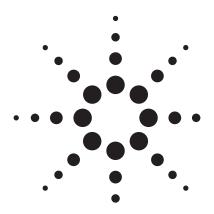
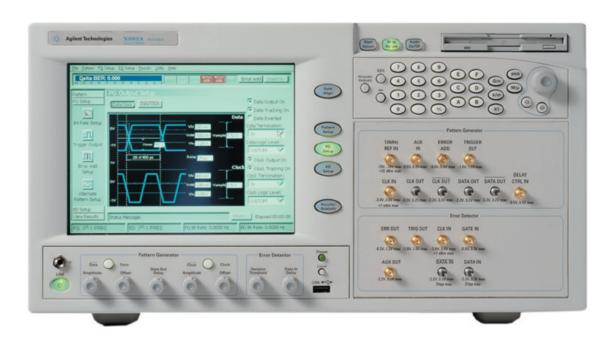
# N4902B SerialBERT 7 Gbps

# **Technical Specification**

Version 1.0





# General

The N4902B SerialBERT 7 Gbps operates within a range from 620 Mbps up to 7 Gbps. Available configurations are:

- · one Pattern Generator and one Error Detector
- · one Pattern Generator only
- · one Error Detector only

# **Key values & Benefits**

- · Range of operation 620 Mbps to 7 Gbps
- · Jitter Injection, Jitter Tolerance measurement capabilities
- · True differential data generation and analysis
- · CDR with ranges at approximately 3 Gbps and 6 Gbps
- · Intuitive, state-of-the-art Windows XP. touchscreen user interface
- · Inter-operability between N4902B and other instruments
- · Compatability with existing remote commands e.g. Agilent 71612 and 86130A Series
- · Signal integrity
- · Fastest transition times

#### **Pattern Generator**

- · Pattern generation for PRBS or memory based patterns
- · Flexible levels addressing a broad range of technologies, e.g. ECL, PECL (3.3V), LVDS, CML

### **Error Detector**

- · BER Measurements
- · Automatic Threshold
- · Sampling Point
- · Search Data Polarity
- · G. 821 Measurement
- · Measurement Suite
- · Auto Alignment

# **Measurement features**

- · Output Timing Jitter
- · Spectral Jitter
- · Output Level
- · Bit Error Rate
- · Fast Eye Mask
- · Eye Contour

#### Display

8" color LCD touchscreen

# **Data Entry**

Touch-screen display, numeric keypad with up/down arrows, dial-knob control or USB keyboard and mouse.

#### **Hard Disk**

For local storage of user patterns and data. Internal or external disk available.

#### **Removable Storage**

- · Floppy Disk Drive 1.44 MB
- · USB Stick

#### Online Help

For comprehensive software support

#### Interfaces

GPIB (IEEE 488), LAN, parallel printer port, VGA output, 4 x USB 2.0, 1 x USB 1.1 ports

# **User Interface**

The time needed to set up the first measurement is minimised based on intuitive and easy-to-learn interfaces.

The "N4902B SerialBERT 7 Gbps" User Interface is easily fitted to a variety of applications. In addition, the optimized measurement suite guarantees an immediate return on investment.

The User Interface provides the following functions:

- · Patter Generator Setup
- · Error Setup Analyser / Detector
- · Pattern Editor
- · Measurement Results

By utilizing network capabilities, N4902B SerialBERT is remote controllable via LAN. GPIB is available for MS Windows, Unix or Linux operating systems. Test executives can control the system by using National Instruments' LabVIEW, Agilent TestExec, and Microsoft® Excel or Visual Basic.

#### **Examples for Results Screens**

The Generator Pattern Editor allows simple access to timing & level parameters, as seen below.

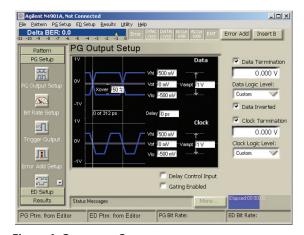


Figure 1: Generator Setup

The Sampling Point Setup allows simple access to Sampling Point precision referring to timing point threshold.



Figure 2: Error Detector Setup

The Pattern Editor allows the operator to deal with user-specific data.

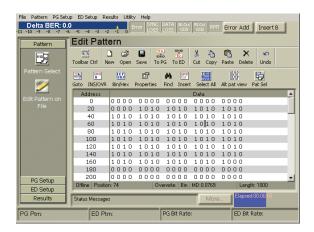


Figure 3: Pattern Editor Setup

The diagram below shows bit error results based on CCITT Ref. G.821.

