7 | Data are read from Port 2 via the P2IN Register (CFH). A logic 0 for any bit in this register means that a logic 0 was read from the corresponding pin; a logic 1 for any bit means that a logic 1 was read | |
| p2.5 | _ | 12 | 6 | from the corresponding pin. The default value of the P2IN Register following a reset is FFH. | |
| p2.6 | int_n/ p2.6 | 11 | 5 | Data are written to Port 2 via the P2OUT Register (EFH). Writing a logic 0 to any bit in this register means that a logic 0 is written to the corresponding pin; writing a logic 1 to any bit means that a logic 1 is | |
| p2.7 | wrh_n/ p2.7 | 10 | 4 | written to the corresponding pin. The default value of the P2OUT Register following a reset is 00H. | |

continued . . .

Table 3. IA82527 Pin/Signal Descriptions, continued

| Signal | Pin | | | Description |
|---------|--------------------------|------|-----|--|
| 3 | Name | PLCC | QFP | |
| rd_n | rd_n/e | 6 | 44 | read. Input. Active Low. Mode 0 and Mode 1. When rd_n is asserted (low), it causes the IA82527 to drive the data from the location being read onto the data bus. |
| ready | ready/miso | 28 | 22 | ready . Output (open drain). Active High. Mode 0 and Mode 1. When ready is asserted (high), it signals the completion of a bus cycle. The ready output is provided to force system CPU wait states as required. |
| reset_n | _ | 29 | 23 | reset. Input. Active Low. When the reset_n signal is asserted (low), the IA82527 is initialized. There are two reset situations: Cold Reset. This is a power-on reset: As V _{CC} is driven to a valid level (power on), the reset_n signal must be driven low for a minimum of 1 ms measured from a valid V _{CC} level. No falling edge on the reset_n pin is required during a cold reset. Warm Reset. For this reset, V _{CC} remains at a valid level (i.e., power is already on and remains on) while reset_n is driven low for a minimum of 1 ms. |
| r-w_n | wr_n/wrl_n/ r-w_n | 7 | 1 | read-write. Input. Active High (read)-Active Low (write). Mode 3. When r-w_n is high, it signals a read cycle. When r-w_n is low, it signals a write cycle. |
| rx0 | _ | 22 | 16 | Receive (rx), lines 0 and 1. Input. Pins rx0 and rx1 are the inputs to the IA82527 from the Controller Area Network (CAN) bus lines. These pins connect internally to the receiver input comparator. Serial data from the CAN bus can be received using both rx0 and rx1 or by using only rx0 as follows: • When the CoBy Bit in the Bus Configuration Register (2FH) is a 0, rx0 and rx1 are connected to the input comparator. (rx0 is connected to the non-inverting input and rx1 is connected to the input and rx1 is connected. |
| rx1 | _ | 21 | 15 | to the inverting input.) A recessive level is read when rx0 > rx1. A dominant level is read when rx1 > rx0. When the CoBy Bit in the Bus Configuration Register (2FH) is a 1, input comparison is disabled, and rx0, which is still connected to the non-inverting input of the comparator, is the CAN bus line input. For this configuration, the DcR0 bit of the Bus Configuration Register must be a 0. After a cold reset (power on), the default configuration is the use of both rx0 and rx1 for the CAN bus input. |
| sclk | a6/ad6/ sclk | 40 | 34 | serial clock. Input. Serial Interface Mode. The sclk pin is the serial clock input to the IA82527 (slave device). The clock signal is provided by the master device. |
| | | | | continued |

Copyright © 2007

EN21070504-00 www.Innovasic.com Customer Support:

Page 15 of 45 1-888-824-4184

Table 3. IA82527 Pin/Signal Descriptions, continued

| Signal | Pin | | | Description |
|--------------------|---------------------------|------|-----|---|
| | Name | PLCC | QFP | |
| ste | a3/ad3/ ste | 43 | 37 | synchronization transmission enable. Input. Serial interface Mode. The logic level at the ste pin enables the transmission of the synchronization bytes through the IA82527 miso pin while the master device transmits the Address and Control Byte as follows: When a logic 0 is placed on the ste pin, the synchronization bytes sent through the miso pin are 00H and 00H. When a logic 1 is placed on the ste pin, the synchronization bytes sent through the miso pin are AAH and 55H. |
| | | | | The IA82527 sends the synchronization bytes after the cs_n signal has been asserted (low). |
| tx0 | _ | 26 | 20 | Transmit (tx), lines 0 and 1. Output (push-pull). Pins tx0 and tx1 are the outputs from the IA82527 to the Controller Area Network (CAN) bus lines. |
| tx1 | _ | 25 | 19 | During a recessive bit, tx0 is high and tx1 is low. During a dominant bit, tx0 is low and tx1 is high. |
| Vcc | _ | 1 | 39 | Power (V _{cc}). This pin provides power for the IA82527 device. It must be connected to a +5V DC power source. |
| V _{CC} /2 | int_n/ V _{cc} /2 | 24 | 18 | Reference Voltage, ISO Physical Layer (V _{CC} /2). Output. The V _{CC} /2 pin provides a reference voltage for the ISO low-speed physical layer: • 2.38V DC (minimum) to 2.60V DC (maximum) (V _{CC} = +5.00V; I _{OUT} ≤ 75 μA) |
| | | | | This pin only functions as $V_{\text{cc}}/2$ when the MUX bit of the CPU Interface Register (02H) is 1. |
| V _{SS1} | _ | 23 | 17 | Ground, Digital (V_{SS1}). This pin provides the digital ground (0V) for the IA82527. It must be connected to a V_{SS} board plane. |
| V _{SS2} | _ | 20 | 14 | Ground, Analog (V_{SS2}). This pin provides the ground (0V) for the IA82527 analog comparator. It must be connected to a V_{SS} board plane. |
| | | | | continued |

EN21070504-00 www.Innovasic.com Customer Support:

