

$\mu\text{A}111 \cdot \mu\text{A}311$

Voltage Comparators

Description

The $\mu\text{A}111$ and $\mu\text{A}311$ are monolithic, low input current voltage comparators, each constructed using the Fairchild Planar Epitaxial process. The $\mu\text{A}111$ series operates from the single 5.0 V integrated circuit logic supply to the standard ± 15 V operational amplifier supplies. The $\mu\text{A}111$ series is intended for a wide range of applications including driving lamps or relays and switching voltages up to 50 V at currents as high as 50 mA. The output stage is compatible with RTL, DTL, TTL and MOS logic. The input stage current can be raised to increase input slew rate.

- Low Input Bias Current 100 nA Max ($\mu\text{A}111$), 250 nA Max ($\mu\text{A}311$)
- Low Input Offset Current 10 nA Max ($\mu\text{A}111$), 50 nA Max ($\mu\text{A}311$)
- Differential Input Voltage ± 30 V
- Power Supply Voltage Single 5.0 V Supply To ± 15 V
- Offset Voltage Null Capability
- Strobe Capability

Absolute Maximum Ratings¹

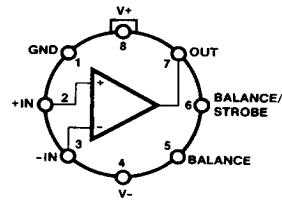
Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to +175°C
Metal Can	-65°C to +150°C
Molded DIP and SO-8	-65°C to +150°C
Operating Temperature Range	
Extended ($\mu\text{A}111\text{M}$)	-55°C to +125°C
Commercial ($\mu\text{A}311\text{C}$)	0°C to 70°C
Lead Temperature	
Metal Can (soldering, 60 s)	300°C
Molded DIP and SO-8 (soldering, 10 s)	265°C
Internal Power Dissipation ^{2, 3}	
8L-Metal Can	1.00 W
8L-Molded DIP	0.93 W
SO-8	0.81 W
Voltage between V+ and V-	36 V
Output to V-	
($\mu\text{A}111$)	50 V
($\mu\text{A}311$)	40 V
Ground to V-	30 V
Differential Input Voltage	± 30 V
Input Voltage	± 15 V
Output Short Circuit Duration	10 s

Notes

1. This rating applies for ± 15 V supplies. The positive input voltage limit is 30 V above the negative supply. The negative input voltage limit is equal to the negative supply voltage or 30 V below the positive supply, whichever is less.
2. $T_{J\text{ Max}} = 150^\circ\text{C}$ for the Molded DIP and SO-8, and 175°C for the Metal Can.
3. Ratings apply to ambient temperature at 25°C . Above this temperature, derate the 8L-Metal Can at $6.7 \text{ mW}/^\circ\text{C}$, the 8L-Molded DIP at $7.5 \text{ mW}/^\circ\text{C}$, and the SO-8 at $6.5 \text{ mW}/^\circ\text{C}$.

Linear Division Comparators

Connection Diagram 8-Lead Metal Package (Top View)



CD0100F

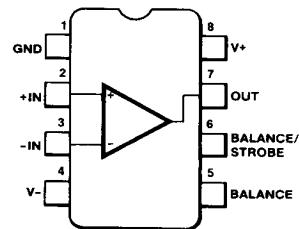
Lead 4 connected to case

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Order Information

Device Code	Package Code	Package Description
$\mu\text{A}111\text{HM}$	5W	Metal
$\mu\text{A}311\text{HC}$	5W	Metal

Connection Diagram 8-Lead DIP and SO-8 Package (Top View)

