

VM313

10-CHANNEL, HIGH-PERFORMANCE, THIN-FILM HEAD, READ/WRITE PREAMPLIFIER

July, 1993

FEATURES

- · High Performance:
 - Read mode gain = 150 V/V
 - Low input noise = 0.8nV/√Hz maximum
 - Input capacitance = 25 pF maximum
 - Write current range = 10 mA to 40 mA
 - Head inductance range = 200 nH to 3 µH
 - Head voltage swing = 7 Vp-p minimum
 - Write current rise time = 5 ns
- Differential Pseudo ECL Write Data Input
- Low Power Dissipation
- Enhanced System Write-to-Read Recovery Time
- Power Supply Fault Protection
- Schottky Isolated Damping Resistor Standard
- Write Unsafe Detection
- +5V and +12V Power Supply Requirement
- . Mirror Image Pinout Option Available
- Pin-Compatible with SSI 32R528
- · Available in 8, 9 or 10-Channel Options

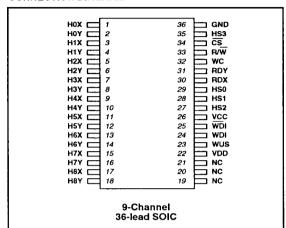
DESCRIPTION

The VM313 is a high-performance, low-power, bipolar monolithic read / write preamplifier designed for use with two-terminal thin-film recording heads. It provides write current control, data protection circuitry and a low-noise read preamplifier for ten channels. When unselected, the device enters a *sleep mode*, with power dissipation reduced to less than 180mW. Fault protection is provided so that during power supply sequencing the write current generator is disabled. System write-to-read recovery time is minimized by maintaining the read channel common-mode output voltage in the write mode.

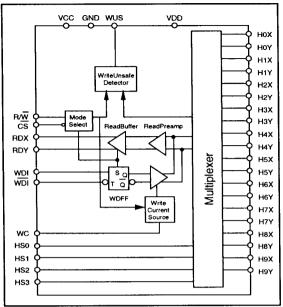
Very low power dissipation from +5V and +12V supplies is achieved through use of high-speed bipolar processing and innovative circuit design techniques. A 400-ohm damping resistor is included on-chip in series with a Schottky diode pair to maintain high input resistance in the read mode.

The VM313 is available in a variety of package configurations. Please consult VTC for package availability.

CONNECTION DIAGRAM



BLOCK DIAGRAM



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Power Supply Voltages:
V _{DD} -0.3V to +14V
V _{CC} 0.3V to +7V
Write Current (I _w)
Input Voltages:
Digital Input Voltage V _{IN} 0.3V to (V _{CC} + 0.3)V
Head Port Voltage V _H 0.3V to (V _{CC} + 0.3)V
WUS Pin Voltage Range V _{WUS} 0.3V to +14V
Output Current:
RDX, RDY: I _O 10mA
WUS: I _{WUS} +12mA
Junction Temperature,150°C
Storage Temperature Range65° to 150°C
Thermal Characteristics, O.IA:
32-lead SOIC 55°C/W
34-lead SOIC 60°C/W
36-lead SOIC 60°C/W

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

DC Power Supply Volta	ge:	
V _{DD}		12V ± 10%
V _{CC}		5V ± 10%
Junction Temperature		0°C to 125°C

CIRCUIT OPERATION

The VM313 addresses ten two-terminal thin film heads, providing write drive or read amplification. Head selection and mode control are accomplished with pins HSn, CS and RW, as shown in Tables 1 and 2. Internal resistor pullups provided on pins CS and R/W will force the device into a non-writing condition if either control line is opened accidentally.

Write Mode

Write mode configures the VM313 as a current switch and activates the write unsafe (WUS) detection circuitry. Write current is toggled between the X and Y direction of the selected head on each high-to-low transition on pins WDI - WDI (differential write data inputs).

A preceding read operation initializes the write data flip-flop (WDFF) so that upon entering the write mode current flows into the "X" head port.

The write current magnitude is determined by an external resistor connected between the WC pin and ground. An internally generated 1.71V reference voltage is present at the WC pin. The magnitude of the write current (0-pk, \pm 8%) is:

$$I_W = 1.65 \text{ V/R}_{WC}$$

Typically, an adjustment to the calculated head current is required to account for current shunted by the damping resistor. This complication is avoided in the VM313 because the internal damping resistors are series-connected with Schottky diode pairs.

In multiple-device applications, a single R_{WC} resistor may be made common to all devices.

Power supply fault protection improves data security by disabling the write current generator during a voltage fault or power supply sequencing. Additionally, the write unsafe detection circuitry will flag any of the conditions listed below with a high level on the open collector output pin, WUS.