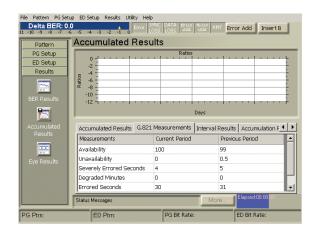


Figure 4: G.821 Results

# **Measurement Suite**

The Measurement Suite of the SerialBERT 7 Gbps offers comprehensive analysis features, detailed insight for design verification and efficient pass/fail testing in manufacturing.

# **Spectral Jitter Decomposition (see Fig. 5)**

It includes a measurement for the spectral decomposition of jitter components. The decomposition technique allows inband- and outband-characterization of circuits and devices including PLLs and CDRs. While debugging designs, the new measurement allows the exploration of the various components of deterministic jitter.

#### BERT Scan incl. Rj / Dj separation (see Fig. 6)

This measurement shows the BER of the DUT's output versus sample point delay, which is displayed as a curve with BER vs. sample delay and threshold. Available results are setup/hold time, phase margin, Jitter incl. extrapolation of total jitter (rms, peak-to-peak) and RJ/DJ Separation. The output timing measurement is available as a bathtub plot and as a histogram. This provides measurement of RJ, DJ and Total Jitter. The measurement method is equivalent to the IEE802.3ae method. In order to guarantee the validity of the measurement, a "quality of fit" value is also provided.

### Output Level and Q Factor (see Fig. 7)

Figure 7 shows the sample BERT delay corresponding to the threshold. Available results are Q Factor, table.

# Eye Contour (see Fig. 8)

For device characterization the eye opening measurement generates a three-dimensional bit error rate (BER) diagram as a function of the sample delay and the sample threshold. Besides the eye opening, the eye contour measurement provides results for the optimum sample point. The eye opening measurement allows selecting different views such as eye contour, pseudo color and equal BER plots.

#### **Fast Eye Mask**

For fast pass/fail testing in manufacturing, this measurement checks up to 32 points, equivalent to mask testing.

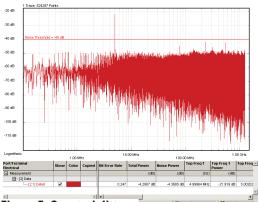


Figure 5: Spectral Jitter

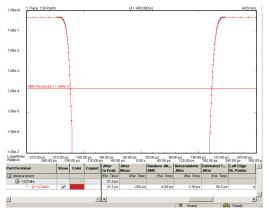


Figure 6: BERT Scan incl. Rj/Dj Separation

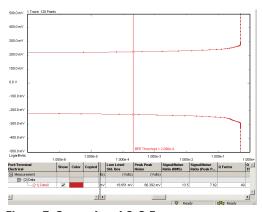


Figure 7: Output Level & Q Factor

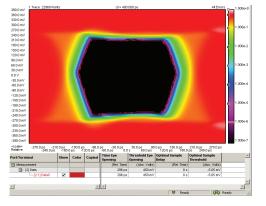


Figure 8: Eye Contour

# **Pattern Generator**

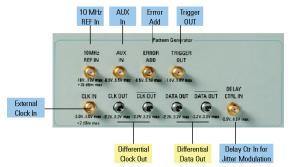


Figure 9: Front View of Pattern Generator

# **Waveform examples for Differential Data Output**

Pulse Performance Measurement allows different amplitude voltages with variable amplitudes from 50mV...1.8V, output voltage. The window makes -2V...2.8V possible and a variable delay. An example is shown below in Figure 10.

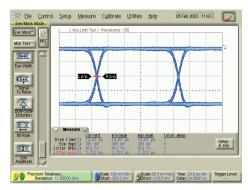


Figure 10: 50% Signals at 2V

### Features:

- · Polarity normal or inverted data
- · Data high level adjust
- · Data amplitude adjust
- · Clock/Data relative delay adjustment
- · Vertical data-eye cross-over adjust
- · Output gating
- · Error add
- · Delay control input