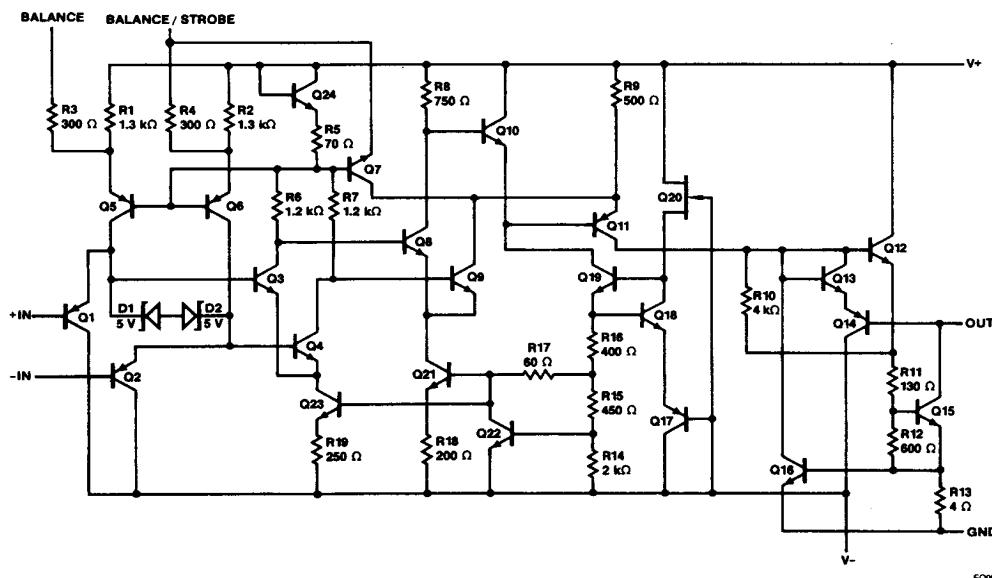


CD0101F

Order Information

Device Code	Package Code	Package Description
$\mu\text{A}311\text{TC}$	9T	Molded DIP
$\mu\text{A}311\text{SC}$	KC	Molded Surface Mount

Equivalent Circuit



EQ00081F

$\mu\text{A}111$

Electrical Characteristics $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = \pm 15$ V, unless otherwise specified.¹

Symbol	Characteristic	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_{IO}	Input Offset Voltage ²	$R_S \leqslant 50$ k Ω		0.7	3.0	mV
I_{IO}	Input Offset Current ²			4.0	10	nA
I_{IB}	Input Bias Current			60	100	nA
A_{VS}	Large Signal Voltage Gain			200		V/mV
t_{PD}	Response Time ³			200		ns
V_{SAT}	Saturation Voltage	$V_I \leqslant -5.0$ mV, $I_{OL} = 50$ mA		0.75	1.5	V
$I_{O(ST)}$	Strobe On Current			3.0		mA
I_{CEX}	Output Leakage Current	$V_I \geqslant 5.0$ mV, $V_O = 35$ V		0.2	10	nA

The following specifications apply for $-55^\circ\text{C} \leqslant T_A \leqslant +125^\circ\text{C}$.

V_{IO}	Input Offset Voltage ²	$R_S \leqslant 50$ k Ω			4.0	mV
I_{IO}	Input Offset Current ²				20	nA
I_{IB}	Input Bias Current				150	nA
V_{IR}	Input Voltage Range			± 14		V
V_{SAT}	Saturation Voltage	$V+ \geqslant 4.5$ V, $V- = 0$ V, $V_I \leqslant -6.0$ mV, $I_{OL} \leqslant 8.0$ mA		0.23	0.4	V

μA111 (Cont.)

Electrical Characteristics $-55^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{\text{CC}} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$, unless otherwise specified.¹

Symbol	Characteristic	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I_{CEX}	Output Leakage Current	$V_I \geq 5.0 \text{ mV}$, $V_O = 35 \text{ V}$		0.1	0.5	μA
I_+	Positive Supply Current	$T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		5.1	6.0	mA
I_-	Negative Supply Current	$T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		4.1	5.0	mA

μA311

Electrical Characteristics $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{\text{CC}} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$, unless otherwise specified.¹

Symbol	Characteristic	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_{IO}	Input Offset Voltage ²	$R_S \leq 50 \text{ k}\Omega$		2.0	7.5	mV
I_{IO}	Input Offset Current ²			6.0	50	nA
I_{IB}	Input Bias Current			100	250	nA
A_{VS}	Large Signal Voltage Gain			200		V/mV
t_{PD}	Response Time ³			200		ns
V_{SAT}	Saturation Voltage	$V_I \leq -10 \text{ mV}$, $I_O = 50 \text{ mA}$		0.75	1.5	V
$I_{\text{O(ST)}}$	Strobe On Current			3.0		mA
I_{CEX}	Output Leakage Current	$V_I \geq 10 \text{ mV}$, $V_O = 35 \text{ V}$		0.2	50	nA

The following specifications apply for $0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +70^{\circ}\text{C}$.