- No write current
- Open head
- Device not selected
- WDI frequency too low
- Device in read mode
- Two negative write data transitions, after the fault is corrected, may be required to clear the WUS flag.

Read Mode

Read mode configures the VM313 as a low-noise differential amplifier and deactivates the write current generator and write unsafe detection circuitry. The RDX and RDY outputs are emitter followers and are in phase with the "X" and "Y" head ports. These outputs should be AC coupled to the load. The RDX, RDY common-mode voltage is maintained in the write mode, minimizing the transient between write mode and read mode, substantially reducing the recovery time delay to the subsequent Pulse Detection circuitry.

Idle Mode

When \overline{CS} is high, virtually the entire circuit is shut down so that power dissipation is reduced to less than 180mW for a sleep mode. Multiple devices may have their read outputs wire OR'ed together and the write current programming resistor common to all devices.

Table 1: Head Select

	- Cicci			
HSЗ	HS2	HS1	HS0	HEAD
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	1	1
0	0	1	0	2
0	0	1	1	3
0	1	0	0	4
0	1	0	1	5
0	1	1	0	6
0	1	1	1	7
1	0	0	0	8
1	0	0	1	9

Table 2: Mode Select

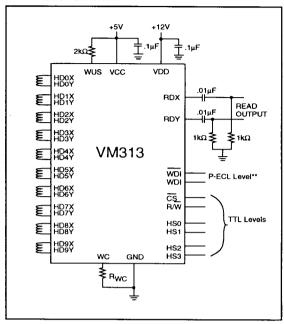
cs	R∕W	MODE
0	0	Write
0	1	Read
1	X	ldle

PIN DESCRIPTIONS

NAME	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
HS0-HS3	*	Head Select: selects one of ten heads
cs	1	Chip Select: a low level enables the device
R/W	1*	Read/Write: a high level selects Read mode
wus	ŏ	Write Unsafe: Open collector output, high level indicates an unsafe writing condition
WDI, WDI	 *	Write Data In: a negative transition (WDI-WDI) toggles the direction of the head current
H0X - H9X H0Y - H9Y	1/0	X,Y Head Connections
RDX, RDY	0,	X,Y Read Data: differential read data output
wc	•	Write Current: used to set the magnitude of the write current
vcc	-	+5V Logic Circuit Supply
VDD	-	+12V
GND	_	Ground

^{*} When more than one R/\overline{W} device is used, these signals can be wire OR'ed

TYPICAL APPLICATION



^{**} For proper operation in read or write mode the WDI/WDI inputs must be correctly biased to their respective PECL levels. They cannot float or both be tied high or low.

DC CHARACTERISTICS Unless otherwise specified, recommended operating conditions apply.

PARAMETER		CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
VDD Supply Current		Read Mode			31	
	l _{DD}	Write Mode			30 + I W	mA
		Idle Mode			12	
		Read Mode			47	
VCC Supply Current	lcc	Write Mode			27	mA
		Idle Mode			4.0	
		Read Mode		500	670	
Power Dissipation	PD	Write Mode: I _W = 20mA		625	800	mW
$(T_J = 125^{\circ}C)$		Idle Mode		105	180	
Input Low Voltage	V _I ∟	TTL			0.8	V
Input High Voltage	V _{IH}	TTL	2.0			V
Input Low Current	ηL	V _{IL} = 0.8V,TTL	-0.4			mA
Input High Current	ЧН	V _{IH} = 2.0V, TTL			100	μΑ
WDI, WDI Input High Voltage	VIH	Pseudo ECL	V _{CC} -1.0		V _{CC} - 0.7	٧
WDI, WDI Input Low Voltage	V _{IL}	Pseudo ECL	V _{CC} -1.9	-	V _{CC} - 1.6	>
WDI, WDI Input High Current	ΊΗ	V _{IH} = V _{CC} - 0.7V		•	100	μΑ
WDI, WDI Input Low Current	I _{IL}	V _{IH} = V _{CC} - 1.6V			80	μΑ
WUS Output Low Voltage	V _{OL}	I _{OL} = 8mA			0.5	٧
VDD Fault Voltage	V_{DDF}		9.0		10.5	V
VCC Fault Voltage	V _{CCF}		3.5		4.3	V
Head Current (HnX, HnY)	lн	Write Mode, 0 < V _{CC} ≤ 3.5V 0 < V _{DD} < 9V	-200		+200	μА
		Read/Idle Mode, 0 < V _{CC} < 5.5V 0 < V _{DD} < 13.2V	-200		+200	μΛ

READ CHARACTERISTICS Unless otherwise specified, recommended operating conditions apply, C_L (RDX, RDY) < 20pF and R_L (RDX, RDY) = 1k Ω .