# **Data Output**

Table 1: Parameters for SerialBERT 7 Gbps General

	iberii 7 dupa denerai	
Range of operation:	620 Mbps to 7 Gbps	
Interface	Differential or single-ended (1),	
	DC coupled, $50\Omega$	
Format	NRZ, normal or inverted	
Amplitude/Resolution	0.10 V to 1.8 V in 5 mV steps	
Output voltage window	-2.0 V to +3.0 V	
Predefined Levels	ECL, PECL (3.3V), LVDS, CML	
Transition times	< 25 ps pp (2)	
(10% to 90%)		
Jitter	9 ps pp typical	
Clock/data delay	±0.75 ns	
Resolution	100 fs	
Terminations	$50\Omega$ , -2 V to 3 V or $50\Omega$ AC coupled	
	(the external termination voltage	
	must be below the output high level)	
<b>Crossing point of adjustment</b>	t 20%80% typical	
Single Error Inject	Adds single errors on demand	
Fixed Error Inject	Fixed error ratios of 1 error in 10 <sup>n</sup>	
	bits, n = 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9	
Delay Control Input	± 100ps, DC to 1 GHz @ data rate	
	<10.5 Gpbs	
Connector	2.4 mm female	

- (1) In single-ended mode the unused output has to be terminated by a  $50\Omega$  resistor to ground
- (2) at ECL levels

# **Clock Output**

Table 2: Parameters for N4902B SerialBERT 7 Gbps Generator

Clock Output	1, differential or single-ended,	
	2.4mm(f) (1)	
Frequency	620 MHz - 7 GHz	
Impedance	50 Ohm typ.	
Amplitude/Resolution	0.1Vpp to 1.8 Vpp in 5mV steps	
Output voltage window	-2.00 to +2.80 V	
Short circuit current	72 mA max.	
<b>External termination voltage</b>	-2V to +3V (2)	
Addressable technologies	LVDS, CML	
	PECL; ECL (terminated to	
	1.3V/0 V/-2 V) low voltage CMOS	
Transition times (10%-90%)	<25 ps	
Jitter	1 ps RMS typ.	
SSB phase noise	< - 75 dBc with internal clock sourc	е
(10GHz@ 10kHz offset,		
1Hz bandwidth)		

- (1) In single-ended mode, the unused output must be terminated with 50 Ohm to GND.
- (2) External termination voltage must be less than 3V below  $\rm V_{OH}$ . External termination voltage must be less than 3V above  $\rm V_{OL}$ . Termination into AC is possible.

# 10 MHz Reference Input

A 10 MHz reference signal can be applied from which the internal clock is derived.

**Table 3: Specifications** 

idbic 3. Opecifications	
Interface	AC coupled, $50\Omega$ nominal
Amplitude	200 mV to 2 V
Connector	SMA female

# **Clock Scheme**

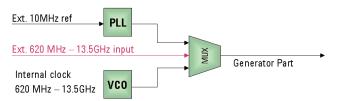


Figure 11: Block Diagram for the Clock Section

# Three clock paths are possible:

- · 10 MHz Ref. Input used to synchronise SerialBERT 7 Gbps with other equipment at 10 MHz
- Ext. Clock Input operates from 620 MHz to 7 GHz. This allows the input of a FM modulated clock for Jitter Transfer or Jitter Tolerance measurements
- · Internal clock reference operates from  $620~\mathrm{MHz}$  to  $7~\mathrm{GHz}$

# **Clock Input**

Table 4: Clock Input

Frequency range	620 MHz to 7 GHz
Interface	AC coupled, $50\Omega$ nominal
Amplitude	150 mV to 2 V
Connector	SMA female

**Table 5: Delay Control Input** 

Interface	DC coupled, $50\Omega$ nominal
Input voltage window	-250 mV to +250 mV
Delay Range	-100 ps to + 100 ps
<b>Modulation Bandwidth</b>	DC to 1 GHz
Connector	SMA female

#### Modulation

Face Modulation operates between 620 and 7 Gbps. It is a linear  $\Delta d/\Delta t$  function that allows diverse signal distortions to be added.

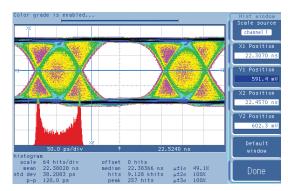


Figure 12: Sinusoidal Jitter

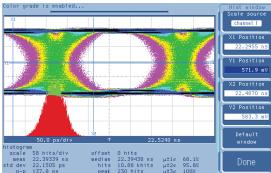


Figure 13: Random Jitter

# **Trigger Output**

This provides an electrical trigger synchronous with the pattern for use with an oscilloscope or other test equipment. There is a fixed delay of 32 ns typical between trigger and data output for the selected bit. It operates in two modes: pattern trigger and divided clock trigger.