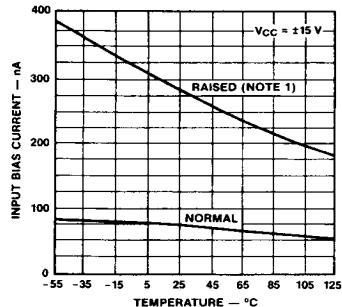
V_{IO}	Input Offset Voltage ²	$R_S \leq 50 \text{ k}\Omega$			10	mV
I_{IO}	Input Offset Current ²				70	nA
I_{IB}	Input Bias Current				300	nA
V_{IR}	Input Voltage Range			± 14		V
V_{SAT}	Saturation Voltage	$V+ \geq 4.5 \text{ V}$, $V- = 2.25 \text{ V}$, $V_I \leq -10 \text{ mV}$, $I_{OL} \leq 8.0 \text{ mA}$		0.23	0.4	V
I_+	Positive Supply Current	$T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		5.1	7.5	mA
I_-	Negative Supply Current	$T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		4.1	5.0	mA

Notes

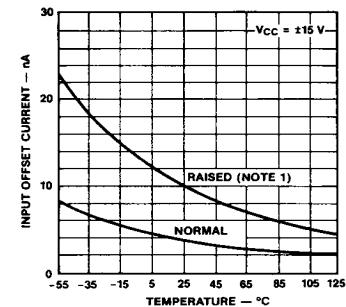
1. The offset voltage, offset current and bias current specifications apply for any supply voltage from a single 5.0 V supply to ± 15 V supplies.
2. The offset voltages and offset currents given are the maximum values required to drive the output within a volt of either supply with a 1.0 mA load. Thus, these parameters define an error band and take into account the worst case effects of voltage gain and input impedance.
3. The response time specified is for a 100 mV input step with 5.0 mV overdrive.

Typical Performance Curves for μA111

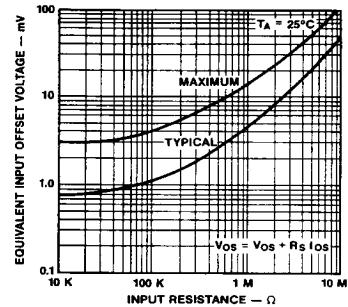
Input Bias Current vs Temperature



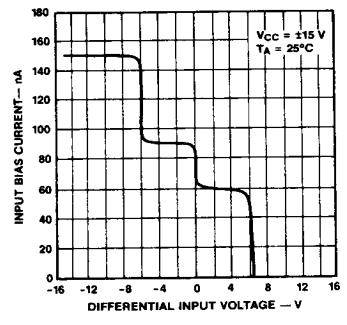
Input Offset Current vs Temperature



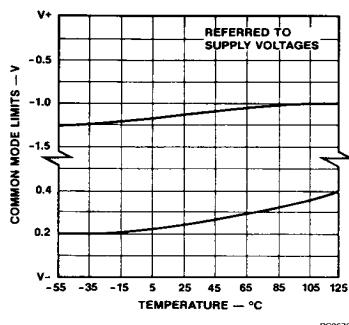
Offset Voltage vs Input Resistance



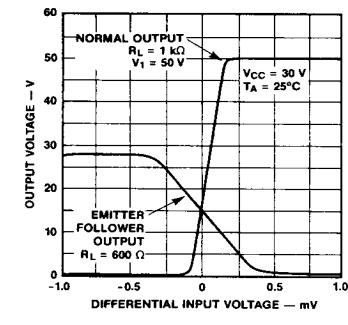
Input Bias Current vs Differential Input Voltage



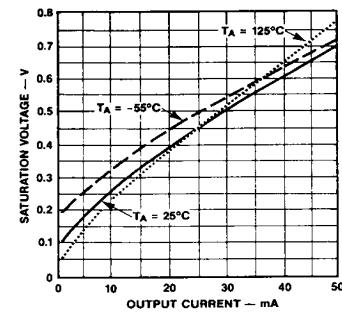
Common Mode Limits vs Temperature



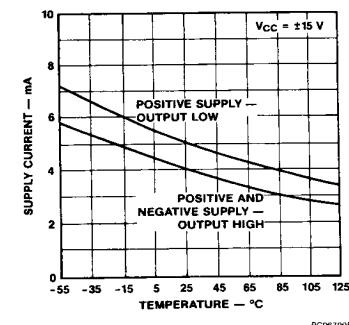
Output Voltage vs Differential Input Voltage