Page 16 of 45 1-888-824-4184

Table 3. IA82527 Pin/Signal Descriptions, continued

| Signal | Pin | | | Description |
|--------|---------------------------|------|-----|--|
| | Name | PLCC | QFP | |
| wr_n | wr_n/wrl_n/r-w_n | 7 | 1 | write. Input. Active Low. Mode 0. When wr_n is asserted (low), it signals a write cycle. |
| wrh_n | wrh_n /p2.7 | 10 | 4 | write high byte. Input. Active Low. Mode 1. When wrh_n is asserted (low), it signals a write cycle for the high byte of data (bits 15–8). |
| wrl_n | wr_n/ wrl_n /r-w_n | 7 | 1 | write low byte. Input. Active Low. Mode 1. When wrl_n is asserted (low), it signals a write cycle for the low byte of data (bits 7–0). |
| xtal1 | _ | 18 | 12 | Crystal (xtal) 1. Input. The xtal1 pin is the input connection for an external crystal that drives the IA82527 internal oscillator. (When an external crystal is used, it is connected between this pin and the xtal2 pin—see next table entry.) NOTE: If an external oscillator or clock source is used to drive the IA82527 instead of a crystal, the xtal1 pin is the input for this clock source. |
| xtal2 | _ | 19 | 13 | Crystal (xtal) 2. Output (push-pull). The xtal2 pin is the output connection for an external crystal that drives the IA82527 internal oscillator. (When an external crystal is used, it is connected between this pin and the xtal1 pin—see previous table entry.) NOTE: If an external oscillator or clock source is used to drive the IA82527 instead of a crystal, xtal2 must be left unconnected (i.e., must be floated). Additionally, the xtal2 output must not be used as a clock source for other system components. |

EN21070504-00 www.Innovasic.com Customer Support:

Page 17 of 45 1-888-824-4184

PRELIMINARY

3. Maximum Ratings, Thermal Characteristics, and DC Parameters

For the Innovasic Semiconductor IA82527 Serial Communications Controller, the absolute maximum ratings, thermal characteristics, and DC parameters are provided in Tables 4-6, respectively.

Additionally, the DC parameters of the ISO Physical Layer are provided in Table 7.

NOTE

The values provided in the following tables are preliminary.

Table 4. IA82527 Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter | Rating |
|---|-----------------|
| Storage Temperature | −65°C to +150°C |
| Case Temperature under Bias | −65°C to +120°C |
| Supply Voltage with Respect to Vss | -0.5V to +6.5V |
| Voltage on Pins other than Supply with Respect to Vss | -0.5V to +5.5V |

Table 5. IA82527 Thermal Characteristics

| Symbol | Characteristic | Value | Units | |
|------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------|--|
| T _A | Ambient Temperature | User Determined | °C | |
| P _{INT} | Device Internal Power Dissipation | $I_{DD} \times V_{DD}$ | W | |
| P _{I/O} | I/O Pin Power Dissipation | User Determined | W | |
| P_D | Total Power Dissipation | P _{INT} + P _{I/O} | W | |
| 0 | 44-Pin PLCC Package | To Be Determined | °C/W | |
| Θ_{Ja} | 44-Pin QFP Package | To Be Determined | C/VV | |
| TJ | Average Junction Temperature | $T_A + (P_D \times \Theta_{Ja})$ | °C | |

Copyright © 2007

EN21070504-00

1-888-824-4184

www.Innovasic.com **Customer Support:**

Table 6. IA82527 DC Parameters

| Symbol | Parameter | Pin(s) | Minimum | Maximum | Units | Notes |
|---|-----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------|---|
| Vcc | Supply Voltage | _ | 4.5 | 5.5 | V | _ |
| V _{IL} | Voltage, Input Low | ad7-ad0 | -0.5 | 0.5 | | Mode 3 |
| | | p1.7–p1.0, p2.7–p2.0 | _ | 0.3(V _{CC}) | V | Not connected to a host CPU |
| | 3 | rx0 | _ | 0.5 | | Comparator bypassed |
| | | | -0.5 | 0.8 | | All other pins |
| | | p1.7–p1.0, p2.7–p2.0 | 0.7(V _{CC}) | _ | | Not connected to a host CPU |
| V_{IH} | Voltage, Input High | reset_n | 3.0 | V _{CC} + 0.5 | V | reset_n hysteresis = 200mV |
| * III | veitage, input ingi | rx0 | 4.0 | _ | · | Comparator bypassed |
| | | | 3.0 | V _{CC} + 0.5 | | All other pins |
| | Voltage, Output Low | tx0, tx1 | | | ٧ | See Table 7 |
| V_{OL} | | | _ | 0.45 | V | All other pins; I _{OL} = 1.6 mA |
| | Voltage, Output High | clkout | 0.8(V _{CC}) | _ | | I _{OH} = -80 μA |
| V_{OH} | | tx0, tx1 | | | V | See Table 7 |
| | | | V _{CC} - 0.8 | _ | | All other pins; I _{OH} = −200 μA |
| I _{LEAK} | Input Leakage Current | | _ | ±10 | μA | V _{SS} < V _{IN} < V _{CC} |
| C _{IN} | Pin Capacitance | | _ | 10 | pF | f _{CRYSTAL} = 1 KHz |
| Icc | Supply Current | | _ | 50 | mA | $f_{CRYSTAL}$ = 16 KHz; all pins are driven to V_{SS} or V_{CC} . |
| I _{SLEEP-E} | Sleep Current | | 1 | 700 | | V _{cc} /2 enabled; no load. |
| I _{SLEEP-D} | Sleep Current | | | 100 | μΑ | V _{cc} /2 disabled. |
| I _{PD} | Power-Down Current | | _ | 25 | | xtal1 clocked; all pins driven to V_{SS} or V_{CC} . |
| All ratings listed are for the temperature range $T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($V_{CC} = 5\text{V} \pm 10\%$). | | | | | | |

EN21070504-00 www.Innovasic.com Customer Support:

Page 19 of 45 1-888-824-4184

Table 7. IA82527 ISO Physical Layer DC Parameters

| Signal | Parameter | Minimum | Maximum | Units | Notes |
|---|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------|---|
| | Input Voltage | -0.5 | V _{CC} + 0.5 | V | _ |
| | Common Mode Range | V _{ss} + 1.0 | V _{CC} - 1.0 | V | _ |
| | Differential Input Threshold | ±100 | _ | mV | _ |
| m/0 9 m/1: | Delay 1: receive comparator input delay + tx0/tx1 output delay | _ | 60 | ns | Load on tx0/tx1 = 100 pF; rx0/rx1 differential = +100 mV to -100 mV |
| rx0 & rx1; tx0 & tx1 | Delay 2: rx0 pin delay (comparator bypassed) + tx0/tx1 output delay | _ | 50 | ns | Load on tx0/tx1 = 100 pF |
| | Source Current on tx0, tx1 | _ | -10 | mA | V _{OUT} = V _{CC} - 1.0 V |
| | Sink Current on tx0, tx1 | _ | 10 | mA | V _{OUT} = 1.0 V |
| | Input Hysteresis for rx0/rx1 | _ | 0 | V | _ |
| V _{CC} /2 | Reference Voltage | 2.38 | 2.62 | V | $I_{OUT} \le 75 \mu A; V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ |
| All ratings listed are for the temperature range $T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($V_{CC} = 5\text{V} \pm 10^{\circ}\text{M}$). | | | | | |

EN21070504-00 www.Innovasic.com **Customer Support:**

Page 20 of 45 1-888-824-4184

4. Functional Description

4.1 Hardware Architecture

A block diagram of the IA82527 CAN Serial Communications Controller is shown in Figure 3. The primary architectural features of the device are as follows:

- Controller Area Network (CAN) Controller
- RAM
- CPU Interface
- I/O Ports
- Programmable Clock Output

These features are briefly described in the following subsections.

