

# GR47/GR48

## AT Commands Manual

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# 1. Introduction to AT Commands

This manual lists detailed information on the function of the AT Command set that can be used with your GR47 or GR48.

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*Note!* This manual refers to the GR47 and GR48 as radio devices. If there is a difference in the functionality of the radio devices the GR47 and GR48 information will be listed separately.

## 1.1 Related Documentation

This manual is supplied with an Integrator's Manual when you purchase a GR47 or the GR48. If you choose to use the M2mpower support environment with your module you will also receive an Application Guide.

## 1.2 Overview

AT commands, issued from a computer in your application are used to control and implement the functions of the module.

Using AT commands, the following actions are possible:

- Control of DCE
- GPRS
- Call control
- Supplementary Service
- SIM application tool kit

The GR47 contains a large number of Ericsson-specific commands in addition to those implemented in accordance with the GSM and ITU-T recommendations. These commands are provided to enhance the functions of the module. The Ericsson-specific commands are identified by the asterisk that precedes the command (see the syntax description provided below).

*Note!* Only commands that are listed in the AT Commands Manual are supported unless otherwise stated. Other commands may be listed by the module but these are only included for historical or legacy reasons.

## 1.3 Syntax Description

This section provides a brief description of the syntax used for the GR47, AT command set. See the ITU-T recommendation V.25ter for additional information.

### 1.3.1 Conventions

In this manual, the following conventions are used to explain the AT commands.

<command>	The name of the command that is to be entered.
<parameter>	The parameter values that are defined for a certain command.
<CR>	The command line is terminated by the Carriage Return (or Enter key) or AT\$3 command.
<LF>	Line feed character or AT\$4 command.
< >	The term enclosed in angle brackets is a syntactical element. The brackets do not appear in the command line.
[ ]	Square brackets are used to indicate that a certain item is optional. For example, sub-parameters of a command or an optional part of a response. The brackets do not appear in the command line.
Value	The default values of the supported parameters are indicated by using bold text when presenting the value. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Other characters, including '?', '=', parenthesis, etc., appear in commands and responses as written.</li><li>• The final result codes OK, ERROR, +CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt; and CMS ERROR:&lt;err&gt; (see sections 1.3.3, AT Response Syntax and 1.4, Error Codes) are not listed under “Possible Responses” for each AT command.</li><li>• OK and ERROR are listed if these are the only possible responses.</li></ul>

### 1.3.2 AT Command Syntax

The AT standard is a line-oriented command language. Each command is made up of the following three elements:

- the prefix;
- the body;
- the termination character.

The prefix consists of the letters “AT”, which are derived from the first two letters of the word attention. The body is made up of the **command**, the **parameter**, and if applicable the associated **values**.

Commands may be combined in the same command line. Spaces between the individual bodies are ignored.

#### *Basic Syntax Command*

The format of basic syntax commands is as follows:

**AT<command>[=**[**<parameter>**]**<CR>**

*Example!* **ATL=0<CR>** (sets the volume of the speaker)

Additional commands may follow a command on the same command line without any character being required for separation. For the command D parameters, see the description for the command in question.

A version of the basic syntax is:

**AT<command><parameter>**

#### *Extended Syntax Command*

- **AT+<command>= [<parameter>]**
- **AT\*<command>=[<parameter>]**

*Example!* **AT+CFUN=0<CR>** (powers down the module)

If several values are included in the command, they are separated by commas. It is also possible to enter commands with no values.

Additional commands may follow an extended syntax command on the same command line if a semicolon (; IRA 3B) is inserted after the preceding extended command as a separator.

#### *Read Command Syntax*

The read command is used to check the current values of parameters. Type '?', after the command line:

- **AT+<command>?**
- **AT\*<command>?**
- **AT<command>?**

*Example!* **AT+CSCS?<CR>** (show current character set)

<CR>"IRA"<CR> (information text response)

<CR>OK<CR> (final result code response)

#### *Test Command Syntax*

The test command is used to test whether the command has been implemented or to give information about the type of subparameters it contains. Type '?', after the command line:

- **AT+<command>=?**
- **AT\*<command>=?**

*Example!* **AT+CPAS=?<CR>** (shows supported values for the response parameters)

<CR>CPAS: (0, 3, 4, 129, 130, 131)<CR> (supported values)

<CR>OK<CR> (final result code)

If the indicated <parameter> is not recognized, the result code ERROR is issued.

*Note!* Possible responses are indicated both as <command>:(list of supported<parameter>) and (in most cases) the actual range of the parameter values.

### 1.3.3 AT Response Syntax

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The default mode response shown below, is in text mode. See the command V for further details.

Possible formats for the result codes are:

- Basic format result code, such as OK. The Basic result code also has a numerical equivalent.
- Extended format result code, prefixed with a plus sign (+) or an asterisk (\*):
  - **AT+<command>: <parameter >**
  - **AT\*<command>: <parameter>**

where the <parameter> is the result code value, note that a single space character separates the colon character from the <parameter>. If several values are included in the result code, they are separated by commas. It is also possible that a result code has no value. The extended syntax result codes have no numerical equivalent. They are always issued in alphabetical form.

- Information text response may contain multiple lines separated by <CR>. The TE detects the end of informational text responses by looking for a final result code response, such as OK.

There are two types of result code responses as outlined below:

#### *Final Result Code*

A final result code indicates to the TE that execution of the command is completed and another command may be issued.

- If you type an implemented AT command, you should get the result code OK.
- If you type an AT command that is not implemented, or which had the wrong parameter or syntax, you will get an error result code. It is ERROR or, for example, +<command> ERROR followed by an error code.

Final result codes are:

<b>Value</b>	<b>General meaning</b>
OK	Command executed, no errors
ERROR	Invalid command or command line too long

NO DIALTONE	No dialling possible, wrong mode
BUSY	Remote station busy
NO ANSWER	Connection completion time-out
NO CARRIER	Link not established or disconnected

### *Unsolicited Result Code*

Unsolicited result codes indicate the occurrence of an event not directly associated with a command being issued from the TE.

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## 1.4 Error Codes

### 1.4.1 +CME ERROR (Mobile Equipment Error Code)

This final result code is similar to the regular ERROR result code. If +CME ERROR: <err> is the result code for any of the commands in a command line, none of the commands in the same command line will be executed (neither ERROR nor OK result code shall be returned as a result of a completed command line execution). The format of <err> can be either numerical or alphabetical, and is set with the +CMEE command.

The table below provides the numerical values for the parameter <err>.

<i>&lt;err&gt;</i>	<i>Description Syntax</i>
0	ME failure
1	No connection to ME
2	ME -adaptor link reserved
3	Operation not allowed
4	Operation not supported
5	PH-SIM PIN required
10	SIM not inserted
11	SIM PIN required
12	SIM PUK required
13	SIM failure
14	SIM busy
15	SIM wrong
16	Incorrect password
17	SIM PIN2 required
18	SIM PUK2 required
20	Memory full
21	Invalid index

<i>&lt;err&gt;</i>	<i>Description Syntax</i>
22	Not found
23	Memory failure
24	Text string too long
25	Invalid characters in text string
26	Dial string too long
27	Invalid characters in dial string
30	No network service
31	Network time-out
32	Network not allowed - emergency calls only
100	Unknown
101- 255	Reserved by ETS

#### 1.4.2 +CMS ERROR (Message Service Failure Result Code)

This final result code indicates an error related to mobile equipment or to the network. The operation is similar to the ERROR result code. None of the following commands in the same command line will be executed. Neither ERROR nor OK result code will be returned. ERROR is returned normally when an error is related to syntax or invalid parameters. Nevertheless, it always appears when a command fails.

The syntax is as follows:

+CMS ERROR: *<err>*

Values for the *<err>* parameter are described in the following table.

<i>&lt;err&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0 - 127	GSM 04.11 Annex E-2 values
128 - 255	GSM 03.40 subclause 9.2.3.22 values
300	ME failure
301	SMS service of ME reserved
302	Operation not allowed
303	Operation not supported
304	Invalid PDU mode parameter
305	Invalid text mode parameter
310	SIM not inserted
311	SIM PIN required
312	PH-SIM PIN required

<i>&lt;err&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
313	SIM failure
314	SIM busy
315	SIM wrong
316	SIM PUK required
317	SIM PIN2 required
318	SIM PUK2 required
320	Memory failure
321	Invalid memory index
322	Memory full
330	SMSC address unknown
331	No network service
332	Network time-out
340	No +CNMA acknowledgment expected
500	Unknown error
- 511	Other values in range 256 - 511 are reserved
512-	Manufacturer specific

### 1.5 Examples on How to Use the AT Commands

For many of the more complicated commands, examples are provided after the command's description. Always refer to the detailed description of the command in question to check valid parameter values, AT command syntax and Response syntax.

### 1.6 SMS Text Mode

SMS text mode allows users to send SMSs without having to understand how PDUs are constructed. This section describes how to carry out basic operations in text mode and explains the steps that need to be taken.

#### *Basic transmission of SMS*

A script which sets the module up is shown below:

```

AT+CSDH=1      Enable the use of text mode parameters
OK
AT+CSMP=17,167 Set text mode parameter
OK
AT+CMGF=1      Switch the module to text mode
OK
AT+CMGS="07787154042" Sending an SMS

```

> Test SMS →      The text must be ended, as in PDU mode, with a control-Z character  
+CMGS: 204      Confirmation that the SMS has been sent successfully

OK

Note the following points:

1. Once the CSDH, CSMP and CMGF commands have been carried out they will not need to be initialized for this session.
2. These parameters are saved in NVRAM using the &W command.

### *Notification of SMS*

New message indications are similar to the PDU mode as shown below:

AT+CNMI=3,1  
OK

+CMTI: "SM",2

AT+CNMI=3,2  
OK

+CMT: "+447747008670","Matt L","02/11/19,09:58:42+00",145,36,0,0,"+447785016005",145,8  
Test sms

Please note that currently the CMT indication does not have a CR/LF appended to the end of the SMS data. If the SMS contains one it will be displayed. Otherwise the application will need to recognize the CMT line and the length character, in this case 8 and count the characters into its input buffer.

### *Reading messages*

Reading messages is performed as in PDU mode.

AT+CMGR=2  
+CMGR: "REC UNREAD", "+447747008670", "Matt L", "02/11/19,09:57:28+00", 145, 36, 0, 0, "+447785016005", 145, 8  
Test sms

OK



### *Listing messages*

In PDU mode numbers are used as parameters. In text mode letters are used instead and these must be upper case as the module does not accept lower case commands. See the example below:

```
AT+CMGL="ALL"
+CMGL: 1,"REC READ","+447747008670","Matt L","02/10/
21,10:07:23+04",145,4
Test
+CMGL: 2,"REC READ","+447747008670","Matt L","02/11/
19,09:57:28+00",145,8
Test sms
+CMGL: 3,"REC UNREAD","+447747008670","Matt L","02/11/
19,09:58:06+00",145,8
Test sms

OK
```

## *1.7 GPRS Communication*

To initiate a session with the network you need to setup a 'data account' on the module, using the AT+CGDCONT command. You need to specify the correct Access Point Name (APN), which you get from your service provider. The command below sets up the data account to access Vodafone's internet server.

```
AT+CGDCONT=1,"IP","internet"
```

After this you need to use the ATD command to make a GPRS call. The example below dials into the network using account number 1 (the GR47 supports up to 10):

```
ATD*99***1#
```

If the module is able to connect to the APN it will return a CONNECT. At this point PPP/IP packets should be sent by the application, to negotiate an IP address. The easiest way of doing this whole thing is to create a windows dial up networking session with the dial string \*99\*\*\*1# after creating the data account on the module.

It is not possible to call a mobile station using GPRS at present. The reason for this is that unless a PDP context has been setup it has not been assigned an IP address by the GGSN/DHCP server and as a result it cannot be addressed other than through its ME number (defeating the object of using IP). This is specified in GSM 7.60 or 3GPP 27.060.

More detailed notes on this are contained in the application notes which can be obtained from the extranet or from customer support.

### 1.7.1 On board TCP/IP stack

The TCP/IP stack on board the module is accessible via the AT commands, these commands are broken down in section 7, for details on how to use these please refer to the 'Using AT commands to control the on board TCP-IP stack with GR47/48', this is available through the extranet or from customer support, quote GR47/48 Application Note LZT 123 7631.

## 2. Call Control

### 2.1 AT+CPIN PIN Control

See 3.25, AT+CPIN PIN Control

### 2.2 ATA Answer Incoming Call

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Answer an incoming call	ATA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• CONNECT</li><li>• CONNECT &lt;text&gt;</li><li>• NO CARRIER</li><li>• ERROR</li><li>• OK</li></ul>

Answer and initiate connection to an incoming call.

<i>&lt;text&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
19200	Connected with data bit rate of 19200 bits/s (HSCSD)
9600	Connected with data bit rate of 9600 bits/s
4800	Connected with data bit rate of 4800 bits/s
2400	Connected with data bit rate of 2400 bits/s

## 2.3 ATD

*Dial*

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Originate a call and dial the ME number specified in the command as &lt;dial_string&gt; or</li> <li>• Do a network detect</li> </ul>	ATD<dial_string>[:]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CONNECT</li> <li>• CONNECT &lt;text&gt;</li> <li>• NO CARRIER</li> <li>• ERROR</li> <li>• NO DIAL TONE</li> <li>• BUSY</li> <li>• OK</li> </ul>
Dial the ME number stored in the ME which is located by the index <I>	ATD>ME<I>[:]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CONNECT</li> <li>• CONNECT &lt;text&gt;</li> <li>• NO CARRIER</li> <li>• ERROR</li> <li>• NO DIAL TONE</li> <li>• BUSY</li> <li>• OK</li> </ul>
Dial the ME number stored in the SIM card which is located by the index <I>	ATD>SM<I>[:]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CONNECT</li> <li>• CONNECT &lt;text&gt;</li> <li>• NO CARRIER</li> <li>• ERROR</li> <li>• NO DIAL TONE</li> <li>• BUSY</li> <li>• OK</li> </ul>
Dial the ME number stored in the <i>Last dialled number</i> list on the SIM card, which is located by the index <I> The most recently dialled number is assumed to have <I>="1"	ATD>LD<I>[:]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CONNECT</li> <li>• CONNECT &lt;text&gt;</li> <li>• NO CARRIER</li> <li>• ERROR</li> <li>• NO DIAL TONE</li> <li>• BUSY</li> <li>• OK</li> </ul>
Redial the last ME number dialled. <b>Ericsson specific</b>	ATDL[:]	...

Used to initiate a ME connection, which may be data or voice (ME number terminated by semicolon). The ME number used to establish the connection will consist of digits and modifiers, or a stored number specification.

If the dial string is followed by a semicolon this informs the ME that the number is a voice rather than a data number.

If the dial string is omitted, and the semicolon included, the command instructs the ME to do a network detect. If the network is available OK is returned.

Abortability:

Aborting an ATD command is accomplished by the transmission from the DTE to the DCE of any character. A single character shall be sufficient to abort the command in progress; however, characters transmitted during

## 2. CALL CONTROL

the first 125 milliseconds after transmission of the termination character are ignored. This is to allow the DTE to append additional control characters such as line feed after the command line termination character.

<i>&lt;dial_string&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
"0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 * # +"	Valid characters for origination
W	The W modifier is ignored but is included only for compatibility purposes
,	The comma modifier is ignored but is included only for compatibility purposes
T	The T modifier is ignored but is included only for compatibility purposes
P	The P modifier is ignored but is included only for compatibility purposes

<i>&lt;Final Result Code&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
CONNECT	If connection is successfully established, only valid for data connections
CONNECT <text>	If connection is successfully established, only valid for data connections
NO CARRIER	Unable to establish a connection or the connection attempt was aborted by the user
ERROR	An unexpected error occurred while trying to establish the connection
NO DIALTONE	The ME is being used for a voice call or is not within coverage of the network
BUSY	The ME number called is engaged, valid for data and voice connections
OK	Only valid for voice connections

<i>&lt;text&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
19200	Connected with data bit rate of 19200 bits/s (HSCSD)
9600	Connected with data bit rate of 9600 bits/s
4800	Connected with data bit rate of 4800 bits/s
2400	Connected with data bit rate of 2400 bits/s

### Example

```
ATD07747008670;
OK
```

## 2.4 ATH

*Hang up*

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Terminate the call	ATH	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ERROR</li> <li>• OK</li> </ul>

Signals the MS to terminate an active call.

## www.DataSheet4U.com 2.5 ATL

*Monitor Speaker Loudness*

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Request monitor speaker loudness	ATL[<value>]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	ATL?	L: <value>
Show if the command is supported	ATL=?	L: (list of supported <values>s)

Included for compatibility. It is recommended to use the AT\*E2EAMS command which provides comprehensive control of all the audio settings. The settings from AT\*E2EAMS can be saved using AT\*E2APR, but those from ATL cannot be saved. ATL can be used to modify the volume during a call, but any changes are lost at the end of the call.

<i>&lt;value&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	-14dB (minimum speaker volume)
1	-10.5dB
2	-7dB
3	-3.5dB
4	0dB (nominal speaker volume)
5	3.5dB
6	7dB
7	10.5dB
8	14dB (maximum speaker volume)

## 2.6 ATO

*Return to Online Data Mode*

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Return to on-line data mode	ATO[<value>]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CONNECT</li> <li>• CONNECT &lt;text&gt;</li> <li>• NO CARRIER</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

Switch to the on-line data mode from the on-line command mode during an active call. Returns ERROR when not in on-line command mode.

<i>&lt;value&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Return to on-line data state from on-line command

## 2.7 ATP

*Select Pulse Dialling*

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Select pulse dialling	ATP	OK
Show if the command is supported	ATP=?	OK

Command is ignored, and is implemented for compatibility only. It would normally cause the next D command to use pulses when dialling the number.

## 2.8 ATT

*Select Tone Dialling*

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Select tone dialling	ATT	OK
Show if the command is supported	ATT=?	OK

Command is ignored, and is implemented for compatibility only. It would normally cause the next D command to use tones when dialling the number.

## 2.9 ATX

*Call Progress Monitoring Control*

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Set call progress monitoring control	ATX=[<n>] or ATX[<n>]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	ATX?	X: <n>
Show if the command is supported	ATX=?	X: (list of supported <n>s)

Defines if the dial-tone detection and busy-tone detection are to be used during a call set-up.

<i>&lt;n&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Body and dial tone detection off. No line speed reported on connection
1	Body and dial tone detection off. Report line speed on connection
2	Busy detection on and dial tone detection off. Report line speed on connection
3	Busy detect off and dial tone on. Report line speed on connection
4	Busy detect and dial tone detection on. Report line speed on connection. <b>Default value</b>

*Note!* If there is no network available the <n> parameter will decide if “NO DIALTONE” or “NO CARRIER” will be returned. If the call recipient is busy, the <n> parameter will decide if “BUSY” or “NO CARRIER” will be returned.

## 2.10 AT+CHUP

*Hang up Call*

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Request hang-up	AT+CHUP	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the commands is supported	AT+CHUP=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

Causes the TA to hang-up the current call of the ME.

If no call is present, but an incoming call is notified, then the incoming call shall be rejected.



## 2.11 AT+CMOD Call Mode

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Request Call Mode	AT+CMOD=[<mode>]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT+CMOD?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CMOD: &lt;mode&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CMOD=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CMOD: (list of supported &lt;mode&gt;s)</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

Selects the call mode of further dialing commands (D) or for next answering command (A). Mode can be either single or alternating. In this ETS, terms “alternating mode” and “alternating call” refer to all GSM bearer and teleservices that incorporate more than one basic service (voice, data, fax) within one call.

When single mode is selected the call originating and hang-up procedures are similar to procedures specified in ITU-T Recommendations V.25ter, T.31 and T.32. In GSM there can be voice followed by data (refer to GSM 02.02), alternating voice/data (refer to GSM 02.02) and alternating voice/fax calls (refer to GSM 02.03).

Test command returns values supported by the TA as a compound value.

*Note!* +CMOD is set to zero after a successfully completed alternating mode call. It is set to zero also after a failed answering. The power-up, factory (&F) and user resets (Z), also set the value to zero. This reduces the possibility that alternating mode calls are originated or answered accidentally.

<mode>	Description
0	Single mode. <b>Default value.</b> In order to avoid accidental originating or answering of alternating calls is <mode> set to single mode in following cases: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- after a successfully completed alternating mode call;</li> <li>- after a unsuccessful answering;</li> <li>- after successfully execution of the commands &amp;F and Z</li> </ul>

## 2.12 AT+CVHU Voice Hang-Up

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Set Command	+CVHU=[<mode>]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	+CVHU?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CVHU: &lt;mode&gt;</li> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	+CVHU=?	+CVHU: (list of supported <mode>s)

Selects whether ATH or “drop DTR” causes a voice connection to be disconnected or not. Voice connection also includes alternating mode calls that are currently in voice mode.

*Note!* When <mode>=2, this command must be viewed in conjunction with the V.25ter command &D, or &D will be ignored.

<mode>	Description
0	“Drop DTR” ignored but OK response given. ATH disconnects
1	“Drop DTR” and ATH ignored but OK response given
2	“Drop DTR” behavior according to &D setting. ATH disconnects. <b>Default value</b>

## 2.13 AT+VTD DTMF tone duration

Parameter Command Syntax:

Description	Command	Return
Set the duration of the tone	+VTD=<n>	OK ERROR
Query current setting	+VTD?	+VTD: <n>
List supported values	+VTD=?	+VTD: (1-255)

*Description:*

This refers to an integer <n> that defines the length of tones emitted as a result of the +VTS command. This does not affect the D command. A value different than zero causes a tone of duration <n>/10 seconds. The value zero causes a “manufacturer specific” value.

*Abortability:*

This command may not be aborted.

Defined values:

Table 1. <sn>: parameter

<sn>	Description
Integer	Value between 1 and 255 denoting 1/10's of second of the duration of the DTMF tones.

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Unsolicited Result codes:

Not Applicable.

Execution Time:

Executed immediately, not time critical.

## 2.14 AT+VTS

## DTMF and Tone Generation

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Request transmission of DTMF tone(s)	AT+VTS=<DTMF>	OK ERROR
Show if the command is supported	AT+VTS=?	OK ERROR

This command allows the transmission of DTMF tones. These tones may be used, for example, when announcing the start of a recording period. The command is write only.

*Note!* The ATD-command is used only for dialing. It is not possible to generate arbitrary DTMF tones using the ATD command.

*Note!* The AT+VTS command is used only during a voice call.

<DTMF>	Description
ASCII character string	An ASCII character string with entries in the set 0-9, # and * separated by commas. Each entry is interpreted as a single ASCII character. Example: The string "8,9" sends two DTMF tones, "8" followed by "9" P is a further valid character which allows a pause of the same width of the tones to be inserted.

Example

```
atd01252551624;
OK
at+vts="1,p,2,p,3"
OK
```

## 3. Control and Status

### 3.1 ATQ

#### Result Code Suppression

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Description	Command	Possible Responses
Set Result Code Suppression	ATQ[=]<value>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	ATQ?	Q: <value>
Show if the command is supported	ATQ=?	Q: (list of supported <value>s)

Determines whether or not the DCE transmits result codes to the DTE. When result codes are being suppressed, no portion of any intermediate, final, or unsolicited result code - header, result text, line terminator, or trailer - is transmitted.

<value>	Description
0	DCE transmits result codes. <b>Default value</b>
1	Result codes are suppressed and not transmitted

### 3.2 ATSO

#### Automatic Answer Control

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Automatic answer control	ATSO=[<rcnt>]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	ATSO?	<rcnt>
Show if the command is supported	ATSO=?	S0: (list of supported <rcnt>s)

Defines the automatic answering feature of the modem. A non-zero value specifies the number of rings before the call is answered.

*Note!*

Call is always answered in the current fax class, regardless of whether the incoming call is voice, data, or fax.

<rcnt>	Description
0	Disable automatic answer. <b>Default value</b>
1-7	Answer after the specified number of rings

## 3.3 ATS2

*Escape Sequence Character*

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Set escape sequence character	ATS2=[<esc>]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	ATS2?	<esc>
Show if the command is supported	ATS2=?	S2: (list of supported <esc>s)

Defines the character to be used as the escape sequence character when switching from on-line data mode to on-line command mode. The response to the command is modified to reflect the change.

<i>&lt;esc&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
43	Escape sequence character. <b>Default value</b>
0 to 255	Escape sequence character

*Note!*

If the <esc> parameter is set to a value in the range of 128-255, the escape sequence detection is disabled.

## 3.4 ATS3

*Command Line Termination Character*

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Set Command Line Termination Character	ATS3=<value>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	ATS3?	<value>
Show if the command is supported	ATS3=?	S3: (list of supported <value>s)

This S-parameter represents the decimal IA5 value of the character recognised by the DCE from the DTE to terminate an incoming command line. It is also generated by the DCE as part of the header, trailer, and terminator for result codes and information text, along with the S4 parameter.

The previous value of S3 is used to determine the command line termination character for entry of the command line containing the S3 setting command. However, the result code issued uses the value of S3 as set during the processing of the command line. For example, if S3 was previously set to 13 and the command line "ATS3=30" is issued, the

command line is terminated with a <CR> character (IA5 0/13), but the result code issued uses the character with the ordinal value 30 (IA5 2/14) in place of the <CR>.

<value>	Description
13	Command line termination character, <b>Default value</b>
0 to 127	Command line termination character

www.DataSheet4U.com 3.5 ATS4

### Response Formatting Character

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Set Response Formatting Character	ATS4=<value>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	ATS4?	<value>
Show if the command is supported	ATS4=?	S4: (list of supported <value>s)

This S-parameter represents the decimal IA5 value of the character generated by the DCE as part of the header, trailer, and terminator for result codes and information text, along with the S3 parameter (see the description of the V parameter for usage).

If the value of S4 is changed in a command line, the result code issued in response to that command line will use the new value of S4.

<value>	Description
10	Formatting character. <b>Default value</b> Note: ASCII character 10 is equivalent to <LF>
0 to 127	Formatting character

## 3.6 ATS5

*Command Line Editing Character (BACKSPACE)*

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Request Command Line Editing Character	ATS5=<value>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	ATS5?	<value>
Show if the command is supported	ATS5=?	S5: (list of supported <value>s)

This S-parameter represents the decimal IA5 value of the character recognised by the DCE as a request to delete from the command line the immediately preceding character.

<i>&lt;value&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
8	Line editing character. <b>Default value</b>
0 to 127	Line editing character

## 3.7 ATS6

*Blind Dial Delay Control*

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Blind dial delay control	ATS6=[<dly>]	OK
Show the current setting	ATS6?	<dly>
Show if the command is supported	ATS6=?	S6: (list of supported <dly>s)

Included for compatibility. No functionality

<i>&lt;dly&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
2	Wait two seconds before blind dialling. <b>Default value</b>
2-255	Number of seconds to wait before blind dialling

## 3.8 ATS7

*Connection Completion Timeout*

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Set connection completion timeout	ATS7=[<tmo>]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	ATS7?	<tmo>
Show if the command is supported	ATS7=?	S7: (list of supported <tmo>s)

Defines the maximum time allowed between completion of dialling and the connection being established. If this time is exceeded then the connection is aborted.

<i>&lt;tmo&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
50	Timeout value in seconds. <b>Default value</b>
1-255	Timeout value in seconds

## 3.9 ATS8

*Comma Dial Modifier Delay Control*

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Set Comma Dial Modifier Delay Control	ATS8=[<dly>]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	ATS8?	<dly>
Show if the command is supported	ATS8=?	S8: (list of supported <dly>s)

Included for compatibility. No functionality

<i>&lt;dly&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
2	The value of the dial modifier delay in seconds. <b>Default value</b>
1-255	The value of the dial modifier delay in seconds



## 3.10 ATS10

## Automatic Disconnect Delay Control

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Set Automatic Disconnect Delay Control	ATS10=[<val>]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	ATS10?	<val>
Show if the command is supported	ATS10=?	S10: (list of supported <val>s)

Included for compatibility. No functionality

<val>	Description
2	Remains connected for two tenths of a second. <b>Default value</b>
1-254	Number of tenths of a second of delay

## 3.11 AT\*ECAM

## Ericsson Call Monitoring

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Set Call Monitoring on or off	AT*ECAM=<onoff>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT*ECAM?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>*ECAM: &lt;onoff&gt;</li> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT*ECAM=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>*ECAM: list of supported &lt;onoff&gt;s</li> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

This command activates or deactivates the call monitoring function in the ME. When this log function is activated in the ME, the ME informs about call events, such as incoming call, connected, hang up etc.

It is preferable that the current status shall always be sent with result code \*ECAV when activating the log function. The purpose of this is two fold:

- to gather relevant information for the call log in a TE;
- to make it possible for the TE to display call state information for an ongoing call.

<onoff>	Description
0	The call log function is disabled (off). <b>Default value</b>
1	The call log function is enabled (on)

Unsolicited result codes:

\*ECAV: <ccid>,<ccstatus>,<calltype>,[<processid>],[<exitcause>],  
[<number>,<type>]

<ccid>	Description
1 to 7	Integer type. A number which uniquely defines a call in the ME (= number of call control process). There can not be two call id's with the same number simultaneously. The maximum number of call control processes are 7, which are 5 multiparty members, one call on hold, and one waiting call

<ccstatus>	Description
0	Idle
1	Calling (MO)
2	Connecting (MO)
3	Active (connection between A and B)
4	Hold
5	Waiting (MT)
6	Alerting (MT)
7	Busy

<calltype>	Description
1	Voice
2	Data
128	Voice2

<processid>	Description
Integer	Reported when returning to the Idle state (<ccstatus>=0)
	8 = H'08 = CC (Call Control)
	68 = H'44 = MM (Mobile Management)
	69 = H'45 = MS (Mobile Station)
	122 = H'7A = RR (Radio Resources)

<exitcause>	Description
Integer	Exit cause according to GSM 04.08 reported when returning to Idle state (<ccstatus> = 0)

### 3. CONTROL AND STATUS

<i>&lt;number&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String	String type ME number of format specified by <i>&lt;type&gt;</i> . Only valid for <i>&lt;ccstatus&gt;</i> = 1 (Calling)

<i>&lt;type&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
	Type of address octet in integer format (refer to GSM 04.08, subclause 10.5.4.7)
129	ISDN/Telephony numbering plan, national/international unknown. <b>Default if no "+" in sca</b>
145	ISDN/Telephony numbering plan, international number. <b>Default if "+" in sca.</b>
161	ISDN/Telephony numbering plan, national number
128 to 255	Other values refer to GSM 04.08 section 10.5.4.7. Only valid for <i>&lt;ccstatus&gt;</i> = 1 (Calling)

#### Examples

```
AT*ECAM?
*ECAM: 0

AT*ECAM=1
OK
```

### 3.12 AT\*EDST

#### Ericsson Daylight Saving Time

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Set Daylight Saving Time	AT*EDST=<dst>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT*EDST?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>*EDST: &lt;dst&gt;</li> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT*EDST=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>*EDST: (list of supported &lt;dst&gt;s)</li> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

This command sets the daylight saving time hours.

*Note!* This command affects the MS clock set with the AT+CCLK command. To avoid confusion it is recommended the daylight saving time (DST) is set with this command before setting the actual local time with AT+CCLK.

<i>&lt;dst&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Standard time
1	Daylight saving time, +1 hour
2	Daylight saving time, +2 hours

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### 3.13 AT\*EMAR *Ericsson Master Reset*

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Perform a master reset in the MS	AT*EMAR=<ME lock code>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT*EMAR=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

This command requests the MS to reset user data. The user data in the MS will be reset to the default values. This command also unlocks the MS.

<i>&lt;ME lock code&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String	Security code (ME lock code) must be verified before performing the master reset, see also AT+CLCK

### 3.14 AT\*EPEE *Ericsson Pin Event*

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Requests the MS to inform when the PIN code has been inserted	AT*EPEE=<onoff>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT*EPEE?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>*EPEE: &lt;onoff&gt;</li> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT*EPEE=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>*EPEE: (list of supported &lt;onoff&gt;s)</li> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

The command requests the MS to report when the PIN code has been inserted and accepted.

<i>&lt;onoff&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Request for report on inserted PIN code is not activated (off). <b>Default value</b>
1	Request for report on inserted PIN code is activated (on)

## 3.15 AT+CALA Set Alarm

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Set an alarm time in the ME	AT+CALA=<time>[,<n>[,<type>[,<text>[,<recurr>[,<silent>]]]]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT+CALA?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CALA: &lt;time1&gt;,&lt;n1&gt;,&lt;type1&gt;,[&lt;text1&gt;],[&lt;recurr1&gt;],[&lt;silent1&gt;]&gt;[&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;+CALA: &lt;time2&gt;,&lt;n2&gt;,&lt;type2&gt;,[&lt;text2&gt;],[&lt;recurr2&gt;],[&lt;silent2&gt;][...]]+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CALA=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CALA: (list of supported &lt;n&gt;s),(list of supported type&gt;s),&lt;tlength&gt;,&lt;rlength&gt;,(list of supported &lt;silent&gt;s)</li> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

The command sets an alarm time in the ME. An array of different alarms can be set and each may be recurrent. If alarm setting fails, ERROR: <err> is returned.

When the alarm is timed out and executed, the unsolicited result code +CALV: <n> is always returned, even if the alarm is setup to be silent.

The alarm time is set in hours and minutes. Date, seconds and time zone cannot be set.

The read command returns the list of current active alarm settings in the ME.

Show returns the supported array index values, alarm types and maximum length of the text strings.

<time>	Description
string type value	Refer to the AT+CCLK command. Note! Only hours and minutes are used i.e. date, time zone and seconds are not used
<n>	Description
Integer type	Index identifying an active alarm

*Note!* The number of active alarms is manufacturer and product specific.

<i>&lt;tlength&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Integer type	Maximum length of <text> parameter

*Note!* The maximum length of the <text> parameter is manufacturer and product specific.

<i>&lt;recurr&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Format: "<1..7>[,<1..7> [...]]"	For setting an alarm for one or more days in the week. The digits 1 to 7 correspond to the days in the week, Monday (1), ..., Sunday (7). Example: The string "1,2,3,4,5" may be used for setting an alarm for all weekdays
Format: "0"	For setting an alarm for all days in the week
<i>&lt;rlength&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Integer type	Maximum length of the <recurr> parameter

Unsolicited result codes:

+CALV: <n>

*Example!*

AT+CALA=?  
+CALA: (1-2),(),(),(13),()

Recurrent:  
AT+CALA="12:00",1,0

OK

AT+CALA?  
+CALA: "12:00",1,,,

Single:  
+CALA: "15:40",1,,,

OK

*Technical Description:*

Only a single active alarm can be set and this can only be set to an hour/minute, not to a date/day.

### 3.16 AT+CALD Alarm Delete

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Delete an alarm	AT+CALD=<n>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CALD=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CALD: (list of supported &lt;n&gt;s)</li> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

This command removes an active alarm.

<n>	Description
Integer type	Index identifying an active alarm

### 3.17 AT+CCLK Set Clock and Date

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Set the real time clock of the ME	AT+CCLK=<time>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT+CCLK?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CCLK: &lt;time&gt;</li> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CCLK=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

Sets the real time clock of the ME. If setting fails in an ME, error +CME ERROR: <err> is returned. Read command returns the current setting of the clock.

<time>	Description
string type value	<p>Format is "yy/mm/dd,hh:mm:ss±zz", where characters indicate year (two last digits), month, day, hour, minutes, seconds and time zone (indicates the difference, expressed in quarters of an hour, between the local time and GMT; range -47...+48), e.g. 6th of May 1994, 22:10:00 GMT+2 hours reads "94/05/06,22:10:00+08"</p> <p>NOTE: If the ME does not support time zone information then the three last characters of &lt;time&gt; are not returned by +CCLK?</p>



*Example*

AT+CCLK?  
+CCLK: "00/01/01,22:54:48+00"

OK

AT+CCLK="19/11/02,09:30:00+00"  
OK

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### 3.18 AT+CEER *Extended Error Report*

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Request an Extended Error Report	AT+CEER	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CEER: &lt;report&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CEER=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

Causes the TA to return one or more lines of information text <report>. Typically, the text will consist of a single line containing the failure information given by the GSM network in text format.

<report>	Description
characters	The total number of characters, including line terminators, in the information text shall not exceed 2041 characters. Text shall not contain the sequence 0<CR> or OK<CR>

### 3.19 AT+CFUN *Set ME Functionality*

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Set MS functionality	AT+CFUN=<fun>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT+CFUN?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CFUN: &lt;fun&gt;</li> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CFUN=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CFUN: (list of supported &lt;fun&gt;s)</li> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> </ul>

Selects the level of functionality <fun> in the MS. Level "full functionality" results in the highest level of power drawn. "Minimum functionality" results in the minimum power drawn. Manufacturers may also specify levels of functionality between these two end levels.

Test command returns values supported by the ME as a compound.

*Note!* “AT+CFUN=” is interpreted as “AT+CFUN=0”.

<i>&lt;fun&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Minimum functionality. <b>Default value</b> Note: The ME is turned off
1	Full functionality.

### 3.20 AT+CIND

#### Indicator Control

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Set Indicator Control	AT+CIND=[<ind> [,<ind>[,...]]]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT+CIND?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +CIND: &lt;ind&gt;,&lt;ind&gt;,...</li> <li>• +CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CIND=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +CIND: (&lt;descr&gt;,(list of supported &lt;ind&gt;s)), (&lt;descr&gt;,(list of supported &lt;ind&gt;s)),...</li> <li>• +CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

Used to set the values of ME indicators. <ind> value 0 means that the indicator is off (or in state which can be identified as “off” state), 1 means that indicator is on (or in a state which is more substantial than “off” state), 2 is more substantial than 1, and so on. If the indicator is a simple on/off style element, it has values 0 and 1. The number of elements is ME specific. If the ME does not allow setting of indicators or it is not currently reachable, +CME ERROR: <err> is returned. If a certain indicator is not writable, it cannot be set. If the parameter is an empty field, the indicator will keep the previous value.

Test command returns pairs, where string value <descr> is a maximum 16 character description of the indicator and compound value is the allowed values for the indicator. If ME is not currently reachable, +CME ERROR: <err> is returned (refer to GSM 07.07).

<i>&lt;ind&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Integer type	Value shall be in range of corresponding <descr>

<i>&lt;descr&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
"signal"	Signal quality (0-5)
"service"	Service availability (0-1)
"sounder"	Sounder activity (0-1)
"message"	Message received (0-1)
"call"	Call in progress (0-1)
"roam"	Roaming indicator (0-1)
"sms full"	A short message memory storage in the MT has become full (1), or memory locations are available (0); i.e. the range is (0-1)

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### 3.21 AT+CLAC *List all available AT Commands*

<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
+CLAC	<AT Command1> [<CR> <LF> <AT Command2>[...]] +CME ERROR: <err>
+CLAC=?	+CME ERROR: <err>

Causes the ME to return one or more lines of AT commands. This command has the same functionality as AT\*.

