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## 512K x 32 SRAM MODULE

### SYS32512ZK/LK - 020/025/30/35

Issue 1.2 : January 1999

#### Description

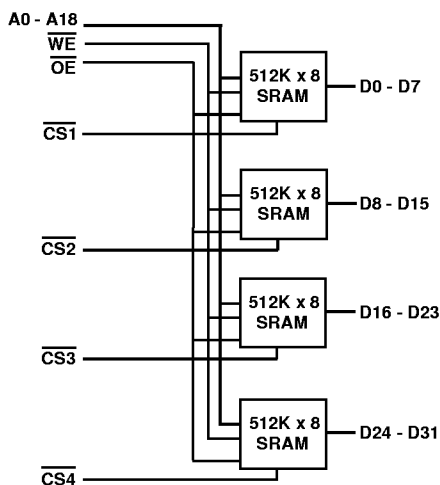
The SYS32512ZK/LK is plastic 16Mbit Static RAM Module housed in a 72 pin plastic SIMM, ZIP package organised as 512K x 32. The module utilises four fast 512K x 8 SRAMs housed in SOJ packages, mounted on one side of an FR4 epoxy substrate to achieve a very high density module.

The module has four Chip Selects, which when used correctly allow reading and writing to individual bytes or words. The pins PD0-3, are used to identify module memory density in applications where alternative modules can be interchanged.

#### Features

- Access Times of 020/025/30/35 ns.
- 72 Pin ZIP, SIMM package
- 5 Volt Supply  $\pm 10\%$ .
- Low Power Dissipation:  
Operational 4.4 W (maximum).  
Standby (-L Version) 11 mW (maximum).
- Completely Static Operation.
- On-board Supply Decoupling Capacitors.
- Upgrade path to SYS321000ZK/LK.

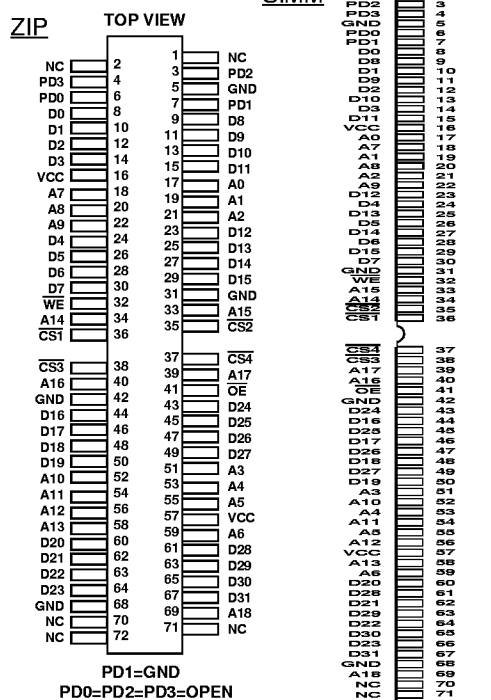
#### Block Diagram



#### Pin Functions

Address Inputs	A0~A18
Data Input/Output	D0~D31
Chip Select	CS1~4
Presence Detect	PD0~3
Write Enable	WE
Output Enable	OE
No Connect	NC
Power (+5V)	V <sub>cc</sub>
Ground	GND

#### Pin Definition



#### Package Details

Plastic 72 Pin SIMM

Plastic 72 Pin ZIP

**DC OPERATING CONDITIONS****Absolute Maximum Ratings**<sup>(1)</sup>

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Voltage on any pin relative to $V_{SS}$	$V_T^{(2)}$	-0.3	-	7.0	V
Power Dissipation	$P_T$	-	-	4.0	W
Storage Temperature	$T_{STG}$	-55	-	125	°C

Notes : (1) Stresses above those listed may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at those or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

(2)  $V_T$  can be -2.0V pulse of less than 2 ns.