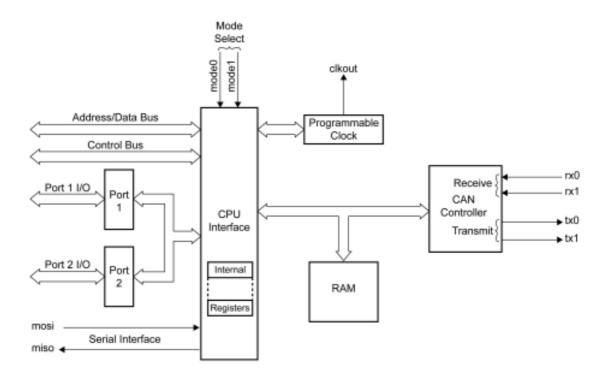


Figure 3. IA82527 Functional Block Diagram

Copyright © 2007

EN21070504-00

Page 21 of 45 1-888-824-4184

4.1.1 CAN Controller

The CAN Controller block of the IA82527 supports the interface to the CAN Bus via the **rx0**, **rx1**, **tx0**, and **tx1** lines. The CAN Controller manages the transceiver logic, error management logic, and the message objects, controlling the data stream between the RAM (parallel data) and the CAN Bus (serial data).

4.1.2 RAM

The RAM block of the IA82527 provides the interface buffer between the system CPU and the CAN Bus. The IA82527 RAM provides storage for 15 message objects of 8-byte data length. The RAM is an interleaved-access memory, which means that access to the RAM is timeshared between the CPU Interface Logic and the CAN Bus.

4.1.3 CPU Interface

The IA82527 is capable of interfacing to many commonly used microcontrollers. There are four parallel interface options and a serial interface option.

Different interface options, or modes, are selected using interface mode pins, **mode1** and **mode0**. The parallel interface modes that can be selected are as follows:

- 8-bit Intel® multiplexed address and data buses
- 16-bit Intel® multiplexed address and data buses
- 8-bit non- Intel® multiplexed address and data buses
- 8-bit non-multiplexed address and data buses

The serial interface mode is fully compatible with the Motorola[®] SPI protocol and will interface to most commonly used serial interfaces. The serial interface is implemented in slave mode only, and responds to the master using the specially designed serial interface protocol. The serial interface mode interconnection scheme is shown in Figure 4.

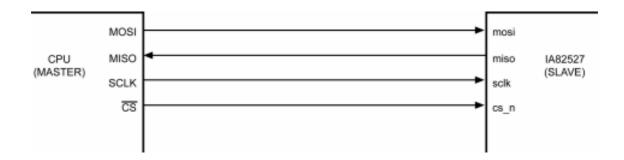


Figure 4. mosi/miso Connection



Copyright © 2007

EN21070504-00

www.Innovasic.com Customer Support:

Page 22 of 45 1-888-824-4184

PRELIMINARY

4.1.4 I/O Ports

The IA82527 provides two 8-bit low-speed input/output (I/O) ports. Depending on the CPU interface mode selected, at least 7 and up to 16 I/O lines are available. Each I/O line is individually programmable to function either as an input or an output.

4.1.5 Programmable Clock Output

Using an oscillator, clock divider register, and a driver circuit, the IA82527 provides a programmable clock output. The output frequency range available is from the external crystal frequency to that frequency divided by 15. The clock output allows the IA82527 to drive other devices such as the host CPU.

4.2 Address Map

The IA82527 includes 256 8-bit locations that provide device configuration registers and message storage. The address map is shown in Figure 5.

4.3 CAN Message Objects

Each CAN message object has a unique identifier and can be configured as either transmit or receive, except for the last message object. The last message object is a receive-only buffer with a special mask design to allow select groups of different message identifiers to be received. Each message object contains control and status bits.

All message objects have separate transmit and receive interrupts and status bits that allow the host CPU to determine when a message frame has been sent or received. The IA82527 implements a global masking feature that allows the user to globally mask any identifier bits of the incoming message. This mask is programmable, which permits application-specific message identification.

The Message Object Structure is shown in Figure 6.



Copyright © 2007 EN21070504-00 www.Innovasic.com Customer Support:

Page 23 of 45 1-888-824-4184

As of Production Ver. 00

| Address | Register/Message |
|---------|-------------------------------|
| 00H | Control Register |
| 01H | Status Register |
| 02H | CPU Interface Register |
| 03H | Reserved |
| 04-05H | High-Speed Read Register |
| 06-07H | Global Mask – Standard |
| 08–0BH | Global Mask – Extended |
| 0V-0FH | Message 15 Mask |
| 10–1EH | Message 1 |
| 1FH | CLKOUT Register |
| 20-2EH | Message 2 |
| 2FH | Bus Configuration Register |
| 30-3EH | Message 3 |
| 3FH | Bit Timing Register 0 |
| 40–4EH | Message 4 |
| 4FH | Bit Timing Register 1 |
| 50-5EH | Message 5 |
| 5FH | Interrupt Register |
| 60-6EH | Message 6 |
| 6FH | Reserved |
| 70H–7EH | Message 7 |
| 7FH | Reserved |
| 80-8EH | Message 8 |
| 8FH | Reserved |
| 90–9EH | Message 9 |
| 9FH | P1CONF Register |
| A0-AEH | Message 10 |
| AFH | P2CONF Register |
| B0-BEH | Message 11 |
| BFH | P1IN Register |
| C0-CEH | Message 12 |
| CFH | P2IN Register |
| D0-DEH | Message 13 |
| DFH | P10UT Register |
| E0-EEH | Message 14 |
| EFH | P2OUT Register |
| F0-FEH | Message 15 |
| FFH | Serial Reset Address Register |
| • | |

Figure 5. IA82527 Address Map

Copyright © 2007

| Offset (Base Address +n) | Message Component |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| +0 | Control Register 0 |
| +1 | Control Register 1 |
| +2 | Arbitration Register 0 |
| +3 | Arbitration Register 1 |
| +4 | Arbitration Register 2 |
| +5 | Arbitration Register 3 |
| +6 | Message Configuration Register |
| +7 | Data Byte 0 |
| +8 | Data Byte 1 |
| +9 | Data Byte 2 |
| +10 | Data Byte 3 |
| +11 | Data Byte 4 |
| +12 | Data Byte 5 |
| +13 | Data Byte 6 |
| +14 | Data Byte 7 |

Figure 6. IA82527 Message Object Structure

EN21070504-00 www.Innovasic.com Customer Support:

Page 25 of 45 1-888-824-4184

PRELIMINARY

5. AC Characteristics

The AC characteristics of the IA82527 are provided in the figures and tables of this chapter.