*Note!* This command only returns the AT commands that are available to the user.

### 3.22 AT+CMEE *Mobile Equipment Error*

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Request GSM Mobile Equipment Error Control	AT+CMEE=[<n>]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT+CMEE?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +CMEE: &lt;n&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CMEE=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +CMEE: (list of supported &lt;n&gt;s)</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

Disables or enables the use of result code +CME ERROR: <err> as an indication of an error relating to the functionality of the ME. When enabled, ME related errors cause +CME ERROR: <err> final result code instead of the regular ERROR final result code. ERROR is returned

normally when error is related to syntax, invalid parameters, or TA functionality. For more information, refer to “+CME ERROR (Mobile Equipment Error Code)”, page 13.

<i>&lt;n&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Disable +CME ERROR: <err> result code and use ERROR instead. <b>Default value</b>
1	Enable +CME ERROR: <err> result code and use numeric <err> values (see page 13)
2	Enable +CME ERROR: <err> result code and use verbose <err> values (see page 13)

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### 3.23 AT+CMER *Mobile Equipment Event Reporting*

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Set ME Activity Status	AT+CMER=[<mode> [,<keyp>[,<disp> [,<ind>[,<bfr>]]]]]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT+CMER?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CMER: &lt;mode&gt;,&lt;keyp&gt;,&lt;disp&gt;,&lt;ind&gt;,&lt;bfr&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CMER=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CMER: (list of supported s), (list of supported &lt;keyp&gt;s), (list of supported &lt;disp&gt;s), (list of supported &lt;ind&gt;s), (list of supported &lt;bfr&gt;s)</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

The command enables or disables the sending of unsolicited result codes from the ME to the TE in the case of key pressings, display changes, and indicator state changes. <mode> controls the processing of unsolicited result codes specified within this command. <bfr> controls the effect on buffered codes when <mode> 1, 2 or 3 is entered. If the ME does not support setting, +CME ERROR: <err> is returned.

Test command returns the modes supported by the TA as compound values.

<i>&lt;mode&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Buffer unsolicited result codes in the TA; if TA result code buffer is full, codes can be buffered in some other place or the oldest ones can be discarded
3	Forward unsolicited result codes directly to the TE; TA-TE link specific inband technique used to embed result codes and data when TA is in on-line data mode

<i>&lt;ind&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	No indicator event reporting
1	Indicator event reporting using result code +CIEV: <i>&lt;ind&gt;</i> , <i>&lt;value&gt;</i> . <i>&lt;ind&gt;</i> indicates the indicator order number (as specified for +CIND) and <i>&lt;value&gt;</i> is the new value of indicator. Only those indicator events, which are not caused by +CIND shall be indicated by the TA to the TE

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<i>&lt;bfr&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	TA buffer of unsolicited result codes defined within this command is cleared when <i>&lt;mode&gt;</i> 1...3 is entered

Unsolicited Result Codes:

+CKEV: *<key>*,*<press>*

+CIEV: *<ind>*,*<value>*

### 3.24 AT+CPAS ME Activity Status

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Execute ME Activity Status	AT+CPAS[= <i>&lt;mode&gt;</i> ]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CPAS: <i>&lt;pas&gt;</i></li> <li>+CME ERROR <i>&lt;err&gt;</i></li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CPAS=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CPAS: (list of supported <i>&lt;pas&gt;</i>s)</li> <li>+CME ERROR <i>&lt;err&gt;</i></li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

Returns the activity status *<pas>* of the ME. It can be used to interrogate the ME before requesting action from the ME.

When the command is executed without the *<mode>* argument, the command returns *<pas>* values from 0 to 128 (for supported values see table below). When, on the other hand, the command is executed with the *<mode>* argument set to 1, the command may return Ericsson specific *<pas>* values from 129 to 255 (for supported values see the table below).

Test command returns values supported by the ME as a compound value: refer to GSM 07.07.

<i>&lt;pas&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Ready (ME allows commands from TA/TE)
3	Ringing (ME is ready for commands from TA/TE, but the ringer is active)
4	Call in progress (ME is ready for commands from TA/TE, but a call is in progress)
129	Not in call
130	Mobile oriented call in progress. This is a sub-state to 'call in progress'
131	Mobile terminated call in progress. This is a sub-state to 'call in progress'

<i>&lt;mode&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
1	Allows the CPAS to return Ericsson specific <pas> values, such as 129, 130 and 131

#### Example

```
AT+CPAS=?
+CPAS: (0,3,4,129,130,131)
```

OK

```
AT+CPAS
+CPAS: 0
```

OK

## 3.25 AT+CPIN PIN Control

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Request PIN Control	AT+CPIN=<pin>[,<new pin>]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT+CPIN?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +CPIN: &lt;code&gt;</li> <li>• +CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CPIN=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>• +CPIN: (supported &lt;code&gt;s)</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

Sends the password to the ME, which is necessary to make the ME operational (SIM PIN, SIM PUK or PH-SIM). If the PIN is to be entered twice, the TA autonomously repeats the PIN. If no PIN request is pending, no action is taken towards the ME and an error message (+CME ERROR <err>) is returned to the TE.

If the PIN required is PUK, the second pin is required. This second PIN, <newpin>, is used to replace the old PIN in the SIM.

*Note!* Commands which interact with the ME that are accepted when the ME has a pending request for SIM PIN, SIM PUK or PH-SIM are: +CGMI, +CGMM, +CGMR, +CGSN, +CFUN, +CMEE +CPIN, L and M.

<pin>,<newpin>	Description
string	The range for the SIM PIN and the PH- SIM PIN is 4 - 8 digits. The SIM PUK consists of 8 digits

<code>	Description
READY	ME is not pending for any password
SIM PIN	ME is waiting SIM PIN to be given
SIM PUK	ME is waiting SIM PUK to be given

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<i>&lt;code&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
PH-SIM PIN	ME is waiting PHone-to-SIM card password to be given
SIM PIN2	ME is waiting SIM PIN2 to be given. This <i>&lt;code&gt;</i> is recommended to be returned only when the last executed command resulted in PIN2 authentication failure (i.e. +CME ERROR: 17); if PIN2 is not entered correctly after the failure, it is recommended that ME does not block its operation
SIM PUK2	ME is waiting SIM PUK2 to be given. This <i>&lt;code&gt;</i> is recommended to be returned only when the last executed command resulted in PUK2 authentication failure (i.e. +CME ERROR:18); if PUK2 and new PIN2 are not entered correctly after the failure, it is recommended that ME does not block its operation.
BLOCKED	The SIM cards is blocked for the user

<i>&lt;err&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	ME failure
5	PH-SIM PIN required
10	SIM not inserted
11	SIM PIN required
12	SIM PUK required
13	SIM failure
14	SIM busy
15	SIM wrong
16	Incorrect password
24	Text string too long
25	Invalid characters in text string
100	Unknown

#### *Example*

```
AT+CPIN="0000"  
OK
```



## 3.26 AT+CPWD Change Password

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Request facility lock	AT+CPWD=<fac>,<oldpwd>,<newpwd>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CME ERROR &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CPWD=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CPWD: (&lt;fac1&gt;,&lt;pwdlength1&gt;), (&lt;fac2&gt;,&lt;pwdlength2&gt;), ...</li> <li>+CME ERROR &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

Sets a new password for the facility lock function defined by command Facility Lock +CLCK.

Test command returns a list of pairs which present the available facilities and the maximum length of their password.

<fac>	Description
"PS"	PH-SIM (lock ME to SIM card) (ME asks password when other than current SIM card inserted)
"SC"	SIM (lock SIM card) (SIM asks password in ME power-up and when this lock command issued)
"P2"	SIM PIN2
"AO"	BAOC (Barr All Outgoing Calls) (refer GSM 02.88 clause 1)
"OI"	BOIC (Barr Outgoing International Calls) (refer GSM 02.88 clause 1)
"AI"	BAIC (Barr All Incoming Calls) (refer GSM 02.88 clause 2)
"IR"	BIC-Roam (Bar Incoming Calls when Roaming outside the home country) (refer GSM 02.88 clause 2)
"OX"	BOIC-exHC (Barr Outgoing International Calls except to Home Country) (refer GSM 02.88 clause 1)
"AB"	All Barring services (refer GSM 02.30)
"AG"	All outGoing barring services (refer GSM 02.30)
"AC"	All inComing barring services (refer GSM 02.30)

<oldpwd>	Description
string type	<oldpwd> shall be the same as password specified for the facility from the ME user interface or with the change password command, +CPWD

<newpwd>	Description
string type	<newpwd> is the new password, maximum length of password can be determined with <pwdlength>

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<i>&lt;pwdlength&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Integer type	Maximum length of the password for the facility

<i>&lt;err&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	ME failure
3	Operation not allowed
5	PH-SIM PIN required
10	SIM not inserted
11	SIM PIN required
12	SIM PUK required
13	SIM failure
14	SIM busy
15	SIM wrong
16	Incorrect password
17	SIM PIN2 required
18	SIM PUK2 required
23	Text string too long
24	Invalid characters in text string
100	Unknown
101..255	Reserved by ETS

#### *Example*

```
AT+CPWD="SC","0000","0001"  
OK
```

## 3.27 AT+CR

*Service Reporting Control*

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Set Service Reporting Control	AT+CR=<mode>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT+CR?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +CR: &lt;mode&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CR=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +CR: (list of supported &lt;mode&gt;s)</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

Enables or disables display of intermediate bearer capability reports during the handshake phase.

<i>&lt;mode&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Disable reporting. <b>Default value</b>
1	Enable reporting

Intermediate Result Codes:

+CR: <serv>

## 3.28 AT+CRC

*Cellular Result Code*

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Set Cellular Result Code option	AT+CRC=[<mode>]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT+CRC?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +CRC: &lt;mode&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CRC=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +CRC: (list of supported &lt;mode&gt;s)</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

Command controls whether or not;

- the extended format of incoming call indication;
- or GPRS network request for PDP context activation;
- or notification for VBS/VGCS calls is used.

When enabled, an incoming call is indicated to the TE with unsolicited result code +CRING: <type> instead of the normal RING.

Test command returns values supported by the TA as a compound value.

<i>&lt;mode&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Disables extended format
1	Enables extended format

Unsolicited Result Codes:

+CRING: <type>

### 3.29 AT+CSAS

#### Save Settings

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Save Settings	AT+CSAS[=<profile>]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +CMS ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CSAS=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +CSAS: (list of supported &lt;profile&gt;s)</li> <li>• +CMS ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

Saves active message service settings to a non-volatile memory. A TA can contain several settings profiles. Settings specified in commands Service Centre Address +CSCA, Set Message Parameters +CSMP and Select Cell Broadcast Message Types +CSCB (if implemented) are saved. Certain settings may not be supported by the storage (e.g. SIM SMS parameters) and therefore can not be saved.

Test command shall display the supported profile numbers for reading and writing of settings.

<i>&lt;profile&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0..255	Manufacturer specific profile number where settings are to be stored. <b>Default value is 0</b>

3.30 AT+CSQ *Signal Strength*

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Show the Signal Strength	AT+CSQ	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CSQ: &lt;rsqi&gt;,&lt;ber&gt;</li> <li>+CME ERROR &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CSQ=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CSQ: (list of supported &lt;rsqi&gt;s),(list of supported &lt;ber&gt;s)</li> <li>+CME ERROR &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

Returns the received signal strength indication <rsqi> and channel bit error rate <ber> from the ME. Test command returns values supported by the TA as compound values.

<i>&lt;rsqi&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	-113dBm or less
1	-111dBm
2..30	-109... -53dBm
31	-51dBm or greater
99	Not known or not detectable

<i>&lt;ber&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0..7	As RXQUAL values in the table in GSM 05.08 subclause 8.2.4
99	Not known or not detectable

*Example*

```
AT+CSQ
+CSQ: 13,99
```

```
OK
```

### 3.31 AT+CTZU Automatic Time Zone Update

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Enable and disable automatic time zone update via NITZ	AT+CTZU=<onoff>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT+CTZU?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CTZU: &lt;onoff&gt;</li> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CTZU=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CTZU: (list of supported &lt;onoff&gt;s)</li> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

Enables and disables the automatic time zone update via NITZ. If setting fails in an ME error, +CME ERROR <err> is returned.

<onoff>	Description
0	The automatic time zone update is disabled (off). <b>Default value</b>
1	The automatic time zone update is enabled (on)

## 4. Audio

*Note!* \*E2EAMS and \*E2APR are new commands that replace the functionality offered by the \*EALR, \*EAMS, \*EARS and \*ELAM commands. Use the new commands in new applications. The old commands are included for compatibility.

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### 4.1 AT\*E2EAMS Ericsson M2M Audio Profile Modification

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Request operation with audio profile	AT*E2EAMS= <op>[,<TxPGA>, <RxPGA>, <SideToneGain>, <AuxInGain>, <MicInGain>, <TxAGC>, <Volume>, <MaxVolume>, <MicPath>, <SpkPath>, <TxPCM>, <RxPCM>, <HFAlgorithm>, <LocalAudio>, <TxGainLow>, <MicVolt2V>, <SideTone>, <NoiseRed>, <EchoCancel>, <AnalogRing>.] [, <val>]]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ERROR</li> <li>• OK</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT*E2EAMS?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• *E2EAMS: &lt;TxPGA&gt;, &lt;RxPGA&gt;, &lt;SideToneGain&gt;, &lt;AuxInGain&gt;, &lt;MicInGain&gt;, &lt;TxAGC&gt;, &lt;Volume&gt;, &lt;MaxVolume&gt;, &lt;MicPath&gt;, &lt;SpkPath&gt;, &lt;TxPCM&gt;, &lt;RxPCM&gt;, &lt;HFAlgorithm&gt;, &lt;LocalAudio&gt;, &lt;TxGainLow&gt;, &lt;MicVolt2V&gt;, &lt;SideTone&gt;, &lt;NoiseRed&gt;, &lt;EchoCancel&gt;, &lt;AnalogRing&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT*E2EAMS=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• *E2EAMS: (list of supported &lt;op&gt;s)</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

This command allows the modification and configuration of the current audio profile. An audio profile is a set of data which uniquely defines the way in which the audio paths, gains, DSP algorithms and switch setting are configured. There are several audio profiles available in non-volatile storage, and the current profile can be modified by use of the AT\*E2APR command.

The AT\*E2EAMS command allows the user to:

- configure the whole profile, specifying each audio parameter in a comma separated list;
- set a single parameter, given by its parameter number;
- save the current profile to non-volatile memory under the current profile number (see AT\*E2APR).

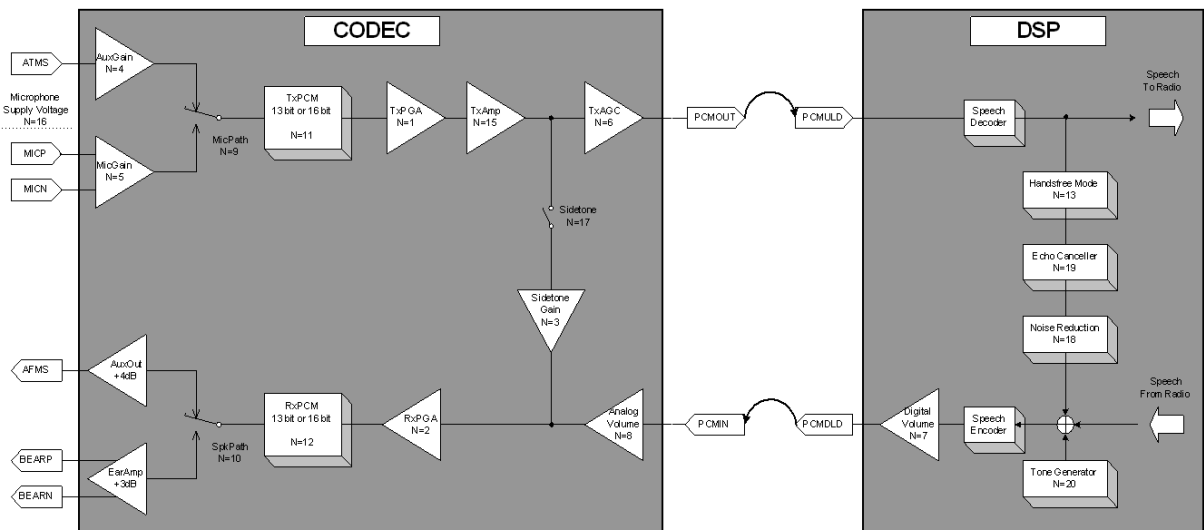
The current audio settings can also be displayed by running the read command AT\*E2EAMS?

Default audio settings are given in AT\*E2APR.

Abortability:

This command may not be aborted.

Refer to the diagram below to understand which parts of the audio circuit are affected by the various parameters.



N = Opcode used with command AT\*E2EAMS

Figure 4.1 Audio diagram of the CODEC



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N=	Item	Range	Unit Range	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	TxPGA	0-7	-10dB to +7.5dB	-5dB	-2.5db	0db	2.5db	5db	7.5db	-7.5db	-10db		
2	RxPGA	0-7	-10dB to +7.5dB	-5dB	-2.5db	0db	2.5db	5db	7.5db	-7.5db	-10db		
3	Sidetone Gain	0-5	10dB to 25dB	10dB	13db	16db	19db	22db	25db				
4	AuxGain	0-3	Mute to 46dB	Mute	13db	34db	45db						
5	MicGain	0-3	Mute to 46dB	Mute	13db	25db	34db	45db					
6	TxAGC	0-2	0dB to 6dB	0dB	3dB	6db							
7	Digital Volume <sup>1</sup>	0-9	-15dB to 11.25dB	-15dB	-15dB	-11.25dB	-7.5db	-3.75db	0db	3.75db	7.5db	11.25db	
8	Analog Volume <sup>2</sup>	0-9	Mute to 14dB	Mute	-14dB	-10.5dB	-7db	-3.5db	0db	3.5db	7db	10.5db	14dB
9	MicPath	0-3		OFF	Mute	Diff MIC	ATMS						
10	SpkPath	0-3		OFF	Mute	Diff BEAR	AFMS						
11	TxPCM	0-1	13 or 16 bit	13 bit	16 bit								
12	RxPCM	0-1	13 or 16 bit	13 bit	16 bit								
13	HF	0-4		Full Duplex	PHF Half Duplex	Switching Handsfree	Handset	External Carkit					
14	Local Audio	0-3		OFF	Mic only	Spkr only	Mic & Spkr						
15	TxAMP	0-1	-7dB to 0dB	0dB	-7dB								
16	Mic Supply	0-1	2V to 2.5V	2.5V	2.0V								
17	Sidetone On/Off	0-1		OFF	ON								
18	Noise Reduction	0-1		OFF	ON								
19	Echo Cancelling	0-1		OFF	ON								
20	Analog Ring	0-1		OFF	ON								
255	Save Params												

Notes:

Default Values

1 Previously Volume

2 Previously Max Volume

*Examples*

```
AT*E2EAMS=?  
*E2EAMS=(0-21,255)  
OK
```

Current default profile is 0:

```
AT*E2EAMS?  
*E2EAMS: 2,2,3,2,3,2,5,9,3,3,0,1,0,0,0,1,1,1,1,1,1  
OK
```

Sets current profile with these settings:

```
AT*E2EAMS=0,2,1,2,0,0,2,5,9,2,2,0,1,0,0,0,1,1,0,0,1,1  
OK
```

Sets TxPGA gain to 0dB:

```
AT*E2EAMS=1,2  
OK
```

Turns analog ringing off:

```
AT*E2EAMS=20,0  
OK
```

Save current profile to currently loaded profile in non-volatile memory:

```
AT*E2EAMS=255  
OK
```

## 4.2 AT\*E2APR M2M Audio Profile Manipulation

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Request operation with audio profile	AT*E2APR=<op>[,<prnum1>[,<prnum2>]]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ERROR</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• *E2APR: &lt;TxPGA&gt;,&lt;RxPGA&gt;,&lt;SideToneGain&gt;,&lt;AuxInGain&gt;,&lt;MicInGain&gt;,&lt;TxAGC&gt;,&lt;Volume&gt;,&lt;MaxVolume&gt;,&lt;MicPath&gt;,&lt;SpkPath&gt;,&lt;TxPCM&gt;,&lt;RxPCM&gt;,&lt;HFAlgorithm&gt;,&lt;LocalAudio&gt;,&lt;TxGainLow&gt;,&lt;MicVolt2V&gt;,&lt;SideTone&gt;,&lt;NoiseRed&gt;,&lt;EchoCancel&gt;,&lt;AnalogRing&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT*E2APR?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• *E2APR: current &lt;prnum&gt;</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT*E2APR=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• *E2APR: (list of supported &lt;op&gt;s), (list of supported &lt;prnum1&gt;s), (list of supported &lt;prnum2&gt;s)</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

This command allows the manipulation and storage of the audio “profiles” stored in the MS. The requirement for the 2nd and 3rd parameters depend on the operation being carried out.

Using the command you can:

- Set one of the three audio profiles 0, 1 or 2 as the current profile. This will load the profile's settings from NVM and implement them.
- Read one of the audio profiles. The current settings for the profile number defined will be displayed.
- Copy all parameters from one profile into another.
- Reset any of the profiles. This will reinstate the factory defaults for the profile:
  - 0 - portable handsfree,
  - 1 - handset,
  - 2 - car kit.
- Set a profile as the default profile on next power up.

<op>	Description
0	Set profile <prnum1> to set as current
1	Copy profile <prnum1> to <prnum2>
2	Read profile <prnum1> settings
3	Reset profile <prnum1> to factory default
4	Set default profile as <prnum1>. Will store this as default profile in NVM, and use it as default from next power on



## 4.3 AT\*EALR

## Ericsson Audio Line Request

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Request the audio lines (ATMS,AFMS)	AT*EALR=<mode> [ <i>,&lt;activation&gt;</i> ] [ <i>,&lt;aud_status&gt;</i> ]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>*EALR: &lt;mode&gt;, &lt;activation&gt;, &lt;resp&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT*EALR?	*EALR: <mode>, <activation>, <resp>
Show if the command is supported	AT*EALR=?	*EALR:(list of supported <mode>s, <activation>s and <aud_status>s parameters)

Included for compatibility. No functionality.

<mode>	Description
0	No request for ATMS or AFMS
1	Request ATMS and not AFMS
2	Request AFMS and not ATMS
3	Request ATMS and AFMS

<activation>	Description
0	Not direct activated audio accessory (e.g. cordless portable hands free)
1	Direct activated audio accessory (e.g. vehicle hands free)

<aud_status>	Description
0	No change of the audio status
1	Audio hand over. Accessory hands over control of both the audio lines and the call to the ME
2	Audio demand. Accessory demands control of both the audio lines and the call

<resp>	Description
0	Disable ATMS and AFMS
1	Enable ATMS and disable AFMS
2	Disable ATMS and enable AFMS
3	Enable ATMS and AFMS

4.4 AT\*EAMS

Ericsson Audio Mode Selection

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Sets the audio mode for the application	AT*EAMS=<internal_voice_alg>[,<noise_reduction>[,<side_tone>[,<short_echo_canceling>[,<ATMS_gain>[,<class>[,<ATMS_sensitivity_deviation_from_class>[,<AFMS_sensitivity_deviation_from_class>]]]]]]]]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT*EAMS?	*EAMS:<internal_voice_alg>, <noise_reduction>, <side_tone>, <short_echo_canceling>, <AFMS_gain>, <class>, <ATMS_sensitivity_deviation_from_class>, <AFMS_sensitivity_deviation_from_class>
Show if the command is supported	AT*EAMS=?	*EAMS: (list of supported <internal_voice_alg>s, <noise_reduction>s, <side_tone>s, <short_echo_canceling>s, <AFMS_gain>s, <class>s, <ATMS_sensitivity_deviation_from_class>s, <AFMS_sensitivity_deviation_from_class>s)

Included for compatibility. No functionality.

<internal_voice_alg>	Description
0	None
1	Semi Duplex
2	Full Duplex (Note! the internal hands free algorithm in the MS contains echo cancelling)

<noise_reduction>	Description
0	Off
1	On

<side_tone>	Description
0	Off
1	On

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<i>&lt;short_echo_canceling&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Off
1	On

<i>&lt;ATMS_gain&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Normal (0 dB) (internal voice processing)

<i>&lt;Class&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	None
1	Low end, class reference Hector
2	Mid End, class reference Scott
3	High End, class reference Hasse

<i>&lt;ATMS_sensitivity_deviation_from_class&gt;</i> , <i>&lt;AFMS_sensitivity_deviation_from_class&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	0 dB
1	2,5 dB
2	-2,5 dB
3	5,0 dB
4	-5,0 dB

### 4.5 AT\*EARS

#### *Ericsson Audio Ring Signal*

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Request analogue ring signal in the loudspeaker	AT*EARS=<mode>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT*EARS?	*EARS: <mode>
Show if the command is supported	AT*EARS=?	*EARS: (list of supported <mode>s)

Included for compatibility. No functionality.

<i>&lt;mode&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Disable analogue ring signal
1	Enable analogue ring signal

## 4.6 AT\*E2PHFB *Portable Handsfree Button Sense Enable*

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Set PHF functionality	AT*E2PHFB=<op>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ERROR</li> <li>• OK</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT*E2PHFB?	*E2PHFB: <op>
Show if the command is supported	AT*E2PHFB=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• *E2PHFB: (list of supported &lt;op&gt;s)</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

This command allows the user to set the functionality for a PHF (portable handsfree) button, as used on simple handsfree equipment. When set to ON, the MS will detect the shortcircuit of the ATMS and AFMS lines, and interpret this as a PHF button press. This has the effect of answering/hanging up a call without recourse to AT commands.

<i>&lt;op&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Disable PHF button. <b>Default value</b>
1	Enable PHF button

## 4.7 AT\*ELAM *Ericsson Local Audio Mode*

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Set local audio mode	AT*ELAM=<mic> [,<loudspeaker>]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• *ELAM: &lt;mic&gt;, &lt;loudspeaker&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT*ELAM?	*ELAM: <mic>,<loudspeaker>
Show if the command is supported	AT*ELAM=?	*ELAM: (list of supported <mic>s and <loudspeaker>s parameters)

Included for compatibility. No functionality.

<i>&lt;mic&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Off
1	Microphone analogue

<i>&lt;loudspeaker&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Off
1	Loudspeaker analogue



## 4.8 AT\*EMIC

## Ericsson Microphone Mode

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Enables/disables the ME microphone	AT*EMIC=<mode>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT*EMIC?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>*EMIC: &lt;mode&gt;</li> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT*EMIC=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>*EMIC: (list of supported &lt;mode&gt;s)</li> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

Included for compatibility. No functionality.

<mode>	Description
0	Microphone is disabled (off)
1	Microphone is enabled (on)

## 4.9 AT\*EMIR

## Ericsson Music Mute Indication Request

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Request for mute indications	AT*EMIR=<mode>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT*EMIR?	*EMIR: <mode>,<resp>
Show if the command is supported	AT*EMIR=?	*EMIR: (list of supported <mode>s)

Included for compatibility. No functionality.

<mode>	Description
0	Off, music mute indication result codes will not be sent to the accessory
1	On, music mute indication result codes will be sent to the accessory

<resp>	Description
0	Music mute inactive
1	Music mute active

## 4.10 AT\*ESMA Ericsson Set Message Alert Sound

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Sets the answer mode settings in the MS	AT*ESMA=<mode>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT*ESMA?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>*ESMA: &lt;mode&gt;</li> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT*ESMA=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>*ESMA: list of supported &lt;mode&gt;s</li> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

<mode >	Description
0	Answer mode is not set to "Any key", or "Auto" (off)
1	Any Key mode on
2	Auto mode on

## 4.11 ATM Monitor Speaker Control

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Set monitor speaker control	ATM[=][<speaker>]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	ATM?	M: <speaker>
Show if the command is supported	ATM=?	M: (list of supported <speaker>s)

Define the activity of the speaker. This command is ignored by the modem and is only included for compatibility.

<speaker>	Description
0	Off during the entire call. <b>Default value</b>
1-3	Different "on" modes

## 4.12 AT\*ERIL

## Ericsson Ring Level Set

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Sets ring volume for the ring signals used for incoming voice (L1 and L2), fax and data calls	AT*ERIL=<volume>[,<call type> [,<place>]]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT*ERIL?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>*ERIL: &lt;volume1&gt;[,&lt;call type1&gt; [,&lt;place1&gt;] [&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;... *ERIL: &lt;volume n&gt;[, &lt;call type n&gt; [,&lt;place n&gt;]]]]</li> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT*ERIL=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>*ERIL: (list of supported &lt;volume&gt;s)[,(list of supported &lt;call type&gt;s) [, (list of supported &lt;place&gt;s)]</li> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

Used to set the volume for the ring signals used for incoming voice, Line 1, Line 2, fax and data calls. The parameter <place> controls the ring level set for different types of modes. The signal volume is specified as “step”, with an increasing volume for each signal, or as a selected level.

Line 1 is the default for <call type> if the parameter is not given.

<volume>	Description
0	Off
1-6	Volume setting, not increasing ring
129-134	Volume setting, increasing ring

<calltype>	Description
1	Line 1
2	Line 2
3	Fax
4	Data
5	Alarm. <b>Not supported</b>

<i>&lt;place&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Hand held
1	Car mounted

### 4.13 AT\*ERIN

#### Ericsson Ring Set

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Sets ring type for incoming voice (L1 and L2), fax and data calls and alarm	AT*ERIN= <sound type>, [<call type>]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT*ERIN?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>*ERIN: &lt;sound type1&gt;,&lt;call type1&gt;[&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;... *ERIN: &lt;sound type n&gt;,&lt;call type n&gt;]</li> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT*ERIN=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>*ERIN: list of supported &lt;sound type&gt;s, list of supported &lt;call type&gt;s</li> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

Used to set sound for incoming voice, line L1 and L2, fax, data calls and alarm. For each of the incoming call types and alarm: voice on line 1, voice on line 2, fax calls and data calls and alarm a sound type is selected.

The type of sound is either a ring signal, selected from a predefined set, a melody, selected from a predefined set, or an own melody, selected from a set specified by the user.

Line 1 is the default for <call type> if the parameter is not given.

<i>&lt;calltype&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
1	Line 1
2	Line 2
3	Fax
4	Data
5	Alarm

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---

<i>&lt;soundtype&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Off. <b>Not supported</b>
1	Low ring signal
2	Medium ring signal
3	High ring signal
4	Mixed ring signal
5	Beep. <b>Not supported</b>
6	Alarm. <b>Not supported</b>
7	Calendar Tone. <b>Not supported</b>
8	Calendar Click. <b>Not supported</b>
9-10	Reserved. <b>Not supported</b>
11-20	Melody 1. Melody 10 reserved for preset melodies
21-30	Reserved. <b>Not supported</b>
31-38	Own melodies 1-8
39-5	Reserved for own melodies. <b>Not supported</b>

## 4.14 AT\*ERIP

*Ericsson Ring Signal Playback Command*

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Plays the selected sound type at specified volume level	AT*ERIP = <volume>, <sound type>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT*ERIP=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• *ERIP: (list of supported &lt;volume&gt;s), (list of supported &lt;sound type&gt;s)</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

Used to play one of the sound types which are available as ring signals/ message signals on the module. The signal volume may not be chosen as “step”; with an increasing volume for each signal. If value 1 is chosen for parameter <volume>, nothing should happen. Signal volume may be chosen as a selected level.

<i>&lt;volume&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Off
1	Step. Not supported
2-n	Volume settings

Refer to the AT\*ERIN command for the <sound type> parameter.

## 5. Data - CSD/HSCSD

*Note!* Since the module does not support V42bis compression the following commands have not been implemented:

- AT+DS
- AT+DR

### 5.1 AT+CBST

#### Select Bearer Service Type

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Select bearer service type	AT+CBST=[<speed>, [<name>],[<ce>]]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT+CBST?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +CBST: &lt;speed&gt;,&lt;name&gt;,&lt;ce&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CBST=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +CBST: (list of supported &lt;speed&gt;s,list of supported &lt;name&gt;s, list of supported &lt;ce&gt;s)</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

Selects the bearer service <name> with data rate <speed>, and the connection element <ce> to be used when data calls are originated. Values may also be used during mobile terminated data call setup, especially in the case of single numbering scheme calls.

Test command returns values supported by the TA as compound values.

<speed>	Description
0	Auto selection of baud rate
4	2400bps V.22bis
6	4800bps V.32
7	9600bps V.32
12	9600bps V.34
15	19200bps V.34
68	2400bps V.110 (ISDN)
70	4800bps V.110 (ISDN)

<i>&lt;speed&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
71	9600bps V.110 (ISDN)
75	14400bps V.110 (ISDN)
79	19200bps V.110 (ISDN)
80	28800bps V.110 (ISDN)
81	38400bps V.110 (ISDN)
82	48000bps V.110 (ISDN)
83	56000bps V.110 (ISDN)

<i>&lt;name&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Asynchronous connection (UDI or 3.1kHz modem)

<i>&lt;ce&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
1	Non transparent

## 5.2 AT+CRLP

### Radio Link Protocol

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Set radio link protocol	AT+CRLP=[<iws>[,<mws>[,<T1>[,<N2>[,<ver>[,<T4>]]]]]]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT+CRLP?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +CRLP: &lt;iws&gt;,&lt;mws&gt;,&lt;T1&gt;,&lt;N2&gt;[,&lt;ver1&gt;[,&lt;T4&gt;]] [&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</li> <li>• +CRLP: &lt;iws&gt;,&lt;mws&gt;,&lt;T1&gt;,&lt;N2&gt;[,&lt;ver2&gt;[,&lt;T4&gt;]] [...]</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CRLP=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +CRLP: (list of supported &lt;iws&gt;s), (list of supported &lt;mws&gt;s), (list of supported &lt;T1&gt;s), (list of supported &lt;N2&gt;s)[,&lt;ver1&gt;[, (list of supported &lt;T4&gt;s)]] [&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;+CRLP: (list of supported &lt;iws&gt;s), (list of supported &lt;mws&gt;s), (list of supported &lt;T1&gt;s), (list of supported &lt;N2&gt;s)[,&lt;ver2&gt;[, (list of supported &lt;T4&gt;s)]] [...]</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

Radio link protocol (RLP) parameters used when non-transparent data calls are originated may be altered with this command. Available command subparameters depend on the RLP versions implemented by the device (e.g. <ver> may not be available if device supports only versions 0 and 1).



Read command returns current settings for each supported RLP version <verx>. Only RLP parameters applicable to the corresponding <verx> are returned.

Test command returns values supported by the TA as a compound value. If ME/TA supports several RLP versions <verx>, the RLP parameter value ranges for each <verx> are returned in a separate line.

<iws>	Description
120 0 - 496	IWF to MS window size
<mws>	Description
120 0 - 496	MS to IWF window size
<T1>	Description
48 38 - 100	Acknowledgment timer T1 (*10ms)
<N2>	Description
6 0 - 255	Re-transmission attempts N2
<T4>	Description
5 3 - 255	Re-sequencing period T4 (*10ms)
<ver>	Description
Integer	RLP version. When version indication is not present, <ver>=0 is assumed

### Example

```
AT+CRLP?
+CRLP: 61,61,48,6,0
+CRLP: 120,120,48,6,2,3
```

OK

## 6. Data - GPRS

### 6.1 AT+CGACT PDP Context Activate or Deactivate

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Description	Command	Possible Responses
Activate or deactivate the specified PDP context(s)	+CGACT=[<state> [,<cid>[,<cid>[,...]]]]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	+CGACT?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CGACT: &lt;cid&gt;, &lt;state&gt;[&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt; +CGACT: &lt;cid&gt;, &lt;state&gt;[...]]</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	+CGACT=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CGACT: (list of supported &lt;state&gt;s)</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

Used to activate or deactivate the specified PDP context(s).

After the command has completed, the MS remains in V.250 command state. If the MS is already in the requested state, the command is ignored and OK is returned. If the requested state cannot be achieved, ERROR or +CME: ERROR is returned. If the MS is not attached to the GPRS service when the activation form of the command is executed, the MS first performs a GPRS attach and then attempts to activate the specific contexts.

If no <cid>s are specified the activation form of the command activates all defined contexts.

If no <cid>s are specified the deactivation form of the command deactivates all active contexts.

<state>	Description
0	PDP context activation deactivated
1	PDP context activation activated

<cid>	Description
Integer type	A numeric parameter which specifies a specific PDP context definition

## 6.2 AT+CGATT GPRS Attach or Detach

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Attach or detach MS to the GPRS/packet domain/packet domain service	+CGATT=[<state>]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	+CGATT?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +CGATT: &lt;state&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	+CGATT=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +CGATT: (list of supported &lt;state&gt;s)</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

Used to attach the MS to, or detach the MS from, the GPRS/packet domain service. After the command has completed, the MS remains in V.250 command state. If the MS is already in the requested state, the command is ignored and the OK response is returned. If the requested state cannot be achieved, an ERROR or +CME ERROR response is returned. Extended error responses (enabled by the +CMEE command) are listed under “+CME ERROR (Mobile Equipment Error Code)”, page 13.

Any active PDP contexts will be automatically deactivated when the attachment state changes to detached.

*Note!* This command has the characteristics of both the V.250 action and parameter commands. Hence it has the read form in addition to the execution/set and test forms.

<i>&lt;state&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Detached
1	Attached

### 6.3 AT+CGDATA Enter Data State

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Establish GPRS/packet domain connection	+CGDATA=[<L2p>,[cid[ ,cid>[,...]]]]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CONNECT</li> <li>• ERROR</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	+CGDATA=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +CGDATA: (list of supported &lt;L2P&gt;s)</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

Causes the MS to perform whatever actions are necessary to establish communication between the TE and the network using one or more GPRS/packet domain PDP types. This may include performing a GPRS/packet domain attach and one or more PDP context activations.

<i>&lt;L2P&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
PPP	Point-to-point protocol for a PDP such as IP

### 6.4 AT+CGDCONT Define PDP Context

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Select PDP context parameters	+CGDCONT=[<cid> [,<PDP_type> [,<APN> [,<PDP_addr> [,<pd1> [,...[,pdN]]]]]]]]]]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	+CGDCONT?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CGDCONT: &lt;cid&gt;, &lt;PDP_type&gt;, &lt;APN&gt;, &lt;PDP_addr&gt;, [, &lt;pd1&gt; [, ... [, pdN ]]]] [<cr&gt;&lt;lf&gt;+cgdcont: &lt;apn&gt;,="" &lt;cid&gt;,="" &lt;pd1&gt;="" &lt;pdp_addr&gt;,="" &lt;pdp_type&gt;,="" ...="" [,="" [...]<="" ]]]]="" li="" pdn=""> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </cr&gt;&lt;lf&gt;+cgdcont:></li></ul>
Show if the command is supported	+CGDCONT=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CGDCONT: (range of supported &lt;cid&gt;s), &lt;PDP_type&gt;,,, [(list of supported &lt;pd1&gt;s) [, ... [, (list of supported &lt;pdN&gt;s)]]] [<cr&gt;&lt;lf&gt;+cgdcont: &lt;cid&gt;s),="" &lt;pd1&gt;s)="" &lt;pdn&gt;s)]]]="" &lt;pdp_type&gt;,,,="" (list="" (range="" ...="" [(list="" [,="" [...]<="" li="" of="" supported=""> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </cr&gt;&lt;lf&gt;+cgdcont:></li></ul>

Specifies PDP context parameter values for a PDP context identified by the (local) context identification parameter, <cid>.