## **Pattern Trigger Mode**

For PRBS patterns the pulse is synchronized with a user specified trigger pattern. The repetition rate is 1 pulse for every 4th pattern repetition. For alternate patterns the trigger pulse occurs at bit 0 of the selected pattern. For all other patterns, the trigger pulse is synchronized to a user-definable bit in the pattern.

#### **Divided Clock Mode**

In divided clock mode the trigger is a square wave at the clock rate divided by 2, 4, 8, 10, 16, 20, 40, 64, 128.

**Table 6: Specifications** 

Pulse width	Square wave
Levels	High: +0.5 V; Low -0.5 V typ.
Transition times	35 ps typical
Interface	DC coupled, $50\Omega$ nominal
Connector	SMA female

#### **Auxiliary Input**

This port can be used to control user programmable, alternate test patterns or inhibit data output (force the output data to a fixed low level). When Alternate Pattern Mode is selected the instrument will output one of two patterns (A or B). The auxiliary input controls which pattern is output in one of two modes. In both modes, switching between patterns is at the end of a pattern and is 'hitless' (error free).

#### Mode 1: One-shot

A rising edge on the auxiliary input inserts a single version of pattern B into repetitions of pattern A.

#### Mode 2: Alternate

The logic state of the signal at the auxiliary input determines which pattern is output. An active (TTL high) signal will output Pattern 3.

The auxiliary input may also be used to inhibit the data output signal. If Alternate Pattern mode is not selected, an active (TTL high) signal at the auxiliary input port forces (gates) the data to a logic zero at the next 32-bit boundary in the pattern.

# **Auxiliary Input**

Switch between two different data sequences using an external trigger pulse



Figure 14: External Trigger Pulse

**Table 7: Specifications** 

Interface	DC coupled, $50\Omega$ nominal
Levels	TTL levels
201010	112101010
Minimum Pulse Width	100 ns
IVIIIIIIIIIIII I UISE VVIUUI	100 113
Commonton	CMA famala
Connector	SMA female

#### **Patterns**

# PRBS (HW Generated)

- $\cdot 2^{31}$  1 Polynomial:  $x^{31} + x^{28} + 1 = 0$  (inverted)
- $\cdot 2^{23}$  1 Polynomial:  $x^{23} + x^{18} + 1 = 0$  (inverted) (ITU-T 0.151)
- $\cdot 2^{15}$  1 Polynomial:  $x^{15} + x^{14} + 1 = 0$  (inverted) (ITU-T 0.151)
- ·  $2^{11}$  1 Polynomial:  $x^{11} + x^9 + 1 = 0$  (inverted) (ITU-T 0.152)
- ·  $2^{10}$  1 Polynomial:  $x^{10}$  +  $x^{7}$  + 1 = 0 (inverted)
- $\cdot 2^7 1$  Polynomial:  $x^7 + x^6 + 1 = 0$  (inverted) (ITU-T V.29)

#### **Zero Substitution**

Zeros can be substituted for data to extend the longest run of zeros in the patterns below. The longest run can be extended to the pattern length -1. The bit following the substituted zeros is set to 1.

#### **Variable Mark Density**

The ratio of ones to total bits in the patterns below can be set to 1/8, 1/4, 1/2, 3/4, or 7/8.

Available test patterns for zero and variables:

- · 8388608 bits based on 2<sup>23</sup>-1 PRBS
- $\cdot$  32768 bits based on 215-1 PRBS
- · 8192 bits based on 213-1 PRBS
- · 2048 bits based on 211-1 PRBS
- · 1024 bits based on 210-1 PRBS
- · 128 bits based on 27-1 PRBS

# **User-programmable Test Patterns**

User defined patterns are available with variable length from 1 bit to 33,554,432 bits  $(2^{25})$ .

# **Alternate Test Pattern**

Switch between two equal length user programmable patterns, each up to 16,777,216 bits. Switching is possible by using a front panel key, GP-IB or the auxiliary input port. Changeover is synchronous with the end of the pattern. The length of the alternating patterns should be a multiple of 512 bits. Two methods of controlling pattern changeover are available: one-shot and alternate.

# **External Error Inject Input**

The external "Error Inject Input" adds a single error to the data output for each rising edge at the input.

**Table 8: Specifications** 

Tubic of opcomoutions	
Interface	DC coupled, $50\Omega$ nominal
Levels	TTL compatible
Minimum pulse width	100 ns
Connector	SMA female

#### **Delay Control Input**

The delay control modulates the delay of the data ouputs.