The IA82527 can be configured to operate in the following parallel and serial CPU interface modes:

- Mode 0: 8-Bit Multiplexed Intel® Architecture
- Mode 1: 16-Bit Multiplexed Intel® Architecture
- Mode 2: 8-Bit Multiplexed Non-Intel[®] Architecture
- Mode 3: 8-Bit Non-Multiplexed Non-Intel® Architecture
- Serial Interface Mode

The AC characteristics of these modes in operation of are provided as follows:

- Mode 0 and Mode 1 General Bus Timing (Table 8/Figure 7)
- Mode 0 and Mode 1 **ready** Timing for Read Cycle (Table 8/Figure 8)
- Mode 0 and Mode 1 ready Timing for Write Cycle with No Write Pending (Table 8/Figure 9)
- Mode 0 & Mode 1 ready Timing for Write Cycle with Write Pending (Table 8/Figure 10)
- Mode 2 General Bus Timing (Table 9/Figure 11)
- Mode 3, Asynchronous Operation, Read Cycle (Table 10/Figure 12)
- Mode 3, Asynchronous Operation, Write Cycle (Table 10/Figure 13)
- Mode 3, Synchronous Operation, Read Cycle (Table 11/Figure 14)
- Mode 3, Synchronous Operation, Write Cycle (Table 11/Figure 15)
- Serial Interface Mode, **icp** = 0 and **cp** = 0 (Table 12/Figure 16)
- Serial Interface Mode, icp = 1 and cp = 1 (Table 12/Figure 17)

NOTE

The values provided in the following tables and figures are preliminary.

Copyright © 2007 EN21070504-00 www.Innovasic.com
Customer Support:

Page 26 of 45 1-888-824-4184

Table 8. Mode 0 and Mode 1 General Bus and ready Timing

| Symbol | Parameter | Minimum | Maximum |
|---------------------|---|---------|--------------------------------|
| 1/t _{XTAL} | Oscillator Frequency | 8 MHz | 16 MHz |
| 1/t _{SCLK} | System Clock Frequency | 4 MHz | 10 MHz |
| 1/t _{MCLK} | Memory Clock Frequency | 2 MHz | 8 MHz |
| t _{AVLL} | Address Valid to ale Low | 7.5 ns | _ |
| t _{LLAX} | Address Hold after ale Low | 10 ns | _ |
| t _{LHLL} | ale High Time | 30 ns | _ |
| t _{LLRL} | ale Low to rd_n Low | 20 ns | _ |
| t _{CLLL} | cs_n Low to ale Low | 10 ns | _ |
| t _{QVWH} | Data Setup to wr_n or wrh_n High | 27 ns | _ |
| t _{WHQX} | Input Data Hold after wr_n or wrh_n High | 10 ns | _ |
| t _{WLWH} | wr_n or wrh_n Pulse Width | 30 ns | _ |
| t _{WHLH} | wr_n or wrh_n High to Next ale High | 8 ns | _ |
| t _{WHCH} | wr_n or wrh_n High to cs_n High | 0 ns | _ |
| t _{RLRH} | rd_n Pulse Width This time is long enough to initiate a double read cycle by loading the High Speed Registers (04H, 05H), but is too short to read from 04H and 05H (see t_{RLDV}). | 40 ns | _ |
| t _{RLDV} | rd_n Low to Data Valid (Only for Registers 02H, 04H, 05H) | 0 ns | 55 ns |
| t _{RLDV1} | <pre>rd_n Low Data to Data Valid (for all Registers except 02H, 04H, 05H) for Read Cycle without a Previous Write</pre> | _ | 1.5 t _{MCLK} + 100 ns |
| t _{RLDV1} | rd_n Low Data to Data Valid (for all Registers except 02H, 04H, 05H) for Read Cycle with a Previous Write | _ | 3.5 t _{MCLK} + 100 ns |
| t _{RHDZ} | Data Float after rd_n High | 0 ns | 45 ns |
| | cs_n Low to ready Setup (Load Capacitance on the ready Output = 50 pF, V _{OL} = 1.0 V) | _ | 32 ns |
| t _{CLYV} | cs_n Low to ready Setup (Load Capacitance on the ready Output = 50 pF, V_{OL} = 0.45 V) | _ | 40 ns |
| t _{WLYZ} | wr_n or wrh_n Low to ready Float for a Write Cycle if No Previous Write is Pending | _ | 145 ns |
| continued | | | |

EN21070504-00 www.Innovasic.com Customer Support:

Page 27 of 45 1-888-824-4184

As of Production Ver. 00

Table 8. Mode 0 & Mode 1 General Bus and ready Timing, continued

| Symbol | Parameter | Minimum | Maximum |
|-------------------|--|--|---|
| t _{WHYZ} | End of Last Write to ready Float for a Write Cycle if a Previous Write Cycle is Active | _ | 2 t _{MCLK} + 100 ns |
| t _{RLYZ} | rd_n Low to ready Float (for all registers except 02H, 04H, 05H) for Read Cycle without a Previous Write | ı | 2 t _{MCLK} + 100 ns |
| t _{RLYZ} | rd_n Low to ready Float (for all registers except 02H, 04H, 05H) for Read Cycle with a Previous Write | - | 4 t _{MCLK} + 100 ns |
| t _{WHDV} | wr_n High to Output Data Valid on Port 1 or Port 2 | t _{MCLK} | 2 t _{MCLK} + 500 ns |
| t _{COPO} | clkout Period (CD _√ is the value loaded in the CLKOUT Register representing the clkout divisor.) | (CD _V + 1) · t _{OSC} | |
| t _{CHCL} | clkout High Period (CD _√ is the value loaded in the CLKOUT Register representing the clkout divisor.) | (CD _V + 1) ½ t _{OSC} – 10 | (CD _V + 1) · ½ t _{OSC} – 15 |

Copyright © 2007 EN21070504-00 www.Innovasic.com
Customer Support:

Page 28 of 45 1-888-824-4184

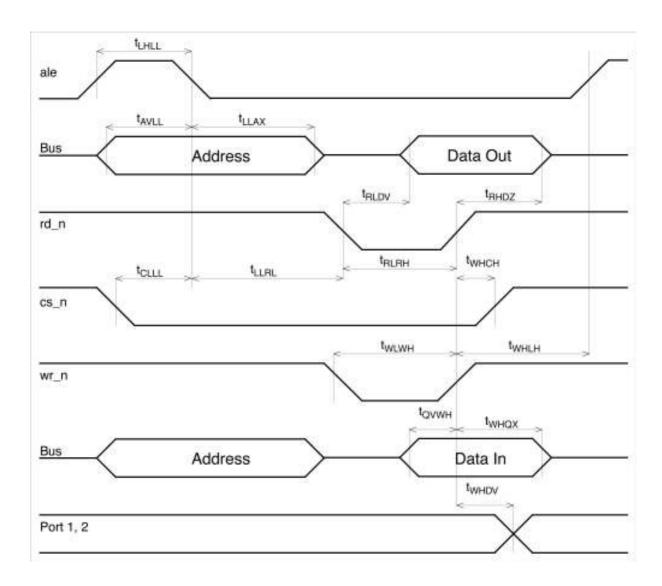


Figure 7. Mode 0 and Mode 1 General Bus Timing

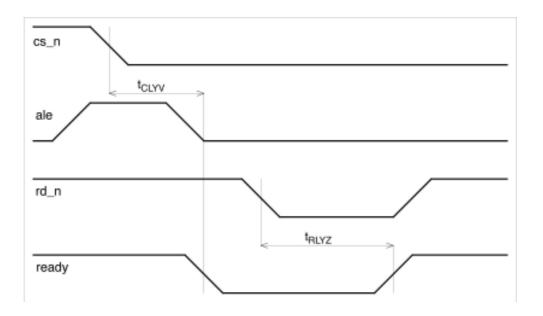


Figure 8. Mode 0 and Mode 1 ready Timing for Read Cycle

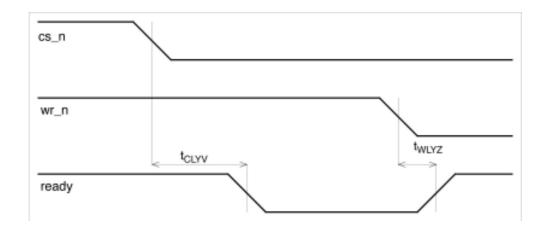


Figure 9. Mode 0 and Mode 1 ready Timing for Write Cycle with No Write Pending

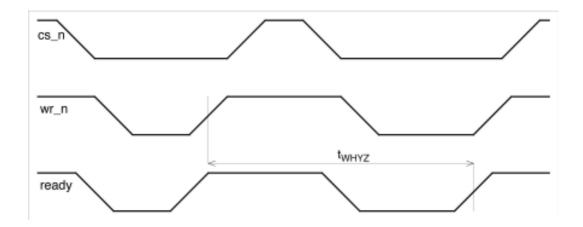


Figure 10. Mode 0 & Mode 1 ready Timing for Write Cycle with Write Active

EN21070504-00

Page 31 of 45

Table 9. Mode 2 General Bus Timing

| Symbol | Parameter | Minimum | Maximum |
|---------------------|--|---|---|
| 1/t _{XTAL} | Oscillator Frequency | 8 MHz | 16 MHz |
| 1/t _{SCLK} | System Clock Frequency | 4 MHz | 10 MHz |
| 1/t _{MCLK} | Memory Clock Frequency | 2 MHz | 8 MHz |
| t _{AVSL} | Address Valid to as Low | 7.5 ns | |
| t _{SLAX} | Address Hold after as Low | 10 ns | |
| t _{ELDZ} | Data Float after e Low | 0 ns | 45 ns |
| | e High to Data Valid for Registers 02H, 04H, 05H | 0 ns | 45 ns |
| t _{EHDV} | e High to Data Valid (all Registers except for 02H, 04H, 05H) for Read Cycle without a Previous Write | | 1.5 t _{mclk} + 100 ns |
| | e High to Data Valid (all Registers except for 02H, 04H, 05H) for Read Cycle with a Previous Write | _ | 3.5 t _{mclk} + 100 ns |
| t _{QVEL} | Data Setup to e Low | 30 ns | _ |
| t _{ELQX} | Input Data Hold after e Low | 20 ns | 1 |
| t_{ELDV} | e Low to Output Data Valid on Port 1/2 | t _{mclk} | 2 t _{mclk} + 500 ns |
| t _{EHEL} | e High Time | 45 ns | |
| t _{SHSL} | as High Time | 30 ns | 1 |
| t _{RSEH} | Setup Time of r-w_n to e High | 30 ns | |
| t _{SLEH} | as Low to e High | 20 ns | |
| t _{CLSL} | cs_n Low to as Low | 20 ns | |
| t _{ELCH} | e Low to cs_n High | 0 ns | |
| t _{COPD} | clkout Period (CD _V is the value loaded in the CLKOUT Register representing the clkout divisor.) | (CD _V + 1) • t _{osc} | |
| t _{CHCL} | clkout High Period (CD _V is the value loaded in the CLKOUT Register representing the clkout divisor.) | (CD _V + 1) ½ t _{osc} – 10 | (CD _V + 1) ½ t _{osc} – 15 |