<cid>	Description
Integer type	(PDP Context Identifier) a numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context definition. The parameter is local to the TE-MS interface and is used in other PDP context-related commands. The range of permitted values (minimum value = 1) is returned by the test form of the command
1-10	Supported values. Ericsson specific

<PDP_type>	Description
IP	Internet Protocol (IETF STD 5)

<APN>	Description
String type	(Access Point Name) a string parameter which is a logical name that is used to select the GGSN or the external packet data network. If the value is null or omitted, then the subscription value will be requested

<i>&lt;PDP_address&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String type	A string parameter that identifies the MS in the address space applicable to the PDP. If the value is null or omitted, then a value may be provided by the TE during the PDP startup procedure or, failing that, a dynamic address will be requested

<i>&lt;pdN&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String type	Zero to N string parameters whose meanings are specific to the <i>&lt;PDP_type&gt;</i>

### 6.5 AT+CGEREP GPRS Event Reporting

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Set command	+CGEREP=[ <i>&lt;mode&gt;</i> [, <i>&lt;bfr&gt;</i> ]]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CME ERROR: <i>&lt;err&gt;</i></li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	+CGEREP?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CGEREP: <i>&lt;mode&gt;</i>,<i>&lt;bfr&gt;</i></li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	+CGEREP=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CGEREP: (list of supported <i>&lt;mode&gt;</i>s), (list of supported <i>&lt;bfr&gt;</i>s)</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

Enables or disables the sending of unsolicited result codes, +CGEV: XXX from MS to TE in the case of certain events occurring in the GPRS/packet domain MS or the network.

<i>&lt;mode&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Buffer unsolicited result codes in the MS. No codes are forwarded to the TE
1	Discard unsolicited result codes when MS-TE link is reserved; otherwise forward them directly to the TE

<i>&lt;bfr&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	MS buffer of unsolicited result codes defined within this command is cleared when <i>&lt;mode&gt;</i> 1 or 2 is entered

## 6.6 AT+CGPADDR Show PDP Address

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Show PDP addresses for specified CIDs	+CGPADDR=[<cid> [,<cid> [...]]]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CGPADDR: &lt;cid&gt;,&lt;PDP_addr&gt; [ &lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;+CGPADDR: &lt;cid&gt;,&lt;PDP_addr&gt; [...]]</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	+CGPADDR=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CGPADDR: (list of defined &lt;cid&gt;s)</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

Returns a list of PDP addresses for the specified context identifiers. The test command returns a list of defined <cid>s.

<i>&lt;cid&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Integer type	Parameter which specifies a particular PDP context definition (see +CGDCONT command). If no <cid> is specified, the addresses for all defined contexts are returned

<i>&lt;PDP_address&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String type	A string that identifies the MS in the address space applicable to the PDP. The address may be static or dynamic. For a static address, it will be the one set by the +CGDCONT command when the context was defined. For a dynamic address it will be the one assigned during the last PDP context activation that used the context definition referred to by <cid>. <PDP_address> is omitted if none is available

## 6.7 AT+CGQMIN Quality of Service Profile (Minimum Acceptable)

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Set minimum acceptable profile	+CGQMIN=[<cid> [,<precedence> [,<delay> [,<reliability> [,<peak> [,<mean>]]]]]]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	+CGQMIN?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CGQMIN: &lt;cid&gt;, &lt;precedence&gt;, &lt;delay&gt;, &lt;reliability&gt;, &lt;peak&gt;, &lt;mean&gt;[&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;+CGQMIN: &lt;cid&gt;, &lt;precedence&gt;, &lt;delay&gt;, &lt;reliability&gt;, &lt;peak&gt;, &lt;mean&gt;[...]]</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	+CGQMIN=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CGQMIN: &lt;PDP_type&gt;, (list of supported &lt;precedence&gt;s), (list of supported &lt;delay&gt;s), (list of supported &lt;reliability&gt;s), (list of supported &lt;peak&gt;s), (list of supported &lt;mean&gt;s)[&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;+CGQMIN: &lt;PDP_type&gt;, (list of supported &lt;precedence&gt;s), (list of supported &lt;delay&gt;s), (list of supported &lt;reliability&gt;s), (list of supported &lt;peak&gt;s), (list of supported &lt;mean&gt;s)[...]]</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

Allows the TE to specify a minimum acceptable profile which is checked by the MS against the negotiated profile returned in the Activate PDP Context Accept message.

The set command specifies a profile for the context identified by the (local) context identification parameter, <cid>. Since this is the same parameter that is used in the +CGDCONT command, the +CGQMIN command is effectively an extension to the +CGDCONT command. The QoS profile consists of a number of parameters, each of which may be set to a separate value.

A special form of the set command, +CGQMIN=<cid> causes the minimum acceptable profile for context number <cid> to become undefined. In this case no check is made against the negotiated profile.

<cid>	Description
Integer type	Parameter which specifies a particular PDP context definition



## 6. DATA - GPRS

<i>&lt;precedence&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Subscribed (from network) value used
1	High priority
2	Normal priority
3	Low priority

<i>&lt;delay&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Subscribed (from network) value used
1-4	Delay class

<i>&lt;reliability&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Subscribed (from network) value used
1-5	Reliability class

<i>&lt;peak&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Subscribed (from network) value used
1	Up to 1000 (8kbits/s)
2	Up to 2000 (16kbits/s)
3	Up to 4000 (32kbits/s)
4	Up to 8000 (64kbits/s)
5	Up to 16000 (128kbits/s)
6	Up to 32000 (256kbits/s)
7	Up to 64000 (512kbits/s)
8	Up to 128000 (1024kbits/s)
9	Up to 256000 (2048kbits/s)

<i>&lt;mean&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Subscribed (from network) value used
1	Best effort
2	100 (-0.22 bits/s)
3	200 (-0.44 bits/s)
4	500 (-1.11 bits/s)
5	1000 (-2.2 bits/s)
6	2000 (-4.4 bits/s)
7	5000 (-11.1 bits/s)

<i>&lt;mean&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
8	10000 (~22bits/s)
9	20000 (~44bits/s)
10	50000 (~111bits/s)
11	100000 (~0.22kbits/s)
12	200000 (~0.44kbits/s)
13	500000 (~1.11kbits/s)
14	1000000 (~2.2kbits/s)
15	2000000 (~4.4kbits/s)
16	5000000 (~11.1kbits/s)
17	10000000 (~22kbits/s)
18	20000000 (~44kbits/s)
31	50000000 (~111kbits/s)

### 6.8 AT+CGQREQ Quality of Service Profile (Requested)

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Set quality of service profile	+CGQREQ=[<cid> [,<precedence> [,<delay> [,<reliability> [,<peak> [,<mean>]]]]]]]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	+CGQREQ?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CGQREQ: &lt;cid&gt;, &lt;precedence&gt;, &lt;delay&gt;, &lt;reliability&gt;, &lt;peak&gt;, &lt;mean&gt;[&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;+CGQREQ: &lt;cid&gt;, &lt;precedence&gt;, &lt;delay&gt;, &lt;reliability&gt;, &lt;peak&gt;, &lt;mean&gt;[...]]</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	+CGQREQ=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CGQREQ: &lt;PDP_type&gt;, (list of supported &lt;precedence&gt;s), (list of supported &lt;delay&gt;s), (list of supported &lt;reliability&gt;s), (list of supported &lt;peak&gt;s), (list of supported &lt;mean&gt;s) [&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;+CGQREQ: &lt;PDP_type&gt;, (list of supported &lt;precedence&gt;s), (list of supported &lt;delay&gt;s), (list of supported &lt;reliability&gt;s), (list of supported &lt;peak&gt;s), (list of supported &lt;mean&gt;s)[...]]</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

Allows the TE to specify a quality of service profile that is used when the MS sends an activate PDP context request message to the network.

The set command specifies a profile for the context identified by the (local) context identification parameter, <cid>. Since this is the same parameter that is used in the +CGDCONT command, the +CGQREQ command is effectively an extension to the +CGDCONT command. The QoS profile consists of a number of parameters, each of which may be set to a separate value.

A special form of the set command, +CGQREQ= <cid> causes the requested profile for context number <cid> to become undefined.

<i>&lt;cid&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Integer type	Parameter which specifies a particular PDP context definition

<i>&lt;precedence&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Subscribed (from network) value used
1	High priority
2	Normal priority
3	Low priority

<i>&lt;delay&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Subscribed (from network) value used
1-4	Delay class

<i>&lt;reliability&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Subscribed (from network) value used
1-5	Reliability class

<i>&lt;peak&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Subscribed (from network) value used
1	Up to 1000 (8kbits/s)
2	Up to 2000 (16kbits/s)
3	Up to 4000 (32kbits/s)
4	Up to 8000 (64kbits/s)
5	Up to 16000 (128kbits/s)
6	Up to 32000 (256kbits/s)
7	Up to 64000 (512kbits/s)
8	Up to 128000 (1024kbits/s)
9	Up to 256000 (2048kbits/s)

---

<i>&lt;mean&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Subscribed (from network) value used
1	Best effort
2	100 (~0.22 bits/s)
3	200 (~0.44 bits/s)
4	500 (~1.11 bits/s)
5	1000 (~2.2 bits/s)
6	2000 (~4.4 bits/s)
7	5000 (~11.1 bits/s)
8	10000 (~22 bits/s)
9	20000 (~44 bits/s)
10	50000 (~111 bits/s)
11	100000 (~0.22 kbits/s)
12	200000 (~0.44 kbits/s)
13	500000 (~1.11 kbits/s)
14	1000000 (~2.2 kbits/s)
15	2000000 (~4.4 kbits/s)
16	5000000 (~11.1 kbits/s)
17	10000000 (~22 kbits/s)
18	20000000 (~44 kbits/s)
31	50000000 (~111 kbits/s)

---

## 6.9 AT+CGREG GPRS Network Registration Status

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Set command	AT+CGREG=[<n>]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT+CGREG?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CGREG: &lt;n&gt;,&lt;stat&gt;[,&lt;lac&gt;,&lt;ci&gt;]</li> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CGREG=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CGREG: (list of supported &lt;n&gt;s)</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

Controls the presentation of an unsolicited result code +CGREG: <stat> when <n>=1 and there is a change in the GPRS/packet domain network registration status of the MS, or code +CGREG: <stat>[,<lac>,<ci>] when <n>=2 and there is a change of the network cell.

*Note!* If the GPRS/Packet Domain MS also supports circuit mode services, the +CGREG command and +CGREG: result code apply to the registration status and location information for those services.

<n>	Description
0	Disable network registration unsolicited result code
1	Enable network registration unsolicited result code
2	Enable network registration and location information unsolicited result code

<stat>	Description
0	Not registered, MS is not searching for a new operator to register with
1	Registered, home network
2	Not registered, but MS is searching for a new operator to register with
3	Registration denied
4	Unknown
5	Registered, roaming

<lac>	Description
String type	Two byte location area code in hexadecimal format

<i>&lt;ci&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String type	Two byte cell ID in hexadecimal format

*Example*

```
AT+CGREG?
+CGREG: 0,3
```

```
OK
```

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**6.10 AT+CGSMS Select Service for MO SMS Messages**

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Set service or service preference	+CGSMS=[<service>]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	+CGSMS?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +CGSMS: &lt;service&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	+CGSMS=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +CGSMS: (list of available &lt;service&gt;s)</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

Used to specify the service or service preference that the MS will use to send MO SMS messages. The read command returns the currently selected service or service preference.

<i>&lt;services&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
2	GPRS/packet domain preferred (use circuit switched if GPRS/packet domain not available)
3	Circuit switched preferred (use GPRS/packet domain if circuit switched not available)

## 7. Data - TCP/IP

### 7.1 AT\*E2IPA M2M IP Activate

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<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Request Activation/ deactivation of IP	AT*E2IPA=<Activate> ,<cid>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• ERROR:OK</li><li>• E2IPA: &lt;ErrNum&gt;</li><li>• ERROR</li></ul>
Displays current IP activation Status	AT*E2IPA?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• *E2IPA: &lt;Active&gt;</li><li>• OK</li><li>• ERROR</li></ul>
Shows if the command is supported	AT*E2IPA=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• *E2IPA: (list of supported &lt;Activate&gt;s), (list of supported &lt; cid &gt;s)</li><li>• OK</li><li>• ERROR</li></ul>

#### *Description:*

This command allows the Activation of the IP Session on the module. Once Activated with a previously stored context (see AT+CGDCONT) IP Connections can be made, and the module will have been given an IP Address.

#### *Abortability:*

This command may not be aborted

*Defined values:*

<i>&lt;Activate&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Deactivate IP Session
1	Activate IP Session

<i>&lt;cid&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Integer	Value range 0-10 for a reference to a PDP context identifier previously defined with AT+CGDCONT

<i>&lt;ErrNum&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
1	PDP Invalid Context
2	PDP Account Invalid
3	PDP Shutdown Failure
8	PDP Setup Cancelled
9	PDP Too Many Active Accounts
10	PDP Conflict with Higher Priority Account
11	PDP Too Many Active Users
12	PDP Non Existant Account
13	PDP Stop at User Request
14	PDP Authentication failed
15	PDP Bearer Failed Connect
16	PDP Remote Server Busy
17	PDP Remote Server Refused
18	PDP Bearer Busy
19	PDP Line Busy
20	PDP Unknown Error
255	PDP Invalid Parameter

<i>&lt;Active&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	IP Session Inactive
1	IP Session Active

*Unsolicited Result codes:*

None



*Execution Time:*

Executed immediately, not time critical.

*Example*

```

AT*E2IPA=?
*E2IPA= (0-1),(0-10)

OK

AT*E2IPA?
*E2IPA: 0                (IP Session Inactive)

OK

AT*E2IPA=1,1
OK                (Activate PDP Context with id == 1)

AT*E2IPA?
*E2IPA: 1

OK                (IP Session Active)

AT*E2IPA=1,2
*E2IPA: 002        (Error code denotes problem)

ERROR

```

**7.2 AT\*E2IPO****M2M IP cOnnect/Open**

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Request an IP Connection	AT*E2IPO=<IPType>,<IPAddr>,<IPPort>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ERROR</li> <li>• CONNECT</li> <li>• *E2IPO: &lt;ErrNum&gt; ERROR</li> </ul>
Displays current IP Connection Status	AT*E2IPO?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• *E2IPO: &lt;Open&gt; OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Shows if the command is supported	AT*E2IPO=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• *E2IPO: (list of supported &lt;IPType&gt;s), (list of supported &lt;IPAddr&gt;s), (list of supported &lt;IPPort&gt;s) OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

*Description:*

The AT Commands bus is now in online Data mode this command allows the initiation of a new IP Connection on the Module. Once an IP Connection is activated, the response CONNECT is given on a success. The AT Command bus is not in Data Mode, and all data sent is transmitted to the remote endpoint, and all remote data received reported to the AT Command Bus. If an error occurs on the channel, then a NO\_CARRIER

response will be given and will revert to off-line command mode – the connection will be closed. If, on the other hand, the DTR pin is de-asserted, then the Module will switch out of Data mode into on-line command mode, and online data mode can be re-entered using the ATO command.

#### Abortability:

This command may not be aborted. (A Connection can take 75 seconds to timeout if remote server does not respond to connection request)

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#### Defined values:

<i>&lt;IPType&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	UDP (Connectionless)
1	TCP (Connection oriented)

<i>&lt;IPAddr&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
string	String type of the form "nnn.nnn.nnn.nnn" where n is a digit from 0-9. Standard IPv4 format for IP Address to connect to.

<i>&lt;IPPort&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Integer	Range 0- 65535. Decimal representation of Port number to connect to (e.g. HTTP port is 80).

<i>&lt;ErrNum&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
1	No Connection
2	Connecting
3	Connected
4	Connection Busy
255	Other Error

<i>&lt;Open&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	IP connection Closed
1	IP connection Open

#### Unsolicited Result codes:

NO\_CARRIER, OK

#### Execution Time:

Executed immediately, not time critical.

*Example*

```

AT*E2IPO?
*E2IPA: O                (IP Connection closed)

OK

AT*E2IPO=1,"122.123.201.211",80

CONNECT                  (TCP Connection successful with specified
                           host – now in online Data Mode
                           (DCD asserted))

<<Data Transfer>>

NO_CARRIER              (Connection closed remotely – back into
                           off-line command mode (DCD Deasserted))

```

**7.3 AT\*E2IPC***M2M IP Close Connection*

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Request an IP Connection Close	AT*E2IPC	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ERROR</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• *E2IPC: &lt;ErrNum&gt; ERROR</li> </ul>
Shows if the command is supported	AT*E2IPC=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

*Description:*

This command allows the closure of a currently open IP Connection. This command can only be called in on-line command mode during a currently active IP connection. If successful the connection will be closed, and it will not be possible to re-enter online data mode until another connection is established.

*Abortability:*

This command may not be aborted

*Defined values:*

<i>&lt;ErrNum&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
1	No Connection
2	Connecting
3	Connected
4	Connection Busy
255	Other Error

*Unsolicited Result codes:*

None

*Execution Time:*

Executed immediately, not time critical.

**7.4 AT\*E2IPI****M2M IP Info**

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Request IP Information	AT*E2IPI=<InfoType>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ERROR</li> <li>• *E2IPI: &lt;IPAddr&gt; OK</li> </ul>
Shows if the command is supported	AT*E2IPI=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• *E2IPI: list of supported &lt;InfoType&gt;s OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

*Description:*

This command allows information about the current IP Status of the module to be reported. The command will only succeed when an IP Session is Active (see AT\*E2IPA).

*Abortability:*

This command may not be aborted.

*Defined values:*

<i>&lt;InfoType&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	IP Address of Module
1	IP Address of Primary DNS Server
2	IP Address of Secondary DNS Server

*Unsolicited Result codes:*

None

*Execution Time:*

Executed immediately, not time critical.

*Example*

```
AT*E2IPI=0
*E2IPI: 120.211.22.102
OK
```

**7.5 AT\*E2IPRH** *M2M IP Resolve Host*

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Request an IP Resolve Host	AT*E2IPRH=<URL>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ERROR</li> <li>• *E2IPRH: &lt;IPAddr&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> </ul>
Shows if the command is supported	AT*E2IPRH=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

*Description:*

This command allows an IP lookup on a given URL string denoting an IP Host. The command will only succeed when an IP Session is Active (see AT\*E2IPA) and if the string is 32 characters or less.

*Abortability:*

This command may not be aborted. Be aware this function can take up to 125-140 seconds to return if the URL does not exist.

*Defined values:*

<i>&lt;URL&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String	URL of required server for which an IP lookup is required. The URL is encapsulated in quotes ("") and cannot exceed 32 characters.

*Unsolicited Result codes:*

None

*Execution Time:*

Executed immediately, not time critical.

*Example*

```
AT*E2IPRH="www.google.co.uk"
*E2IPRH: 123.123.123.123
OK
```

**7.6 AT\*E2IPE****M2M IP Last Error**

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Request a Error on Last IP Connection	AT*E2IPE or AT*E2IPE?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ERROR</li> <li>• *E2IPE: &lt;ErrType&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> </ul>
Shows if the command is supported	AT*E2IPE=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

*Description:*

This command responds with the Error code for the last IP Connection. This is useful to determine the cause of the last IP Connection release – whether it was meant or due to an error.

*Abortability:*

This command may not be aborted.

*Defined values:*

<i>&lt;ErrType&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	IP OK - No Error
1	IP Host not found
253	IP Error Receiving IP Data
253	IP Error Max number of retries
254	IP Error GPRS Connection Lost
255	IP Error General Failure

*Unsolicited Result codes:*

None

*Execution Time:*

Executed immediately, not time critical.

*Example*

AT\*E2IPE?

\*E2IPE: 0                      No Error.

OK

**7.7 AT\*E2IPS****M2M IP Setup IP Parameters**

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Request Setup of IP Parameters for next session	AT*E2IPS=<RetryTm>,<NmRetry>,<WaitTm>,<SendSz>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ERROR</li> <li>• OK</li> </ul>
Read Current status of Parameters	AT*E2IPS?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• *E2IPS: &lt;RetryTm&gt;,&lt;NmRetry&gt;,&lt;WaitTm&gt;,&lt;SendSz&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> </ul>
Shows if the command is supported	AT*E2IPS=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• *E2IPS: list of supported &lt;RetryTm&gt;, list of supported &lt;NmRetry&gt;, list of supported &lt;WaitTm&gt;, list of supported &lt;SendSz&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

*Description:*

This command can be used to modify the way in which the Data received by the module is handled with respect to transmitting it across TCP/UDP. When Data is sent to the Module in online data mode, the data is internally buffered until there is an amount of data that makes an IP packet send

viable. This packet size is defined by <SendSz>. If <SendSz> is not received, and no data is received for <WaitTm>\*100ms then the data will be send as a packet anyway – regardless of the packet size. If when the packet is sent, there is a delay in transmission, then the module will wait for <RetryTm> seconds before trying to retransmit the data that could not be sent (CTS will be set low during this time). It will continue to try to do this for <NmRetry> times. If the data is still not sent by this time, the socket/session will be closed and revert to offline command mode with a NO CARRIER response.

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*Abortability:*

This command may not be aborted

*Defined values:*

<i>&lt; RetryTm &gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
1 - 10	Number of seconds to wait for retry sending an IP packet when it can't be sent immediately. Default = 2 Seconds
<i>&lt; NmRetry &gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
3 - 50	Number of retries to be made before the socket is closed due to excessive delay. Default = 10
<i>&lt; WaitTm &gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
1 - 10	Number of 100ms intervals to wait for incoming data before sending the packet to IP. Default = 2 (200ms)
<i>&lt; SendSz &gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
255 - 1020	Size in bytes of the data chunk to be received before sending to IP. Default 1020 bytes.

*Unsolicited Result codes:*

None

*Execution Time:*

Executed immediately, not time critical.

*Example*

AT\*E2IPS?

\*E2IPS: 2,10,2,1020 Defaults

OK



AT\*E2IPS = 4,4,4,500 //Set retry to 4 secs, and num retries to 4 – so will take 16seconds to cause a session drop on IP Send delay. Wait time of 400ms for any more received data before sending to IP. Packet to be composed before immediate send to IP set to 500 bytes.

OK

AT\*E2IPS = ,, , Set to Defaults

OK

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## 7.8 AT\*ENAD *Ericsson Internet Account Define*

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Define an internet account	AT*ENAD=[<index>][,<name>,<userid>,<password>,<bearer>,(bearer_settings)]If <bearer>=1(bearer_settings):=<pref_serv>,<pap_chap>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>*ENAD:&lt;index&gt;[,&lt;cid&gt;]</li> <li>+CME ERROR &lt;err&gt;</li> </ul>
Read the current settings	AT*ENAD?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>*ENAD:list of &lt;index&gt;s with corresponding &lt;name&gt;,&lt;userid&gt;,&lt;bearer&gt; followed by the list of bearer dependent parameters</li> <li>If &lt;bearer&gt;=1 (bearer_settings):=&lt;pref_serv&gt;,&lt;pap_chap&gt;,&lt;cid&gt;,&lt;lock_state&gt;</li> <li>+CME ERROR &lt;err&gt;</li> </ul>
Test if the command is supported	AT*ENAD=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>*ENAD:list of supported &lt;index&gt;s,max length of &lt;name&gt;,&lt;userid&gt;,&lt;password&gt;,(1),list of supported &lt;pref_serv&gt;s,list of supported &lt;pap_chap&gt;s,list of supported &lt;lock_state&gt;s</li> <li>+CME ERROR &lt;err&gt;</li> </ul>

### Description:

This command is used for defining an Internet Account.

### Abortability:

Not abortable

*Defined values:*

Table 1. &lt;index&gt;: parameter

<i>&lt;index&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
integer 1-65000	Each Internet Account is given a unique index

When a new account is defined it is assigned an index which is subsequently returned as a result code. This is a unique index: even if a certain account is deleted, its index is never reused. It is not possible to decide the index of the account to be created via the AT command. The <index> parameter is ignored by the ME except when it is the only parameter to be issued with the command. See below.

If the created account uses Packet Domain Service as the bearer the <cid> of the PDP context associated with the account shall also be returned.

*Note!* There is a one to one mapping between PDP Contexts and Internet Accounts with Packet Domain Service (GPRS) as the bearer. When a PDP Context is defined via an AT command, an Internet account is thus automatically created with Packet Domain Service as the bearer and an association to this PDP Context. In the same way a PDP Context with the default values set is defined when an IA is created with Packet Domain Service as the bearer.

The easiest way to create a Packet Domain Service Internet account is to first use AT\*ENAD, remember the <cid> being returned by the phone and then modify this PDP Context using the standard Packet Domain Service commands. If the \*ENAD command is issued with only the <index> parameter, this should be interpreted as a request for the corresponding account to be deleted.

Table 2. &lt;name&gt;: parameter

<i>&lt;name&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
string (max 20 16-bit characters)	Each Internet Account has a ("friendly") name

Table 3. &lt;userid&gt;: parameter

<i>&lt;userid&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
string (max 30 8-bit characters)	The user id to be used when setting up the connection.

Table 4. &lt;passwd&gt;: parameter

<i>&lt;passwd&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
string (max 30 8-bit characters)	The passwd to be used when setting up the connection

*Note!* If the <passwd> parameter is left blank this shall be interpreted as a request for the <userid> and <passwd> parameters to be set dynamically.

*Note!* For security reasons the read command shall not return the value of the <passwd> parameter. The empty place of the <passwd> parameter shall be indicated by two consecutive commas.

Table 5. &lt;bearer&gt;: parameter

<bearer>	Description
0	Circuit Switched dial-up. <b>Not Supported</b>
1	Packet Domain service
2	Bluetooth <b>Not supported in</b>
3	SMS <b>Not supported in</b>

This parameter is used to decide what bearer shall be used for the connection.

If <bearer> = 1 the following parameters are used

Table 10. &lt;cid&gt;: parameter

<cid>	Description
integer	Id number of a PDP Context as defined in AT+CGDCONT

*Note!* There is a one to one mapping between an IA and a PDP context. A certain context can thus not be reused in another IA.

*Note!* When a certain PDP Context is associated with an Internet Account, it is implied that the Quality of Service Profile with the same id number is also associated. The Quality of Service Profile is defined with AT+CGQREQ and AT+CGQMIN.

Table 12. &lt;pref\_serv&gt;: parameter

<pref_serv>	Description
0	Automatic
1	Packet Domain Service only

If set to "0" the phone will try to handle incoming CSD services (e.g. phone calls).

Table 13. &lt;pap\_chap&gt;: parameter

<i>&lt;pap_chap&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Normal: Only PAP allowed
1	Secure: Only CHAP allowed
2	None: No authentication scheme is used

This parameter is used to choose which authentication scheme is to be used.

The <lock\_state> parameter is set to “1” in the Internet Accounts that are predefined and not possible to alter via the AT-commands. No parameter values can be changed in an Internet Account. If the user tries to change the parameter values, ERROR is returned <err> parameter, refer to +CME ERROR – Mobile Equipment Error Result Code.

## 8. Data - HSCSD

### 8.1 AT+CHSC HSCSD Current Call Parameters

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<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Show the current setting	AT+CHSC	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CHSC:&lt;rx&gt;,&lt;tx&gt;,&lt;aiur&gt;,&lt;coding&gt;</li> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CHSC=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

Returns information about the current HSCSD call parameters, i.e. the current number of receive and transmit timeslots, air interface user rate and channel coding.

<i>&lt;rx&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	No HSCSD call is active. See also note below
1	The number of receive timeslots currently in use is 1
2	The number of receive timeslots currently in use is 2

<i>&lt;tx&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	No HSCSD call is active. See also note below
1	The number of transmit timeslots currently in use is 1

<i>&lt;aiur&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	No HSCSD call is active. See also note below.
1	Current air interface user rate is 9.6kbits/s
3	Current air interface user rate is 19.2kbits/s

<i>&lt;coding&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	No HSCSD call is active. See also note
4	Current channel coding is 9.6kbits/s (TCH/F9.6)

## 8.2 AT+CHSD HSCSD Device Parameters

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Show the current setting	AT+CHSD	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CHSD: &lt;mclass&gt;,&lt;maxRx&gt;,&lt;maxTx&gt;,&lt;sum&gt;,&lt;codings&gt;</li> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CHSD=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

Shows information about HSCSD features supported by the ME/TA.

<i>&lt;mclass&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
2	Multislot class is 2

<i>&lt;maxRx&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
2	Maximum number of receive timeslots that ME can use is 2

<i>&lt;maxTx&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
1	Maximum number of transmit timeslots that ME can use is 1

<i>&lt;sum&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
3	Total number of receive and transmit timeslots that ME can use at the same time is 3 (i.e. 2+1). The following applies in a HSCSD call: 2 (receive slots) + (transmit slots) <sum>

<i>&lt;codings&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
4	Indicates that the accepted channel coding for the next established non-transparent HSCSD call is 9.6kbits/s only

8.3 AT+CHSN HSCSD Non Transparent Call Configuration

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Set HSCSD configuration. This command is also used during a call if new <wAiur> and/or <wRx> are/is desired	AT+CHSN=[<wAiur> [,<wRx>[,<topRx> [,<codings>]]]]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT+CHSN?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CHSN: &lt;wAiur&gt;, &lt;wRx&gt;, &lt;topRx&gt;, &lt;codings&gt;</li> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CHSN=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CHSN: (list of supported &lt;wAiur&gt;s), (list of supported &lt;wRx&gt;s), (list of supported &lt;topRx&gt;s), (list of supported &lt;codings&gt;s)</li> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

Controls parameters for non-transparent HSCSD calls. Changing <topRx> or <codings> during a call does not affect the current call. Changing <wAiur> or <wRx> affects the current call only if <topRx> was non-zero when the call was established. When using the command in this way it comes in the “action” command category. This is what is referred to as user initiated up- and down-grading in GSM 02.34 and GSM 03.34.

*Note!* Recommended value for parameter <speed> in AT+CBST is 0.

<wAiur>	Description
0	TA/ME shall calculate a proper number of receive timeslots from currently selected fixed network user rate (<speed> parameter from +CBST command, and <codings>, and <wRx> (or <maxRx> from +CHSD command if <wRx>=0)
1	Wanted air interface user rate is 9.6kbit/s
2	Wanted air interface user rate is 14.4kbit/s
3	Wanted air interface user rate is 19.2kbit/s

<wRx>	Description
0	TA/ME shall calculate a proper number of receive timeslots from currently selected <wAiur> and <codings> See note below
1	Wanted number of receive timeslots is 1
2	Wanted number of receive timeslots is 2

<i>&lt;topRx&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Indicates that the user is not going to change <i>&lt;wAiuR&gt;</i> and /or <i>&lt;wRx&gt;</i> during the next call
1	Top value for <i>&lt;wRx&gt;</i> that user is going to request during the next established non-transparent HSCSD call is 1
2	Top value for <i>&lt;wRx&gt;</i> that user is going to request during the next established non-transparent HSCSD call is 2

<i>&lt;codings&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
4	Indicates that the accepted channel coding for the next established non-transparent HSCSD call is 9.6kbit/s only

## 8.4 AT+CHSR

## HSCSD Parameters Report

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Set HSCSD parameters reporting on or off	AT+CHSR=[ <i>&lt;mode&gt;</i> ]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CME ERROR: <i>&lt;err&gt;</i></li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT+CHSR?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CHSR: <i>&lt;mode&gt;</i></li> <li>+CME ERROR: <i>&lt;err&gt;</i></li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CHSR=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CHSR: (list of supported <i>&lt;modes&gt;</i>s)</li> <li>+CME ERROR: <i>&lt;err&gt;</i></li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

With this command enabled, the intermediate result code +CHSR: *<rx>*,*<tx>*,*<aiur>*,*<coding>* is returned (from TA to TE) when an HSCSD call is being set up. The result code represents the current (negotiated or renegotiated) HSCSD parameters. If enabled, the intermediate result code is transmitted at the point of the call setup negotiation, where the ME/TA has determined what type of HSCSD connection will be used. Result code transmission is done after possible service (CR), error control (+ER), and/or compression (+DR) reporting, but before possible TE-TA rate (+ILRR) reporting and before the intermediate result code CONNECT is transmitted. The format of the intermediate result code is:

+CHSR: *<rx>*,*<tx>*,*<aiur>*,*<coding>*

For the value definitions, refer to “AT+CHSC HSCSD Current Call Parameters”, page 101. For instance, for a non-transparent HSCSD call, result code ‘CHSR: 2, 1, 4, 8’ means that the call has two timeslots



downlink, one timeslot uplink, the air interface user rate is 28.8 kbits/s and the used channel coding is TCH/F14.4.

<i>&lt;mode&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Disable reporting
1	Enable reporting

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Intermediate Result Codes:

+CHSR: <rx>,<tx>,<aiur>,<coding>

## 8.5 AT+CHSU

### HSCSD Automatic User Initiated Upgrading

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Set HSCSD automatic user initiated upgrading on or off	AT+CHSU=[<mode>]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT+CHSU?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +CHSU=&lt;mode&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CHSU=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +CHSU: (list of supported &lt;modes&gt;s)</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

Enables or disables the HSCSD automatic user-initiated upgrade.

<i>&lt;mode&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Disable use of UP bit for upgrading. <b>Default value</b>
1	Enable use of UP bit for upgrading

## 9. GPS Interoperability

### 9.1 AT\*EENMEA NMEA (GPS) Mode on UART2

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Description	Command	Possible Responses
Enable NMEA commands on the UART	AT*EENMEA=<mode>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> <li>• +CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT*EENMEA?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• *EENMEA:&lt;mode&gt;</li> <li>• +CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> </ul>
Shows if the command is supported	AT*EENMEA=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• *EENMEA: (list of supported &lt;mode&gt;s)</li> <li>• +CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> </ul>

This command enables transmission of NMEA commands from UART1 to UART2 and vice versa. The module acts as a transparent link between the GPS device connected to UART2 and the application communicating with it on UART1.

When the application sends the command AT\*EENMEA=2 the module is able to handle both AT and NMEA commands simultaneously. If the OK response is received the application can start handling both NMEA and AT commands. Otherwise the response ERROR is returned.

In the mode with simultaneous AT and NMEA commands, <CR> is required after each NMEA command and after the last AT command before the new NMEA. NMEA commands must start with a \$. All NMEA commands are forwarded to UART2. All NMEA responses from UART2 are displayed as responses to UART1 along with AT responses.

By sending AT\*EENMEA=0, the application ends AT and NMEA commands, simultaneous handling mode. It sends OK, and then returns to AT mode.

The port rate of UART1 for NMEA commands can be controlled using the AT\*NMPR command.

Responses	Description
OK	The requested action has been performed
ERROR	Following causes of error are considered: - incorrect syntax - NMEA commands have already been enabled in other 07.10 channels

<i>&lt;mode&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Disable NMEA communication. <b>Default value</b>
2	Enable NMEA communication simultaneously with AT commands

## 9.2 AT\*E2NMPR Ericsson M2M Set NMEA (GPS) Port Rate

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<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Request operation to set data rate for GPS/NMEA Port	AT*E2NMPR=<pr>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ERROR</li> <li>• OK</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT*E2NMPR?	*E2NMPR: <pr>
Show if the command is supported	AT*E2NMPR=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• *E2NMPR: (list of supported &lt;pr&gt;s)</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

This command allows the user to set the physical Data rate for the GPS/NMEA port. The port rate will be set for the GPS/NMEA port only when NMEA is active - see AT\*EENMEA.

<i>&lt;op&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	600 Baud rate
1	1200 Baud rate
2	2400 Baud rate
3	4800 Baud rate
4	9600 Baud rate. <b>Default value</b>
5	19200 Baud rate
6	38400 Baud rate
7	57600 Baud rate
8	115200 Baud rate
9	230400 Baud rate
10	460800 Baud rate

### Examples

```
AT*E2NMPR=?
*E2NMPR=(0-10)
OK
```

Port rate currently set:

AT\*E2NMPR?

\*E2NMPR: 4

OK

Set GPS/NMEA port rate to 4800 baud:

AT\*E2NMPR=2

OK

## 10. Fax

### 10.1 AT\*E2FAX Ericsson M2M Fax Comm. Baud Rate Modification

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Description	Command	Possible Responses
Request change of fax comm. baud rate	AT*E2FAX= <RcV>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• ERROR</li><li>• OK</li></ul>
Show the current setting	AT*E2FAX?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• *E2FAX: &lt;RcV&gt;</li><li>• ERROR</li></ul>
Shows if the command is supported	AT*E2FAX=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• *E2FAX: (list of supported &lt;RcV&gt;s)</li><li>• ERROR</li></ul>

This command allows the modification of the factory default RS232 comm. setting between standard 9600 baud and 19200 baud. This is needed as the addition of fax capabilities, within the module, require communication between fax applications and the module to run at a higher baud rate than the fax transmission baud rate (In this case the fastest transmission rate is 9600 baud). Once this command has been performed, the user must then execute the AT&F command to reset the module with the new RS232 comm's baud rate.

The AT\*E2FAX command allows the user to:

- “Configure” the RS232 Comm. speed default factory profile, specifying whether the speed should be 9600 baud (standard) or 19200 baud for FAX application comm. This value will then be used once the AT&F command is next used.
- “Read” what value this default factory profile has been set to.

<RcV>	Description
0	Configure RS232 default setting to 9600 baud
1	Configure RS232 default setting to 19200 baud

#### Example

```
AT*E2FAX=?  
*E2FAX= (0-1)  
OK
```

AT\*E2FAX?

\*E2FAX: 0(Current default setting is 9600 baud)  
OK

AT\*E2FAX=0

OK(Sets default RS232 setting to 9600 baud)

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## 10.2 Low Level Fax Commands

The following table of low level fax commands are supported and used by the GR47 for fax operation.

AT+FAA	AT+FBADLIN	AT+FBADMUL
AT+FBOR	AT+FBUG	AT+FCIG
AT+FCLASS	AT+FCQ	AT+FCR
AT+FDCC	AT+FDFFC	AT+FDIS
AT+FDR	AT+FDT	AT+FECM
AT+FET	AT+FK	AT+FLID
AT+FLNFC	AT+FLPL	AT+FMDL?
AT+FMFR?	AT+FMI?	AT+FMINS
AT+FMM?	AT+FMR?	AT+FPHCTO
AT+FPTS	AT+FRBC	AT+FREL
AT+FREV?	AT+FRH	AT+FRM
AT+FRS	AT+FSPL	AT+FTBC
AT+FTH	AT+FTM	AT+FTS
AT+FVFC	AT+FWDFC	

## 11. Identification

### 11.1 AT

#### Attention Command

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Description	Command	Possible Responses
Checks the communication between the MS and application	AT	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>OK</li> <li>+CME ERROR &lt;err&gt;</li> </ul>

This command is used to determine the presence of an MS. If the MS supports AT commands, it returns an OK final result code.