Table 9: Delay Control Input

Interface	DC coupled, $50\Omega$ nominal
Input Voltage Window	-250 mV to +250 mV
Delay Range	-100 ps to +100 ps @ 7 Gbps
<b>Modulation Bandwidth</b>	DC to 1 GHz
Connector	SMA female

# **Error Detector**

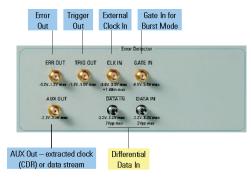


Figure 15: Front view Error Detector

# **Data Input**

#### **Features:**

- · Differential data inputs
- · Data polarity normal or inverted data.
- · Clock/Data delay adjust.
- · Clock/Data auto-alignment.
- · 0/1 decision threshold auto-alignment.
- · Clock data recovery (CDR) for selected frequency ranges or ext. clock

**Table 10: Parameters for N4902B Error Detector** 

Range of operation	620 Mbps to 7 Gbps	
Impedance	Single-ended: 50Ω, -2.0V	to
	+3.0V terminated(1)	
	Differential: $100\Omega$	
Termination Voltage	-2 V to +3 V or off (true	
	differential mode)	(1)
Format	NRZ	
Max Input Amplitude	2.0 V	
Sensitivity	<50 mV pp	(2)
Decision threshold range	-2 V to +3 V in 0.1 mV ste	ps
Max Levels	-2.2V to +3.2V	
Phase Margin	1UI - 12ps typical	(3)
Clock/Data phase alignment	±0.75 ns in 100 fs steps	
Clock data recovery (CDR)	4.23 Gbps to 6.40 Gbps	
	2.11 Gbps to 3.20 Gbps	
CDR Output Jitter	0.01 UI <sub>rms</sub> typical	
Connector	2.4 mm female	

- (1) A user has to define a 2V operating voltage window, which is in the range between -2.0 V to +3.0 V. Data signals, termination voltage and decision threshold have to be within this voltage window.
- (2) @ 10 Gbps, BER 10-12, PRBS 231 -1.
- (3) Based on internal clock

### **Clock Input**

**Table 11: Specifications** 

Frequency range	620 MHz to 7 GHz
Interface	AC coupled, $50\Omega$ nominal
Amplitude	100 mV to 1.2 V
Connector	SMA female

Possibilites for CDR movement or External Clock Input.

# **Trigger Out**

## **Error Detector Pattern Trigger Output**

This provides an electronic trigger synchronous with the selected error detector reference pattern. It operates in two modes, pattern trigger and divided clock trigger.

#### **Pattern Trigger Mode**

This provides an electrical trigger synchronous with the selected error detector reference pattern. In pattern mode the pulse is synchronized to repetitions of the output pattern. For PRBS patterns the repetition rate is 1 pulse for every 4th pattern repetition

#### **Divided Clock Mode**

In divided clock mode the trigger is a square wave at the clock rate divided by 4, 8, 16, 32, 40, 64, 128.

**Table 12: Specifications** 

Table 12. Opecifications	
Interface	DC coupled, 50 $\Omega$ nominal
Levels	High: + 0.5 V; Low: - 0.5 V
Minimum pulse width	pattern length x clock period/2 at
	10Gb/s with $1000$ bits = $50$ ns
Connector	SMA female

#### **Errors Output**

This provides an electrical signal to indicate received errors. The output is the logical 'OR' of errors in a 128-bit segment of the data.

**Table 13: Specifications** 

Interface Format	RZ, active high
Interface	DC coupled, $50\Omega$ nominal
Levels	High: 1V nominal; Low: 0 V nominal
Pulse Width	128 clock periods
Connector	SMA female

# **Gating Input**

The Gating Input is used to enable the error counters including during burst gating mode. In both these cases the error counters will always be enabled for a multiple of 512 pattern bits

**Table 14: Gating Input** 

Interface levels	TTL levels
Pulse width	256 clock periods
Connector	SMA female

Connecting an external termination to the gating input will pull it low and disable the instrument error counters. Gating resumes when the Gating Input returns high.

#### **AUX Output**

This output can be used to provide either clock or data signals:

**CLOCK:** clock signals from the input or recovered clock signals in CDR mode.

**DATA**: data after being compared with the threshold.

# **Automatic Clock-to .Data Alignment**

An important feature of the SerialBERT error detector is the ability to automatically align the clock and data inputs such that the error detector samples are in the middle of the eye (in the time axis).