Copyright © 2007

Page 32 of 45 1-888-824-4184

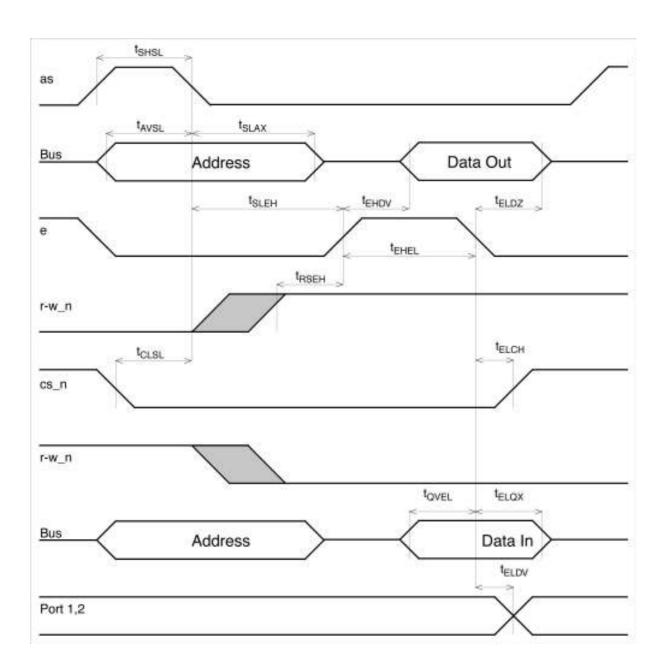


Figure 11. Mode 2 General Bus Timing

Table 10. Mode 3 Asynchronous Operation Timing

| Symbol | Parameter | Minimum | Maximum | |
|---------------------|--|---------|--------------------------------|--|
| 1/t _{XTAL} | Oscillator Frequency | 8 MHz | 16 MHz | |
| 1/t _{SCLK} | System Clock Frequency | 4 MHz | 10 MHz | |
| 1/t _{MCLK} | Memory Clock Frequency | 2 MHz | 8 MHz | |
| t _{AVCL} | Address or r-w_n Valid to cs_n Low Setup | 3 ns | | |
| | cs_n Low to Data Valid (for High-Speed Registers 02H, 04H, and 05H) | 0 ns | 55 ns | |
| t_{CLDV} | cs_n Low to Data Valid (for Low-Speed Registers) Read Cycle without Previous Write | 0 ns | 1.5 t _{mclk} + 100 ns | |
| | cs_n Low to Data Valid (for Low-Speed Registers) Read Cycle with Previous Write | 0 ns | 3.5 t _{mclk} + 100 ns | |
| 4 | dsack0_n Low to Output Data Valid (for High-Speed Read Registers) | | 23 ns | |
| t _{KLDV} | dsack0_n Low to Output Data Valid (for Low-Speed Read Registers) | < 0 ns | _ | |
| t _{CHDV} | Input Data Hold after cs_n High | 15 ns | _ | |
| t _{CHDH} | Output Data Hold after cs_n High | 0 ns | _ | |
| t _{CHDZ} | cs_n High to Output Data Float | _ | 35 ns | |
| t _{CHKH1} | cs_n High to dsack0_n = 2.4V (An on-chip pull-up will drive dsack0_n to approximately 2.4V; an external pull-up is required to drive this signal to a higher voltage.) | 0 ns | 55 ns | |
| t _{CHKH2} | cs_n High to dsack0_n = 2.8V | | 150 ns | |
| t _{CHKZ} | cs_n High to dsack0_n Float | 0 ns | 100 ns | |
| t _{CHCL} | cs_n Width between Successive Cycles | 25 ns | _ | |
| t _{CHAI} | cs_n High to Address Invalid | 7 ns | _ | |
| t _{CLCH} | cs_n Width Low | 65 ns | _ | |
| t _{DVCH} | CPU Write Data Valid to cs_n High | 20 ns | _ | |
| continued | | | | |

Page 34 of 45 1-888-824-4184

Table 10. Mode 3 Asynchronous Operation Timing, continued

| Symbol | Parameter | Minimum | Maximum |
|-------------------|--|---|---|
| t _{CLKL} | cs_n Low to dsack0_n Low (for High- and Low-Speed Registers) Write Cycle without Previous Write | 0 ns | 67 ns |
| t _{CHKL} | End of Previous Write (cs_n High) to dsack0_n Low for a Write Cycle with a Previous Write | 0 ns | 2 t _{mclk} + 145 ns |
| t _{COPD} | clkout Period (CD _V is the value loaded in the CLKOUT Register representing the clkout divisor.) | (CD _V + 1) * t _{osc} | |
| t _{CHCL} | clkout High Period (CD _V is the value loaded in the CLKOUT Register representing the clkout divisor.) | (CD _V + 1) * ½ t _{osc} – 10 | (CD _V + 1) * ½ t _{osc} – 15 |