### 11.2 AT&F

#### Set to Factory Defined Configuration

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Execute	AT&F	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT&F=?	&F: (list of supported <profile>s)

This command instructs the DCE to set all parameters to default values specified by the manufacturer, which may take in consideration hardware configuration and other manufacturer defined criteria.

### 11.3 AT&W

#### Store User Profile

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Stores the current user profile to non volatile memory	AT&W=[<pr>] or AT&W[<pr>]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT&W=?	&W: (list of supported <pr>s)

This command stores the current user profile in non-volatile memory.

< pr >	Description
0	Stores current settings in User Profile 0

## 11.4 AT\*

*List all Supported AT Commands*

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
List all implemented AT commands	AT*	<AT Command1> [<CR> <LF> <AT Command2>[...]] / <AT Command1> [<CR> <LF> <AT Command2>[...]]

Lists all the commands supported by the MS.

## 11.5 AT+CGMI

*Read MS Manufacturer Identification*

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Request manufacturer identification	AT+CGMI	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• &lt;manufacturer&gt;</li> <li>• +CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CGMI=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

Causes the MS to return one or more lines of information text.

<i>&lt;manufacturer&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Sony Ericsson	This company's name is displayed

*Example*

```
AT+CGMI
Sony Ericsson
```

```
OK
```

## 11.6 AT+CGMM

*Read MS Model Identification*

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Request the model identification	AT+CGMM	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• &lt;model type&gt;</li> <li>• &lt;model name&gt;</li> <li>• +CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CGMM=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

Causes the MS to return one or more lines of information text <model>, determined by the MS manufacturer. It is intended to permit the user of the ITAE/ETAE to identify the specific model of the MS to which it is



connected. Typically the text will consist of a single line containing the name of the product, but manufacturers may choose to provide more information if desired.

<i>&lt;model type&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String type	A unique ASCII character/digit string, always 10 characters long. Spaces are used when the number of characters/digits is less than 10

<i>&lt;model name&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String type	Model name for the transceiver unit, for example, GR47

#### Example

```
AT+CGMM
6100501-BVGR47
```

```
OK
```

### 11.7 AT+CGMR Read MS Revision Identification

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Request MS revision identification string	AT+CGMR	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>&lt;revision&gt;</i></li> <li>• +CME ERROR: <i>&lt;err&gt;</i></li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CGMR=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

This command causes the MS to return a string containing information about the software version.

<i>&lt;revision&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String type	An ASCII string containing date (year, month, day, hour, minute) plus KRC number. Example: 9710051610 CXC125112

## 11.8 AT+CGSN *Read MS Product Serial Number Identification*

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Request product serial number	AT+CGSN	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• &lt;sn&gt;</li> <li>• +CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CGSN=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

This command causes the MS to return the IMEI (International Mobile station Equipment Identity), which identifies the individual ME.

<i>&lt;sn&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String	The IMEISV, which is the IMEI (International Mobile station Equipment Identity; refer GSM 03.03) number of the ME and the software version number. Text shall not contain the sequence 0<CR> or OK<CR>

## 11.9 AT+GMI *Read Manufacturer Identification*

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Request manufacturer identification	AT+GMI	<manufacturer>
Show if the command is supported	AT+GMI=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

This command causes the DCE to transmit one or more lines of information text. Typically, the text will consist of a single line containing the name of the manufacturer, but may provide more information such as address and telephone number for customer service.

<i>&lt;manufacture&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
string type	The total number of characters, including line terminators, in the information text returned in response to this command shall not exceed 2048 characters. Note that the information text shall not contain the sequence "0" or "OK", so that DTE can avoid false detection of the end of this information text

### 11.10 AT+GMM *Read Model Identification*

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Request revision identification	AT+GMM	<model>
Show if the command is supported	AT+GMM=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

This command causes the DCE to transmit one or more lines of information text, determined by the manufacturer, which is intended to permit the user of the DCE to identify the specific model of device. Typically, the text will consist of a single line containing the name of the product, but manufacturers may choose to provide any information desired.

<i>&lt;model&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
string type	The total number of characters, including line terminators, in the information text returned in response to this command shall not exceed 2048 characters. Note that the information text shall not contain the sequence "0" or "OK", so that DTE can avoid false detection of the end of this information text

### 11.11 AT+GMR *Read Revision Identification*

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Request revision identification	AT+GMR	<revision>
Show if the command is supported	AT+GMR=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

This command returns a manufacturer specified software revision name in a text string.

<i>&lt;revision&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
string type	The total number of characters, including line terminators, in the information text returned in response to this command shall not exceed 2048 characters. Note that the information text shall not contain the sequence "0" or "OK", so that DTE can avoid false detection of the end of this information text.

#### *Example*

```
AT+GMR
R2A009prgCXC1122112
```

## 11.12 ATi

*Identification Information*

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Execute	ATi[<value>]	<information>

This command causes the DCE to transmit one or more lines of text, followed by a final result code. As an option, <value> can be used to select from among multiple types of identifying information as shown in the table below.

This command provides compatibility with Microsoft Windows 95.

<i>&lt;value&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Same information as +GMM command (model identification)
1	Same information as +GMR command (revision identification)
3	Modem model description
5	Active settings
7	Modem configuration profile (brief listing of the modem functionality: fax classes, Bluetooth, IrDA, modem type, etc.)
8	DCE hardware type version
9	PnP (plug and play) information

*Examples*

```
ATI=1
CXC1122112
```

```
ATI=5
Configuration Settings on Channel 0
&C: 1
&D: 0
*EENMEA: 0
+CGACT: 1,0
+CGATT: 0
+CGDCONT: 1,"IP","internet","",0,0
+CGEREP: 0,0
+CGREG: 0,3
+CHSR: 0
+CHSU: 0
+CMEE: 1
+CMUX: 0,0,1,31,10,3,30,10,2
+CR: 0
```

+CRC: 0  
+CRLP: 61,61,48,6,0  
+CRLP: 120,120,48,6,2,3  
+CVHU: 2  
+ICF: 3,3  
+IFC: 2,2  
+ILRR: 0  
+IPR: 115200  
E: 1  
M: 0  
Q: 0  
S0: 000  
S10: 002  
S2: 043  
S3: 013  
S4: 010  
S5: 008  
S6: 002  
S7: 050  
S8: 002  
V: 1  
X: 4  
  
OK

## 12. Input/Output

### 12.1 AT\*E2IO

### Ericsson M2M Input/Output Read/Write

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<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Request operation with the I/O signals	AT*E2IO=<op>,<io> [,<val>][,<adc_val>]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ERROR</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• *E2IO: &lt;op&gt;,&lt;io&gt;[,&lt;val&gt;][,&lt;adc_val&gt;]</li> <li>• OK</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT*E2IO=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• *E2IO: (list of supported &lt;op&gt;s), &lt;io&gt;s,(list of supported &lt;val&gt;s),(list of supported &lt;adc_val&gt;s)</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

#### *Description:*

The module has the following digital I/Os; nine configurable GPIOs, four input-only, and four output-only.

The module also has five ADCs, and one DAC. All of these signals are controlled by the AT\*E2IO command dependent on whether they are available (not used by UART1 or UART3) or 'switched in' at the time – see notes below.

A list of available IO and the default usage is shown below:

<IO>	Description
IO1	(Pin 21 default) muxed with I2
IO2	(Pin 22 default) muxed with ADC5
IO3	(Pin 23 default) muxed with I3 – also used as UART3 CTS
IO4	(Pin 24 default) muxed with I4 – also used as UART3 RTS
IO5	(Pin 13 default) muxed with ADC4
IO6	(Pin 33) LED as default
IO7	(Pin 43 default) muxed with UART3 Tx (when UART3 is opened - IO7 is disabled)
IO8	(Pin 44 default) muxed with UART3 Rx (when UART3 is opened - IO8 is disabled)
IO9	(Pin 45) UART1 RTS as default
I1	(Pin 37) UART1 DTR as default
I2	(Pin 21) muxed with IO1
I3	(Pin 23) muxed with IO3
I4	(Pin 24) muxed with IO4
O1	(Pin 38) UART1 DCD as default
O2	(Pin 36) UART1 RI as default
O3	(Pin 32) UART1 DSR as default
O4	(Pin 40) UART1 CTS as default
AD1	(Pin 26)
AD2	(Pin 27)
AD3	(Pin 28)
AD4	(Pin 13) muxed with IO5
AD5	(Pin 22) muxed with IO2
DA1	(Pin 20)

*Note!* IO1 to IO9 are set to INPUT as a factory default. Their status (Input/Output) is stored in non-volatile memory.

IO9, IO1, IO2, IO3 and IO4 are not available by default. These pins are shared with RS232 functionality and only become active if the AT+E2RS232 command is used, see “AT+E2RS232 Ericsson RS232 control mode”, page 127.

IO7, IO8, IO3 and IO4 are available by default but are multiplexed with UART 3 pins (Rx,Tx, CTS, RTS). When UART3 is opened without flow control IO7,IO8 are not available as GPIO. When UART3 is opened with hardware flow control IO7, IO8, IO3 and IO4 are not available as GPIO. These pins become available as GPIO again when UART3 is closed.

IO6 is only available as an input as it is shared with the LED.

Set command controls the operations with the I/O signals for the M2M devices. It is possible to perform up to five operations. These operations have the following meaning:

- **Read** (<op> = 0): It reads the state of the specified signal. It returns the binary state of digital signals or value (0-255) of an ADC input or the DAC output. In case of a digital I/O the command has the following syntax:

```
AT+E2IO=0,"IO1"
+E2IO: 0,"IO1",0
```

OK

If reading from the ADC/DACs:

```
AT+E2IO=0,"AD1"
+E2IO: 0,"AD1",,62
```

OK

- **Write** (<op> = 1): Sets an output to a specific value. For digital sources <val>='0' or '1' and for the analog sources, 0-255. If the signal is bi-directional (IO1 to IO5) it must be configured as an output before writing is allowed. If the output can be written to, the signal is set to <val> and OK is returned, otherwise ERROR is returned.

```
AT+E2IO=1,"IO1",1
```

OK

or

```
AT+E2IO=1,"DA1",,100
```

OK

- **Configure** (<op> = 2): The configuration operation is used for the bi-directional signals (IO1 to IO5). They can be configured as input, <val>= '0' or output, <val>='1'. If the signal is not configurable,



ERROR is returned in place of OK. Once set, the signal remains configured even after a power cycle. Example shown below:

AT\*E2IO=2,"IO1",1 (Set IO1 as an output)

OK

- **Configure Check** (<op> = 3): This operation reads the current configuration of the signal. Returned <val> is current signal state. If the signal is configurable, the current state and OK are returned, if not ERROR is returned.

AT\*E2IO=3,"IO1"  
\*E2IO: 3,"IO1",1 (IO1 is currently set as an output)

OK

- **Trigger** (<op> = 4): Input signals can be set to send an unsolicited result code whenever a change in one of the inputs has been produced. Setting a trigger (<val> = '1') will cause the unsolicited result to be sent when a change from the current signal state occurs (signal must be unchanging when command is executed). Clearing a trigger (<val> = '0') will clear a currently set trigger. Configurable signals (IO1 to IO5) must be set as inputs before they can be triggered. Triggers are only applicable while the module is ON. Power-cycling will clear all current triggers. If a signal is triggerable OK is returned and the trigger is set/cleared, otherwise ERROR is returned.

AT\*E2IO=4,"IO5",1 (Set trigger on IO5)

OK

(IO5 changes state, sometime later)

\*E2IO: 3,"IO5",1 (IO5 triggered, current state '1')

- **Trigger Check** (<op> = 5): Checks if a signal input is configured as a trigger. Returned <val> shows the current trigger state; '1' for triggered or '0' for not triggered. If the signal is triggerable, the current trigger status and OK are returned, otherwise ERROR is returned.

AT\*E2IO=5,"IO5"  
\*E2IO: 5,"IO5",1 (IO5 is currently set to trigger)

OK

- **Pinswitch** (<op> = 6): Some of the IO lines are multiplexed and are only available after being 'switched in' by use of this operation i.e.

AT\*E2IO=6,"I2"

OK

- **Pinstatus** (<op> = 7): returns (<val>) - the pin status of the specified pin where:

0 = Pin Switched Out (not available on connector until switched in – see Pinswitch)

1 = Pin In Use by Apps internally or not allowed for use

2 = Pin used internally by signalling software for RS232 control (can be made available as GPIO with AT\*E2RS232 cmd )

3 = Pin available for Use

```
AT*E2IO=6,"I2"
```

```
OK
```

```
AT*E2IO =7,"I2"
```

```
*E2IO: 7,"I2",3
```

The test command returns the supported I/Os and allowed value ranges.

Abortability:

This command may not be aborted.

<i>&lt;op&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Read
1	Write
2	Configure
3	Configure Check
4	Trigger
5	Trigger Check
6	Pin Switch
7	Pin Status

<i>&lt;io&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
IO1	IO1. Supported Operations: 0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7
IO2	IO2. Supported Operations: 0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7
IO3	IO3. Supported Operations: 0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7
IO4	IO4. Supported Operations: 0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7
IO5	IO5. Supported Operations: 0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7
IO6	IO6. Supported Operations: 0,2,3,7
IO7	IO7. Supported Operations: 0,1,2,3,7
IO8	IO8. Supported Operations: 0,1,2,3,7
IO9	IO9. Supported Operations: 0,1,2,3,7

## 12. INPUT/OUTPUT

<i>&lt;io&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
I1	Digital Input 1. Supported Operation 0,7
I2	Digital Input 2. Supported Operation 0,6,7
I3	Digital Input 3. Supported Operation 0,6,7
I4	Digital Input 4. Supported Operation 0,6,7
O1	Digital Output 1. Supported Operations: 0,1,7
O2	Digital Output 2. Supported Operations: 0,1,7
O3	Digital Output 3. Supported Operations: 0,1,7
O4	Digital Output 4. Supported Operations: 0,1,7
AD1	Analogue/Digital Output 1: Supported Operations: 0,7
AD2	Analogue/Digital Output 2: Supported Operations: 0,7
AD3	Analogue/Digital Output 3: Supported Operations: 0,7
AD4	Analogue/Digital Output 4: Supported Operations: 0,6,7
AD5	Analogue/Digital Output 5: Supported Operations: 0,6,7
DA1	Digital/Analogue Input: Supported Operations: 0,1,7

<i>&lt;val&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>		
	Read/Write	Configure	Trigger
0	The logic value is FALSE	I/O signal is INPUT	I/O signal is NOT set to trigger
1	Logic value is TRUE	I/O signal is OUTPUT	I/O signal is set to trigger

<i>&lt;adc_val&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0-255	The decimal value shall represent the analogue voltage it is hold on the I/O. Applicable only to A/D or D/A signals.

### *Unsolicited Result Codes:*

**\*E2IO:** *<source>*, *<io>*, *<val>*

## Scenario Cases

## Reading an I/O:

<i>AT Command</i>	<i>Response</i>	<i>Comment</i>
AT*E2IO=0,"I1"		The TE is requesting for the logic value of I1 (Digital Input 1)
	*E2IO:0,"I1",1 OK	The MS responds I1 has a TRUE logic value
AT*E2IO=0,"AD1"		The TE is requesting for the reading of AD1 value (Analogue Input 1)
	*E2IO:0,"AD1",,87 OK	The MS responds AD1 has a decimal value of 87. In volts: $((2.75 \times 0.9) / 256) \times 87 = 0.841 \text{ V}$

## Writing in an Output:

<i>AT Command</i>	<i>Response</i>	<i>Comment</i>
AT*E2IO=1,"O1",1		The TE is requesting to write a TRUE logic to O1 (Digital Output 1)
	OK	The MS responds OK because the operation has been performed
AT*E2IO=1,"I3",0		The TE is requesting to write a FALSE logic value to I3 (Digital Input 3)
	ERROR	The MS responds ERROR because the operation is not possible
AT*E2IO=1,"DA1",95		The TE is writing 95 decimal value to hold a voltage of: $((2.75 \times 0.9) / 256) \times 95 = 0.918 \text{ V}$
	OK	The MS responds OK because the operation has been performed

## Configuring an I/O:

<i>AT Command</i>	<i>Response</i>	<i>Comment</i>
AT*E2IO=2,"IO1",0		The TE is requesting to configure IO1 as an input
	OK	The MS responds OK because the operation has been performed
AT*E2IO=2,"IO4",1		The TE is requesting to configure IO4 as an output
	OK	The MS responds OK because the operation has been performed

## Checking an I/O status:

<i>AT Command</i>	<i>Response</i>	<i>Comment</i>
AT*E2IO=3,"IO1"		The TE is requesting to check the configuration of the IO1 signal
	*E2IO:3,"IO1",0 OK	The MS responds IO1 is configured as an input
AT*E2IO=3,"IO4"		The TE is requesting to check the configuration of the IO4 signal
	*E2IO:3,"IO4",1 OK	The MS responds IO4 is configured as an output

## Triggering an Input:

<i>AT Command</i>	<i>Response</i>	<i>Comment</i>
AT*E2IO=4,"IO1",1		The TE is requesting to trigger IO1
	OK	The MS responds OK because the operation has been performed
AT*E2IO=4,"IO4",0		The TE is requesting to not trigger IO4
	OK	The MS responds OK because the operation has been performed
	*E2IO:4,"IO1",1 OK	An event has occurred. The IO1 has triggered on changing the input to logic value 1

## Checking an Input Trigger:

<i>AT Command</i>	<i>Response</i>	<i>Comment</i>
AT*E2IO=5,"I1"		The TE is requesting the trigger state of the Input 1
	*E2IO=5,"I1",1 OK	The MS responds that I1 has its trigger active

## 12.2 AT\*E2U3 *Ericsson M2M UART 3 Control*

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Request operation	AT*E2U3=<op>[,<rate>] [<CR> Tx data <ctrl-Z/ ESC>]	ERROR OK *E2U3:<CR><LF>Rx data
Show if the command is supported	AT*E2U3=?	OK ERROR

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Provides the following options for control of the UART 3 interface.

- Open connection - Opens the Uart 3 driver to Rx and Tx data.
- Transmit Data - The TA prompts for data entry and up to 250 text characters can be entered. Entry is terminated by the <ctrl-Z> character or the <ESC> character cancels the command.
- Receive Data - The TA responds with \*E2U3:<CR><LF> followed by the contents of the Uart 3 receive buffer.
- Close connection - Closes the Uart 3 driver and frees resources.

*Defined values:*

<op>: parameter

<i>OP</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Close UART3 connection
1	Open UART3 connection
2	Transmit Data to UART3
3	Receive Data from UART3

<rate>: parameter

<i>&lt;rate&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Discrete integer value	The <rate> value is the rate in bits per second at which the UART3 interface will operate.  The following rates are supported: 1200 2400 4800 9600 19200 38400 57600 115200 230400 460800

*Examples*

**Open channel at 9600 baud**

AT\*E2U3=1,9600

OK

**Transmit data to UART 3**

AT\*E2U3=2

> Tx data<ctrl-Z>

OK

**Receive data from UART 3**

AT\*E2U3=3

\*E2U3:

Rx data

OK

**Close UART 3 channel**

AT\*E2U3=0

OK

### 12.3 AT\*E2RS232 Ericsson RS232 control mode

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Select RS232 control mode	AT*E2RS232=<Val>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ERROR</li> <li>• OK</li> </ul>
Read Command status	AT*E2RS232?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• *E2RS232: &lt;Val&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the commands is supported	AT*E2RS232=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• *E2RS232: (list of supported &lt;Val&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

On GR47, the RS232 control lines on UART 1 are multiplexed with general purpose IO lines as follows:

RTS (IO9), CTS (O4), DCD (O1), RI (O2), DSR (O3), DTR (IN1)

This command allows the user to select 3 different levels of RS232 control such that the some of the control lines may be used as IO.

The following table shows the role of the control/IO pins with respect to the mode selected with this command:

Table 1. RS232 control pin usage

Mode	Rs232 control lines	Extended IO lines	Description
0	Tx, Rx, RTS, CTS, DCD, RI, DSR, DTR		Full RS232 control
1	Tx, Rx, RTS, CTS	O1, O2, O3, IN1	Hardware flow control only
2	Tx, Rx	O1, O2, O3, IN1, IO9, O4	RS232 control off (all lines used for IO)

*Note!* RTS (IO9) / CTS(O4) can not be controlled with AT\*E2IO at this stage.

#### Abortability

This command may not be aborted.

#### Defined values

Table 1. <Val>: parameter

<ind>	Description
0	full rs232 functionality - all control lines used by RS232 (as default on powerup)
1	Hardware handshake only (RTS/CTS) (DCD,RI,DSR, DTR - converted to IO usage asO1, O2, O3, IN1)
2	All Rs232 control lines swapped out for general use by IO (see table above)

#### Unsolicited Response Codes:

none

#### Unsolicited Response parameters

none



## 13. Interface

### 13.1 AT+CPIN PIN Control

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See 3.25, AT+CPIN PIN Control

### 13.2 AT&C Circuit 109 (DCD) Control

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Set behavior of carrier detect	AT&C[<value>]	OK ERROR

Determines the behavior of the carrier detect.

<value>	Description
0	DCD always on
1	DCD follows the connection. <b>Default value</b>

*Note!*

If in online command mode, while running a TCP/IP session through AT Commands, DCD will only be updated when returning to online data mode using ATO.

### 13.3 AT&D Circuit 108 (DTR) Response

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Control actions from DTE	AT&D[<value>]	OK ERROR

Controls all actions initiated by data terminal ready from DTE.

<value>	Description
0	Ignore. <b>Default value</b>
1	When in on-line data mode, switch to on-line command mode. For all other states, see <value>=2
2	Disconnect and switch to off-line command mode

## 13.4 AT&amp;S

*Circuit 107 (DSR) Response*

This command is not available in software releases up to and including R2A.

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Set behavior of data set ready	AT&S[<value>]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

Determines the behavior of the data set ready signal.

<i>&lt;value&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	DSR always on
1	DSR on in data mode. DSR off in command mode. <b>Default value</b>

## 13.5 AT+WS46

*Mode Selection*

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Sets the cellular protocol mode	AT+WS46=n	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT+WS46?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• &lt;n&gt; OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+WS46=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• (list of supported &lt;n&gt;s) OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

Allows an accessory to query and control the cellular protocol mode of the ME.

<i>&lt;n&gt; parameter</i>	<i>Description</i>
12	This value is used for GSM at 900 Mhz., DCS-1800, and PCS-1900 phones

## 13.6 ATE

*Command Echo*

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Request Command Echo	ATE[<value>] ATE=[<value>]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	ATE?	<value>
Show if the command is supported	ATE=?	E: (list of supported <value>s)

The setting of this parameter determines whether or not the DCE echoes characters received from the DTE during command state and online command state.

<i>&lt;value&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	DCE does not echo characters during command state and online command state
1	DCE echoes characters during command state and online command state. <b>Default value</b>

## 13.7 ATV

*DCE Response Format*

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Set DCE response format	ATV[=]<value>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	ATV?	V: <value>
Show if the command is supported	ATV=?	V: (list of supported <value>s)

Select either descriptive or numeric response codes. The ATV command sets the verbose numeric response codes and strips off the <S3> <S4> additions to the command response.

<i>&lt;value&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Display numeric result codes
1	Display verbose result codes. <b>Default value</b>

## List of result codes

<i>ATV1/ATV=1</i>	<i>ATV0/ATV=0</i>	<i>Description</i>
OK	0	Acknowledges execution of a command
CONNECT	1	A connection has been established; the DCE is moving from command state to online data state
RING	2	The DCE has detected an incoming call signal from the network
NO CARRIER	3	The connection has been terminated or the attempt to establish a connection failed
ERROR	4	Command not recognized, command line maximum length exceeded, parameter value invalid, or other problem with processing the command line
NO DIALTONE	6	No dial tone detected
BUSY	7	Engaged (busy) signal detected
NO ANSWER	8	"@" (Wait for Quiet Answer) dial modifier was used, but remote ringing followed by five seconds of silence was not detected before expiration of the connection timer
CONNECT <TEXT>	Manufacturer-specific	Same as CONNECT, but includes manufacturer-specific text that may specify DTE speed, line speed, error control, data compression, or other status

## 13.8 ATZ

*Reset to Default Configuration*

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Execute	ATZ	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Execute	ATZ=<profile>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if supported and list available parameter range	ATZ=?	Z: (list of supported <profile>s)

This command instructs the DCE to set all parameters to their default values as specified by the user. Consider hardware configuration switches or non-volatile parameter storage (if implemented) when using this command.

Commands included on the same command line as the Z command will be ignored.

<i>&lt;profile &gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Select the user profile to restore

### 13.9 AT+CMUX Switch to 07.10 Multiplex Protocol

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<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Switch to 07.10	AT+CMUX=<transparency>[,<subset>[,<port_speed>[,<N1>[,<T1>[,<N2>[,<T2>[,<T3>[,<k>]]]]]]]]	+CME ERROR: <err>
Show the current setting	AT+CMUX?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CMUX:&lt;transparency&gt;,&lt;subset&gt;,&lt;port_speed&gt;,&lt;N1&gt;,&lt;T1&gt;,&lt;N2&gt;,&lt;T2&gt;,&lt;T3&gt;[,&lt;k&gt;]</li> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CMUX=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CMUX: (list of supported &lt;transparency&gt;s), (list of supported &lt;subset&gt;s), (list of supported &lt;port_speed&gt;s), (list of supported &lt;N1&gt;s), (list of supported &lt;T1&gt;s), (list of supported &lt;N2&gt;s), (list of supported &lt;T2&gt;s), (list of supported &lt;T3&gt;s), (list of supported &lt;k&gt;)</li> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> </ul>

The command is used to turn on the multiplexer. Only “no transparency is supported”. The parameter <k> is not used.

The default values for the parameters below are for “no transparency” and “only UIH frames used”.

<i>&lt;transparency&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	No transparency

<i>&lt;subset&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Only UIH frames used

<i>&lt;port_speed&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
1	9600bits/s
2	19200bits/s
3	38400bits/s

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<i>&lt;port_speed&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
4	57600bits/s
5	115200bits/s
6	230400bits/s
7	460800bits/s

<i>&lt;N1&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
31	Default maximum frame size

<i>&lt;T1&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
10	100ms default timer

<i>&lt;N2&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
3	Default maximum number of re-transmissions

<i>&lt;T2&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
30	300ms default timer

<i>&lt;T3&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
10	10s default timer

<i>&lt;k&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
1..7	Window size

### 13.10 AT+CRES Restore SMS Settings

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Restore settings	AT+CRES[=<profile>]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +CMS ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CRES=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +CRES: (list of supported &lt;profile&gt;s)</li> <li>• +CMS ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

Restores message service settings from non-volatile memory to active memory. A TA can contain several profiles of settings. Settings specified in commands Service Centre Address +CSCA, Set Message Parameters

+CSMP and Select Cell Broadcast Message Types +CSCB (if implemented) are restored. Certain settings, such as SIM SMS parameters, cannot be restored.

<i>&lt;profile&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0..2	Profile number where settings are to be stored. <b>Default value is 0</b>

### 13.11 AT+ICF

#### Cable Interface Character Format

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Defines DTE-DCE character framing	AT+ICF=[format[,parity]]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT+ICF?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +ICF: &lt;format&gt;,&lt;parity&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+ICF=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +ICF: (list of supported &lt;format&gt;s), (list of supported &lt;parity&gt;s)</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

This extended-format compound parameter is used to determine the local serial port start-stop (asynchronous) character framing used by the DCE to accept DTE commands, and while transmitting information text and result code, if this is not automatically determined; (**Not supported**) +IPR=0 forces +ICF=0 (see +IPR).

<i>&lt;format&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
3	8 Data 1 Stop. <b>Default value</b>

<i>&lt;parity&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
3	Space. <b>Default value</b>

#### Example

```
AT+ICF?
+ICF: 3,3
```

```
OK
```

### 13.12 AT+IFC *DTE-DCE Local Flow Control*

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Defines DTE-DCE local flow control	AT+IFC=[<by_te>, [<by_ta>]]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT+IFC?	+IFC: <by_te>,<by_ta>
Show if the command is supported	AT+IFC=?	+IFC: (list of supported <by_te>s,<by_ta>s)

Defines the flow control between the modem and the computer when in on-line data mode.

No flow control is enabled in any of the command modes.

<i>&lt;by_te&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	No flow control on DTE
1	Xon/Xoff flow control on DCE. Control characters are removed by the DCE interface
2	RTS flow control on DCE. <b>Default value</b>
3	Xon/Xoff flow control on DCE. Control characters are passed to the remote DCE/DTE

<i>&lt;by_ta&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	No flow control on DCE
1	Xon/Xoff flow control on DTE
2	CTS flow control on DCE. <b>Default value</b>

### 13.13 AT+ILRR *Cable Interface Local Rate Reporting*

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Defines DTE-DCE character framing	AT+ILRR=<value>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT+ILRR?	+ILRR:<value>
Show if the command is supported	AT+ILRR=?	+ILRR:(list of supported <values>s)

Specifies whether or not the extended-format “+ILRR:<rate>” information text is transmitted from the DCE to the DTE. The <rate> reported shall represent the current (negotiated or renegotiated) DTE-DCE rate. If enabled, the intermediate result code is transmitted after any modulation,



error control or data compression reports are transmitted, and before any final result code (e.g. CONNECT) is transmitted. The <rate> is applied after the final result code is transmitted.

<value>	Description
0	Disables reporting of local port rate (+ILRR: is not transmitted). <b>Default value</b>
1	Enables reporting of local port rate (+ILRR: is transmitted)

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### 13.14 AT+IPR

### Cable Interface Port Command

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Defines fixed DTE rate	AT+IPR=[rate]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT+IPR?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +IPR:&lt;rate&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+IPR=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +IPR: (), (list of fixed-only &lt;rate&gt;s)]</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

Specifies the data rate at which the DCE will accept commands, in addition to 1200bits/s or 9600bits/s (as required in v25ter, subclause 4.3). It may be used to select operation at rates used by the DTE, which the DCE is not capable of automatically detecting.

The specified rate takes effect following the issuance of any result code(s) associated with the current command line.

<rate>	Description
Discrete integer value	<p>The &lt;rate&gt; value specified shall be the rate in bits per second at which the DTE-DCE interface should operate, e.g. "19200" or "115200". The rates supported by a particular DCE are manufacturer specific.</p> <p>The following rates, are supported;</p> <p>1200 2400 4800 9600 19200 38400 57600 115200 230400 460800</p>

### 13.15 AT\*E2SPI Serial Peripheral Interface

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Set Serial Peripheral interface	AT*E2SPI=<op> [,<byteformat> [,<InitSync>]] [,<byte1>,<byte2>,...., <byte n>]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ERROR</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• *E2SPI: &lt;byte1rx&gt;,&lt;byte2rx&gt;,...., &lt;bytenrx&gt; OK</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT*E2SPI?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• *E2SPI: &lt;active&gt;, &lt;byteformat&gt; OK</li> </ul>
Shows if the command is supported	AT*E2SPI=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• *E2SPI: (list of supported &lt;op&gt;s,list of supported &lt;byteformat&gt;s, list of supported &lt;InitSync&gt;s)</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

This command allows the user to send data via an SPI bus. The SPI bus is made up from the IO pins (IO1 = Clock, IO2 = Data In, IO3 = Data Out, and O2/RI = Sync (optional)).

The bus works with the GR47 being the SPI master. The clock is generated by the GR47, and on each clock cycle, data is both transmitted on the Data Out pin, and received on the Data in pin. The Sync pin (optional) can be used as a chipselect pin for latching the data after a number of bytes have been sent. The initial state of the Sync pin can be set, so it is toggled from that state.

Once the SPI bus is enabled, the IOs that are used can not be used for any other purpose until the SPI is disabled. This means the AT\*E2IO command cannot modify these pins, and if the Sync pin is activated, RI will not be output.

Three operations can be made on the SPI bus:

SPI Enable (<op> = 255)

This command is entered to set up the SPI bus, and to enable the relevant signals. The byte format is defined here (the number of bytes output between toggling the Sync pin high and low). The Initial state of the Sync pin is also defined. If the byte format is set to zero (0), then the Sync pin is not used, and is not controlled by the SPI.

Example:

```
AT*E2SPI=255,2,1<CR>
```

OK

This command sets the SPI bus active, and the Sync pin is made toggle every 2 bytes of output data. The initial state of the Sync pin is HIGH.

SPI Send/Receive (<op> = 1-32)

This command sends from 1 - 32 bytes of data across the enabled SPI bus. Data is sent MSB first, from the first byte to the last byte.

Example:

```
AT*E2SPI=8,170,170,85,85,170,170,85,85<CR>
```

OK

This command sends 8 bytes (170,170,85,85,170,170,85,85) across the SPI bus. Bytes are in decimal format.

SPI Disable (<op> = 0)

This command is sent to disable the SPI functionality, and restore use of IO pins to other applications. The SPI bus must be disabled before being enabled with a new set of parameters.

```
AT*E2SPI=0
```

OK

<i>&lt;op&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Disable SPI bus
1-32	Send/ receive 1-32 bytes
255	Enable SPI bus

<i>&lt;byteformat&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	No Sync Pin function
1-32	Sync is toggled every 1-32 bytes sent/received

<i>&lt;InitSync&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Sync Pin initial state LOW
1	Sync Pin initial state HIGH

<i>&lt;byte x&gt;, &lt;byte x rx&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0-255	decimal value denoting the byte value to be sent

<i>&lt;active&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	SPI bus is active (pins are controlled by SPI)
1	SPI bus is not active (pins are not controlled by SPI)

### 13.16 AT\*E2ESC M2M Escape Sequence Guard Time

Description	Command	Possible responses
Set GPRS online command guard time	AT*E2ESC=[<gt>]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT*E2ESC?	*E2ESC: <gt>
Show if the command is supported	AT*E2ESC=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

Defines a guard time for the escape sequence in GPRS and Circuit-Switched Online Data Mode to return to online command mode i.e. if +++AT<CR> is received either as part of the data stream or a terminating string from the application and no further data is received for the duration of the guard time the module will go into on line command mode. This guards against the module accidentally going into on line command mode. The verbose format of +++AT<CR> is <S2><S2><S2>AT<S3>.

<gt>	Description
0	No guard time. <b>Default value</b>
1-10	Guard time in seconds

## 14. Network

### 14.1 AT\*E2CD Ericsson M2M Cell Description

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Description	Command	Possible Responses
Request network cell description	AT*E2CD=<n>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>ERROR</li> <li>OK</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT*E2CD?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>*E2CD: &lt;n&gt;,&lt;lac&gt;,&lt;ci&gt;,&lt;ta&gt;</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT*E2CD=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>*E2CD: (list of supported &lt;n&gt;s)</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

Controls the presentation of an unsolicited result code E2CD: when <n>=1, or when there is a change in one of the network cell parameters, E2CD: <lac>,<ci>,<ta>.

Read command returns the status of result code presentation and several values, which show the network cell parameters.

Location information <lac>, <ci> and <ta> are returned only when <n>=1 and the ME is registered in the network. To know if the ME is registered use the AT+CREG command. If the ME is not registered in the cellular network an ERROR message is returned.

<n>	Description
0	Disable network location information unsolicited result code. <b>Default value</b>
1	Enable network location information unsolicited result code *E2CD: <lac>,<ci>,<ta>

<lac>	Description
String type	Two byte location area code in hexadecimal format

<ci>	Description
string type	Two byte cell ID in hexadecimal format

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<i>&lt;ta&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0-63	According to GSM 04.18 V8.6.0, the coding of the timing advance value is the binary representation of the timing advance in bit periods; 1 bit period = 48/13 is. <ta> is the integer representation of the timing advance in binary format
64-255	Reserved

## 14.2 AT\*E2EMM Ericsson M2M Engineering Monitoring Mode

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Set the response presentation mode	AT*E2EMM=<n>[,<m>]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ERROR</li> <li>• OK</li> </ul>
Display mode neighbour cells are taken from the toplist		*E2EMM: Serving Cell MCC,MNC,LAC,CellID,BSIC,Ch[,Rxl,C1,C2][,RxlFull,RxlSub,RxQFull,RxQSub,TA,TN], <mcc>,<mnc>,<lac>,<ci>,<bsic>,<ch>[,<rxl>,<c1>,<c2>][,<rxlFull>,<rxlSub>,<rxqfull>,<rxqsub>,<ta>,<tn>], NeighBours Cells MCC,MNC,LAC,CellID,BSIC,Ch,Rxl[,C1,C2], <mcc>,<mnc>,<lac>,<ci>,<bsic>,<ch>,<rxl>[,<c1>,<c2>] <mcc>,<mnc>,<lac>,<ci>,<bsic>,<ch>,<rxl>[,<c1>,<c2>] ... <mcc>,<mnc>,<lac>,<ci>,<bsic>,<ch>,<rxl>[,<c1>,<c2>] OK
Compact mode. The first cell is the serving cell, the rest are neighbour cells taken from the toplist		*E2EMM: <mcc>,<mnc>,<ci>,<bsic>,<ch>[,<rxl>][,<rxlSub>,<rxqsub>,<ta>],<mcc>,<mnc>,<ci>,<bsic>,<ch>,<rxl>,<mcc>,<mnc>,<ci>,<bsic>,<ch>,<rxl>, ... <mcc>,<mnc>,<ci>,<bsic>,<ch>,<rxl> OK
Verbose mode. The first cell is the serving cell and the rest are neighbour cells as provided by the network in the system info. messages (2 and 5) and via the AT*E2NBTS command		*E2EMM: <mcc>,<mnc>,<lac>,<ci>,<bsic>,<ch>[,<rxl>,<c1>,<c2>][,<rxlFull>,<rxlSub>,<rxqfull>,<rxqsub>,<ta>,<tn>], <mcc>,<mnc>,<lac>,<ci>,<bsic>,<ch>,<rxl>[,<c1>,<c2>] <mcc>,<mnc>,<lac>,<ci>,<bsic>,<ch>,<rxl>[,<c1>,<c2>] ... <mcc>,<mnc>,<lac>,<ci>,<bsic>,<ch>,<rxl>[,<c1>,<c2>] OK
Reduced display mode - info. as display mode but without text headings or <CR><LF> separators, neighbour cells from top list		*E2EMM: <mcc>,<mnc>,<lac>,<ci>,<bsic>,<ch>[,<rxl>,<c1>,<c2>][,<rxlFull>,<rxlSub>,<rxqfull>,<rxqsub>,<ta>,<tn>], <mcc>,<mnc>,<lac>,<ci>,<bsic>,<ch>,<rxl>[,<c1>,<c2>] <mcc>,<mnc>,<lac>,<ci>,<bsic>,<ch>,<rxl>[,<c1>,<c2>] ... <mcc>,<mnc>,<lac>,<ci>,<bsic>,<ch>,<rxl>[,<c1>,<c2>] OK
Show the current setting	AT*E2EMM?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• *E2EMM: &lt;n&gt;</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT*E2EMM=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• *E2EMM: (list of supported &lt;n&gt;s),(list of supported &lt;m&gt;s)</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

There are four presentation format modes (Display, Compact, Verbose, and Reduced Display) and two response types (one shot response or continuous unsolicited responses).