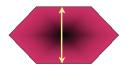
Table 15: Specifications of AUX Out

Interface	AC coupled, $50\Omega$ nominal
Amplitude	600 mV nominal
Connector	SMA female

#### **Audible Error Indicator**

Selectable to indicate errors, instantaneous error ratios, and errors above user-defined thresholds. On/Off volume control, and audible pitch changes with higher pitch corresponding to higher BER

#### Automatic Threshold Center Search



# Automatic Clock-Data Sampling Point Search



Figure 16: Automatic Optimum Sampling Point Location

#### **Automatic 0/1 Threshold Centre**

The 0/1 threshold center operation is used to set the 0/1 threshold midway between two points, top and bottom of the eye where the bit error ration is equal to a selectable threshold. There are three methods of determining the 0/1 Threshold of input signals at the error detector data input: Manual, Automatic Track and Automatic Center.

#### Manual

0/1 threshold can be set manually.

#### **Automatic Track**

This continuously tracks the mean DC level of the input signal and adjusts the threshold accordingly. The 0/1 threshold calculated is displayed. Adjustment is made within approximately 100ms. limited to a 2V window selected by the user.

#### **Automatic Centre**

The error detector sets the 0/1 threshold midway between two points, the top and bottom of the eye, where the bit error ratio is equal to a selectable threshold.

The eye height is calculated and displayed. It is limited to a 2V window selected by the user.

# Cable Droop Compensation

The N4902B SerialBERT 7 Gbps provides an excellent waveform at the end of a 24" cable (N4910A). The cable droop is compensated and there is an excellent transition time <25 ps.

## Mechanical Parameters

Table 16: General Mainframe Characteristics

Operating Temperature	5 °C to 40 °C
Storage Temperature	-40 °C to +70 °C
Humidity	5 - 40 °C, 95% rel.Humidity
Power Requirements	100 - 240 Vac, ± 10%, 47 -
	63 Hz, 350 Vac
Physical dimensions	Width: 424.5 mm
	Height: 221.5 mm
	Depth: 580.0 mm
Weight (Net)	24.5 kg
Weight (shipping) (Max)	36.0 kg

# **Upgrade 7 Gbps - 13.5 Gbps**

Agilent offers a factory-based upgrade possibility for the N4902B SerialBERT from 7 Gbps to 13.5 Gbps. For this service, please contact Agilent Technologies. The upgrade requires the following order instructions:

Table 17: Upgrades 7 Gbps - 13.5 Gbps

Order No.	Feature
N4900AS-101	Upgrade version N4902A-100 to 13.5Gb/s
N4900AS-102	Upgrade version N4902A-200 to 13.5Gb/s
N4900AS-103	Upgrade version N4902A-300 to 13.5Gb/s

# **Order Instructions**

N4902B SerialBERT 7 Gbps, USB Mouse

**IO-Configuration:** 

N4902B-100 Pattern Generator & Error Detector

N4902B-200 Pattern Generator only N4902B-300 **Error Detector only** 

Calibration/Test Data:

N4902B-UK6 Commercial Calibration with Test Data

**Accessories:** 

N4910A Cable Kit: 2.4mm matched cable pair N4911A-002 Adapter 3.5mm female to 2.4 mm male N4912A 2.4mm, 50 Ohm termination, male

Warranty

R1280A Standard Warranty: 3 years Return-to-

Agilent Extended Warranty: 5 years

Return-to-Agilent

Calibration R1282A

Calibration plans are available to order for 3 or 5 years; calibration interval 12 month

#### **Related Literature** Pub. No. N4901B SerialBERT 13.5 Gbps 5989-0398EN Data Sheet Agilent Physical Layer Test 5988-5914EN **Product Overview** N4902B SerialBERT 13.5 Gbps 5988-9676EN Product Note N4900 SerialBERT 5989-0089EN Jitter Fundamentals Application Note Jitter Tolerance Testing 5989-0223EN 81250 ParBERT Application Note ParBERT 81250 5968-9188E **Product Overview**

#### **Specification Assumptions**

The specifications in this brochure describe the instrument's warranted performance. Non-warranted values are stated as typical. All specifications are valid in a range from 5°C to 40°C ambient temperature after a 30 minute warm-up phase. If not otherwise stated, all inputs and outputs need to be terminated with 50 Ohms to ground. All specifications, if not otherwise stated, are valid using the recommended N4910A cable set (24 mm, 24" matched pair).

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