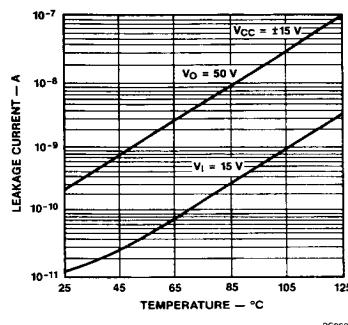
Saturation Voltage vs Output Current



Supply Current vs Temperature



Leakage Current vs Temperature

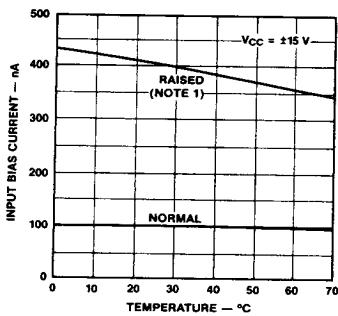


Note

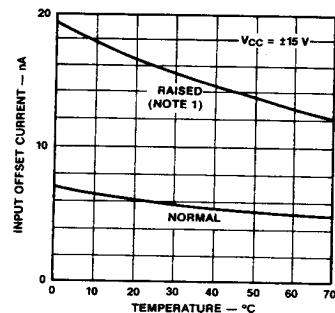
1. Leads 5, 6 and 8 are shorted.

Typical Performance Curves for $\mu A311$

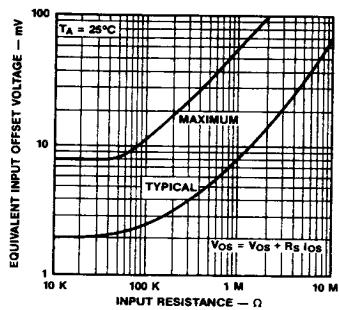
Input Bias Current vs Temperature



Input Offset Current vs Temperature

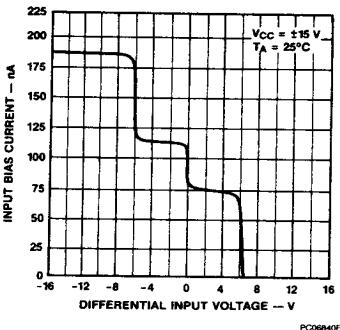


Offset Voltage vs Input Resistance

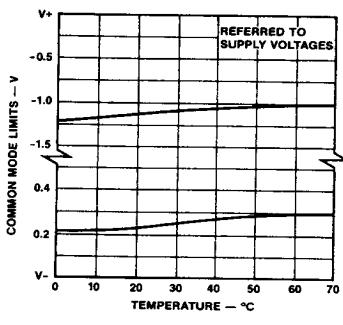


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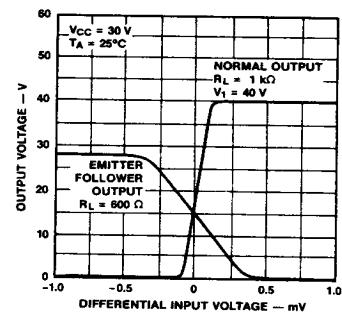
Input Bias Current vs Differential Input Voltage



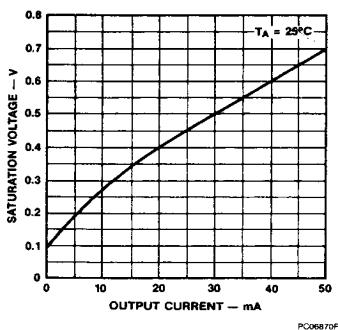
Common Mode Limits vs Temperature



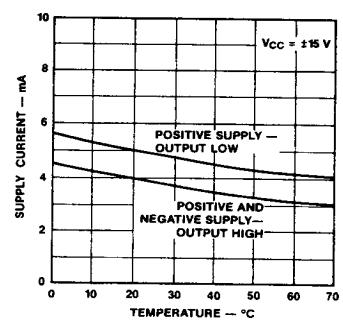
Output Voltage vs Differential Input Voltage