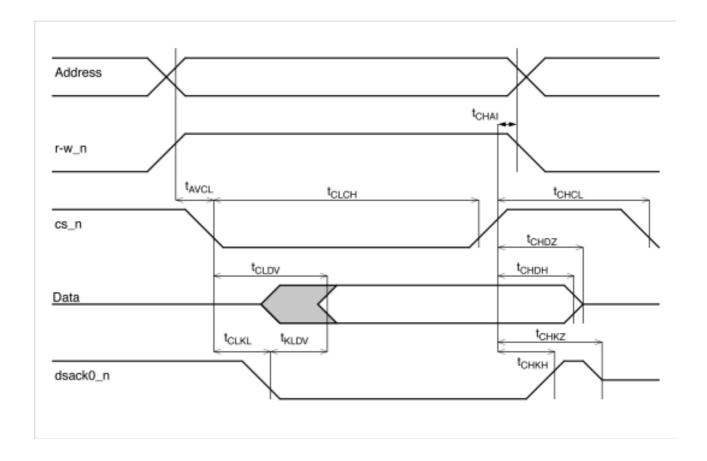


Figure 12. Mode 3, Asynchronous Operation, Read Cycle

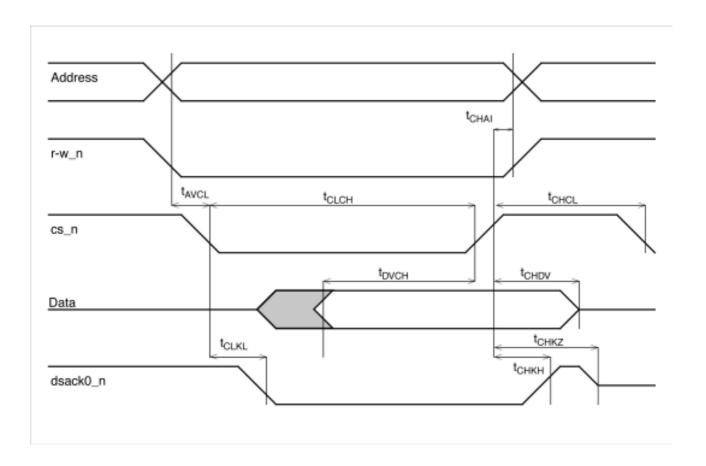


Figure 13. Mode 3, Asynchronous Operation, Write Cycle

Table 11. Mode 3 Synchronous Operation Timing

| Symbol | Parameter | Minimum | Maximum |
|---------------------|---|---|---|
| 1/t _{XTAL} | Oscillator Frequency | 8 MHz | 16 MHz |
| 1/t _{SCLK} | System Clock Frequency | 4 MHz | 10 MHz |
| 1/t _{MCLK} | Memory Clock Frequency | 2 MHz | 8 MHz |
| | e High to Data Valid (for High-Speed Registers 02H, 04H, and 5H) | _ | 55 ns |
| t _{EHDV} | e High to Data Valid (for Low-Speed Registers) Read Cycle without Previous Write | _ | 1.5 t _{mclk} + 100 ns |
| | e High to Data Valid (for Low-Speed Registers) Read Cycle with Previous Write | _ | 3.5 t _{mclk} + 100 ns |
| t _{ELDH} | Data Hold after e Low for a Read Cycle | 5 ns | <u> </u> |
| t _{ELDZ} | Data Float after e Low | _ | 35 ns |
| t _{ELDV} | Data Hold after e Low for a Write Cycle | 15 ns | _ |
| t _{AVEH} | Address and r-w_n to e Setup | 25 ns | 1 |
| t _{ELAV} | Address and r-w_n Valid after e Falls | 15 ns | _ |
| t _{CVEH} | cs_n Valid to e High | 0 ns | _ |
| t _{ELCV} | cs_n Valid after e Low | 0 ns | |
| t _{DVEL} | Data Setup to e Low | 55 ns | _ |
| t _{EHEL} | e Active Width | 100 ns | _ |
| t _{AVAV} | Start of a Write Cycle after a Previous Write Access | 2 t _{mclk} | |
| t _{AVCL} | Address or r-w_n to cs_n Low Setup | 3 ns | 1 |
| t _{CHAI} | cs_n High Address Invalid | 7 ns | 1 |
| t _{COPD} | clkout Period (CD _V is the value loaded in the CLKOUT Register representing the clkout divisor.) | (CD _V + 1) * t _{osc} | |
| t _{CHCL} | clkout High Period (CD _√ is the value loaded in the CLKOUT Register representing the clkout divisor.) | (CD _V + 1) * ½ t _{osc} – 10 | (CD _V + 1) * ½ t _{osc} + 15 |

Page 37 of 45 1-888-824-4184

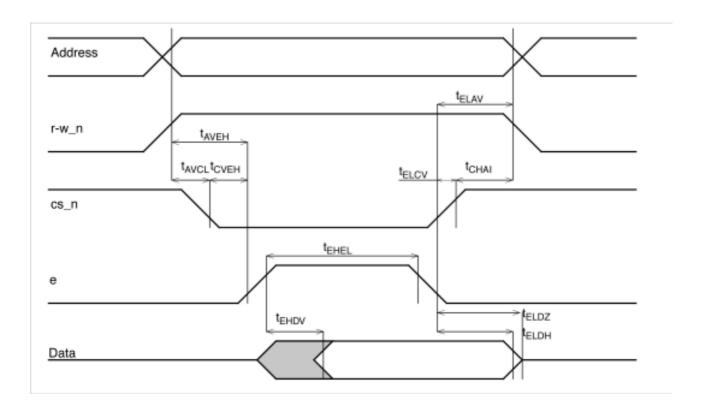


Figure 14. Mode 3, Synchronous Operation, Read Cycle Timing

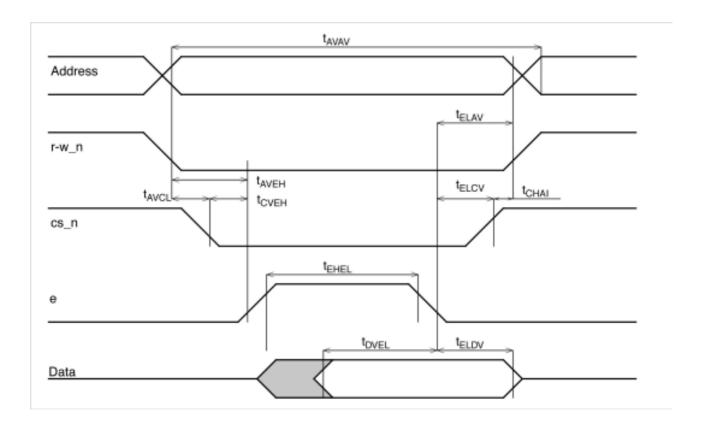


Figure 15. Mode 3, Synchronous Operation, Write Cycle Timing

Table 12. Serial Interface Mode Timing

| Symbol | Parameter | Minimum | Maximum |
|--------------------|---|---|---|
| sclk | Serial Port Interface Clock | 0.5 MHz | 8 MHz |
| t _{CYC} | 1/sclk | 125 ns | 2000 ns |
| t _{skHI} | Minimum Clock High Time | 84 ns | _ |
| t _{SKLO} | Minimum Clock Low Time | 84 ns | _ |
| t _{LEAD} | Enable Lead Time | 70 ns | _ |
| t _{LAG} | Enable Lag Time | 109 ns | _ |
| t _{ACC} | Access Time | _ | 50 ns |
| t _{PDO} | Maximum Data Out Delay Time | | 59 ns |
| t _{HO} | Minimum Data Out Hold Time | 0 ns | _ |
| t _{DIS} | Maximum Data Out Disable Time | | 665 ns |
| t _{SETUP} | Minimum Data Setup Time | 35 ns | _ |
| t _{HOLD} | Minimum Data Hold Time | 84 ns | _ |
| t _{RISE} | Maximum Time for Input to go from V _{OL} to V _{OH} | _ | 100 ns |
| t _{FALL} | Maximum Time for input to go from V _{OH} to V _{OL} | _ | 100 ns |
| t _{CS} | Minimum Time between Consecutive cs_n Assertions | 670 ns | _ |
| t _{COPD} | clkout Period (CD _V is the value loaded in the CLKOUT Register representing the clkout divisor.) | (CD _V + 1) * t _{osc} | |
| t _{CHCL} | clkout High Period (CD _V is the value loaded in the CLKOUT Register representing the clkout divisor.) | (CD _V + 1) * ½ t _{osc} – 10 | (CD _V + 1) * ½ t _{osc} + 15 |

Page 40 of 45 1-888-824-4184

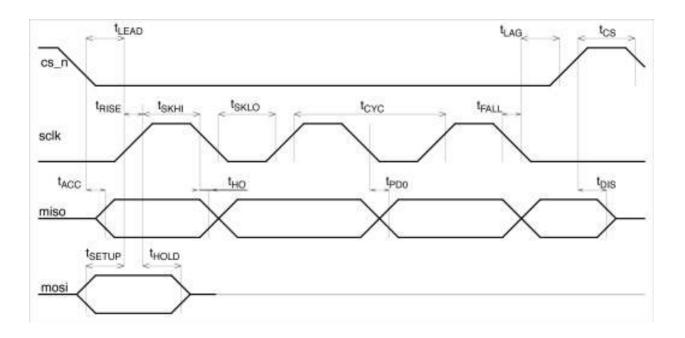


Figure 16. Serial Interface Mode, icp = 0 and cp = 0

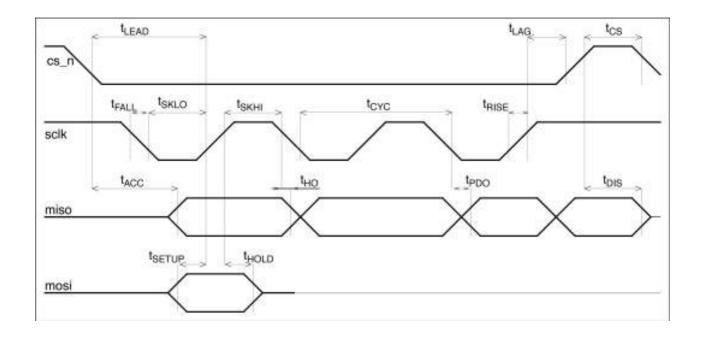


Figure 17. Serial Interface Mode, icp = 1 and cp = 1

As of Production Ver. 00

PRELIMINARY

6. Physical Dimensions

For the Innovasic Semiconductor IA82527 Serial Communications Interface, the physical dimensions for the available packages are provided in the following figures:

44-Pin PLCC Package: Figure 1844-Pin QFP Package: Figure 19

A table specifying dimensions accompanies each figure (Tables 13 and 14).