The purpose of the presentation format mode Display is to display the data in a readable form, including headers and line breaks (<CR><LF>). This format is, however, not well suited for machine decoding. The formats Verbose, Compact and Reduced Display do not have headers or line breaks. Verbose mode displays more parameters than the compact mode.

The response types give the user the choice of one a shot information or an unsolicited response with <m> seconds between each response.

### Examples

**AT\*E2EMM=1**

**\*E2EMM:**

Serving Cell

MCC,MNC,LAC,CellId,BSIC,Ch,RxL,C1,C2

234,15,0016,0D91,2E,0081,-085,00019,00019

Neighbour Cells

MCC,MNC,LAC,CellId,BSIC,Ch,RxL,C1,C2

000,00,0016,4047,3A,0083,-103,00001,00001

000,00,0016,423C,3A,0065,-104,00000,00000

000,00,0016,2F21,21,0067,-104,00000,00000

000,00,0016,8E3D,34,0077,-104,00000,00000

000,00,0016,348A,10,0091,-104,00000,00000

OK

**AT\*E2EMM=3**

**\*E2EMM:** <servcell mcc>,<servcell mnc>,<servcell ci>,  
<servcell bsic>,<servcell ch>[,<servcell rxl>][,<servcell rxlSub>,  
<servcell rxqsub>,<servcell ta>],<neighborcell1 mcc>,  
<neighborcell1 mnc>,<neighborcell1 ci>,<neighborcell1 bsic>,  
<neighborcell1 ch>,<neighborcell1 rxl>,<neighborcell2 mcc>,  
<neighborcell2 mnc>,<neighborcell2 ci>,<neighborcell2 bsic>,  
<neighborcell2 ch>,<neighborcell2 rxl>,  
...

<neighborcelln mcc>,<neighborcellnmnc>,<neighborcellnci>,  
<neighborcelln bsic>,<neighborcelln ch>,<neighborcelln rxl>

<CR><LF>

OK

**AT\*E2EMM=5**

**\*E2EMM:** <servcell mcc>,<servcell mnc>,<servcell lac>,  
<servcell ci>,<servcell bsic>,<servcell ch>[,<servcell rxl>,  
<servcell C1>,<servcell C2>][,<servcell rxlFull>,<servcell rxlSub>,  
<servcell rxqfull>,<servcell rxqsub>,<servcell tn>,<servcell ta>],  
<neighborcell1 mcc>,<neighborcell1 mnc>,<neighborcell1 lac>,<neighborcell1



```

<neighborcell1 ci>,<neighborcell1 bsic>,<neighborcell1 ch>,
<neighborcell1 rxl>[,<neighborcell1 C1>,<neighborcell1 C2>],
<neighborcell2 mcc>,<neighborcell2 mnc>,<neighborcell2 lac>,
<neighborcell2 ci>,<neighborcell2 bsic>,<neighborcell2 ch>,
<neighborcell2 rxl>[,<neighborcell2 C1>,<neighborcell2 C2>],
...
<neighborcelln mcc>,<neighborcellnmnc>,<neighborcelln lac>,
<neighborcelln ci>,<neighborcelln bsic>,<neighborcelln ch>,
<neighborcelln rxl>[,<neighborcelln C1>,<neighborcelln C2>]
<CR><LF>

```

OK

**AT\*E2EMM=7**

```

*E2EMM:<servcell mcc>,<servcell mnc>,<servcell lac>,
<servcell ci>,<servcell bsic>,<servcell ch>[,<servcell rxl>,
<servcell c1>,<servcell c2>][,<servcell rxlFull>,<servcell rxlSub>,
<servcell rxqfull>,<servcell rxqsub>,<servcell ta>,<servcell tn>],
<neighborcell1 mcc>,< neighborcell1 mnc>,<neighborcell1 lac>,
<neighborcell1 ci>,<neighborcell1 bsic>,<neighborcell1 ch>,
<neighborcell1 rxl>[,< neighborcell1 c1>,<neighborcell1 c2>],
<neighborcell2 mcc>,<neighborcell2 mnc>,<neighborcell2 lac>,
<neighborcell2 ci>,<neighborcell2 bsic>,<neighborcell2 ch>,
<neighborcell2 rxl>[,<neighborcell2 c1>,<neighborcell2c2>]
...
<neighborcelln mcc>,<neighborcelln mnc>,<neighborcelln lac>,
<neighborcelln ci>,<neighborcelln bsic>,<neighborcelln ch>,
<neighborcelln rxl>[,<neighborcelln c1>,<neighborcelln c2>]

```

OK

The mode setting <n> in the set command has the combination listed in the table below.

When <n>=5, the shot information is the same as in <n>=1, but neighbouring cells, which have to be up to 16. This is the information that comes from the Serving Cell through the BCCH, reporting the BTS that are on the Serving Cell's surroundings.

<n>	Description
0	Disable network monitoring unsolicited result code. <b>Default value</b>
1	One shot presentation of the network location information. Display mode with headers and <CR><LF> line separators
2	Enable network location information unsolicited result code in Display mode (like n=1). There will be continuous unsolicited information responses <m> seconds apart
3	One shot presentation of the compact network location information

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<i>&lt;n&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
4	Enable compact network location information unsolicited result code. There will be continuous unsolicited information responses <m> seconds apart
5	One shot presentation of the network location information (verbose format), including 16 BTSs, coming from the Serving Cell signalling information
6	As n=5 format but there will be continuous unsolicited information responses <m> seconds apart
7	One shot presentation of the network information (same information as in n=1) but no headers or <CR><LF> line separators. Neighbour cells from the Toplist
8	As n=7 format but there will be continuous unsolicited information responses <m> seconds apart
<i>&lt;m&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
1-255	Integer type giving time (in seconds) between unsolicited responses. <b>Default value is 5</b>
<i>&lt;mcc&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Integer type	Three digits in decimal format. The Mobile Country Code identifies the PLMN serving cell country according to ITU
<i>&lt;mnc&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Integer type	Two digits in decimal format. The Mobile Network Code identifies the PLMN operator in the serving cell
<i>&lt;lac&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Integer type	Two byte location area code in hexadecimal format
<i>&lt;ci&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Integer type	Two byte cell ID in hexadecimal format
<i>&lt;bsic&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Integer type	One byte Base Stations Identification code in hexadecimal format
<i>&lt;ch&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
(0-1023)	It represents the ARFCN that shows the Absolute RF Channel, which identifies the BCCH carrier

<i>&lt;rxl&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Integer type	Received Signal Strength level in dBm measured on idle mode

<i>&lt;rxlfull&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Integer type	Received Signal Strength level in dBm. The Rx Level is taken in the Downlink and statistically is applied to 100 TDMA frames of the TCH or during a SACCH multiframe

<i>&lt;rxlsub&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Integer type	Received Signal Strength level in dBm. The Rx Level is taken from the DownLink signal and the average is applied to subset of SACCH frames

<i>&lt;rxqfull&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	BER < 0.1%
1	0.26% < BER < 0.30%
2	0.51% < BER < 0.64%
3	1.0% < BER < 1.3%
4	1.9% < BER < 2.7%
5	3.8% < BER < 5.4%
6	7.6% < BER < 11.0%
7	BER > 15.0%

<i>&lt;mcc&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Integer type	Three digits in decimal format. The Mobile Country Code identifies the PLMN serving cell country according to ITU

*<rxqsub>* is the parameter that indicates the quality in the received signal on dedicated mode. The measurement average is applied to a subset of a SACCH multiframe.

<i>&lt;rxqsub&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	BER < 0.1%
1	0.26% < BER < 0.30%
2	0.51% < BER < 0.64%
3	1.0% < BER < 1.3%

## 14. NETWORK

<i>&lt;rxqsub&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
4	1.9% < BER < 2.7%
5	3.8% < BER < 5.4%
6	7.6% < BER < 11.0%
7	BER > 15.0%

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<i>&lt;c1&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Integer	Path Loss criterion parameter for neighbour cells. The MS calculates this parameter, in idle mode, to decide if the cell is suitable to camp on. After the calculation the criterion is $C1 > 0$ . See GSM 05.08

<i>&lt;c2&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Integer	Cell reselection parameter for neighbour cells. This parameter shall optimise the selected cell reselection

<i>&lt;ta&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0-63	According to GSM 04.18 V8.6.0, the coding of the timing advance value is the binary representation of the timing advance in bit periods; 1 bit period = 48/13uS. <ta> is the integer representation of the timing advance in binary format
64-255	Reserved

<i>&lt;tn&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0-7	Its value indicates the time slot number in a traffic channel

### 14.3 AT\*E2SPN *M2M Service Provider Indication*

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Request service provider indication	AT*E2SPN	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• *E2SPN: &lt;spi&gt;</li> <li>• +CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT*E2SPN=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

Causes the MS to return the service provider name stored in the SIM card (<spi> parameter). The text will consist of a maximum of 16 bytes containing the service provider name stored in the EF<sub>SPN</sub> file in the SIM card (see GSM 11.11). ERROR is returned if the field is not present on the SIM.

<i>&lt;spi&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String	String type field of maximum length 16 bytes; character set as specified by command Select TE character set +CSCS

### 14.4 AT\*EALS *Ericsson Request ALS Status*

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Requests current status for ALS	AT*EALS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• *EALS: &lt;status&gt;</li> <li>• +CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT*EALS=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

Used to request the MS to give ALS (Alternate Line Services) status. The information is available on the SIM card. If ALS is active, the user has two lines for voice calls. The line number or name tag for the line is then indicated on the display.

<i>&lt;status&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	ALS function is not active (off)
1	ALS function is active (on)

## 14.5 AT\*ECSP *Ericsson Customer Service Profile*

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Read the customer service profile from the SIM	AT*ECSP=<service group>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• *ECSP: &lt;service group&gt;,&lt;services&gt;</li> <li>• +CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT*ECSP=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

This command is used to read the customer service profile (CSP) from the SIM. CSP is a list on the SIM, which indicates the services that are user accessible. Each of the services has a related bit within the CSP. The services are grouped into service groups, with a maximum of 8 services in a group. For each service group, a bit mask tells which services are available (bit=1). Unused bits are set to 0.

<i>&lt;service group&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Byte	Each service group has a corresponding number, service group code

<i>&lt;services&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
byte	Bit mask (8 bits), indicating the services within the service group Bit=0: unused or unavailable service Bit=1: available service

## 14.6 AT\*EPNR *Ericsson Read SIM Preferred Network*

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Read entries in SIM preferred list	AT*EPNR=<format> [,<index1> [,<index2>]]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>*EPNR: &lt;index1&gt;,&lt;oper1&gt;[...]</li> <li>*EPNR: &lt;index2&gt;,&lt;oper2&gt;</li> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT*EPNR=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>*EPNR: (list of supported &lt;index&gt;s), (list of supported &lt;format&gt;s)</li> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

This command is used to read the SIM preferred list of networks (EF<sub>PLMNSEL</sub>).

<index1>	Description
integer	Start index (>0)

<index2>	Description
integer	Stop index (>0)

<format>	Description
2	Numeric <oper>

<oper>	Description
string	String indicates the code for the operator. E.g. GSM - Sweden - Europolitan: "24008" (3 + 2). PCS: 3 digits for country and 3 digits for network

### Example

```
AT*EPNR=2,1,10
*EPNR: 1,"24008"
*EPNR: 2,"20404"
*EPNR: 3,"20810"
*EPNR: 4,"20205"
*EPNR: 5,"65501"
*EPNR: 6,"26203"
*EPNR: 7,"50503"
*EPNR: 8,"27201"
*EPNR: 9,"64101"
```

\*EPNR: 10,"27801"

OK

## 14.7 AT\*EPNW *Ericsson Write SIM Preferred Network*

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Write/delete entries in SIM preferred list	AT*EPNW=[<index>] [,<format>,<oper>]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT*EPNW=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>*EPNW: (list of supported &lt;index&gt;s), (list of supported &lt;format&gt;s)</li> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

This command is used to edit the SIM preferred list of networks (EF<sub>PLMNSEL</sub>). The entry field <oper> contains mobile country code (MCC) and mobile network code (MNC).

<index>	Description
Integer	Index to entry in SIM preferred list. The SIM preferred list contains at least 8 positions according to GSM 11.11

<format>	Description
2	Numeric <oper>

<oper>	Description
String	String indicates the code for the operator. E.g. GSM – Sweden - Europolitan: "24008" (3 + 2). PCS: 3 digits for country and 3 digits for network



## 14.8 AT\*E2SSN *Ericsson M2M SIM Serial Number*

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Request SIM Serial number	AT*E2SSN	<SSN>
Shows if the command is supported	AT*E2SSN=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

This command requests the SIM serial number held in the ICCid field (address 2FE2) on the SIM and returns all valid characters to the TE. This field is detailed in GSM 11.11 section 10.1.1.

<i>&lt;SSN&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String without double quotes	SIM serial number

### EXAMPLES

```
AT*E2SSN
8944110063503224707
OK
```

where the raw data contained in the ICCid field on the SIM is 984411003605234207F7.

Test command:

```
AT*E2SSN=?
OK
```

## 14.9 AT\*ESLN Ericsson Set Line Name

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Sets the line name tag in the MS	AT*ESLN=<line> [,<name>]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT*ESLN?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>*ESLN: &lt;line1&gt;,&lt;name1&gt;&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</li> <li>*ESLN: &lt;line2&gt;,&lt;name2&gt;</li> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT*ESLN=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>*ESLN: (list of supported &lt;line&gt;s),&lt;lname&gt;</li> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

Sets the name tag for a selected line.

<i>&lt;line&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	This means that the two lines will use the default name tags, i.e. "L1" and "L2". <b>Default value</b>
1	Line 1
2	Line 2

<i>&lt;name&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String	Characters for name tag This parameter is optional when <line> is set to 0

<i>&lt;lname&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Integer	Maximum number of characters to use in <name> string (20)

### 14.10 AT+CIMI Subscriber Identification

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Read IMSI	AT+CIMI	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• &lt;IMSI&gt;</li> <li>• +CME ERROR &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CIMI=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

Causes the TA to return <IMSI>, identifying the individual SIM attached to the ME.

<IMSI>	Description
string without double quotes	International Mobile Subscriber Identity

#### Example

```
AT+CIMI
234157411545420
```

```
OK
```

### 14.11 AT+CLCK Facility Lock

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Request facility lock	AT+CLCK=<fac>, <mode>[,<passwd>[,<class>]]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• when &lt;mode&gt;=2 and command successful: +CLCK: &lt;status&gt;[,&lt;class1&gt; [&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;+CLCK: &lt;status&gt;,&lt;class2&gt;[...]]</li> <li>• +CME ERROR &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CLCK=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +CLCK: (list of supported &lt;fac&gt;s)</li> <li>• +CME ERROR &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> </ul>

The command is used to lock, unlock or interrogate an ME or a network facility <fac>. A password is normally needed to carry out such actions.

Call barring facilities are based on GSM supplementary services (refer to GSM 02.88). The interaction of these, with other commands based on other GSM supplementary services, is described in the GSM standard.

<i>&lt;fac&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
"PS"	PH-SIM (lock PHone to SIM card) (ME asks password when other than current SIM card inserted)
"SC"	SIM (lock SIM card) (SIM asks password in ME power-up and when this lock command issued)
"P2"	SIM PIN2
"AO"	BAOC (bar all outgoing calls)
"OI"	BOIC (bar outgoing international calls)
"AI"	BAIC (bar all incoming calls)
"IR"	BIC-Roam (bar incoming calls when roaming outside the home country)
"OX"	BOIC-exHC (bar outgoing international calls except to home country)
"AB"	All barring services
"AG"	All out going barring services
"AC"	All in coming barring services
"FD"	SIM fixed dialling feature. SIM2 is required as a password
"PN"	Network personalization
"PU"	Network subset personalization
"PP"	Service provider personalization
"PC"	Corporate personalization

<i>&lt;mode&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Unlock
1	Lock
2	Query status
10	Full lock (only valid for <i>&lt;fac&gt;</i> ="PS", after power on always ask for password)

<i>&lt;status&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Not active
1	Active

<i>&lt;passw&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
string type	Is the same as password specified for the facility from the ME user interface or with change password command, +CPWD

<i>&lt;classx&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
1	Voice L1
2	Data
4	Fax
8	Short message service
16	Data circuit sync
32	Data circuit async
64	Dedicated packet access
128	Voice L2
1..30	When "no reply" is enabled or queried, this gives the time in seconds to wait before the call is forwarded. <b>Default value is 20</b>

### 14.12 AT+CNUM Subscriber Number

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Request subscriber number	AT+CNUM	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CNUM: [&lt;alpha1&gt;],&lt;number1&gt;,&lt;type1&gt; [,&lt;speed&gt;,&lt;service&gt;[,&lt;itc&gt;]]][&lt;CR&gt; &lt;LF&gt;+CNUM: [&lt;alpha2&gt;],&lt;number2&gt;,&lt;type2&gt; [,&lt;speed&gt;,&lt;service&gt; [,&lt;itc&gt;]]][...]</li> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CNUM=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

This command returns the MSISDNs related to the subscriber (this information can be stored in the SIM or in the ME). If subscriber has different MSISDN for different services, each MSISDN is returned in a separate line.

<i>&lt;alphax&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Alphanumeric string	Associated with <numberx>; used character set should be the one selected with the Select TE character set command, +CSCS

<i>&lt;numberx&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String type	ME number of format specified by <i>&lt;typex&gt;</i>

<i>&lt;typex&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Integer format	Type of address, (refer to GSM 04.08 subclause 10.5.4.7)

<i>&lt;speed&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
data rate	As defined in subclause 6.7 GSM 07.07

<i>&lt;service&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Asynchronous modem
4	Voice
5	Fax

<i>&lt;itc&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	3.1 kHz
1	UDI

### 14.13 AT+COLP Connected Line Identification Presentation

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Request connected line identification presentation	AT+COLP=[<n>]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT+COLP?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +COLP: &lt;n&gt;,&lt;m&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+COLP=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +COLP: (list of supported &lt;n&gt;s)</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

This command refers to the GSM/UMTS supplementary service COLP (Connected Line Identification Presentation) that enables a calling subscriber to get the connected line identity (COL) of the called party after setting up a mobile originated call. The command enables or disables the presentation of the COL at the TE. It has no effect on the execution of the supplementary service COLR in the network.

When enabled (and allowed by the called subscriber), +COLP: <number>,<type>[,<subaddr>,<satype> [,<alpha>]] intermediate result code is returned from the TA to the TE before any +CR or V.25ter responses. It is manufacturer specific if this response is used when normal voice call is established.

Read command gives the status of <n>, and also triggers an interrogation of the provision status of the COLP service according 3GPP TS 22.081 (given in <m>).

Test command returns values supported by the TA as a compound value.

<i>&lt;n&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Disable
1	Enable

<i>&lt;m&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	COLP not provisioned
1	COLP provisioned
2	unknown (e.g. no network, etc.)

Intermediate Result codes:

+COLP: <number>,<type>[,<subaddr>,<satype> [,<alpha>]]

## 14.14 AT+COPS Operator Selection

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Request operator selection	AT+COPS=[<mode>[,<format>[,<oper>]]]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CME ERROR &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT+COPS?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+COPS: &lt;mode&gt;[,&lt;format&gt;,&lt;oper&gt;]</li> <li>+CME ERROR &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+COPS=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+COPS: list of supported (&lt;stat&gt;,long alphanumeric &lt;oper&gt;, short alphanumeric &lt;oper&gt;,numeric &lt;oper&gt;)s</li> <li>+CME ERROR &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

Forces an attempt to select and register the GSM network operator.

<i>&lt;mode&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Automatic (<oper> field is ignored)
1	Manual (<oper> field present)
3	Set only <format> (for read command +COPS?), do not attempt registration/de-registration (<oper> field is ignored); this value is not applicable in read command response
4	Manual/automatic (<oper> field present); if manual selection fails, automatic mode (<mode>=0) is entered

<i>&lt;format&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Automatic (<oper> field is ignored)
2	Numeric <oper>

<i>&lt;oper&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
string type	Format determined by the <format> setting

<i>&lt;stat&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Unknown
1	Available
2	Current
3	Forbidden



*Example*

```

AT+COPS=?
+COPS: (2,"UK VODAFONE","UK Vodafone","23415")
+COPS: (3,"UK Orange PCS Ltd","Orange","23433")
+COPS: (3,"T-Mobile UK","T-Mobile UK","23430")
+COPS: (3,"O2 - UK","O2 - UK","23410")

```

OK

**14.15 AT+CREG Network Registration**

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Request network registration	AT+CREG=[<n>]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CME ERROR &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT+CREG?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CREG: &lt;n&gt;,&lt;stat&gt;</li> <li>+CME ERROR &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CREG=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CREG: (list of supported &lt;n&gt;s)</li> <li>+CME ERROR &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

Set command controls the presentation of an unsolicited result code +CREG: <stat> when <n>=1 and there is a change in the ME network registration status.

Read command returns the status of result code presentation and an integer <stat>, which shows whether the network has currently indicated the registration of the ME.

Controls the presentation of the unsolicited result code +CREG.

<i>&lt;n&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Disable network registration unsolicited result code. <b>Default value</b>
1	Enable network registration unsolicited result code

<i>&lt;stat&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Not registered, ME is not currently searching for a new operator to register with
1	Registered, home network
2	Not registered, but ME is currently searching for a new operator to register with
3	Registration denied
4	Not detailed
5	Registered, roaming

*Example*

```
AT+CREG?
+CREG: 0,1
```

```
OK
```

### 14.16 AT\*ECPI *Ciphering Indicator*

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Request activation of the ciphering indication	AT*ECPI=<switch>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OK</li> <li>• +CME: &lt;error&gt;</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Shows the current setting	AT*ECPI?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• *ECPI: &lt;switch&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT*ECPI=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• *ECPI: (list of supported &lt;switch&gt;es values)</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

This command allows the external application to activate/deactivate the ciphering indication. The ciphering indication allows the external application to detect when the mobile connection becomes deciphered and thus unsecured.

Test command gives the current value of the <switch> parameter, informing if the indicator is enabled or disabled.

The ciphering indicator feature may be disabled by the home network operator setting data in the “administrative data” field (EFAD) in the SIM as defined in GSM 11.11.

If this feature is not disabled by the SIM, then whenever a connection is in place, which is or becomes deciphered, an indication is given via the unsolicited result code \*ECPV:<ciphering>.

<i>&lt;switch&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
1	Ciphering indication is on. The unsolicited result code *ECPV is sent anytime the communication is unsecured and when it becomes secure again
0	Ciphering indication is off. Disable the ciphering indication, *ECPV is not sent

Unsolicited Result Codes:

\*ECPV: <ciphering>. Sent only when <switch> is set to 0.

Unsolicited Result Codes

\*ECPV - Ciphering Indicator

SYNTAX - Unsolicited Result code

<i>Description</i>	<i>Response</i>	<i>When</i>
Set command informs the TE when a communication is unsecured due to the fact that the network is not enciphering the communication	*ECPV: <ciphering>	When AT*ECPI enables it, the *ECPV:<ciphering> is sent during a connection whenever the communication is not enciphered. If a connection becomes secure after that, the *ECPV:<ciphering> is sent again to indicate that now the communication is enciphered

<i>&lt;ciphering&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	The connection is secured. The network enciphers the communication
1	The connection is unsecured. The network does not encipher the communication



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*<mnc>*      *Description*

String Type	Two digits in decimal format. The Mobile Network Code identifies the PLMN operator in the serving cell
-------------	--

---

*<ci>*      *Description*

String type	Two byte cell ID in hexadecimal format
-------------	--

---

*<bsic>*      *Description*

String Type	One byte Base Stations Identification code in hexadecimal format
-------------	--

---

*<rxl>*      *Description*

String Type	Received Signal Strength level in dBm, measured in idle mode
-------------	--

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## 15. Phonebook

### 15.1 AT\*E2PBCS Ericsson M2M Phonebook Check Sum

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Description	Command	Possible Responses
Request phonebook checksum	AT*E2PBCS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• *E2PBCS: &lt;cks&gt;</li> <li>• +CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT*E2PBCS=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

Command causes the ME to return the phonebook checksum <cks> stored internally. phonebook checksum is recalculated whenever there is a change in the phonebook. By requesting the checksum, the external application can detect if the phonebook in the ME has changed, without downloading the whole phonebook.

During the SIM initialisation process, it takes some time to download the phonebook from the SIM card to the ME, depending on the number of entries. In case the command is invoked before the checksum has been calculated, the ME gives an ERROR message.

<cks>	Description
Hex type	1 byte in hexadecimal (between ""), containing the checksum

### 15.2 AT\*ESAG Ericsson Add to Group

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Adds a new item to the group with <gindex>	AT*ESAG=<gindex>,<type>,<itemindex>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT*ESAG=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• *ESAG: (list of supported &lt;gindex&gt;s, list of supported &lt;type&gt;s)</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

This command adds a contact or a ME number to the current group.

<i>&lt;gindex&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
1-10	The group index within the hierarchical phonebook

<i>&lt;type&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
1	Contact
2	ME number

<i>&lt;itemindex&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Integer	The index of the contact/group/ME number to add. The <i>&lt;itemindex&gt;</i> parameter has the following meaning: if the item to add is a contact, the <i>&lt;itemindex&gt;</i> is the index of the contact in the contacts book. If the item to add is a ME number the <i>&lt;itemindex&gt;</i> is the index in the phonebook

### 15.3 AT\*ESCG *Ericsson Create Group*

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Adds a new group to the hierarchical phonebook	AT*ESCG=<name>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Shows if the command is supported	AT*ESCG=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>*ESCG: &lt;maxnamelength&gt;</li> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

This command creates a new group in the hierarchical phonebook. The group is stored at the first available position. There are 10 group positions in the hierarchical phonebook.

<i>&lt;name&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String	The group name. Character set as specified by command Select TE Character Set (AT+CSCS)

<i>&lt;maxnamelength&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
integer	The maximum length of the grouping (bytes)

## 15.4 AT\*ESCN Ericsson Set Credit Card Number

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Set up a credit card number	AT*ESCN=<mode> [,<passwd>][,<indexn>] [,<asn>,<type>,<name>,<vercode>][,<send order>]]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt; when mode=3:*ESCN: &lt;indexn&gt;,&lt;asn&gt;,&lt;type&gt;,&lt;name&gt;,&lt;vercode&gt;,&lt;send order&gt;</li> <li>When mode=4:*ESCN: &lt;selindexn&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT*ESCN=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>*ESCN: (list of supported &lt;index&gt;s),(list of supported &lt;mode&gt;s),(list of supported &lt;send order&gt;s)</li> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

Command is used to:

- set up a credit card number in the ME.
- disable credit card calls.
- enable one of the credit card call services.
- query the settings for one of the services.
- query the active credit call access server.

<mode>	Description
0	Settings for a credit card call (<passwd>, <indexn>, <asn>,<type>,<name>,<vercode> [,<send order>]). The four (4) parameters (<passwd>, <indexn>, <asn>, <vercode>) are mandatory when <mode>=0. If all those are not submitted ERROR will be returned
1	Disable credit card calling (<passwd>). If any other parameters are submitted, they are ignored
2	Enable one of the credit card call services (<passwd>, <indexn>). If any other parameters are submitted, they are ignored
3	Query (<passwd>, <indexn>). If any other parameters are submitted, they are ignored
4	Query for the selected credit call access server. If any parameters are submitted, they are ignored

<passwd>	Description
String	character string, ME lock code "PS", PH-SIM



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<i>&lt;indexn&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
1	Index number to the first credit card call access server
2	Index number to the second credit card call access server

<i>&lt;selindexn&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Credit card calling disabled
1	Index number to the first credit card call access server
2	Index number to the second credit card call access server

<i>&lt;asn&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String	Character string <0..9,+>, max. 20 characters ME number of format specified by <typex>

<i>&lt;type&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Integer format	Type of address

<i>&lt;name&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String	Character string of the name tag, for M&M. Maximum of 18 characters

<i>&lt;vercode&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String	Character string <0..9,#,*>. Maximum of 20 characters

<i>&lt;send order&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
1	Verification code first. <b>Default value</b>
2	ME number to call first

## 15.5 AT\*ESDG Ericsson Delete Group

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Deletes a group defined in the hierarchical phonebook	AT*ESDG=<gindex>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT*ESDG=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>*ESDG: list of &lt;gindex&gt;s</li> <li>OK</li> </ul>

This command deletes the group at position <gindex> from the hierarchical phonebook.

<gindex>	Description
1-10	The group index

## 15.6 AT\*ESDI Ericsson Delete Group Item

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Deletes the item in group <gindex> with position <index>	AT*ESDI=<gindex>,<index>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT*ESDI=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

The command deletes the item with <index> in the group with <gindex>.

<gindex>	Description
1-10	The groups index within the hierarchical phonebook

<index>	Description
1-15	The items index within the group

## 15.7 AT\*ESGR *Ericsson Group Read*

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Lists the groups defined in the hierarchical phonebook	AT*ESGR	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>*ESGR: &lt;gindex1&gt;, &lt;name1&gt;[&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;&lt;gindex2&gt;, &lt;name2&gt;..]</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Shows if the command is supported	AT*ESGR=?	OK

This command lists the groups in the hierarchical phonebook.

<i>&lt;gindex&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
1-10	The group index

<i>&lt;name&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String	The group name

## 15.8 AT\*EGIR *Ericsson Group Item Read*

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Lists the items in the <gindex> group	AT*EGIR=<gindex>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>*EGIR: &lt;index1&gt;, &lt;type1&gt;, &lt;itemindex&gt; [&lt;CF&gt;&lt;LF&gt;&lt;index2&gt;, &lt;type2&gt;, &lt;itemindex&gt; [...]]</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT*EGIR=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

This command lists the items stored in the group identified by <gindex>.

<i>&lt;gindex&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
1-10	The groups index within the hierarchical phonebook

<i>&lt;index&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
1-15	The items index within the group

<i>&lt;type&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Integer	The kind of item. See AT*ESAG <item> table for definition

<i>&lt;itemindex&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Integer	The item's index within the phonebook/contacts/group

## 15.9 AT\*ESIL

### Ericsson Silence Command

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Sets the MS to silent mode	AT*ESIL=[<mode>]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT*ESIL?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• *ESIL: &lt;mode&gt;</li> <li>• +CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT*ESIL=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• *ESIL: (list of supported &lt;mode&gt;s)</li> <li>• +CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

This command orders the ME to be in silent mode. When the ME is in silent mode, all sounds from the MS are prevented.

<i>&lt;mode&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Silent mode off. <b>Default value</b>
1	Silent mode on

## 15.10 AT\*ESNU Ericsson Settings Number

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Sets a number in the MS	AT*ESNU=<type>,<number>[,<number type>]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT*ESNU?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>*ESNU: &lt;type 1&gt;,&lt;number 1&gt;,&lt;number type 1&gt;&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt; ....*ESNU: &lt;type n&gt;,&lt;number n&gt;,&lt;number type n&gt;</li> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT*ESNU=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>*ESNU: (list of supported &lt;type&gt;s)</li> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

This command sets a <type> number, in the format <number type>, in the MS.

<i>&lt;type&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Voice L1
1	Voice L2
2	Fax
3	Data

<i>&lt;number type&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
129	Default value when dialling string does not include the international access code character '+'
145	Default value when dialling string includes the international access code character '+'

<i>&lt;number&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0-9, +	Number

## 15.11 AT+CPBF Phonebook Find

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Show the current setting	+CPBF=<findtext>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CPBF: &lt;index1&gt;,&lt;number&gt;,&lt;type&gt;,&lt;text&gt;[[...]&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;+CBPF: &lt;index2&gt;,&lt;number&gt;,&lt;type&gt;,&lt;text&gt;]</li> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	+CPBF=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CPBF: &lt;nlength&gt;,&lt;tlength&gt;</li> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

Returns phonebook entries whose alphanumeric field starts with <findtext>. Only currently selected source will be searched for,

<findtext>	Description
string type	Field of maximum length <tlength>; character set as specified by the select TE character set command, +CSCS

## 15.12 AT+CPBR Phonebook Read

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Read phonebook entries	+CPBR=<index1>[,<index2>]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CPBR:&lt;index1&gt;,&lt;number&gt;,&lt;type&gt;,&lt;text&gt;[[,&lt;text_date&gt;,&lt;text_time&gt;]&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;+CPBR: &lt;index2&gt;,&lt;number&gt;,&lt;type&gt;,&lt;text&gt;[[,&lt;text_date&gt;,&lt;text_time&gt;]]</li> <li>+CME ERROR &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	+CPBR=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CPBR: (list of supported &lt;index&gt;s),&lt;nlength&gt;,&lt;tlength&gt;</li> <li>+CME ERROR &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

Returns phonebook entries in location number range <index1>...<index2> from the current phonebook memory storage selected with +CPBS. If <index2> is left out, only location <index1> is returned. Entry fields returned are location number <indexn>, ME number stored there <number> (of format <type>) and text <text> associated with the number.

<indexn>	Description
integer type	Values in the range of location numbers of phonebook memory

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<i>&lt;number&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
string type	ME number of format <type>

<i>&lt;type&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
129	ISDN/telephony numbering plan, national/international unknown
145	ISDN/telephony numbering plan, international number
161	ISDN/telephony numbering plan, national number
128 - 255	Other values refer to GSM 04.08 section 10.5.4.7

<i>&lt;text&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
string type	Field of maximum length <length>; character set as specified by the select TE character set command, +CSCS.

<i>&lt;nlength&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
integer type	Value indicating the maximum length of field <number>

<i>&lt;tlength&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
integer type	Value indicating the maximum length of field <text>

### Example

```

AT+CPBR=1,99
+CPBR: 1,"44123456789",145,"Test Number"
+CPBR: 2,"440987654321",145,"Test number 2"
+CPBR: 3,"449876543210",129,"Test Number 3"
    
```

OK

## 15.13 AT+CPBS ME Storage

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Set phonebook storage	AT+CPBS=<storage> [,<password>]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CME ERROR &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT+CPBS?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CPBS: &lt;storage&gt;</li> <li>+CME ERROR &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CPBS=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CPBS: (list of supported &lt;storage&gt;s)</li> <li>+CME ERROR &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

Selects phonebook memory storage <storage>, which is used by other phonebook commands. Read command returns currently selected memory, and when supported by manufacturer, number of used locations and total number of locations in the memory.

<i>&lt;storage&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
"EN"	Emergency numbers
"ME"	ME phonebook
"SM"	SIM phonebook
"DC"	ME dialled calls list (30 entries)
"RC"	ME received calls list (30 entries)
"MC"	ME missed calls list (30 entries)

<i>&lt;passwd&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String type	Represents the password required when selecting password protected <storage>s.



## 15.14 AT+CPBW Phonebook Write

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Request phonebook write	AT+CPBW=[<index>] [, <number>[,<type>] [,<text>]]]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CME ERROR &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CPBW=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CPBW: (list of supported &lt;index&gt;s),&lt;nlength&gt; ,(list of supported &lt;type&gt;s),&lt;tlength&gt;</li> <li>+CME ERROR &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

Writes phonebook entry in location number <index> in the current phonebook memory storage area, selected with AT+CPBS. If the <number> and <text> parameters are omitted, the entry is deleted. If <index> is omitted but <number> is included, the entry is written to the first free location in the phonebook.

<i>&lt;index&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
integer type	Values in the range of location numbers of phonebook memory

<i>&lt;number&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
string type	ME number of format <type>

<i>&lt;type&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
integer format	Type of address octet, default 145 when dialing string includes international access code character "+", otherwise 129. (refer to GSM 04.08 subclause 10.5.4.7)
129	ISDN/telephony numbering plan, national/international unknown
145	ISDN/telephony numbering plan, international number
161	ISDN/telephony numbering plan, national number
128-255	Other values refer GSM 04.08 section 10.5.4.7

<i>&lt;text&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
string type	Field of maximum length <tlength>; character set as specified by the select TE character set command, +CSCS

<i>&lt;nlength&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
integer type	Value indicating the maximum length of field <number>

---

<i>&lt;length&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
integer type	Value indicating the maximum length of field <text>

*Example*

AT+CPBW=1,"44123456789",145,"Test Number"

OK

AT+CPBW=2,"440987654321",145,"Test number 2"

OK

AT+CPBW=3,"449876543210",129,"Test Number 3"

OK

## 16. Short Message Services - Point to Point

### 16.1 AT+CGSMS Select Service for MO SMS Messages

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See 6.10, AT+CGSMS Select Service for MO SMS Messages

### 16.2 AT+CPMS Preferred Message Storage

Common for both PDU (Protocol Data Unit) and Text Modes

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Set preferred message storage	AT+CPMS=<mem1> [ <i>,&lt;mem2&gt;</i> ] [ <i>,&lt;mem3&gt;</i> ]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CPMS: &lt;used1&gt;,&lt;total1&gt;,&lt;used2&gt;,&lt;total2&gt;,&lt;used3&gt;,&lt;total3&gt;</li> <li>+CMS ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT+CPMS?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CPMS: &lt;mem1&gt;,&lt;used1&gt;,&lt;total1&gt;,&lt;mem2&gt;,&lt;used2&gt;,&lt;total2&gt;,&lt;mem3&gt;,&lt;used3&gt;,&lt;total3&gt;</li> <li>+CMS ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CPMS=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CPMS: (list of supported &lt;mem1&gt;s), (list of supported &lt;mem2&gt;s), (list of supported &lt;mem3&gt;s)</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

Selects memory storage <mem1>, <mem2> and <mem3> to be used for reading, writing, etc. If chosen storage is not appropriate for the ME (but is supported by the TA), final result code +CMS ERROR: <err> is returned.

Test command returns lists of memory storage supported by the TA.