PARAMETER	SYM	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Differential Voltage Gain	Α _V	V _{IN} = 1mVp-p @300KHz	125		175	V/V
Bandwidth	BW	-1dB Zs < 5Ω V _{IN} = 1mVp-p @300KHz	25			MHz
Dandwidth		-3dB Zs < 5Ω V _{IN} = 1mVp-p @300KHz	45			
Input Noise Voltage	e _{in}	BW = 15MHz, L _H = 0, R _H = 0		0.65	0.8	nV/√ Hz
Differential Input Capacitance	c _{IN}	V _{IN} = 1mVp-p, f = 5MHz		17	26	pF
Differential Input Resistance	R _{IN}	V _{IN} = 1mVp-p, f = 5MHz (25°C < T _A < 125°C)	500	1000		Ω
Dynamic Range	DR	AC input voltage where the gain falls to 90% of the gain @ 0.2mVrms input, f = 5MHz	2			mVrms
Common Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	V _{IN} = VCC + 100mVp-p @5MHz	54			dB
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	100mVp-p @5MHz on V _{DD} 100mVp-p @5MHz on V _{CC}	54			dB
Channel Separation	cs	Unselected channels driven with 100mVp-p @5MHz Selected Channels V _{IN} = 0mVp-p	45			dB
Output Offset Voltage	vos		-250		+250	mV
RDX,RDY Common Mode	Voor	Read Mode	V _{CC} -2.8	V _{CC} -2.3	V _{CC} -2.0	
Output Voltage	Vосм	Write Mode	V _{CC} -2.8	V _{CC} -2.3	V _{CC} -2.0	٧
Single-Ended Output Resistance	R _{SEO}	f = 5MHz			30	Ω
Output Current	lo	AC Coupled Load, RDX to RDY	3.2			mA

WRITE CHARACTERISTICS Unless otherwise specified, recommended operating conditions apply, $I_W = 20 mA$, $L_H = 1.0 \mu H$, $R_H = 30 \Omega$ and $f_{DATA} = 5 MHz$.

PARAMETER	SYM	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
WC Pin Voltage	Vwc			1.65		٧
Differential Head Voltage Swing	v _{DH}	I _W = 40mA	7			Vp-p
Unselected Head Current	luH				1	mA(pk)
Differential Output Capacitance	C _{OUT}				25	pF
Differential Output Resistance	R _{OUT}		3.2			kΩ
WDI Transition Frequency	f _{DATA}	WUS = LOW	1.7			MHz
Write Current Range	IW	41.25Ω < R _{WC} < 165Ω	10		40	mA
Write Current Tolerance	ΔlW	I _W range 10mA to 40mA	-8		+8	%

SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS (See Figure 1) Unless otherwise specified, recommended operating conditions apply, $I_W = 20\text{mA}$, $I_H = 1.0\mu\text{H}$, $I_H = 30\Omega$ and $I_{DATA} = 5\text{MHz}$.

PARAMETER	SYM	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Read to Write Mode	t _{RW}	Delay to 90% of write current			0.6	μs
R/W to Read Mode	twR	Delay to 90% of 100mV, 10MHz read signal envelope or to 90% decay of write current			0.6	μs
CS to Select	t _{IR}	Delay to 90% of write current or to 90% of 100mV, 10MHz read signal envelope			0.6	μs
CS to Unselect	t _{IW}	Delay to 10% of write current			0.6	μs
HS0, 1, 2, 3 to Any Head	tHS	Delay to 90% of 100mV, 10MHz read signal envelope			0.4	μѕ
Safe to Unsafe	t _{D1}	50% WDI to 50% WUS	0.6		3.6	μs
Unsafe to Safe	t _{D2}	50% WDI to 50% WUS			1	μs
Prop. Delay	t _{D3}	From 50% points, $L_H = 0$, $R_H = 0$			32	ns
Asymmetry	A _{SYM}	WDI has 50% duty cycle & 1ns rise/fall time, L _H = 0, R _H = 0			0.5	ns
Rise/Fall Time	t _r /t _f	10%-90% points, I _W = 20mA L _H = 0, R _H = 0			5	ns
Rise/Fall Time	t _r /t _f	10%-90% points, $I_W = 20 \text{mA}$ $L_H = 600 \text{nH}$, $R_H = 20 \Omega$			9	ns

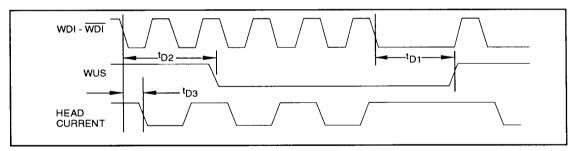


Figure 1: Write Mode Timing Diagram