Copyright © 2007

EN21070504-00 www.Innovasic.com Customer Support:

Page 42 of 45 1-888-824-4184

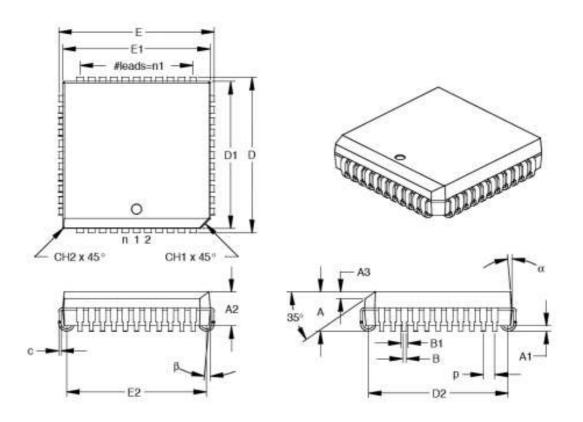


Figure 18. 44-Pin PLCC Physical Dimensions

Table 13. 44-Pin PLCC Physical Dimensions

| Dimension | | Minimum | Nominal | Maximum | Units |
|--------------------------|----|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Number of Pins | n | _ | 44 | _ | _ |
| Number of Pins per Side | n1 | _ | 11 | _ | |
| Pitch | р | _ | 0.0500 | _ | |
| Overall Height | Α | 0.1650 | _ | 0.1800 | |
| Molded Package Thickness | A2 | 0.1450 | _ | 0.1600 | |
| Standoff | A1 | 0.0200 | _ | _ | |
| Overall Width | Е | 0.6850 | _ | 0.6950 | inahaa |
| Overall Length | D | 0.6850 | _ | 0.6950 | inches |
| Molded Package Width | E1 | 0.6500 | | 0.6560 | |
| Molded Package Length | D1 | 0.6500 | _ | 0.6560 | |
| Lead Thickness | С | 0.0077 | _ | 0.1160 | |
| Lead Width | В | 0.0130 | 0.0170 | 0.0210 | |
| Pin 1 Corner Chamfer | CH | 0.0420 | - | 0.0560 | |
| Mold Draft Angle Top | α | _ | 7.00 | _ | degrees |
| Mold Draft Angle Bottom | β | _ | 7.00 | _ | ucyrees |

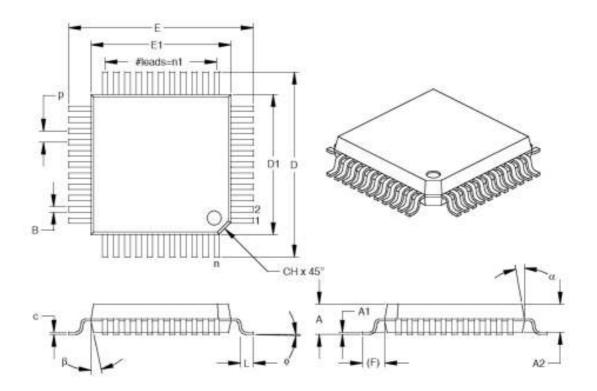


Figure 19. 44-Pin QFP Physical Dimensions

Table 14. 44-Pin QFP Physical Dimensions

| Dimensions | | Minimum | Nominal | Maximum | Units |
|--------------------------|-----|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Number of Pins | n | _ | 44 | _ | |
| Number of Pins per Side | n1 | _ | 11 | _ | _ |
| Pitch | р | _ | 0.031 | _ | |
| Overall Height | Α | | | 0.096 | |
| Molded Package Thickness | A2 | _ | 0.079 | _ | |
| Standoff | A1 | | 0.010 | _ | |
| Foot Length | L | 0.029 | 0.035 | 0.041 | |
| Footprint (Reference) | (F) | _ | 0.063 | _ | inches |
| Overall Width | Е | 0.510 | 0.520 | 0.530 | inches |
| Overall Length | D | 0.510 | 0.520 | 0.530 | |
| Molded Package Width | E1 | 0.390 | 0.394 | 0.398 | |
| Molded Package Length | D1 | 0.390 | 0.394 | 0.398 | |
| Lead Thickness | С | 0.005 | 0.007 | 0.009 | |
| Lead Width | В | 0.012 | 0.015 | 0.018 | |
| Pin 1 Corner Chamfer | CH | _ | 0.030 | _ | |
| Mold Draft Angle Top | α | 5.00 | _ | 16.00 | |
| Mold Draft Angle Bottom | β | 5.00 | _ | 16.00 | degrees |
| Foot Angle | ф | 0.00 | _ | 10.00 | |

Copyright © 2007 EN21070504-00 www.Innovasic.com
Customer Support:



As of Production Ver. 00

PRELIMINARY

7. Ordering Information

Ordering information for the Innovasic IA82527 Serial Communications Controller is provided in Table 15.

Table 15. IA82527 Ordering Information

| Innovasic Part Number | Intel [®] Part Number | Package Status | Package Type | Temperature Grades |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|--|-----------------------|
| IA82527-PLC44A | AS/AN82527F8 | Standard | 44-Pin Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier (PLCC) | Automotive |
| IA82527-PTQ44A | AS/AN82527F8 | Standard | 44-Pin Quad Flat Package (QFP) | Automotive |
| IA82527-PLC44A-R | AS/AN82527F8 | RoHS | 44-Pin Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier (PLCC) | Automotive |
| IA82527-PTQ44A-R | AS/AN82527F8 | RoHS | 44-Pin Quad Flat Package (QFP) | Automotive |

Other packages and temperature grades may be available for an additional cost, longer lead time, or both.

Innovasic Semiconductor, Inc. 3737 Princeton Drive NE, Suite 130 Albuquerque, NM 87107-4327 Office: 505.883.5263 FAX: 505.883.5477 Toll Free: 1-888.824.4184

www.innovasic.com

Copyright © 2007