<mem1>	Description
string type	Memory from which messages are read and deleted (commands List Messages +CMGL, Read Message +CMGR and Delete Message +CMGD)
"ME"	ME message storage
"SM"	SIM message storage. <b>Default value</b>

<i>&lt;mem2&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
string type	Memory to which writing and sending operations are made (Commands Send Message from Storage +CMSS and Write Message to Memory +CMGW)
"ME"	ME message storage
"SM"	SIM message storage

<i>&lt;mem3&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
string type	Memory to which received SMSs are preferred to be stored (unless forwarded directly to TE). Received CBMs are always stored in "BM" (or some manufacturer specific storage) unless directly forwarded to TE
"ME"	ME message storage
"SM"	SIM message storage

<i>&lt;used1&gt;,&lt;used2&gt;,&lt;used3&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
integer type	Total number of messages currently in <mem1>, <mem2> and <mem3> respectively

<i>&lt;total1&gt;,&lt;total2&gt; ,&lt;total3&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
integer type	Total number of message locations in <mem1>, <mem2> and <mem3> respectively

### Examples

AT+CPMS=?  
+CPMS: ("ME","SM"),("ME","SM"),("ME","SM")

OK

AT+CPMS?  
+CPMS: "ME",0,40,"SM",1,15,"ME",0,40

OK

AT+CPMS="sm","sm","sm"  
+CPMS: 1,15,1,15,1,15

OK

## 16.3 AT+CSCA Service Centre Address

Common for both PDU and Text Modes

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Set service centre address	AT+CSCA=<sca> [,<tosca>]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT+CSCA?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +CSCA: &lt;sca&gt;,&lt;tosca&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CSCA=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

Updates the SMSC address, through which mobile originated SMs are transmitted. In text mode, the setting is used by send (+CMGS) and write (+CMGW) commands. In PDU mode, the setting is used by the same commands, but only when the length of the SMSC address coded into <pdu> parameter equals zero. Note that a “+” in front of the number in <sca> has precedence over the <tosca> parameter, so that a number starting with “+” will always be treated as an international number.

<sca>	Description
string type	GSM 04.11 (3G TS 24.011) RP SC address Address-Value field in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character set

<tosca>	Description
integer type	GSM 04.11 (3G TS 24.011) RP SC address type-of-address octet in integer format
129	ISDN/telephony numbering plan, national/international unknown
145	ISDN/telephony numbering plan, international number
161	ISDN/telephony numbering plan, national number
128-255	Other values refer GSM 04.08 section 10.5.4.7

### Example

```
AT+CSCA?
+CSCA: "44385016005",145

OK
```

## 16.4 AT+CMGF Message Format

Common for both PDU and Text Modes

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Set message format	AT+CMGF=<mode>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT+CMGF?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CMGF: &lt;mode&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CMGF=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CMGF: (list of supported &lt;mode&gt;s)</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

This command tells the TA, which input and output format to use for messages. The <mode> parameter indicates the format of messages used with send, list, read and write commands, and unsolicited result codes resulting from received messages. Mode can be either PDU mode (entire TP data units used) or text mode (headers and body of the messages given as separate parameters).

Test command returns supported modes as a compound value.

<mode>	Description
0	PDU mode
1	Text mode

## 16.5 AT+CMGW Write Message to Memory

PDU Mode

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Write message to memory	AT+CMGW=<length> [,<stat>]<CR> <b>PDU is given</b> <ctrl-Z/ESC>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CMGW: &lt;index&gt;</li> <li>+CMS ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CMGW=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

Stores a message to memory storage <mem2>. Memory location <index> of the stored message is returned. By default message status will be set to 'stored unsent', but parameter <stat> allows other status values to be given. ME/TA manufacturer may choose to use different default <stat> values for different message types. Entering PDU is the same as specified

by the send message command, +CMGS. If writing fails, final result code +CMS ERROR: <err> is returned. See “AT+CPMS Preferred Message Storage”, page 179.

<stat>	Description
2	Stored unsent message (only applicable to SMS)

<index>	Description
Integer type	Value in the range of location numbers supported by the associated memory

<length>	Description
Integer type	Value indicating in PDU mode (+CMGF=0), the length of the actual TP data unit in octets (i.e. the RP layer SMSC address octets are not counted in the length)

<pdu>	Description
...	In the case of SMS: GSM 04.11 SC address followed by GSM 03.40 TPDU in hexadecimal format: ME/TA converts each octet of TP data unit into two IRA character long hexadecimal number (e.g. octet with integer value 42 is presented to TE as two characters 2A (IRA 50 and 65)) In the case of CBS: GSM 03.41 TPDU in hexadecimal format

### Text Mode

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Write message to memory	AT+CMGW [=<oa/da> [,<toa/toda>[,<stat>]]] <CR> <b>Text is entered</b> <ctrl-Z/ ESC>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +CMGW: &lt;index&gt;</li> <li>• +CMS ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CMGW=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

Stores message (either SMS-DELIVER or SMS-SUBMIT) to memory storage <mem2>. Memory location <index> of the stored message is returned. By default message status will be set to ‘stored unsent’, but parameter <stat> allows also other status values to be given. The entering of text is done as specified in the send message command, +CMGS. If writing fails, final result code +CMS ERROR: <err> is returned.

*Note!* SMS-COMMANDs and SMS-STATUS-REPORTs cannot be stored in text mode.

<stat>	Description
2	Stored unsent message (only applicable to SMS)

<i>&lt;oa&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String type	GSM 03.40 TP-Originating-Address Value in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character (refer command +CSCS). Type of address given by <toa>
<i>&lt;da&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String type	GSM 03.40 TP-Destination-Address Value in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character (refer command +CSCS). Type of address given by <toda>
<i>&lt;toa&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String type	GSM 04.11 TP-Originating-Address Type-of-Address octet in integer format (default refer <toda>)
<i>&lt;toda&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String type	GSM 04.11 TP-Destination- Address Type-of-Address octet in integer format (when first character of <da> is +(IRA 43) default is 145, otherwise default is 129)
<i>&lt;index&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Integer type	Value in the range of location numbers supported by the associated memory

## 16.6 AT+CMGS Send Message

### PDU Mode

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Send message	AT+CMGS=<length> <CR> <b>PDU is given</b> <ctrl-Z/ ESC>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +CMGS: &lt;mr&gt;[,&lt;ackpdu&gt;]</li> <li>• +CMS ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CMGS=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

Sends a message from a TE to the network (SMS-SUBMIT). Message reference value <mr> is returned to the TE on successful message delivery. Optionally, when AT+CSMS <service> value is 1 and there is network support, <ackpdu> is returned. Values can be used to identify message upon unsolicited delivery status report result code. If sending fails in a network or an ME error, final result code +CMS ERROR: <err> is returned. This command is abortable.



- <length> must indicate the number of octets coded in the TP layer data unit to be given (i.e. SMSC address octets are excluded).
- The TA shall send a four character sequence <CR><LF><greater\_than><space> (IRA 13, 10, 62, 32) after command line is terminated with <CR>; after that PDU can be given from TE to ME/TA.
- The DCD signal is in the ON state as PDU is given.
- The echoing of given characters back from the TA is controlled by V.25ter echo command E.
- The PDU shall be hexadecimal format (similarly as specified for <pdu>) and given in one line; ME/TA converts this coding into the actual octets of PDU.
- When the length octet of the SMSC address (given in the <pdu>) equals zero, the SMSC address set with command Service Centre Address +CSCA is used.
- Sending can be cancelled by giving <ESC> character (IRA 27).
- <ctrl-Z> (IRA 26) must be used to indicate the ending of PDU.

<i>&lt;mr&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Integer type	GSM 03.40 TP-Message-Reference in integer format

<i>&lt;length&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Integer type	Value indicating in PDU mode (+CMGF=0), the length of the actual TP data unit in octets (i.e. the RP layer SMSC address octets are not counted in the length)

<i>&lt;ackpdu&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
...	GSM 03.40 RP-User-Data element of RP-ACK PDU; format is same as for <pdu> in case of SMS, but without GSM 04.11 SC address field and parameter shall be bounded by double quote characters like a normal string type parameter

## Text Mode

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Send message	AT+CMGS=<da> [,<toda>] <CR> <b>Text is entered</b> <ctrl-Z/ ESC>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +CMGS:     &lt;mr&gt;[,&lt;scts&gt;]</li> <li>• +CMS ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CMGS=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

Sends a message from a TE to the network (SMS-SUBMIT). Message reference value <mr> is returned to the TE on successful message delivery. Optionally, when AT+CSMS <service> value is 1 and there is network support, <scts> is returned. Values can be used to identify message upon unsolicited delivery status report result code. If sending fails in a network or an ME error, final result code +CMS ERROR: <err> is returned. This command is abortable.

- The entered text (GSM 03.40 TP-Data-Unit) is sent to address <da> and all current settings (refer Set Text Mode Parameters +CSMP and Service Centre Address +CSCA) are used to construct the actual PDU in the ME/TA.
- The TA shall send a four character sequence <CR><LF><greater\_than><space> (IRA 13, 10, 62, 32) after the command line is terminated with <CR>; after that text can be entered from the TE to the ME/TA.
- The DCD signal is in the ON state as text is entered.
- The echoing of entered characters back from the TA is controlled by V.25ter echo command E.
- The entered text should be formatted as follows:

if <dcs> (set with +CSMP) indicates that GSM 03.38 default alphabet is used and <fo> indicates that GSM 03.40 TP-User-Data-Header-Indication is not set:

if TE character set other than "HEX" (refer command Select TE Character Set +CSCS in TS 07.07): ME/TA converts the entered text into GSM alphabet according to rules of Annex A; backspace can be used to delete last character and carriage returns can be used (previously mentioned four character sequence shall be sent to the TE after every carriage return entered by the user);

if TE character set is "HEX": the entered text should consist of two IRA character long hexadecimal numbers which ME/TA converts to 7-bit characters of GSM alphabet (e.g. 17 (IRA 49 and 55) will be converted to character Π (GSM 23));

if <dc> indicates that 8-bit or UCS2 data coding scheme is used or <fo> indicates that GSM 03.40 TP-User-Data-Header-Indication is set: the entered text should consist of two IRA character long hexadecimal numbers which ME/TA converts into 8-bit octet (e.g. two characters 2A (IRA 50 and 65) will be converted to an octet with integer value 42).

- Sending can be cancelled by giving <ESC> character (IRA 27).
- <ctrl-Z> (IRA 26) must be used to indicate the ending of the message body.

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<da>	Description
String type	GSM 03.40 TP-Destination-Address Value in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character (refer command +CSCS). Type of address given by <tda>
<tda>	Description
String type	GSM 04.11 TP-Destination- Address Type-of-Address octet in integer format (when first character of <da> is + (IRA 43) default is 145, otherwise default is 129)
<mr>	Description
String type	GSM 03.40 TP-Service-Centre-Time-Stamp in time-string format (refer <dt>)
<scts>	Description
Integer	GSM 03.40 TP-Message-Reference

### Example

```

AT+CMGF=1
OK
AT+CSDH=1
OK
AT+CSMP=17,167,0,0
OK
AT+CMGS="+447747008670"
> Test SMS
+CMGS: 15

OK

```

## 16.7 AT+CMSS Send From Storage

### PDU mode

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Send from storage	AT+CMSS=<index>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +CMSS: &lt;mr&gt;</li> <li>• +CMS ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CMSS=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

Sends message with location value <index> from message storage <mem2> to the network (SMS-SUBMIT or SMS-COMMAND). Reference value <mr> is returned to the TE on successful message delivery. If sending fails in a network or an ME error, final result code +CMS ERROR: <err> is returned. This command is abortable. See “AT+CPMS Preferred Message Storage”, page 179.

<index>	Description
Integer type	Value in the range of location numbers supported by the associated memory

<mr>	Description
Integer type	GSM 03.40 TP-Message-Reference in integer format

### Text Mode

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Send from storage	AT+CMSS=<index> [,<da> [,<toda>]]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +CMSS: &lt;mr&gt; [,&lt;scts&gt;]</li> <li>• +CMS ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CMSS=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

Sends message with location value <index> from message storage <mem2> to the network (SMS-SUBMIT or SMS-COMMAND). Reference value <mr> is returned to the TE on successful message delivery. Optionally, when +CSMS <service> value is 1 and network supports, <scts> is returned. If sending fails in a network or an ME error, final result code +CMS ERROR: <err> is returned. This command is abortable.

<index>	Description
Integer type	Value in the range of location numbers supported by the associated memory

<i>&lt;da&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String type	GSM 03.40 TP-Destination-Address Value in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character (refer command +CSCS). Type of address given by <tda>
<i>&lt;tda&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String type	GSM 04.11 TP-Destination- Address Type-of-Address octet in integer format (when first character of <da> is +(IRA 43) default is 145, otherwise default is 129)
<i>&lt;scts&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String type	GSM 03.40 TP-Service-Centre-Time-Stamp in time-string format (refer <dt>)
<i>&lt;mr&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Integer type	GSM 03.40 TP-Message-Reference in integer format

## 16.8 AT+CMGC Send Command

### PDU Mode

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Send command message	AT+CMGC=<length><CR><pdu><ctrl-Z/ESC>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>if PDU mode (+CMGF=0) and sending successful: +CMGC: &lt;mr&gt;[,&lt;ackpdu&gt;]</li> <li>if sending fails: +CMS ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CMGC=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

Sends a command message from a TE to the network (SMS-COMMAND). The entering of PDU is as specified in the send message command, +CMGS. Message reference value <mr> is returned to the TE on successful message delivery. Optionally (when +CSMS <service> value is 1 and network supports) <ackpdu> is returned. Values can be used to identify

message upon unsolicited delivery status report result code. If sending fails in a network or an ME error, final result code +CMS ERROR: <err> is returned. This command is abortable.

<length>	Description
Integer type	Value indicating in PDU mode (+CMGF=0), the length of the actual TP data unit in octets (i.e. the RP layer SMSC address octets are not counted in the length)
<pdu>	Description
String	In the case of SMS: GSM 04.11 SC address followed by GSM 03.40 TPDU in hexadecimal format: ME/TA converts each octet of TP data unit into two IRA character long hexadecimal number (e.g. octet with integer value 42 is presented to TE as two characters 2A (IRA 50 and 65)) In the case of CBS: GSM 03.41 TPDU in hexadecimal format
<mr>	Description
Integer type	GSM 03.40 TP-Message-Reference in integer format
<ackpdu>	Description
String	GSM 03.40 RP-User-Data element of RP-ACK PDU; format is same as for <pdu> in case of SMS, but without GSM 04.11 SC address field and parameter shall be bounded by double quote characters like a normal string type parameter

### Text Mode

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Send command message	AT+CMGC=<fo>,<ct>[,<pid>[,<mn>[,<da>[,<toda>]]]] <CR> <b>Text is entered</b> <ctrl-Z/ESC>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>if PDU mode (+CMGF=1) and sending successful: +CMGC: &lt;mr&gt;[,&lt;scts&gt;]</li> <li>if sending fails: +CMS ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the commands is supported	AT+CMGC=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

Sends a command message from a TE to the network (SMS-COMMAND). The entering of text is as specified in the send message command, +CMGS, but the format is fixed to be a sequence of two IRA character long hexadecimal numbers, which the ME/TA converts into 8-bit octets (refer to +CMGS). Message reference value <mr> is returned to the TE on successful message delivery. Optionally, when +CSMS <service> value is 1 and there is network support, <scts> is returned. Values can be used to

identify message upon unsolicited delivery status report result code. If sending fails in a network or an ME error, final result code +CMS ERROR: <err> is returned. This command is abortable.

<i>&lt;fo&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	First octet of SMS-DELIVER in integer format
1	First octet of SMS_SUBMIT in integer format
2	First octet of SMS-STATUS-REPORT in integer format
3	First octet of SMS-COMMAND in integer format

<i>&lt;ct&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Integer	GSM 03.40 TP-Command-Type. <b>Default value is 0</b>

<i>&lt;pid&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0-255	Protocol Identifier in integer format. <b>Default value is 0</b> , according to 07.05 section 9.2.3.9

<i>&lt;mn&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Integer	GSM 03.40 TP-Message-Number

<i>&lt;da&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String type	GSM 03.40 TP-Destination-Address Value in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character (refer command +cscs). Type of address given by <toda>

<i>&lt;toda&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String type	GSM 04.11 TP-Destination- Address Type-of-Address octet in integer format (when first character of <da> is +(IRA 43) default is 145, otherwise default is 129

<i>&lt;mr&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Integer type	GSM 03.40 TP-Message-Reference in integer format

<i>&lt;scts&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String type	GSM 03.40 TP-Service-Centre-Time-Stamp in time-string format (refer to <dt>)

## 16.9 AT+CNMI New Message Indications to TE

### PDU Mode

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Set new message indication to TE	AT+CNMI=[<mode>[,<mt>[,<bm>[,<ds>]]]]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +CMS ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT+CNMI?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +CNMI: &lt;mode&gt;,&lt;mt&gt;,&lt;bm&gt;,&lt;ds&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CNMI=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +CNMI: (list of supported &lt;mode&gt;s), (list of supported &lt;mt&gt;s), (list of supported &lt;bm&gt;s), (list of supported &lt;ds&gt;s)</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

Selects the procedure for the way in which new messages received from the network, are indicated to the TE when it is active, e.g. DTR signal is ON. If the TE is inactive (DTR signal is OFF), message receiving is carried out as specified in GSM 03.38 (3G TS 23.038).

If the command fails and the error is related to mobile equipment or network, the final result code CMS ERROR: <err> is returned.

<mode>	Description
3	Forward unsolicited result codes directly to the TE. TA-TE link specific inband technique used to embed result codes and data when TA is in on-line data mode



<i>&lt;mt&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	No SMS-DELIVER indications are routed to the TE. No class, Class 0, class 1 and class 3 use <mem3> as preferred storage. Class 2 messages shall be stored in the SIM. If it is not possible then the MS shall send an error message accordingly to GSM 03.38
1	SMS-DELIVER is stored into ME/TA and the indication of the memory location is routed to the TE using unsolicited result code: +CMTI: <mem>,<index>
2	Class 0, class 1, and class 3 SMS-DELIVERS are routed directly to the TE using the unsolicited result code but not stored in ME/TA: +CMT:[<alpha >], <length><CR><LF><pdu> (PDU mode enabled) Class 2 data coding scheme result in indication as defined in <mt>=1
3	Class 3 SMS-DELIVERS are routed directly to TE using unsolicited result codes +CMT: <length><CR><LF><pdu>. Class 3 SMS-DELIVER is not stored in ME/TA. Messages of other data coding schemes result in indication as defined in <mt>=1

<i>&lt;bm&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Store message to "BM" (or some manufacturer specific memory). No CBM indications are routed to the TE
2	New CBMs are routed directly to the TE using unsolicited result code: +CBM: <length><CR><LF><pdu> (PDU mode enabled). New CBMs are not stored in CBM memory

<i>&lt;ds&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	No SMS-STATUS-REPORTS are routed to the TE. SMS-STATUS-REPORT is stored in ME/TA
1	SMS-STATUS-REPORTS are routed to the TE using unsolicited result code: +CDS: < length>< CR>< LF>< pdu> (PDU mode enabled). SMS-STATUS-REPORT is not stored in ME/TA
2	SMS-STATUS-REPORTS are routed to the TE using unsolicited result code: +CDSI: < mem><index> (PDU mode enabled). SMS-STATUS-REPORT is stored in ME/TA

#### Unsolicited Result codes:

+CMT: <length><CR><LF><pdu>  
 +CMTI: <mem>,<index>  
 +CBM: <length><CR><LF><pdu>  
 +CDS: <length><CR><LF><pdu>  
 +CDSI: <mem><index>

## Text Mode

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Set new message indication to TE	AT+CNMI=[<mode> [,<mt>[,<bm>[,<ds> ]]]]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +CMS ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT+CNMI?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +CNMI: &lt;mode&gt;,&lt;mt&gt;,&lt;bm&gt;,&lt;ds&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CNMI=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +CNMI: (list of supported &lt;mode&gt;s), (list of supported &lt;mt&gt;s), (list of supported &lt;bm&gt;s), (list of supported &lt;ds&gt;s)</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

Selects the procedure for the way in which new messages received from the network, are indicated to the TE when it is active, e.g. DTR signal is ON. If TE is inactive (DTR signal is OFF), message receiving is carried out as specified in GSM 03.38 (3G TS 23.038).

If the command fails and the error is related to mobile equipment or network, the final result code CMS ERROR: <err> is returned.

<mode>	Description
3	Forward unsolicited result codes directly to the TE. TA-TE link specific inband technique used to embed result codes and data when TA is in on-line data mode

<mt>	Description
0	No SMS-DELIVER indications are routed to the TE. No class, Class 0, class 1 and class 3 use <mem3> as preferred storage. Class 2 messages shall be stored in the SIM. If it this is not possible then the MS shall send an error message accordingly to GSM 03.38
1	SMS-DELIVER is stored into ME/TA and the indication of the memory location is routed to the TE using unsolicited result code: +CMTI: <mem>,<index>
2	Class 0, class 1, and class 3 SMS-DELIVERS are routed directly to the TE using the unsolicited result code: +CMT:<oa>, [<alpha>, <scts> [, <tooa>,<fo>,<pid>,<dcsc>,<sca>,<tosca>,<length>]<CR><LF><data> (text mode enabled). About parameters in italics, refer to the show text mode command, +CSDH
3	Class 3 SMS-DELIVERS are routed directly to TE using unsolicited result codes +CMT:<oa>, [<alpha>, <scts> [, <tooa>,<fo>,<pid>,<dcsc>,<sca>,<tosca>,<length>]<CR><LF><data> (Text Mode enabled). About parameters in italics, refer to the show text mode command, +CSDH. Messages of other data coding schemes result in indication as defined in <mt>=1

<i>&lt;bm&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Store message to "BM" (or some manufacturer specific memory). No CBM indications are routed to the TE
2	New CBMs are routed directly to the TE using unsolicited result code: +CBM: <sn>,<mid>,<dc>,<page>,<pages><CR><LF><data> (Text mode enabled)

<i>&lt;ds&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	No SMS-STATUS-REPORTs are routed to the TE
1	SMS-STATUS-REPORTs are routed to the TE using unsolicited result code: : +CDS: <fo>,<mr>,<ra>,<tora>,<scts>,<dt>,<st> (Text mode enabled). SMS-STATUS-REPORT is not stored in ME/TA
2	SMS-STATUS-REPORTs are routed to the TE using unsolicited result code: +CDSI: <mem><index> (Text mode enabled). SMS-STATUS-REPORT is stored in ME/TA

#### Unsolicited Result codes:

+CMT: <oa>, [*<alpha>*], <scts>  
{, <toa>, <fo>, <pid>, <dc>, <sca>, <tosca>, <length>} <CR> <LF> <data>  
(Text Mode enabled). Refer to the show text mode command, +CSDH for information on the parameters in italics.

+CMTI: <mem>,<index>  
+CBM: <sn>,<mid>,<dc>,<page>,<pages> <CR> <LF> <data>  
+CDS: <fo>,<mr>,<ra>,<tora>,<scts>,<dt>,<st>  
+CDSI: <mem> <index>

#### Example

Display cell broadcast messages:

AT+CNMI=3,0,2,0,0

## 16.10 AT+CMGR Read Message

### PDU Mode

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Read message	AT+CMGR=<index>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CMGR: &lt;stat&gt;,[&lt;alpha&gt;],&lt;length&gt; &lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;&lt;pdu&gt;</li> <li>+CMS ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CMGR=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

Returns message with location value <index> from preferred message storage <mem1> to the TE. Status of the message and entire message data unit <pdu> is returned. If status of the message is 'received unread', status in the storage changes to 'received read'. If reading fails, final result code +CMS ERROR: <err> is returned.

<stat>	Description
0	Received unread message (i.e. new message)
1	Received read message
2	Stored unsent message (only applicable to SMS)
3	Stored sent message (only applicable to SMS)

<index>	Description
Integer type	Value in the range of location numbers supported by the associated memory

<alpha>	Description
String type	Manufacturing specific. Should be left empty but not omitted

<length>	Description
Integer type	Value indicating in PDU mode (+CMGF=0), the length of the actual TP data unit in octets (i.e. the RP layer SMSC address octets are not counted in the length)

<pdu>	Description
	In the case of SMS: GSM 04.11 SC address followed by GSM 03.40 TPDU in hexadecimal format: ME/TA converts each octet of TP data unit into two IRA character long hexadecimal number (e.g. octet with integer value 42 is presented to TE as two characters 2A (IRA 50 and 65)) In the case of CBS: GSM 03.41 TPDU in hexadecimal format

*Note!* It is possible to send SMS in PDU mode, if help for this is required then please contact customer support.

*Text Mode*

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Read message	AT+CMGR=[<index>]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>if text mode (+CMGF=1), command successful and SMS-DELIVER: +CMGR: &lt;stat&gt;,&lt;oa&gt;,[&lt;alpha&gt;],&lt;scts&gt;,[&lt;tooa&gt;,&lt;fo&gt;,&lt;pid&gt;,&lt;dcs&gt;,&lt;sca&gt;,&lt;tosca&gt;,&lt;length&gt;]&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;&lt;data&gt;</li> <li>if text mode (+CMGF=1), command successful and SMS-SUBMIT: +CMGR: &lt;stat&gt;,&lt;da&gt;,[&lt;alpha&gt;],[&lt;toda&gt;,&lt;fo&gt;,&lt;pid&gt;,&lt;dcs&gt;,[&lt;vp&gt;],&lt;sca&gt;,&lt;tosca&gt;,&lt;length&gt;]&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;&lt;data&gt;</li> <li>if text mode (+CMGF=1), command successful and SMS-STATUS-REPORT: +CMGR: &lt;stat&gt;,&lt;fo&gt;,&lt;mr&gt;,[&lt;ra&gt;],[&lt;tora&gt;],&lt;scts&gt;,&lt;dt&gt;,&lt;st&gt;</li> <li>if text mode (+CMGF=1), command successful and SMS-COMMAND: +CMGR: &lt;stat&gt;,&lt;fo&gt;,&lt;ct&gt;[,&lt;pid&gt;,[&lt;mn&gt;],[&lt;da&gt;],[&lt;toda&gt;],&lt;length&gt;]&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;&lt;cdata&gt;]</li> <li>if text mode (+CMGF=1), command successful and CBM storage: +CMGR: &lt;stat&gt;,&lt;sn&gt;,&lt;mid&gt;,&lt;dcs&gt;,&lt;page&gt;,&lt;pages&gt;&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;&lt;data&gt;</li> <li>+CMS ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CMGR=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

Returns messages with location index <index> from message storage <mem1> to the TE. About text mode parameters in Italics, refer command Show Text Mode Parameters (+CSDH), If the status of the message is 'received unread', status in the storage changes to 'received read'. If listing fails final result code +CMS ERROR: <err> is returned.

<i>&lt;index&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Integer type	Value in the range of location numbers supported by <mem1>

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<i>&lt;stat&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Received unread message (new message)
1	Received read message
2	Stored unsent message (only applicable to SMS)
3	Stored sent message (only applicable to SMS)

<i>&lt;oa&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String type	GSM 03.40 TP-Originating-Address Value in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character (refer command +CSCS). Type of address given by <toa>

<i>&lt;da&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String type	GSM 03.40 TP-Destination-Address Value in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character (refer command +CSCS). Type of address given by <toda>

<i>&lt;toda&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String type	GSM 04.11 TP-Destination- Address Type-of-Address octet in integer format (when first character of <da> is +(IRA 43) default is 145, otherwise default is 129)

<i>&lt;toa&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String type	GSM 04.11 TP-Originating-Address Type-of-Address octet in integer format (default refer <toda>)

<i>&lt;tora&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String type	GSM 04.11 TP-Recipient-Address Type-of-Address octet in integer format (default refer <toda>)

<i>&lt;alpha&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String type	Manufacturing specific. Should be left empty but not omitted, i.e. commas shall mark the place where it should be. Used character set should be the one selected with command Select TE Character Set +CSCS

<i>&lt;scts&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String type	GSM 03.40 TP-Service-Centre-Time-Stamp in time-string format (refer <dt>)

<i>&lt;length&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Integer type	Value indicating in PDU mode (+CMGF=0), the length of the actual TP data unit in octets (i.e. the RP layer SMSC address octets are not counted in the length)

*<data>*

The entered text should be formatted as follows:

if <dc> (set with +CSMP) indicates that GSM 03.38 default alphabet is used and <fo> indicates that GSM 03.40 TP-User-Data-Header-Indication is not set:

if TE character set other than "HEX" (refer command Select TE Character Set +CSCS in TS 07.07): ME/TA converts the entered text into GSM alphabet according to rules of Annex A; backspace can be used to delete last character and carriage returns can be used (previously mentioned four character sequence shall be sent to the TE after every carriage return entered by the user);

if TE character set is "HEX": the entered text should consist of two IRA character long hexadecimal numbers which ME/TA converts to 7-bit characters of GSM alphabet (e.g. 17 (IRA 49 and 55) will be converted to character II (GSM 23));

if <dc> indicates that 8-bit or UCS2 data coding scheme is used or <fo> indicates that GSM 03.40 TP-User-Data-Header-Indication is set: the entered text should consist of two IRA character long hexadecimal numbers which ME/TA converts into 8-bit octet (e.g. two characters 2A (IRA 50 and 65) will be converted to an octet with integer value 42);

sending can be cancelled by giving <ESC> character (IRA 27) <ctrl-Z> (IRA 26) must be used to indicate the ending of the message body

<i>&lt;fo&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	First octet of SMS-DELIVER in integer format
1	First octet of SMS_SUBMIT in integer format
2	First octet of SMS-STATUS-REPORT in integer format
3	First octet of SMS-COMMAND in integer format

<i>&lt;mr&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Integer	GSM 03.40 TP-Message_Reference

<i>&lt;ra&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String type	GSM 03.40 TP-Recipient-Address-Value field. BCD (or GSM default alphabet) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character set (refer command +CSCS. Type of address given by <tosca>)

<i>&lt;dt&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String type	GSM 03.40 TP-Discharge-Time in string format "yy/mm/dd,hh:mm:ss±zz where characters indicate year, month, day, hour, minutes, seconds and time zone

<i>&lt;st&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Integer	GSM 03.40 TP-status
<i>&lt;ct&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Integer	GSM 03.40 TP--command-type. <b>Default value is 0</b>
<i>&lt;sn&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Integer	GSM 03.41 CBM serial number
<i>&lt;mid&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String type	All different possible combinations of CBM message identifiers (refer <i>&lt;mid&gt;</i> ) (default is empty string); e.g. "0,1,5-7"  <i>&lt;mid&gt;</i> GSM 03.41 CBM message identifier in integer format
<i>&lt;page&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Integer format	GSM 03.41 CBM page parameter bits 4-7 in integer format
<i>&lt;pages&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Integer type	GSM 03.41 CBM page parameter bits 0-3 in integer format
<i>&lt;pid&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0 - 255	Protocol Identifier in integer format. <b>Default value is 0</b> , according to 07.05 section 9.2.3.9
<i>&lt;dcs&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0 - 255	Data coding scheme. See GSM 03.48. <b>UCS2 and compressed text not supported</b>
<i>&lt;sca&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String type	GSM 04.11 RP SC address Address-Value field in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character set



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<i>&lt;tosca&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Integer type	GSM 04.11 RP SC address type-of-address octet in integer format
129	ISDN/telephony numbering plan, national/international unknown
145	ISDN/telephony numbering plan, international number
161	ISDN/telephony numbering plan, national number
128 - 255	Other values refer to GSM 04.08 section 10.5.4.7

<i>&lt;vp&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0 - 143	$(TP\_VP+1) \times 5$ minutes (i.e. 5 minute intervals up to 12 hours)
144 - 167	12 hours + $((TP\_VP-143) \times 30)$ minutes
168 - 196	$(TP\_VP-166) \times 1$ day
197 - 255	$(TP\_VP-192) \times 1$ week

<i>&lt;mn&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Integer type	GSM 03.40 TP-message-number

## 16.11 AT+CMGL List Message

### PDU Mode

Description	Command	Possible Responses
List message	AT+CMGL [=<stat>]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CMGL: &lt;index&gt;, &lt;stat&gt;, [&lt;alpha&gt;], &lt;length&gt; &lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;&lt;pdu&gt; [&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt; +CMGL: &lt;index&gt;, &lt;stat&gt;, [&lt;alpha&gt;], &lt;length&gt; &lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;&lt;pdu&gt; [...]]</li> <li>+CMS ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CMGL=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CMGL: (list of supported &lt;stat&gt;s)</li> </ul>

**Note!** Returns messages with status value <stat> from preferred message storage <mem1> to the TE. Entire data units <pdu> are returned. If status of the message is 'received unread', status in the storage changes to 'received read'. If listing fails, final result code +CMS ERROR: <err> is returned.

<stat>	Description
0	Received unread message (i.e. new message)
1	Received read message
2	Stored unsent message (only applicable to SMs)
3	Stored sent message (only applicable to SMs)
4	All messages (only applicable to +CMGL command)

<index>	Description
Integer type	Value in the range of location numbers supported by the associated memory

<alpha>	Description
String type	Manufacturing specific. Should be left empty but not omitted

<length>	Description
Integer type	Value indicating in PDU mode (+CMGF=0), the length of the actual TP data unit in octets (i.e. the RP layer SMSC address octets are not counted in the length)

---

<i>&lt;pdu&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
	In the case of SMS: GSM 04.11 SC address followed by GSM 03.40 TPDU in hexadecimal format: ME/TA converts each octet of TP data unit into two IRA character long hexadecimal number (e.g. octet with integer value 42 is presented to TE as two characters 2A (IRA 50 and 65)) In the case of CBS: GSM 03.41 TPDU in hexadecimal format

Text Mode

Description	Command	Possible Responses
List message	AT+CMGL=[<stat>]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>If text mode (+CMGF=1), command successful and SMS-SUBMITs and SMS-DELIVERs: +CMGL: &lt;index1&gt;,&lt;stat&gt;,&lt;oa/da&gt;,&lt;[alpha]&gt;,&lt;[scts]&gt;[,&lt;tooa/toda&gt;,&lt;length&gt;]&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;&lt;data&gt;&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</li> <li>+CMGL: &lt;index2&gt;,&lt;stat&gt;,&lt;oa/da&gt;,&lt;[alpha]&gt;,&lt;[scts]&gt;[,&lt;tooa/toda&gt;,&lt;length&gt;]&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;&lt;data&gt;[...]</li> <li>If text mode (+CMGF=1), command successful and SMS-STATUS-REPORT: +CMGL: &lt;index1&gt;,&lt;stat&gt;,&lt;fo&gt;,&lt;mr&gt;,&lt;[ra]&gt;,&lt;[tora]&gt;,&lt;scts&gt;,&lt;dt&gt;,&lt;st&gt; [ &lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</li> <li>+CMGL: &lt;index2&gt;,&lt;stat&gt;,&lt;fo&gt;,&lt;mr&gt;,&lt;[ra]&gt;,&lt;[tora]&gt;,&lt;scts&gt;,&lt;dt&gt;,&lt;st&gt;[...]</li> <li>If text mode (+CMGF=1), command successful and SMS-COMMANDs: +CMGL: &lt;index&gt;,&lt;stat&gt;,&lt;fo&gt;,&lt;ct&gt; [ &lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</li> <li>+CMGL: &lt;index&gt;,&lt;stat&gt;,&lt;fo&gt;,&lt;ct&gt;[...]</li> <li>If text mode (+CMGF=1), command successful and CBM storage: +CMGL: &lt;index&gt;,&lt;stat&gt;,&lt;sn&gt;,&lt;mid&gt;,&lt;page&gt;,&lt;pages&gt;,&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;&lt;data&gt;[ &lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</li> <li>+CMGL: &lt;index&gt;,&lt;stat&gt;,&lt;sn&gt;,&lt;mid&gt;,&lt;page&gt;,&lt;pages&gt;&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt; &lt;data&gt;[...]</li> <li>Otherwise: +CMS ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT+CMGL?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CMGL:&lt;stat&gt;</li> <li>+CMS ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CMGL=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CMGL: (list of supported &lt;stat&gt;s)</li> <li>+CMS ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> </ul>

Returns messages with status value <stat> from message storage <mem1> to the TE. About text mode parameters in Italics, refer command Show Text Mode Parameters (+CSDH). If the status, of the message is 'received unread', status in the storage changes to 'received read'. If listing fails final result code +CMS ERROR: <err> is returned.

<index>	Description
Integer type	Value in the range of location numbers supported by <mem1>

<i>&lt;stat&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
REC UNREAD	Received unread message (i.e. new message)
REC READ	Received read message
STO UNSENT	Stored unsent message (only applicable to SMS)
STO SENT	Stored sent message (only applicable to SMS)
ALL	All messages (only applicable to +CMGL command)

<i>&lt;oa&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String type	GSM 03.40 TP-Originating-Address Value in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character (refer command +CSCS). Type of address given by <toa>

<i>&lt;da&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String type	GSM 03.40 TP-Destination-Address Value in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character (refer command +CSCS). Type of address given by <toda>

<i>&lt;toda&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String type	GSM 04.11 TP-Destination-Address Type-of-Address octet in integer format (when first character of <da> is +(IRA 43) default is 145, otherwise default is 129)

<i>&lt;toa&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String type	GSM 04.11 TP-Originating-Address Type-of-Address octet in integer format (default refer <toda>)

<i>&lt;tora&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String type	GSM 04.11 TP-Recipient-Address Type-of-Address octet in integer format (default refer <toda>)

<i>&lt;alpha&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String type	Manufacturing specific. Should be left empty but not omitted i.e. commas shall mark the place where it should be. Used character set should be the one selected with command Select TE Character Set +CSCS

<i>&lt;scts&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String type	GSM 03.40 TP-service-centre-time-stamp in time-string format (refer <dt>)

<i>&lt;length&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Integer type	Value indicating in PDU mode (+CMGF=0), the length of the actual TP data unit in octets (i.e. the RP layer SMSC address octets are not counted in the length)

*<data>*

The entered text should be formatted as follows:

if *<dc>* (set with +CSMP) indicates that GSM 03.38 default alphabet is used and *<fo>* indicates that GSM 03.40 TP-User-Data-Header-Indication is not set:

if TE character set other than "HEX" (refer command Select TE Character Set +CSCS in TS 07.07): ME/TA converts the entered text into GSM alphabet according to rules of Annex A; backspace can be used to delete last character and carriage returns can be used (previously mentioned four character sequence shall be sent to the TE after every carriage return entered by the user);

if TE character set is "HEX": the entered text should consist of two IRA character long hexadecimal numbers which ME/TA converts to 7-bit characters of GSM alphabet (e.g. 17 (IRA 49 and 55) will be converted to character II (GSM 23));

if *<dc>* indicates that 8-bit or UCS2 data coding scheme is used or *<fo>* indicates that GSM 03.40 TP-User-Data-Header-Indication is set: the entered text should consist of two IRA character long hexadecimal numbers which ME/TA converts into 8-bit octet (e.g. two characters 2A (IRA 50 and 65) will be converted to an octet with integer value 42);

sending can be cancelled by giving *<ESC>* character (IRA 27) *<ctrl-Z>* (IRA 26) must be used to indicate the ending of the message body

<i>&lt;fo&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	First octet of SMS-DELIVER in integer format
1	First octet of SMS_SUBMIT in integer format
2	First octet of SMS-STATUS-REPORT in integer format
3	First octet of SMS-COMMAND in integer format

<i>&lt;mr&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Integer	GSM 03.40 TP-Message-Reference

<i>&lt;ra&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String	GSM 03.40 TP-Recipient-Address-Value field. BCD (or GSM default alphabet) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character set (refer command +CSCS. Type of address given by <i>&lt;tosca&gt;</i> )

<i>&lt;dt&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String	GSM 03.40 TP-Discharge-Time in string format "yy/MM/dd,hh:mm:ss+-zz where characters indicate year, month, day, hour, minutes, seconds and time zone

<i>&lt;st&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Integer	GSM 03.40 TP-Status
<i>&lt;ct&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Integer	GSM 03.40 TP-Command-Type (default 0)
<i>&lt;sn&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Integer	GSM 03.41 CBM Serial Number
<i>&lt;mid&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String type	All different possible combinations of CBM message identifiers (refer <i>&lt;mid&gt;</i> ) (default is empty string); e.g. "0,1,5-7"  <i>&lt;mid&gt;</i> GSM 03.41 CBM Message Identifier in integer format
<i>&lt;page&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Integer format	GSM 03.41 CBM Page Parameter bits 4-7 in integer format
<i>&lt;pages&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Integer format	GSM 03.41 CBM Page Parameter bits 0-3 in integer format

*Example*

AT+CMGF=1

OK

AT+CMGL=?