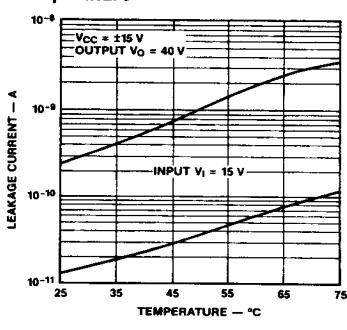
Saturation Voltage vs Output Current



Supply Current vs Temperature



Leakage Current vs Temperature

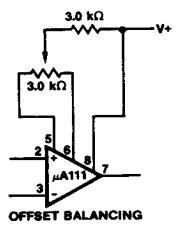


Note

1. Leads 5, 6 and 8 are shorted.

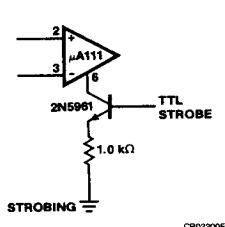
Typical Applications

Offset Null Circuit



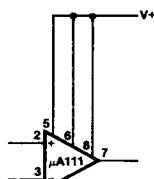
CR02190F

Strobe Circuit



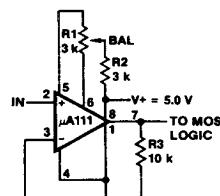
CR02200F

Increasing Input Stage Current (Note 1)



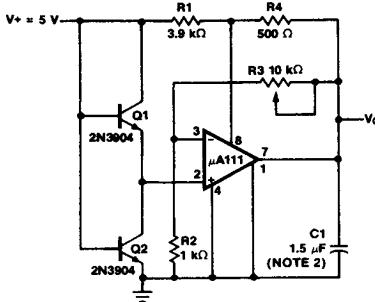
CR02210F

Zero Crossing Detector Driving MOS Logic (Note 3)



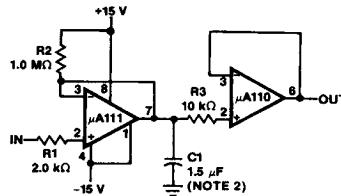
CR02220F

Adjustable Low Voltage Reference Supply



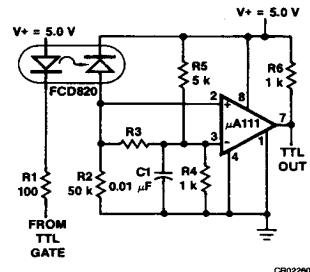
CR02230F

Negative Peak Detector



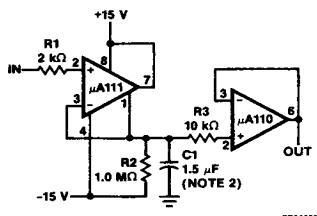
CR02241F

Digital Transmission Isolator (Note 3)



CR02250F

Positive Peak Detector



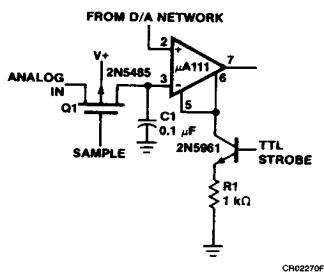
CR02250F

Notes

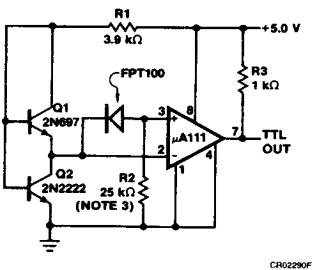
- 1) Increases typical common mode slew rate from 7.0 V/μs to 18 V/μs.
- 2) Solid Tantalum.
- 3) All resistor values in ohms.

Typical Applications (Cont.)

Strobing of Both Input And Output Stages (Note 1)



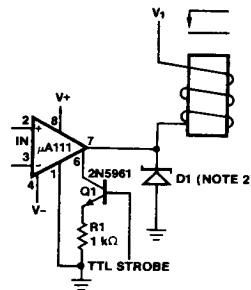
Precision Photodiode Comparator



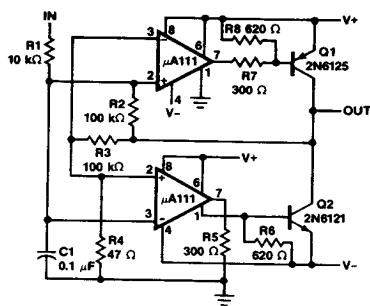
Notes

1. Typical input current is 50 pA with inputs strobed off.
2. Absorbs inductive kickback of relay and protects IC from severe voltage transients on V_1 line.
3. R2 sets the comparison level. At comparison, the photodiode has less than 5.0 mV across it, decreasing leakages by an order of magnitude.

Relay Driver with Strobe



Switching Power Amplifier



Switching Power Amplifier