+CMGL: "REC UNREAD", "REC READ", "STO UNSENT", "STO SENT", "ALL"

OK

## 16.12 AT+CMGD Delete Message

Common for both PDU and Text modes

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Delete message	AT+CMGD=<index>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CMS ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CMGD=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

Deletes message from preferred message storage <mem1> location <index>. If deleting fails, final result code +CMS ERROR: <err> is returned. Test command shows the valid memory locations.

<index>	Description
Integer type	Value in the range of location numbers supported by the associated memory

## 16.13 AT+CSDH Show Text Mode Parameters

Only Applicable to Text Mode

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Set the show text mode	AT+CSDH=[<show>]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT+CSDH?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CSDH: &lt;show&gt;</li> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CSDH=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CSDH: (list of supported &lt;show&gt;s)</li> <li>OK</li> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> </ul>

Controls whether detailed header information is shown in text mode result codes.

<show>	Description
0	Do not show header values defined in commands AT+CSCA and AT+CSMP (<sca>, <tosca>, <fo>, <vp>, <pid> and <dcs>) nor <length>, <toda> or <tooa> in +CMT, +CMGL, +CMGR result codes for SMS-DELIVERs and SMS-SUBMITs in text mode; for SMS-COMMANDs in +CMGR result code, do not show <pid>, <mn>, <da>, <toda>, <length> or <cdata>
1	Show the values in result codes



## 16.14 AT+CSMP Set Text Mode Parameters

### Only Applicable to Text Mode

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Set the text mode parameters	AT+CSMP=[<fo>[,<vp>[,<pid>[,<dc>]]]]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT+CSMP?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CSMP: &lt;fo&gt;,&lt;vp&gt;,&lt;pid&gt;,&lt;dc&gt;</li> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CSMP=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CSMP: (List of supported &lt;fo&gt;s), (list of supported &lt;vp&gt;s), (list of supported &lt;pid&gt;s), (list of supported &lt;dc&gt;s)</li> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

Used to select values for additional parameters needed when SM is sent to the network or placed in a storage when text format message mode is selected. It is possible to set the validity period starting from when the SM is received by the SMSC (<vp> is in range 0... 255). The <pid> parameter identifies the higher protocol being used or indicates interworking with a certain type of telematic service and <dc> determines the way the information is encoded as in GSM 03.38.

<fo>	Description
0-255	Depending on the command or result code: first octet of GSM 03.40 SMS-DELIVER, SMS-SUBMIT (default value 17),SMS-STATUS-REPORT, or SMS-COMMAND (default value 2) in integer format

<vp>	Description
0-143	(TP-VP+1) x 5 minutes (i.e 5 minutes intervals up to 12 hours)
144-167	12 hours + ((TP_VP-143) x 30 minutes)
168-196	(TP-VP-166) x 1 day
197-255	(TP-VP-192) x 1 week

<pid>	Description
0-255	Protocol Identifier in integer format. <b>Default value is 0</b> , according to 07.05 section 9.2.3.9

<dc>	Description
0-255	Data coding scheme. See GSM 03.38. <b>UCS2 and compressed text not supported</b>

## 16.15 AT+CSCS Select Character Set

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Set command informs TA which character set is used by the TE	AT+CSCS=<chset>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT+CSCS?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +CSCS: &lt;chset&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CSCS=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +CSCS: (list of supported &lt;chset&gt;s)</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

This command informs the TA which character set <chset> is used by the TE. The TA is then able to convert character strings correctly between TE and ME character sets.

When TA-TE interface is set to 8-bit operation and the used TE alphabet is 7-bit, the highest bit shall be set to zero.

*Note!* How the internal alphabet of ME is converted to, or from, the TE alphabet is manufacturer specific.

Read command shows current setting and test command display conversion schemes implemented in the TA.

<chset>	Description
"GSM"	GSM default alphabet (GSM 03.38 subclause 6.2.1). <b>Default value</b>
"IRA"	International reference alphabet (ITU-T T.50). Note: recommended default value by GSM 07.07.
"8859-n"	ISO 8859 Latin <i>n</i> (1-6) character set
"UTF-8"	Universal text format, 8 bits
"ERICSSON"	Unicode, 16-bit universal multiple-octet coded character set (ISO/IEC 10646)

*Example*

```
AT+CSCS?
+CSCS: "GSM"
```

```
OK
```

## 16.16 AT+CSMS Select Message Service

Common for both PDU and Text Modes

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Select message service	AT+CSMS=<service>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CSMS: &lt;mt&gt;,&lt;mo&gt;,&lt;bm&gt;</li> <li>+CMS ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT+CSMS?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CSMS: &lt;service&gt;,&lt;mt&gt;,&lt;mo&gt;,&lt;bm&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CSMS=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CSMS: (list of supported &lt;service&gt;s)</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

Selects messaging service <service>. It returns the types of messages supported by the ME: <mt> for mobile terminated messages, <mo> for mobile originated messages and <bm> for broadcast type messages. If the chosen service is not supported by the ME (but is supported by the TA), final result code +CMS ERROR: <err> is returned.

<service>	Description
0	GSM 03.40 and 03.41. The syntax of SMS AT commands is compatible with GSM 07.05 Phase 2 version 4.7.0; Phase 2+ features which do not require new command syntax may be supported (e.g. correct routing of messages with new Phase 2+ data coding schemes)
2..127	Reserved

<mt>	Description
0	Mobile terminated messages not supported
1	Mobile terminated messages supported

<mo>	Description
0	Mobile originated messages not supported
1	Mobile originated messages supported

<bm>	Description
0	Broadcast messages not supported
1	Broadcast messages supported

<i>&lt;err&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0...127	GSM 04.11 Annex E-2 values
128...255	GSM 03.40 subclause 9.2.3.22 values
300	ME failure
302	Operation not allowed
304	Invalid PDU mode parameter
310	SIM not inserted
311	SIM PIN required
312	PH-SIM PIN required
313	SIM failure
314	SIM busy
315	SIM wrong
316	SIM PUK required
317	SIM PIN2 required
318	SIM PUK2 required
500	Unknown error
...511	Other values in range 256...511 are reserved
512...	Manufacturer specific

### 16.17 AT\*E2SMSRI Ring indicator for SMS

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Enable RI for incoming SMS	AT*E2SMSRI=<n>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT*E2SMSRI?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• *E2SMSRI: &lt;n&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT*E2SMSRI=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• *E2SMSRI: (list of supported &lt;n&gt;s)</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

This command enables/disables the Ring Indicator pin response to an incoming SMS message. If enabled, a negative going pulse is generated on receipt of an incoming SMS message. The duration of this pulse is selectable in steps of 50 ms up to a maximum of 1,150 ms and is determined by the value of <n> that is used in the command. The command is disabled by setting <n> to 0.

*Note!* The Ring Indicator will always be active for incoming calls independent of this setting.

---

<i>&lt;n&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	RI is disabled for incoming SMS messages. <b>Default value</b>
50-1150	RI is enabled for incoming SMS messages. Pulse duration selectable between 50 and 1,150ms inclusive

---

## 17. Short Message Services - Cell Broadcast

### 17.1 AT+CNMI *New Message Indications to TE*

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See 16.9, AT+CNMI New Message Indications to TE

### 17.2 AT+CSCB *Select Cell Broadcast Message Type*

*Common for both PDU and text modes*

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Select cell broadcast message type	AT+CSCB=[<mode> [,<mids>]]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CMS ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT+CSCB?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CSCB: &lt;mode&gt;,&lt;mids&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CSCB=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CSCB: (list of supported &lt;mode&gt;s)</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

Selects which types of CBMs are to be received by the ME.

<i>&lt;mode&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Message types in <mids> and <dcss> are accepted

<i>&lt;mids&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
string type	<p>All different possible combinations of CBM message identifiers (refer &lt;mid&gt;) (default is empty string); e.g. "0,1,5-7"</p> <p>&lt;mid&gt; GSM 03.41 CBM Message Identifier in integer format</p>

*Example*

```
AT+CSCB?
+CSCB: 0,"50"
```

OK

## 18. SIM Application Toolkit

### 18.1 AT\*E2STKS SIM Application Toolkit Settings

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Description	Command	Possible responses
Set the presentation of the unsolicited result codes corresponding to STK	AT*E2STKS=<on_off>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CME ERROR &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT*E2STKS?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>*E2STKS: &lt;on_off&gt;</li> <li>+CME ERROR &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT*E2STKS=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>*E2STKD: list of supported &lt;on_off&gt;</li> <li>+CME ERROR &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

Allows the external application to disable or enable the presentation of the unsolicited result codes corresponding to the STK commands. Parameter <on\_off> is used to disable or enable the presentation of an unsolicited result code \*E2STK. Setting chosen is stored internally so that it is not necessary to change it each time the ME is switched on.

If the presentation of the unsolicited result codes is disabled, the messages below are not sent to the application.

The unsolicited result codes shall be disabled by default.

<on_off>	Description
0	Disable the presentation of the unsolicited result codes related to STK. <b>Default value</b>
1	Enable the presentation of the unsolicited result codes related to STK

Unsolicited Result Codes:

The unsolicited result codes defined in sections below can be received.

## 18.2 AT\*E2STKD M2M STK Display Text

Description	Command	Possible responses
Answer to the reception of DISPLAY TEXT	AT*E2STKD=<answer>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CME ERROR &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT*E2STKD=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>*E2STKD: (list of supported &lt;answer&gt;)</li> <li>+CME ERROR &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

The ME passes the parameters within DISPLAY TEXT command to the external application by means of the unsolicited result code \*E2STKD.

Command AT\*E2STKD allows the external application to send the appropriate answer after receiving the unsolicited result code, and before the timeout expires.

If Answer command is sent once the timeout expires, an ERROR response is generated.

Test command returns the list of supported <answer>. Values follow GSM 11.14 standard

<answer>	Description
0	OK. Performed as required: the text was displayed and cleared as requested. It corresponds to '00' Command performed successfully, described in the GSM standard
1	Failed. User Terminated Session: the text was displayed as requested and the user wants to end the proactive session. It corresponds to '10' Proactive session terminated by the user, described in the GSM standard
2	Failed. User requests backwards move: the text was displayed as requested and the user wants to go backwards in the session. It corresponds to '11' Backward move in the proactive SIM session requested by the user
3	Failed. No response from user: the text was displayed, and although the clear condition was "Wait for user to clear", the user did not react. It corresponds to '12' no response from user
4	Failed. Screen is busy: the text could not be displayed

Unsolicited Result Codes:

\*E2STKD: <priority>,<clear\_condition>,<coding>,<text\_length>,<text>



Values follow GSM 11.14 standard.

<i>&lt;priority&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Display normal priority text
1	Display high priority text

<i>&lt;clear_condition&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Clear message after a delay
1	Wait for user to clear message

<i>&lt;coding&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Text is coded in unpacked format, using the SMS default 7-bit coded alphabet, as defined in GSM 03.38 with bit 8 set to 0. It corresponds to data coding scheme of 8 bit
1	Text is coded in packed format, using the SMS default 7-bit coded alphabet, packed in 8-bit octets, as defined in GSM 03.38. It corresponds to data coding scheme of 7 bit GSM default alphabet

<i>&lt;text_length&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Integer type	Value indicating the maximum length of field <i>&lt;text&gt;</i>

<i>&lt;text&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
string type	Field of maximum length <i>&lt;text_length&gt;</i> , in string type format between ". Coding is defined in <i>&lt;coding&gt;</i>

### 18.3 AT\*E2STKG M2M STK Get Inkey

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible responses</i>
Answer to the reception of GET INKEY	AT*E2STKG =<answer>, [ <i>&lt;response_type&gt;</i> ], <i>&lt;user_response&gt;</i> ]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CME ERROR <i>&lt;err&gt;</i></li> <li>OK</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT*E2STKG=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>*E2STKG: (list of supported <i>&lt;answer&gt;</i>), (list of supported <i>&lt;response_type&gt;</i>), <i>&lt;user_response&gt;</i></li> <li>+CME ERROR <i>&lt;err&gt;</i></li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

The ME passes the parameters within GET INKEY command to the external application by means of the unsolicited result code E2STKG.

The external application then sends AT\*E2STKG with the user response.

Answer command allows the external application to send the appropriate answer, after receiving the unsolicited result code, and before the timeout expires.

If Answer command is sent once the timeout expires, an ERROR response is generated.

If <answer> parameter is not 0, a failure has occurred and no more parameters are sent. If the extra parameters are sent, the ME indicates ERROR.

Test command returns the list of supported values, and the maximum value of <prompt\_text\_length>.

Values follow GSM 11.14 standard.

<i>&lt;answer&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	OK. Performed as required: the text was displayed. It corresponds to '00' Command performed successfully, described in the GSM standard
1	Failed. User Terminated Session: the text was displayed as requested and the user wants to end the proactive session. It corresponds to '10' Proactive session terminated by the user, described in the GSM standard
2	Failed. User requests backward move: the text was displayed as requested and the user wants to go backwards in the session. It corresponds to '11' Backward move in the proactive SIM session requested by the user
3	Failed. No response from user: the text was displayed, and the user did not react. It corresponds to '12' No response from user
4	Failed. Screen is busy: the text could not be displayed

<i>&lt;response_type&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Response type shall be digits (0-9, *, # and +)
1	Response type shall be SMS default alphabet
2	Response type shall be UCS2 Coded. We currently do not support this option, if you use it, an error will be returned.
3	Response type shall be "Yes/No" response

<i>&lt;user_response&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String type	Field of 1 to 2 bytes length in string type format between "". Coding is defined in <response_type>. Length shall be 2 bytes when coding is UCS2 . Otherwise it shall be 1 byte

Unsolicited Result Codes:

\*E2STKG: <coding>,<prompt\_text\_length>,<prompt\_text>

Values follow GSM 11.14 standard.

<coding>	Description
0	Text is coded in unpacked format, using the SMS default 7-bit coded alphabet, as defined in GSM 03.38 with bit 8 set to 0. It corresponds to data coding scheme of 8 bit
1	Text is coded in packed format, using the SMS default 7-bit coded alphabet, packed in 8-bit octets, as defined in GSM 03.38. It corresponds to data coding scheme of 7 bit GSM default alphabet

<prompt_text_length>	Description
Integer type (0-235)	Value indicating the maximum length of field <prompt_text>

<prompt_text>	Description
String type	Field of maximum length <prompt_text_length>, in string type format between ". Coding is defined in <prompt_coding>.

## 18.4 AT\*E2STKI M2M STK Get Input

Description	Command	Possible responses
Answer to the reception of GET INPUT	AT*E2STKI=<answer>,<response_type>,<response_length>,<user_response>]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CME ERROR &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT*E2STKI=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>*E2STKI: (list of supported &lt;answer&gt;),(list of supported &lt;response_type&gt;),&lt;response_length&gt;,&lt;user_response&gt;</li> <li>+CME ERROR &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

The ME passes the parameters within GET INPUT command to the external application by means of the unsolicited result code E2STKI. The external application sends AT\*E2STKI with the user response.

AT\*E2STKI allows the external application to send the appropriate answer after receiving the unsolicited result code, and before the timeout expires.

If Answer command is sent once the timeout expires, an ERROR response is generated.

If <answer> parameter is not 0, a failure has occurred and no more parameters are sent. If the extra parameters are sent, the ME indicates ERROR.

Test command returns the list of supported values, and <prompt\_text\_length>.

Values follow GSM 11.14 standard.

<i>&lt;answer&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	OK. Performed as required: the text was displayed. It corresponds to '00' command performed successfully, described in the GSM standard
1	Failed. User terminated session: the text was displayed as requested and the user wants to end the proactive session. It corresponds to '10' proactive session terminated by the user, described in the GSM standard
2	Failed. User requests backward move: the text was displayed as requested and the user wants to go backwards in the session. It corresponds to '11' backward move in the proactive SIM session requested by the user
3	Failed. No response from user: the text was displayed, and the user did not react. It corresponds to '12' No response from user
4	Failed. Screen is busy: the text could not be displayed

<i>&lt;response_type&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Response type shall be digits (0-9, *, # and +)
1	Response type shall be SMS default alphabet
2	Response type shall be UCS2 Coded. We currently do not support this option. If you use it, an Error will be returned.
3	Response type shall be "Yes/No" response

<i>&lt;response_length&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Integer type (0-160)	Value indicating the length of response field <user_response>. It shall be an integer within the range between <min_length_response> and <max_length_response>

<i>&lt;user_response&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String type	Field of length between <min_length_response> and <max_length_response>, in string type format between "". Coding is defined in <response_type>.

*Note!* If <response\_type> = 3 (Yes/No), the length of <user\_response> is 1 byte. Otherwise, the ME gives an ERROR message.

Unsolicited Result Codes:

\*E2STKI: <min\_length\_response>, <max\_length\_response>, <echo\_input>, <prompt\_coding>, <prompt\_text\_length>, <prompt\_text>

Values follow GSM 11.14 standard.

<min_length_response>	Description
Integer type (0-160)	Value indicating the minimum length of response field <user_response>
<max_length_response>	Description
Integer type (0-160)	Value indicating the maximum length of response field <user_response>
<echo_input>	Description
0	The user input shall be echoed
1	The user input shall be hidden
<prompt_coding>	Description
0	Text is coded in unpacked format, using the SMS default 7-bit coded alphabet, as defined in GSM 03.38 with bit 8 set to 0. It corresponds to data coding scheme of 8 bit
1	Text is coded in packed format, using the SMS default 7-bit coded alphabet, packed in 8-bit octets, as defined in GSM 03.38. It corresponds to data coding scheme of 7 bit GSM default alphabet
2	Text is coded in UCS2 alphabet, as defined in GSM 03.38. It corresponds to data coding scheme of 16 bit UCS2 alphabet
<prompt_text_length>	Description
Integer type	Value indicating the maximum length of field <prompt_text>
<prompt_text>	Description
String type	Field of maximum length <prompt_text_length>, in string type between ". Coding is defined in <prompt_coding>

## 18.5 AT\*E2STKL M2M STK Select Item

Description	Command	Possible responses
Answer to the reception of SELECT ITEM	AT*E2STKL=<answer>, [<user_response>]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CME ERROR &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT*E2STKL=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>*E2STKL: (list of supported &lt;answer&gt;), (list of supported &lt;user_response&gt;)</li> <li>+CME ERROR &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

The ME passes the parameters within SELECT ITEM command to the external application by means of the unsolicited result code \*E2STKL.

Command AT\*E2STKL allows the external application to send the appropriate answer after receiving the unsolicited result code, and before the timeout expires.

If Answer command is sent once the timeout expires, an ERROR response is be generated.

If <answer> parameter is not 0, a failure has occurred and no more parameters are sent. If the extra parameters are sent, the ME indicates ERROR.

Values follow GSM 11.14 standard.

<answer>	Description
0	OK. Performed as required. It corresponds to '00' command performed successfully, described in the GSM standard
1	Failed. User terminated session. It corresponds to '10' Proactive session terminated by the user, described in the GSM standard
2	Failed. User requests backwards move. It corresponds to '11' Backward move in the proactive SIM session requested by the user
3	Failed. No response from user. It corresponds to '12' no response from user
4	Failed. Screen is busy: the text could not be displayed

<user_response>	Description
integer type	The identifier is a single byte between 1 and 255. It identifies the selected <item_idn> within the items list

## Unsolicited Result Codes:

E2STKL: <NbrOfItems>,<coding>,<text\_length>,<alpha\_id>  
 [,<default>]<CR><LF>E2STKL: <item\_id1>,<coding>,  
 <text\_length>,<item1><CR><LF>[...]E2STKL: <item\_idn>,  
 <coding>,<text\_length>,<itemn><CR><LF>]

Values follow GSM 11.14 standard.

<coding>	Description
0	Text is coded in unpacked format, using the SMS default 7-bit coded alphabet, as defined in GSM 03.38 with bit 8 set to 0. It corresponds to data coding scheme of 8 bit
1	Text is coded in packed format, using the SMS default 7-bit coded alphabet, packed in 8-bit octets, as defined in GSM 03.38. It corresponds to data coding scheme of 7 bit GSM default alphabet

<text_length>	Description
Integer type (0-240)	Value indicating the maximum length of field <alpha_id>,<itemn1>,...<itemn>

<alpha_id>	Description
String type	Field of string type between "". Coding is according to EF <sub>AND</sub> as defined in GSM 11.11

The maximum length is fixed

<default>	Description
Integer type	The <default> parameter is a single byte between 1 and 255. It shows the default/selected item within the list

<item_idn>	Description
Integer type	The identifier is a single byte between 1 and 255. Each item <itemn> in the list shall have a unique identifier <item_idn>

<itemn>	Description
String type	Field of string type between "". Coding is according to EF <sub>AND</sub> as defined in GSM 11.11

<NbrOfItems>	Description
Integer type	Number of items to be presented in the following unsolicited results

The maximum length is fixed.

## 18.6 AT\*E2STKM M2M STK Set Up Menu

Description	Command	Possible responses
Answer to the reception of SET UP MENU	AT*E2STKM=<answer>, <on_off>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CME ERROR &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT*E2STKM=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>*E2STKM: (list of supported &lt;answer&gt;),(list of supported &lt;on_off&gt;)</li> <li>+CME ERROR &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

The ME passes the parameters within SET UP MENU command to the external application, so that the STK menu can be built externally, by means of the unsolicited result code \*E2STKM.

The current menu can be removed by sending only the parameter <on\_off> = 0.

Answer command allows the external application to send the appropriate answer after receiving the unsolicited result code, and before the timeout expires.

If Answer command is sent once the timeout expires, an ERROR response is generated.

Values follow GSM 11.14 standard.

<answer>	Description
0	OK. Performed as required: it corresponds to '00' command performed successfully, described in the GSM standard
1	Failed. User Terminated Session: the command was executed as requested and the user wants to end the proactive session. It corresponds to '10' proactive session terminated by the user, described in the GSM standard
2	Failed. User requests backwards move: the command was executed as requested and the user wants to go backwards in the session. It corresponds to '11' backward move in the proactive SIM session requested by the user
3	Failed. No response from user: the command was executed, and the user did not react. It corresponds to '12' no response from user
4	Failed. Screen is busy
5	Failed. Command beyond MEs capability. It corresponds to '30'. It was not possible to successfully integrate or remove the list of menu items



<i>&lt;on_off&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Remove the current menu
1	New menu to be displayed

#### Unsolicited Result Codes:

\*E2STKM: <NbrOfItems>,<coding>,<text\_length>,  
<alpha\_id><CR><LF>E2STKM: <item\_id1>,<coding>,  
<text\_length>,<item1>[<CR><LF>[...]]E2STKM: <item\_idn>,  
<coding>,<text\_length>,<itemn>}

Values follow GSM 11.14 standard.

<i>&lt;coding&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Text is coded in unpacked format, using the SMS default 7-bit coded alphabet, as defined in GSM 03.38 with bit 8 set to 0. It corresponds to data coding scheme of 8 bit
1	Text is coded in packed format, using the SMS default 7-bit coded alphabet, packed in 8-bit octets, as defined in GSM 03.38. It corresponds to data coding scheme of 7 bit GSM default alphabet

<i>&lt;text_length&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Integer type	Value indicating the maximum length of field <alpha_id>,<itemn1>,<itemn>

<i>&lt;alpha_id&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String type	Field of string type between "". Coding is according to EF <sub>AND</sub> as defined in GSM 11.11

The maximum length is fixed.

<i>&lt;item_idn&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Integer type	The identifier is a single byte between 1 and 255. Each item <itemn> in the list shall have a unique identifier <item_idn>

<i>&lt;itemn&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String type	Field of string type format between "". Coding is according to EF <sub>AND</sub> as defined in GSM 11.11

<i>&lt;NbrOfItems&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Integer type	Number of Items to be presented in the following unsolicited results

The maximum length is fixed.

The parameters have no default values.

## 18.7 AT\*E2STKN M2M STK Envelope (Menu Selection)

Description	Command	Possible responses
Do the menu selection	AT*E2STKN=<sel_item>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CME ERROR &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT*E2STKN=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>*E2STKN: (list of supported &lt;sel_item&gt;)</li> <li>+CME ERROR &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

The application informs the ME about the selected menu item by means of the AT\*E2SKTN command. The ME answers with OK, or ERROR.

The Do command allows the external application to select the menu item in the item list that was created by means of the SET-UP MENU command.

<sel_item>	Description
Integer type	The identifier is a single byte between 1 and 255. It identifies the selected menu item corresponding to SET-UP MENU command. Values follow the definition described in GSM 11.14

## 18.8 AT\*E2STKC M2M STK Set Up Call

Description	Command	Possible responses
Answer to the reception of SET UP CALL	AT*E2STKC=<answer>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CME ERROR &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT*E2STKC=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>*E2STKC: (list of supported &lt;answer&gt;)</li> <li>+CME ERROR &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

The ME passes the parameters within SET UP CALL command to the external application by means of the unsolicited result code \*E2STKC, so that it takes up the decision on progressing or rejecting the call.

Answer command allows the external application to send the appropriate answer after receiving the unsolicited result code, and before the timeout expires.

If Answer command is sent once the timeout expires, an ERROR response is generated.

Values follow GSM 11.14 standard.

<i>&lt;answer&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	OK. Performed as required. It corresponds to '00' command performed successfully, described in the GSM standard
1	Failed. User terminated session. It corresponds to '10' Proactive session terminated by the user, described in the GSM standard
2	Failed. User requests backwards move. It corresponds to '11' backward move in the proactive SIM session requested by the user
3	Failed. No response from user. It corresponds to '12' no response from user
4	Failed. Screen is busy: the text could not be displayed
6	Failed. User rejected call set-up request. It corresponds to '22'
7	Failed. User cleared down call before connection or network release. It corresponds to '23'

Unsolicited Result Codes:

\*E2STKC: <ton>,<dial\_string>,<SetUpRequirement>,<coding>,<text\_length>,<alpha\_id>

Values follow GSM 11.14 standard.

<i>&lt;ton&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Integer type	Field of 1 byte indicating the Type of Number, coded as for EF <sub>AND</sub> . See GSM 04-08, section 10.5.4.7 for the allowed values

<i>&lt;dial_string&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String type	ME number of format <ton>

<i>&lt;coding&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Text is coded in unpacked format, using the SMS default 7-bit coded alphabet, as defined in GSM 03.38 with bit 8 set to 0. It corresponds to data coding scheme of 8 bit
1	Text is coded in packed format, using the SMS default 7-bit coded alphabet, packed in 8-bit octets, as defined in GSM 03.38. It corresponds to data coding scheme of 7 bit GSM default alphabet

<i>&lt;text_length&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Integer type (0-240)	Value indicating the maximum length of field <i>&lt;alpha_id&gt;</i>

<i>&lt;alpha_id&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String type	Field of string type between "". Coding is according to EF <sub>AND</sub> as defined in GSM 11.11

The maximum length is fixed

## 18.9 \*E2STKE

### STK Send Short Message

Unsolicited Result Code:

\*E2STKE: *<coding>*, *<text\_length >*, *<alpha\_id>*

The ME passes the *<alpha\_id>* within SEND SHORT MESSAGE command to the external application, by means of the unsolicited result code \*E2STKE. This informs the external application that the ME is sending an SMS.

<i>&lt;coding&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Text is coded in unpacked format, using the SMS default 7-bit coded alphabet, as defined in GSM 03.38 with bit 8 set to 0. It corresponds to data coding scheme of 8 bit
1	Text is coded in packed format, using the SMS default 7-bit coded alphabet, packed in 8-bit octets, as defined in GSM 03.38. It corresponds to data coding scheme of 7 bit GSM default alphabet

<i>&lt;text_length&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Integer type (0-240)	Value indicating the maximum length of field <i>&lt;alpha_id&gt;</i>

<i>&lt;alpha_id&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String type	Field of string type format between "". Coding is according to EF <sub>AND</sub> as defined in GSM 11.11
'FF'	In case that the SIM does not provide the optional alpha identifier, or this is a null data object, the ME shall give 'FF' to indicate "Sending SMS", so that the external application is informed

The maximum length is fixed.

## 18.10 \*E2STKP

### STK Send SS

Unsolicited Result Code:

\*E2STKP: <ton>, <SS\_string>, <coding>, <text\_length>, <alpha\_id>, <SS\_return>

The ME passes the parameters within SEND SS command to the external application, by means of the unsolicited result code \*E2STKP. This informs the external application that the ME has sent an SS string to the network, and provides the current status after this operation.

<ton>	Description
integer type	Field of 1 byte indicating the Type of Number, coded as for EF <sub>AND</sub> . See GSM 04-08, section 10.5.4.7 for the allowed values

<SS_string>	Description
String type	SS string of format <ton>

<coding>	Description
0	Text is coded in unpacked format, using the SMS default 7-bit coded alphabet, as defined in GSM 03.38 with bit 8 set to 0. It corresponds to data coding scheme of 8 bit
1	Text is coded in packed format, using the SMS default 7-bit coded alphabet, packed in 8-bit octets, as defined in GSM 03.38. It corresponds to data coding scheme of 7-bit GSM default alphabet

<text_length>	Description
Integer type (0-240)	Value indicating the maximum length of field <alpha_id>

<alpha_id>	Description
String type	Field of string type format between " ". Coding is according to EF <sub>AND</sub> as defined in GSM 11.11
'FF'	In case that the SIM does not provide the optional alpha identifier, or this is a null data object, the ME shall give 'FF' to indicate "SS string sent" so that the external application is informed

The maximum length is fixed.

<SS_return>	Description
Integer type	Field of 1 byte indicating the SS Return Result Operation code, as defined in GSM 04.80, so that the external application is informed about the result of the SS operation

## 18.11 \*E2STKU STK Send USSD

Unsolicited Result Code:

\*E2STKU: <coding>, <text\_length>, <alpha\_id>

Description:

The ME shall pass the <alpha\_id> parameter within SEND USSD command to the external application, by means of the unsolicited result code \*E2STKU. This informs the external application that the ME is sending a USSD string to the network.

<coding>	Description
0	Text is coded in unpacked format, using the SMS default 7-bit coded alphabet, as defined in GSM 03.38 with bit 8 set to 0. It corresponds to data coding scheme of 8 bit
1	Text is coded in packed format, using the SMS default 7-bit coded alphabet, packed in 8-bit octets, as defined in GSM 03.38. It corresponds to data coding scheme of 7-bit GSM default alphabet

<text_length>	Description
Integer type (0-240)	Value indicating the maximum length of field <alpha_id>

<alpha_id>	Description
String type	Field of string type format between " ". Coding is according to EF <sub>AND</sub> as defined in GSM 11.11
'FF'	In case that the SIM does not provide the optional alpha identifier, or this is a null data object, the ME shall give 'FF' to indicate "SS string sent" so that the external application is informed

The maximum length is fixed.

## 18.12 \*E2STKR STK Refresh

Unsolicited Result Code:

\*E2STKR: <indicator>

The ME informs the external application about the coming REFRESH command, by means of the unsolicited result code \*E2STKR (e.g. Reset is coming).

<indicator>	Description
Integer type	Indicator describes the mode that the SIM has requested when sending a REFRESH command
0	SIM initialization and full file change notification

<i>&lt;indicator&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
1	File change notification
2	SIM initialization and file change notification
3	SIM initialization
4	SIM reset

### 18.13 AT\*E2STKTO SIM Application Toolkit Settings

Parameter Command Syntax:

AT\*E2STKTO = <Command>, <timer>

This command allows the external application to configure some general settings related to STK.

Defined values:

Parameter <Command> is used to define the command that the time parameter is going to be applied.

Parameter <timer> is used to fix the timeout period applicable to Proactive SIM mechanism.

<i>&lt;Command&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Integer type (0-6)	It defines the command that the time parameter is going to be applied
0	All the commands with timeout associated are set to the value of <timer>
1	Get Inkey command timeout is set to the value of <timer>
2	Set Up Menu command timeout is set to the value of <timer>
3	Set Up Call command timeout is set to the value of <timer>
4	Display Text command timeout is set to the value of <timer>
5	Get Input command timeout is set to the value of <timer>
6	Select Item command timeout is set to the value of <timer>

<i>&lt;timer&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Integer type (0-99)	Specifies the value in seconds to be set in the timeout associated with the command specified in <i>&lt;command&gt;</i>
0	All the commands timeouts are set to its default value
(1-99)	The timeout of the command specified in <i>&lt;command&gt;</i> is set to this value

Unsolicited result code:

\*E2STKTO: *<command>*



## 19. Supplementary Services

### 19.1 AT+CPIN PIN Control

See 3.25, AT+CPIN PIN Control

### 19.2 AT+CACM Accumulated Call Meter

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Reset the ACM (Accumulated Call Meter) value on the SIM	AT+CACM=[<passwd>]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT+CACM?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CACM: &lt;acm&gt;</li> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CACM=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

Resets the Advice of Charge related accumulated call meter value in SIM file EF<sub>ACM</sub>. ACM contains the total number of home units for both the current and preceding calls. SIM PIN2 is usually required to reset the value. If setting fails in an ME error, +CME ERROR: <err> is returned. See “+CME ERROR (Mobile Equipment Error Code)”, page 13.

*Note!* This command must take into account what line is chosen with AT\*ELIN.

Read command returns the current value of ACM.

<passwd>	Description
String type	SIM-PIN2

<acm>	Description
String type	Accumulated call meter value similarly coded as <ccm> under +CAOC

### 19.3 AT+CAMM Accumulated Call Meter Maximum

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Set command sets the Advice of Charge related accumulated call meter maximum value in SIM file EF <sub>ACMmax</sub>	AT+CAMM=[<acmmax> [,<passwd>]]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT+CAMM?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +CAMM: &lt;acmmax&gt;</li> <li>• +CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CAMM=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

Sets the Advice of Charge related accumulated call meter maximum value in SIM file EF<sub>ACMmax</sub>. ACMmax contains the maximum number of home units allowed to be consumed by the subscriber. When ACM (refer +CACM) reaches ACMmax calls are prohibited. SIM PIN2 is usually required to set the value. If setting fails in an ME error, +CME ERROR: <err> is returned.

Read command returns the current value of ACMmax.

<acmmax>	Description
String type	Accumulated call meter maximum value similarly coded as <ccm> under +CAOC; value zero disables ACMmax feature

<passwd>	Description
String type	SIM PIN2

## 19.4 AT+CAOC *Advice of Charge*

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Execute command	AT+CAOC[=<mode>]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>[+CAOC: &lt;ccm&gt;] +CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT+CAOC?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CAOC: &lt;mode&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CAOC=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>[+CAOC: (list of supported &lt;mode&gt;s]</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

Use of Advice of Charge supplementary service command enables the subscriber to get information about the cost of calls. With <mode>=0, the execute command returns the current call meter value from the ME. The command also includes the possibility to enable an unsolicited event reporting of the CCM information. The unsolicited result code +CCCM: <ccm> is sent when the CCM value changes, but no more than every 10 seconds. Deactivation of the unsolicited event reporting is made with the same command.

Read command indicates whether the unsolicited reporting is activated or not. Read command is available when the unsolicited result code is supported.

It is recommended (although optional) that the test command return the supported mode values.

<i>&lt;mode&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Query CCM value
1	Deactivate the unsolicited reporting of CCM value
2	Activate the unsolicited reporting of CCM value

<i>&lt;ccm&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String type	Three bytes of the current call meter value in hexadecimal format (e.g. "00001E" indicates decimal value 30); value is in home units and bytes are similarly coded as ACMmax value in the SIM

## 19.5 AT+CPUC *Price Per Unit and Currency Table*

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Set command sets the parameters of Advice of Charge related price per unit and currency table in SIM file EF <sub>PUCT</sub>	AT+CPUC=<currency>,<ppu>[,<passwd>]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT+CPUC?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +CPUC: &lt;currency&gt;,&lt;ppu&gt;</li> <li>• +CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CPUC=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

Sets the parameters of Advice of Charge related price per unit and currency table in SIM file EF<sub>PUCT</sub>. PUCT information can be used to convert the home units (as used in +CAOC, +CACM and +CMM) into currency units. SIM PIN1 or SIM PIN2 (depending on which SIM card that is used) is required to set the parameters. If setting fails in an ME error, +CME ERROR: <err> is returned.

Read command returns the current parameters of PUCT.

For information on the character set see AT+CSCS in the Short Message Services section.

<i>&lt;currency&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String	Alpha-identifier of the currency code (3 characters, e.g. SEK)

<i>&lt;ppu&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String type	price per unit; dot is used as a decimal separator (e.g. "2.66")

<i>&lt;passwd&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String type	SIM PIN1 or SIM PIN2

## 19.6 AT\*EDIF

## Ericsson Divert Function

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Enable and disable notification with the unsolicited result code *EDIF	AT*EDIF=<onoff>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT*EDIF?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• *EDIF: &lt;onoff&gt;</li> <li>• +CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT*EDIF=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• *EDIF: (list of supported &lt;onoff&gt;s)</li> <li>• +CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

This command enables and disables notification of divert status changes with the unsolicited result code \*EDIF.

<onoff>	Description
0	Disable notification with the unsolicited result code *EDIF
1	Enable notification with the unsolicited result code *EDIF

Unsolicited Result Codes:

\*EDIF: <reason>,<status>,<classx>[,<number>,<type>]

## 19.7 AT\*EIPS

## Identity Presentation Set

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Sets the alpha tag to be displayed in the ME	AT*EIPS=<ID>,<alphatag mode>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT*EIPS?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>*EIPS: &lt;ID1&gt;,&lt;alphatag mode1&gt;&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</li> <li>*EIPS: &lt;ID2&gt;,&lt;alphatag mode2&gt;&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</li> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT*EIPS=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>*EIPS: (list of supported ID&gt;s),(list of supported &lt;alphatag mode&gt;s)</li> <li>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

This command enables or disables the presentation of the alpha tag of the Caller ID and Called ID to the TE if the ID is recognized. The alpha tag is the first name and the last name. The presentation is done by an unsolicited result code, \*ELIP for Caller ID and \*EOLP for Called ID.

<ID>	Description
1	Caller ID (*ELIP)
2	Called ID (*EOLP)

<alphatag mode>	Description
0	Off
1	First name and last name displayed

Unsolicited Result Codes:

\*ELIP:<alpha tag>

\*EOLP:<alpha tag>

## 19.8 AT\*ELIN *Ericsson Line Set*

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Set the current line to <line>	AT*ELIN=<line>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• *ELIN: &lt;line&gt;</li> <li>• +CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT*ELIN?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• *ELIN: &lt;line&gt;</li> <li>• +CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT*ELIN=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• *ELIN: list of supported &lt;line&gt;s</li> <li>• +CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

This command requests the ME to set the current line to <line>.

*Note!* The following command reads its value from the current line and is thus affected by the use of \*ELIN:

AT+CACM - Accumulated Call Meter

<i>&lt;line&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
1	L1
2	L2

## 19.9 AT\*E2SSD *M2M Supplementary Service Dispatch*

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Send Supplementary Service command	AT*E2SSD=<SS_String>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT*E2SSD=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

This command allows the user to send a Public MMI command string in order to activate, deactivate, interrogate or modify settings for Supplementary Services.

Once a string is sent, the command will return OK if parsed and sent successfully, otherwise ERROR is returned. The command does not verify that the operation executes successfully - use the AT\*E2SSI command to gain feedback of the operation status.

Refer to GSM 02.30 for Public MMI services and codes.

<i>&lt;SS_String&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String Type	String in double quotes, containing a Public MMI command to modify, activate, interrogate or deactivate a Supplementary Service. String can contain values '0-9', '*', and '#'

## 19.10 AT\*E2SSI M2M Supplementary Service Indications

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<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Set Supplementary Service indications	AT*E2SSI=<op>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ERROR</li> <li>• OK</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT*E2SSI?	*E2SSI: <op>
Show if the command is supported	AT*E2SSI=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• *E2SSI: (list of supported &lt;op&gt;s)</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

This command allows the user to display the unsolicited response code \*E2SSI on network responses (either command confirmation or error responses) for Supplementary Services. This can be used in conjunction with the AT+CSSN command which gives responses on the network notification of SS status.

The default setting is OFF, where responses are disabled.

<i>&lt;op&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Disable *E2SSI indications. <b>Default value</b>
1	Enable *E2SSI indications

Unsolicited Result codes:

\*E2SSI: <errorcode>[,<Opcode>[,<SS\_Code>[,<BasicServChoice>,<BasicServValue>]],[<SS\_Status>]],[<ForwardedToNr>],[<NoReplyConditionTime>],[<CLI\_RestrictionOption>]]]

or

\*E2SSI: <errorcode>[,<Opcode>[,<SS\_Code>[,<BasicServChoice>,<BasicServValue>]],[<SS\_Status>]],[<SubscriptionOption>]]]

<i>&lt;errorcode&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	OK (no error)
1	SSI_PASSWORD_ERROR
2	SSI_TOO_MANY_PARTS
3	SSI_COMMAND_ERROR



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<i>&lt;errorcode&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
4	SSI_SIM_ERROR
5	SSI_NUMBER_ERR
6	SSI_CALL_BARRED
7	SSI_NOT_AVAILABLE
8	SSI_UNSUCCESSFUL
9	SSI_NOT_ALLOWED
10	SSI_NETWORK_PROBLEM

<i>&lt;Opcode&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
10	REGISTER_SS
11	ERASE_SS
12	ACTIVATE_SS
13	DEACTIVATE_SS
14	INTERROGATE_SS

<i>&lt;SScode&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	ALL_SS
16	ALL_LINE_IDENTIFICATION_SERVICES
17	CALLING_LINE_IDENTIFICATION_PRESENTATION
18	CALLING_LINE_IDENTIFICATION_RESTRICTION
19	CONNECTED_LINE_IDENTIFICATION_PRESENTATION
20	CONNECTED_LINE_IDENTIFICATION_RESTRICTION
21	MALICIOUS_CALL_IDENTIFICATION
32	ALL_FORWARDING_SERVICES
33	CALL_FORWARDING_UNCONDITIONAL
40	ALL_CONDITIONAL_FORWARDING_SERVICES
41	CALL_FORWARDING_ON_MOBILE_SUBSCRIBER_BUSY
42	CALL_FORWARDING_ON_NO_REPLY
43	CALL_FORWARDING_ON_SUBSCRIBER_NOT_REACHABLE
49	EXPLICIT_CALL_TRANSFER
64	ALL_CALL_COMPLETION_SERVICES
65	CALL_WAITING
66	CALL_HOLD
67	COMPLETION_OF_CALL_TO_BUSY_SUBSCRIBER

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<i>&lt;SScode&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
81	MULTI_PARTY
112	ALL_CHARGING_SS
113	ADVICE_OF_CHARGE_INFORMATION
114	ADVICE_OF_CHARGE_CHARGING
144	ALL_BARRING_SERVICES
145	BARRING_OF_OUTGOING_CALLS
146	BARRING_OF_ALL_OUTGOING_CALLS
147	BARRING_OF_ALL_OUTGOING_INTERNATIONAL_CALLS
148	BARRING_OF_ALL_OG_INTERNATIONAL_NON_HPLMN_DIRECTED_CALLS
153	BARRING_OF_INCOMING_CALLS
154	BARRING_OF_ALL_INCOMING_CALLS
155	BARRING_OF_ALL_IC_CALLS_WHEN_OUTSIDE_HPLMN

<i>&lt;BasicServChoice&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
2	BEARER_SERVICE
3	TELE_SERVICE

*<BasicServValue>*    *Description*

	<i>&lt;TELE_SERVICE&gt;</i>	<i>&lt;BEARER_SERVICE&gt;</i>
0	TS_ALL_TELE_SERVICES	BS_ALL_BEARER_SERVICES
16	TS_SPEECH	BS_ALL_DATA_CDA_SERVICES
17	TS_TELEPHONY	BS_DATA_CDA_300BPS
18	TS_EMERGENCY_CALLS	BS_DATA_CDA_1200BPS
20		BS_DATA_CDA_2400BPS
21		BS_DATA_CDA_4800BPS
22		BS_DATA_CDA_9600BPS
24		BS_ALL_DATA_CDS_SERVICES
25		BS_DATA_CDS_300BPS
26		BS_DATA_CDS_1200BPS
28		BS_DATA_CDS_2400BPS
29		BS_DATA_CDS_4800BPS
30		BS_DATA_CDS_9600BPS
32	TS_ALL_SHORT_MESSAGE_SERVICES	BS_ALL_PAD_ACCESS_CA_SERVICES

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<i>&lt;BasicServValue&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>	
	<i>&lt;TELE_SERVICE&gt;</i>	<i>&lt;BEARER_SERVICE&gt;</i>
33	TS_SHORT_MESSAGE_MT_PP	BS_PAD_ACCESS_CA_300BPS
34	TS_SHORT_MESSAGE_MO_PP	BS_PAD_ACCESS_CA_1200BPS
35		BS_PAD_ACCESS_CA_1200_75BPS
36		BS_PAD_ACCESS_CA_2400BPS
37		BS_PAD_ACCESS_CA_4800BPS
38		BS_PAD_ACCESS_CA_9600BPS
40		BS_ALL_DATA_PDS_SERVICES
44		BS_DATA_PDS_2400BPS
45		BS_DATA_PDS_4800BPS
46		BS_DATA_PDS_9600BPS
48		BS_ALL_ALTERNATE_SPEECH_DATA_CDA
56		BS_ALL_ALTERNATE_SPEECH_DATA_CDS
64	TS_VIDEOTEX	BS_ALL_SPEECH_FOLLOWED_BY_DATA_CDA
72		BS_ALL_SPEECH_FOLLOWED_BY_DATA_CDS
80	TS_TELETEX	BS_ALL_DATA_CIRCUIT_ASYNCHRONOUS
88		BS_ALL_DATA_CIRCUIT_SYNCHRONOUS
96	TS_ALL_FAX_SERVICES	BS_ALL_ASYNCHRONOUS_SERVICES
97	TS_FAX_GROUP3_ALTER_SPEECH	
98	TS_AUTOMATIC_FAX_GROUP3	
99	TS_FAX_GROUP4	
104		BS_ALL_SYNCHRONOUS_SERVICES
112	TS_ALL_DATA_SERVICES	
120		BS_12_KBIT_UNRESTRICTED_DIGITAL
128	TS_ALL_TELESERVICES_EXCEPT_SMS	
208	TS_AUXILIARY_SPEECH	
209	TS_AUXILIARY_TELEPHONY	

<i>&lt;SS_Status&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	NO_FLAG_SET
1	SS_STATUS_ACTIVE
2	SS_STATUS_REGISTERED

<i>&lt;SS_Status&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
4	SS_STATUS_PROVISIONED
7	SS_STATUS_PRA

<i>&lt;ForwardedToNr&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String	ME number string in double quotes

<i>&lt;NoReplyConditionTime&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0-65532	Integer value for time

<i>&lt;CLI_Restriction Option&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	PERMANENT
1	TEMPORARY_DEFAULT_RESTRICTED
2	TEMPORARY_DEFAULT_ALLOWED

<i>&lt;Subscription Option&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
1	OVERRIDE_CATEGORY
2	CLI_RESTRICTION_OPTION
5	RESTRICTION_PER_CALL

*Example!*

```

AT+E2SSI=1 Orange
OK
AT+E2SSD="*#30#"
OK
*E2SSI: 0,14,17,,,4,,,
AT+E2SSD="*#31#"
OK
*E2SSI: 0,14,18,,,5,,,2

AT+E2SSI=1 Vodafone,T-Mobile, O2.
OK
AT+E2SSD="*#30#"
OK
*E2SSI: 0,14,17,,,5,,,
AT+E2SSD="*#31#"
OK
*E2SSI: 0,14,18,,,5,,,2

```

## 19.11 AT+CCFC Call Forwarding number and Conditions

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Request Calling forwarding number and conditions	AT+CCFC=<reason>,<mode>[,<number>][,<type>[,<class>[,<satype>]]]]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CME ERROR &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>when &lt;mode&gt;=2 and command successful: +CCFC: &lt;status&gt;,&lt;class1&gt;[,&lt;number&gt;,&lt;type&gt;[,&lt;satype&gt;]]][&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt; +CCFC: &lt;status&gt;,&lt;class2&gt;[,&lt;number&gt;,&lt;type&gt;[,&lt;satype&gt;]]][...]]</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CCFC=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+ CCFC: (list of supported &lt;reason&gt;s)</li> <li>+CME ERROR &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

This command allows control of the call forwarding supplementary service. Registration, erasure, activation, deactivation, and status query are supported. When querying the status of a network service (<mode>=2) the response line for 'not active' case (<status>=0) should be returned only if service is not active for any <class>.

<reason>	Description
0	Unconditional
1	Mobile busy
2	No reply
3	Not reachable
4	All call forwarding
5	All conditional call forwarding

<mode>	Description
0	Disable
1	Enable
2	Query status
3	Registration
4	Erasure

<number>	Description
string type	String type ME number of forwarding address in format specified by <type>

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<i>&lt;type&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
integer format	Type of address octet
129	ISDN/telephony numbering plan, national/international unknown. <b>Default value if '+' is not in &lt;sca&gt;</b>
145	ISDN/telephony numbering plan, international number. <b>Default value if '+' is in &lt;sca&gt;</b>
161	ISDN/telephony numbering plan, national number
128 - 255	Other values

<i>&lt;satype&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
integer format	Type of subaddress octet
128	NSAP (X.213/ISO 8348 AD2), even number of address signals
136	NSAP (X.213/ISO 8348 AD2), odd number of address signals
160	User defined, even number of address signals
168	User defined, odd number of address signals
128 - 255	Other values reserved

<i>&lt;classx&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
integer	Sum of integers each representing a class of information. <b>Default value is 7</b>
1	Voice L1
2	Data
4	Fax
8	Short message service
16	Data circuit sync
32	Data circuit async
64	Dedicated packet access
128	Dedicated PAD access

<i>&lt;status&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Not active
1	Active

## 19.12 AT+CCWA Call Waiting

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Request call waiting	AT+CCWA=[<n> [,<mode> [,<class>]]]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>when &lt;mode&gt;=2 and command successful: +CCWA:&lt;status&gt;,&lt;class1&gt;[&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt; +CCWA: &lt;status&gt;,&lt;class2&gt;[...]] +CME ERROR &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT+CCWA?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CCWA: &lt;n&gt; +CME ERROR &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CCWA=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CCWA: (list of supported &lt;n&gt;s) +CME ERROR &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

This command allows control of the call waiting supplementary service according to 3GPP TS 22.083. Activation, deactivation and status query are supported. When querying the status of a network service (<mode>=2) the response line for 'not active' case (<status>=0) should be returned only if service is not active for any <class>. Parameter <n> is used to disable or enable the presentation of an unsolicited result code +CCWA: <number>,<type>,<class>,[<alpha>],[<CLI validity>] to the TE when call waiting service is enabled. The command is abortable when the network is interrogated.

The interaction of this command with other commands based on other GSM/UMTS supplementary services is described in the GSM/UMTS standards.

Test command returns values supported by the TA as a compound value.

<n>	Description
0	Disable
1	Enable

<mode>	Description
0	Disable
1	Enable
2	Query status

<i>&lt;class&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
integer	Sum of integers each representing a class of information. <b>Default value is 7</b>
1	Voice L1
2	Data
4	Fax
8	Short message service
16	Data circuit sync
32	Data circuit async
64	Dedicated packet access
128	Dedicated PAD access

<i>&lt;status&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Not active
1	Active

<i>&lt;number&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
String type	String type ME number of forwarding address in format specified by <i>&lt;type&gt;</i>

<i>&lt;type&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
Integer format	Type of address octet in integer format (GSM 04.08 10.5.4.7)

<i>&lt;err&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	ME failure
3	Operation not allowed
4	Operation not supported
21	Invalid index
30	No network service
31	Network timeout
100	Unknown

Unsolicited Result Codes:

+CCWA: *<number>*, *<type>*, *<class>*



*Example*

AT+CCWA=?  
+CCWA: (0-1)

OK

AT+CCWA?  
+CCWA: 0

OK

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### 19.13 AT+CHLD *Call Hold and Multiparty*

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Request call related supplementary services	AT+CHLD=<n>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +CME ERROR &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CHLD=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +CHLD: (list of supported &lt;n&gt;s)</li> <li>• +CME ERROR &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

This command allows control of the following call related services:

- a call can be temporarily disconnected from the ME but the connection is retained by the network;
- multiparty conversation (conference calls);
- the served subscriber who has two calls (one held and the other either active or alerting) can connect the other parties and release the served subscriber's own connection.

Calls can be put on hold, recovered, released, added to conversation, and transferred similarly as defined in 3GPP TS 22.030.

This is based on the GSM/UMTS supplementary services HOLD (Call Hold; refer 3GPP TS 22.083 clause 2), MPTY (MultiParty; refer 3GPP TS 22.084) and ECT (Explicit Call Transfer; refer 3GPP TS 22.091). The interaction of this command with other commands based on other GSM/UMTS supplementary services is described in the GSM/UMTS standards.

*Note!* Call Hold and MultiParty are only applicable to teleservice 11.

It is recommended (although optional) that test command returns a list of operations which are supported. The call number required by some operations is denoted by “x” (e.g. +CHLD: (0,0x,1,1x,2,2x,3)).

<i>&lt;n&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
...	Integer type; equals to numbers entered before SEND button in GSM 02.30 subclause 4.5.5.1
0	Releases all held calls or sets User Determined User Busy (UDUB) for a waiting call
0X	Releases a specific call X from a held multiparty call
1	Releases all active calls (if any exist) and accepts the other (held or waiting) call
1X	Releases a specific active call X
2	Places all active calls (if any exist) on hold and accepts the other (held or waiting) call
2X	Places all active calls on hold, except call X with which communication is supported
3	Adds a held call to the conversation
4	Connects the two calls and disconnects the subscriber from both calls (explicit call transfer)

“X” is the numbering (starting with 1) of the call given by the sequence of setting up or receiving the calls (active, held or waiting) as seen by the served subscriber. Calls hold their number until they are released. New calls take the lowest available number. Where both a held and a waiting call exists, the above procedures shall apply to the waiting call (i.e. not to the held call) in conflicting situation.

*Note!* The “directory number” case shall be handled with dial command D, and the END case with hangup command H (or +CHUP).

## 19.14 AT+CLIP *Calling Line Identification*

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Request calling line identification	AT+CLIP=<n>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• +CME ERROR &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT+CLIP?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• + CLIP : &lt;n&gt;,&lt;m&gt;</li> <li>• +CME ERROR &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CLIP=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• + CLIP : (list of supported &lt;n&gt;s)</li> <li>• +CME ERROR &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

This command refers to the GSM supplementary service CLIP (Calling Line Identification Presentation) that enables a called subscriber to get the calling line identity (CLI) of the calling party when receiving a mobile terminated call. Set command enables or disables the presentation of the CLI at the TE. It has no effect on the execution of the supplementary service CLIP in the network.

When the presentation of the CLI at the TE is enabled (and calling subscriber allows), +CLIP: <number>,<type> response is returned after every RING (or +CRING: <type>; refer to subclause “Cellular result codes +CRC” in GSM 07.07) result code sent from TA to TE. Whether this response is used when a normal voice call is answered, depends on the manufacturer.

Read command gives the status of <n> and also triggers an interrogation of the provision status of the CLIP service according to GSM 02.81 (given in <m>).

Test command returns values supported by the TA as a compound value.

<i>&lt;n&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Disable
1	Enable

<i>&lt;m&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	CLIP not provisioned
1	CLIP provisioned
2	Unknown (e.g. no network)

Unsolicited Result codes:

+CLIP: <number>,<type>

<number>	Description
String type	String type ME number of format specified by <type>

<type>	Description
Integer format	Type of address octet in integer (refer to GSM 04.08 sub-clause 10.5.4.7)

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### Example

AT+CLIP=1

OK

RING

+CLIP: "07747008670",129,,,"Matt L",0

## 19.15 AT+CLIR Calling Line Identification Restriction

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Request calling line identification restriction	AT+CLIR=[<n>]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CME ERROR &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT+CLIR?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CLIR: &lt;n&gt;,&lt;m&gt;</li> <li>+CME ERROR &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CLIR=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CLIR: (list of supported &lt;n&gt;s)</li> <li>+CME ERROR &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

This command refers to CLIR-service according to GSM 02.81 that allows a calling subscriber to enable or disable the presentation of the CLI to the called party when originating a call.

Set command overrides the CLIR subscription (default is restricted or allowed) when temporary mode is provisioned as a default adjustment for all following outgoing calls. Using the opposite command can revoke this adjustment. If this command is used by a subscriber without provision of CLIR in permanent mode the network will act according GSM 02.81.

The setting shall be per logical channel.

When the MS is turned off and then turned on again the parameter setting <n> shall turn back to default, i.e. the presentation of CLI shall be used according to the subscription of the CLIR service, <n> is 0.

Read command gives the default adjustment for all outgoing calls (given in <n>), and also triggers an interrogation of the provision status of the CLIR service (given in <m>).

Test command returns values supported by the TA as a compound value.

*Note!* On a per call base CLIR functionality is explained in subclause “ITU-T V.25ter dial command”.

<n>	Description
0	Presentation indicator is used according to the subscription of the CLIR service
1	CLIR invocation
2	CLIR suppression

<m>	Description
0	CLIR not provisioned
1	CLIR provisioned in permanent mode
2	Unknown (e.g. no network)
3	CLIR temporary mode presentation restricted
4	CLIR temporary mode presentation allowed

### 19.16 AT+CSSN Supplementary Service Notification

Description	Command	Possible Responses
Presentation of notification result codes from TA to TE	AT+CSSN=[<n>[,<m>]]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CME ERROR &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT+CSSN?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CSSN: &lt;n&gt;[,&lt;m&gt;]</li> <li>+CME ERROR &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CSSN=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CSSN: (list of supported &lt;n&gt;s),(list of supported &lt;m&gt;s)</li> <li>+CME ERROR &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

This command refers to supplementary service related network initiated notifications. The set command enables or disables the presentation of notification result codes from TA to TE.

When <n>=1 and a supplementary service notification is received after a mobile originated call setup, unsolicited result code +CSSI: <code1>[,<index>] is sent to TE before any other MO call setup result

codes presented in this ETS or in V.25ter. When several different <code1>s are received from the network, each of them shall have its own +CSSI result code.

When <m>=1 and a supplementary service notification is received during a mobile terminated call setup or during a call, or when a forward check supplementary service notification is received, unsolicited result code +CSSU: <code2>[,<index>] is sent to TE. In case of MT call setup, result code is sent after every +CLIP result code (refer command “Calling line identification presentation +CLIP”) and when several different <code2>s are received from the network, each of them shall have its own +CSSU result code.

*Note!* The difference between <index> and <cindex> is that <index> is a position mark while <cindex> is a unique value for each CUG. <index> is not supported.

Test command returns values supported by the TA as a compound value.

<n>	Description
0	Disable the +CSSI result code presentation status in the TA
1	Enable the +CSSI result code presentation status in the TA

<m>	Description
0	Disable the +CSSU result code presentation status in the TA
1	Enable the +CSSU result code presentation status in the TA

<code1>	Description
0	Unconditional call forwarding is active
1	Some of the conditional call forwarding are active
2	Call has been forwarded
3	Call is waiting
4	This is a CUG call (also <index> present)
5	Outgoing calls are barred
6	Incoming calls are barred
7	CLIR suppression rejected

<index>	Description
0...9	CUG index
10	No index (preferred CUG taken from subscriber data)

<i>&lt;code2&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	This is a forwarded call (MT call setup)
1	This is a CUG call (also <i>&lt;index&gt;</i> present) (MT call setup)
2	Call has been put on hold (during a voice call)
3	Call has been retrieved (during a voice call)
4	Multiparty call entered (during a voice call)
5	Call on hold has been released (this is not a SS notification) (during a voice call)
6	Forward check SS message received (can be received whenever)
10	Incoming call has been forwarded

### 19.17 AT+CUSD Unstructured Supplementary Service Data

<i>Description</i>	<i>Command</i>	<i>Possible Responses</i>
Request unstructured supplementary service data	AT+CUSD=[ <i>&lt;n&gt;</i> [, <i>&lt;str&gt;</i> ]]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CME ERROR: <i>&lt;err&gt;</i></li> <li>OK</li> </ul>
Show the current setting	AT+CUSD?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CUSD: <i>&lt;n&gt;</i></li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Show if the command is supported	AT+CUSD=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CUSD: (list of supported <i>&lt;n&gt;</i>s)</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>

This command allows control of the Unstructured Supplementary Service Data (USSD) according to GSM 02.90. Both network and mobile initiated operations are supported. Parameter *<n>* is used to disable/enable the presentation of an unsolicited result code (USSD response from the network, or network initiated operation) +CUSD: *<m>*[,*<str>*,*<dcs>*] to the TE. In addition, value *<n>*=2 is used to cancel an ongoing USSD session. If *<n>* is not given then the default value 0 is taken.

When *<str>* is given, a mobile initiated USSD string or a response USSD string to a network initiated operation is sent to the network. The response USSD string from the network is returned in a subsequent unsolicited +CUSD: result code.

The interaction of this command with other commands based on other GSM supplementary services is described in the GSM standard.

Test command returns values supported by the TA as a compound value.

Some different scenarios are shown below:

- An incoming network initiated USSD-Notify should be presented to the external application as an unsolicited result code +CUSD: if the external application has enabled result code presentation.
- An incoming USSD-request asking for a reply should sent to the external application as an unsolicited result code +CUSD: if the external application has enabled result code.
- If the external application answers to the request with the command AT+CUSD then the ME sends the answer to the network.
- A USSD-request sent with the command AT+CUSD from the external application.

The different alternatives are shown below.

	<i>Network</i>	<i>Mobile Equipment</i>	<i>External application</i>
1	Signal	Sends unsolicited result code +CUSD	Result code presentation enabled, presented
2	Signal asking for reply	Sends unsolicited result code +CUSD	Result code presentation enabled, presented
3			Answer AT+CUSD
3b			Sends AT+CUSD

<i>&lt;n&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
0	Disable result code presentation in the TA
1	Enable result code presentation in the TA
2	Terminate (abort) USSD dialogue. This value is not applicable to the read command response

<i>&lt;str&gt;</i>	<i>Description</i>
string	String type USSD (when <str> parameter is not given, network is not interrogated):  -If <dcs> indicates that GSM 03.38 default alphabet is used:  *if TE character set other than "HEX" (refer command Select TE Character Set +CSCS): ME/TA converts GSM alphabet into current TE character set according to rules of GSM 07.05 Annex A



*Example 1*

<i>AT Command</i>	<i>Result Code</i>	<i>Description</i>
AT+CUSD=1,"*34#"		Enable the Result Code presentation in the TAE and send a USSD-request
	+CUSD:1,"id code" OK	Further user action required, give id code
AT+CUSD=1,"7465338"		Id code given
	+CUSD:0 OK	No further user action required

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*Example 2*

<i>AT Command</i>	<i>Result Code</i>	<i>Description</i>
	+CUSD:0,"Expensive incoming call"	Incoming USSD-notify telling the user that the incoming call is expensive

*Example 3*

<i>AT Command</i>	<i>Result Code</i>	<i>Description</i>
AT+CUSD=1,"*55*0700#"		Enable the Result Code presentation in the TAE and send a USSD-request asking for an alarm at the time 07:00
	+CUSD:0,"ALARM"	At 07:00 the network sends an alarm to the user

*Example 4*

AT+CUSD=1,"\*#100#"
  
OK

+CUSD: 0,"07787154042"

OK

## 20. Embedded Application

### 20.1 AT\*E2APC Application Program Control

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Description	Command	Possible Responses
Set application Program Control	AT*E2APC=<cmd>[,<stopType>][,<StartType>][, <Ctrl Byte>]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ERROR</li> <li>• OK</li> </ul>
Displays current settings	AT*E2APC?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• E2APC: &lt;active&gt;,&lt;RunOnStartup&gt;,&lt;halted&gt;,&lt;Ctrl Byte&gt;</li> <li>• OK</li> </ul>
Shows if the command is supported	AT*E2APC=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• *E2APC: (list of supported &lt;cmd&gt;s, list of supported &lt;StartType&gt;s, list of supported &lt;CtrlByte&gt;s)</li> <li>• ERROR</li> </ul>

This command allows the user to start and stop the application running in the module. The command allows a number of ways to start the application code, and some ways to stop/pause the running application.

#### Start Application (<cmd> = 1)

This parameter sets the application to start. The application can be started straight away, in which the currently active script (set with AT\*E2APD command) is loaded and run, or it can be set to run on the next powercycle, from startup. The second option is stored persistently, so the application will start on power up every time it is switched on. The script marked as active will be the one that is started.

**Error Recovery** - If a new script is downloaded, the old script id is stored as a “Last Known Good Script” (until it is overwritten or deleted). If the module is reset and on startup the application runs and then hits a runtime error, the module will delete the offending script and reinstitute the last good script. The module will then restart, and run the old script. This behaviour only occurs if the script is set to run on startup.

The final option allowed lets the application restart from a “Pause” state - see the Stop command.

*Stop Application (<cmd> = 0)*

This parameter sets the application to stop. This will only work if the application is currently running. There are three options - the application can be requested to stop and restart, can be forced to halt (“pause”), or stopped on the next powercycle of the module.

The stop and restart function sends a signal to the application, which it will read when it handles system signals. The handler to this function will clear down the current interpreter instance and respond to the signal that the application has restarted. If there is no response to this signal within 1 second, then the command will respond that it is unsuccessful. This command will not affect the running of the application on subsequent powercycles.

The halt function does not request anything of the application - it just stops the application process and renders it inactive (by force). This is “pause” mode, as the application cannot be reset until the module is power cycled. The application can be “restarted” from the pause state, which will re-enable the process and allow it to run from the point it was stopped - this may cause information to be lost. This command will not affect the running of the application on subsequent powercycles.

The stop on next powercycle does not affect the current running of the application, but will mean that it is not run at start up on the next module powercycle.

*Write to CtrlByte (<cmd> = 2)*

This parameter sets a byte variable which is available in the system status register available to the script when it is running. Just writing a valid value to this byte will set the APPS\_AT\_CTRL\_TRIGGER flag in the application, and the value written is stored in the APPS\_AT\_CTRL\_BYTE variable. These flags and variables can be read using intrinsic functions in the script, and allows the script to be dynamically controlled by the AT command port. This can be used to add breakpoints when debugging scripts, and also allow runtime modification of the scripts operation.

### 20.1.1 Abortability:

This command may not be aborted.

## 20.1.2 Defined values:

Table 1. &lt;cmd&gt;: parameter

<cmd>	Description
0	Stop application
1	Start application
2	Write to CtrlByte (available to read by a running script)

Table 2. &lt;StartType&gt;: parameter

<StartType>	Description
0	Start Now (one shot) - Default
1	Start on next powercycle (persistent)
2	Restart (from pause state)

Table 3. &lt;StopType&gt;: parameter

<StopType>	Description
0	Stop and Reinitialise (one shot) -Default
1	Stop on next powercycle (persistent)
2	Halt / Pause

Table 4. &lt;CtrlByte&gt;: parameter

<Active>	Description
0 - 255	CtrlByte value from 0 - 255

Table 5. &lt;Active&gt;: parameter

<Halted>	Description
0	Application is inactive
1	Application is active

Table 5. &lt;Halted&gt;: parameter

<Halted>	Description
0	Application is not Halted
1	Application is Halted

Table 6. &lt;RunOnStartUp&gt;: parameter

<RunOnStartUp >	Description
0	Application is not run on module start up
1	Application is run on module start up

## 20.2 AT\*E2APD Application Program Download

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Description	Command	Possible Responses
Set Application Program Download	AT*E2APD=<cmd>,<ScriptNum>[,<length>]	ERROR OK *E2APD: <error>ERROR
Displays current settings	AT*E2APD?	*E2APD: <ScriptNum>,<AvlSpace> OK
Shows if the command is supported	AT*E2APD=?	*E2APD: (list of supported <cmd>s,list of supported <ScriptNum>s) ERROR

This command allows the user to download scripts to the module for execution as an embedded application. It also allows the management of the active script, and the deletion of scripts. If there is no script active, then all the NVM space is available for scripts. Only an active script will be considered as non-overwriteable.

Four operations are currently allowed:

### Download (<cmd> = 0)

With this command, the number of the script to be downloaded, and the length in number of “lines” (128 byte chunks), is supplied as initial parameters. After the <CR> the switch is made into script download mode (Xmodem-CRC protocol). The data is then transferred across the serial interface using the Xmodem-CRC protocol. Transfer is terminated by sending 2\*EOT bytes. The first chunk of data sent contains the script information, the subsequent chunks are script data.

*Example!* AT\*E2APD=0,1,100<CR>  
C (Script downloaded here) ..... (EOT\*2)  
OK

OK is only returned if the downloaded script is verified without errors, otherwise an error code is reported. The script is verified by checking the number of chunks received is as given by the command, and that the script information given in the first chunk matches with the script information

generated by the interpreter internal to the module. The script that may previously have been in this slot will be rendered invalid, even if the download fails.

#### *Upload Script (<cmd> = 1) (NOT YET SUPPORTED)*

With this command it is possible to retrieve the specified script from the Module NVM. The file is output in hex bytes, terminated by <CR><LF>OK.

*Example!* AT\*E2APD=1,1<CR>  
\*E2APD: 1  
< Script Data >  
OK

This example requests script 1 to be uploaded.

#### *Delete Script (<cmd> = 2)*

With this command, the script which is defined is deleted from NVM. If it is the inactive script it is deleted, without affecting the active script. This can be done while the application is running. If the script is the running script and the application is running or paused, then the command will return an error. The application will need to be stopped before erasing the running script (using AT\*E2APC).

#### *Make Script Active (<cmd>= 3)*

With this command, the script defined is made active. If there is another script that is currently active and running, the command will fail. If it is not running then the active script will be made inactive and the new script will be made active. If the script number provided is outside the valid script number range, then no scripts are made active (effective deactivation).

When one script is running, it is possible to make the other script active. This means that the next time the application is started the other script will be run. This allows the possibility of hot swapping scripts. If one script is running and the other is made active, then the read function returns that there is no space for more scripts - as neither an active or a running script can be overwritten until deactivated, deleted or stops running.

#### *Abortability:*

This command may not be aborted.

## 20.2.1 Defined values:

Table 7. &lt;cmd&gt;: parameter

<cmd>	Description
0	Download Script (to module)
1	Upload Script (from module)
2	Delete Script
3	Make Script Active

Table 8. &lt;ScriptNum&gt;: parameter

<ScriptNum>	Description
0-1 (255)	Integer giving script number cmd is to operate on. With activate command, script numbers > 0-1 will make no scripts active (255 indicates no script active).

Table 9. &lt;length&gt;: parameter

<length>	Description
0-350	Length of Script in 128byte chunks

Table 10. &lt;error&gt;: parameter

<error>	Description
0	Download OK
1	Syntax error in code
2	Not enough space for script
3	Transfer cancelled
4	Transfer timeout
5	Miscellaneous (structural) error

Table 11. &lt;Script Data&gt;: parameter

<ScriptData>	Description
Hex Data	Data sent in Xmodem-CRC packets. (128bytes payload per packet)

Table 12. &lt; AvlSpace &gt;: parameter

<AvlSpace>	Description
Decimal value 0-350	Decimal value representing available swap space for a non-active script. (Max Space - ActiveScript Size)

### 20.3 Xmodem-CRC Protocol (CCITT)

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The Download of scripts with the AT\*E2APD command uses the Xmodem-CRC protocol. This section explains how this is implemented with respect to the module:

#### Background

The following terms are simply ascii codes:

SOH = chr(1) = CTRL-A = Start of header

EOT = chr(4) = CTRL-D = End of Transmission

ACK = chr(6) = CTRL-F = Positive Acknowledgement

NAK = chr(21) = CTRL-U = Negative Acknowledgement

CAN = chr(24) = CTRL-X = Cancel

In order to send the file, you must first divide it into 128 byte sections (packets). Bytes 0-127 of the file make up the first packet, bytes 128-255 make up the second packet, etc.

The packet number sent is simply the number of the packet (packet number starts at 0 at beginning of transmission). If the packet number is greater than 255, then subtract 256 repeatedly until the number is between 0 and 255. For example, if you were sending packet 731, then you would send  $731 - 256 - 256 = 219$ .

The 1's complement of a byte (to make life easy) is simply 255 minus the byte. For example, if you had to take the 1's complement of 142, the answer would be  $255 - 142 = 113$ .

CRC stands for Cyclical Redundancy Check. In X-Modem CRC, it is also referred to as CRC-16 since there are 16 bits (1 word) at the end of the block that contain the CRC. This 1 word (2 byte) CRC replaces the 1 byte checksum in X-Modem. In this implementation the CCITT polynomial is used to generate the CRC -  $X^{16} + X^{12} + X^5 + 1$ .

CRC-16 guarantees detection of all single and double bit errors, all errors with an odd number of bits and over 99.9969% of all burst errors.

The easiest and fastest way to calculate the CRC is to use a lookup table.

The first byte the downloader sends is referred to as the NCGbyte, in this case is capital C in ASCII.



### *The Actual Transfer*

The uploader waits until the downloader sends a NCG byte. The NCG byte is the signal that the downloader is ready to start. If the downloader takes too long or an error occurs then the uploader will stop waiting or "Time Out" (after 20 seconds). If this happens, then the file transfer must restart (a CAN byte is sent by the module and an error code is output)

With each packet sent the uploader sends:

1. SOH byte {1 byte}
2. The packet number {1 byte}
3. The 1's complement of the packet number {1 byte}
4. The packet {128 bytes}
5. The high byte of the CRC-16 {1 byte}
6. The low byte of the CRC-16 {1 byte}

The above six things are called the block.

The downloader:

1. Ensures that the packet number sent matches the actual packet number that it is (If the third block sent has a '4' as the second byte, something is wrong --> CANCEL TRANSFER (send CAN byte)).
2. Adds the packet number and the 1's complement of it together to make sure that they add up to 255. If they don't --> CANCEL TRANSFER.
3. Sets the CRC to 0xFFFFFFFF and then calculates the CRC for the 128 bytes of data.
4. Compares the received CRC-16 with the calculated one.
5. If everything looks ok, then the downloader appends the bytes in the packet to the file being created (sent). The downloader then sends an ACK byte which tells the uploader to send the next block. If the sums do not match then the downloader sends a NAK byte which tells the uploader to send the same block it is just sent over again.

When the uploader sends an EOT byte instead of an SOH byte, the downloader sends a NAK byte. If the uploader sends another EOT immediately after that, the downloader sends an ACK byte and the transfer is complete.

The downloader can cancel the transfer at any time by sending a CAN byte. The uploader can only cancel between blocks by sending a CAN byte. It is recommended that you send anywhere between 2 and 8 consecutive CAN bytes when you wish to cancel as some programs will not let you abort if only 1 CAN byte is sent.

## 21. Environmental

### 21.1 AT\*E2OTR Operational Temperature Reporting

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Description	Command	Possible Responses
Enable/disable Temperature Reporting	AT*E2OTR=<n>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+CME ERROR &lt;err&gt;</li> <li>ERROR</li> <li>OK</li> </ul>
Read current setting	AT*E2OTR?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>E2OTR: &lt;n&gt;,&lt;stat&gt;,&lt;temp&gt;</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Test if the command is supported	AT*E2OTR=?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>E2OTR: (list of supported &lt;n&gt;s)</li> <li>OK</li> <li>ERROR</li> </ul>
Unsolicited response		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>E2OTR: &lt;stat&gt;</li> </ul>

The AT\*E2OTR command enables or disables Operational Temperature unsolicited reports. When reporting is enabled, the unsolicited response \*E2OTR is sent every time the module gets in and out of operational temperature range. The unsolicited response reports the current operational temperature status (in or out of range) as defined in the table below.

If the reporting is enabled, a report will always be sent at start-up, even if there has not been a change.

A transition from -40C to -41C or from +85C to +86C will cause an unsolicited report with an out of range indication, if the module was in range.

A transition from -40C to -39C or from +85 to +84C will cause an unsolicited report with an in range indication, if the module was out of range.

The report setting is persistent and will remain after a power cycle.

Table 13. &lt;n&gt;

<n>	Description
0	Disable Operational Temperature Reporting
1	Enable Operational Temperature Reporting

Table 14. &lt;stat&gt;

<stat>	Description
0	Out of range
1	In range

Table 15. &lt;temp&gt;

<temp>	Description
(~ -50 to 100)	Integer Temperature in degree Celcius

## 22. Alphabetical Listing of AT Commands

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