**Recommended Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	$V_{CC}$	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
Input High Voltage	$V_{IH}$	2.2	-	$V_{CC}+0.3$	V
Input Low Voltage	$V_{IL}$	-0.3	-	0.8	V
Operating Temperature (Commercial)	$T_A$	0	-	70	°C
(Industrial)	$T_{AI}$	-40	-	85	°C

**DC Electrical Characteristics** ( $V_{CC}=5V\pm10\%$ )  $T_A$  0 to 70 °C

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ	max	Unit
I/P Leakage Current Address, $\overline{OE}$ , $\overline{WE}$	$I_{LI}$	$0V \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{CC}$	-8	-	8	$\mu A$
Output Leakage Current Worst Case	$I_{LO}$	$\overline{CS} = V_{IH}$ , $V_{IO} = GND$ to $V_{CC}$	-8	-	8	$\mu A$
Average Supply Current 32-bit	$I_{CC1}$	Min. Cycle, $\overline{CS} = V_{IL}$ , $V_{IL} \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{IH}$	-	-	800	mA
Standby Supply Current TTL	$I_{SB1}$	$\overline{CS} = V_{IH}$	-	-	240	mA
CMOS	$I_{SB2}$	$\overline{CS} \geq V_{CC}-0.2V$ , $0.2 \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{CC}-0.2V$	-	-	60	mA
-L Version (CMOS)	$I_{SB3}$	$\overline{CS} \geq V_{CC}-0.2V$ , $0.2 \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{CC}-0.2V$	-	-	2	mA
Output Voltage	$V_{OL}$	$I_{OL} = 8.0mA$	-	-	0.4	V
	$V_{OH}$	$I_{OH} = -4.0mA$	2.4	-	-	V

Typical values are at  $V_{CC}=5.0V$ ,  $T_A=25^\circ C$  and specified loading.  $\overline{CS}$  above refers to  $\overline{CS1\sim4}$ .

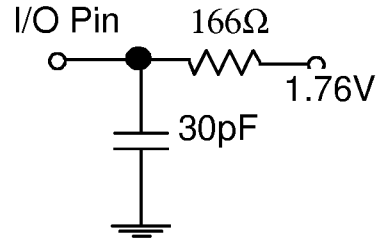
**Capacitance** ( $V_{CC}=5V\pm10\%$ ,  $T_A=25^\circ C$ )

Note: Capacitance calculated, not measured.

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	max	Unit
Input Capacitance (Address, $\overline{OE}$ , $\overline{WE}$ )	$C_{IN1}$	$V_{IN} = 0V$	24	pF
I/P Capacitance (other)	$C_{IN2}$	$V_{IN} = 0V$	6	pF
I/O Capacitance	$C_{IO}$	$V_{IO} = 0V$	40	pF

**AC Test Conditions****Output Load**

- \* Input pulse levels: 0V to 3.0V
- \* Input rise and fall times: 3ns
- \* Input and Output timing reference levels: 1.5V
- \* Output load: see diagram
- \*  $V_{CC}=5V\pm 10\%$

**Operation Truth Table**

$\overline{CS}$	$\overline{OE}$	$\overline{WE}$	DATA PINS	SUPPLY CURRENT	MODE
H	X	X	High Impedance	$I_{SB1}, I_{SB2}, I_{SB3}$	Standby
L	L	H	Data Out	$I_{CC1}$	Read
L	H	L	Data In	$I_{CC1}$	Write
L	L	L	Data In	$I_{CC1}$	Write
L	H	H	High-Impedance	$I_{SB1}, I_{SB2}, I_{SB3}$	High-Z

Notes : H =  $V_{IH}$  : L =  $V_{IL}$  : X =  $V_{IH}$  or  $V_{IL}$

**Low  $V_{CC}$  Data Retention Characteristics - L Version Only**

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	min	typ <sup>(1)</sup>	max	Unit
$V_{CC}$ for Data Retention	$V_{DR}$	$\overline{CS} \geq V_{CC}-0.2V$				
Data Retention Current		$V_{CC} = 3.0V, \overline{CS} \geq V_{CC}-0.2V$	2.0	-	5.5	V
	$I_{CCDR1}^{(2)}$	$T_{OP} = T_A$	-	-	1.0	mA
Chip Deselect to Data Retention Time	$t_{CDR}$	See Retention Waveform	0	-	-	ns
Operation Recovery Time	$t_R$	See Retention Waveform	5	-	-	ms

Notes (1) Typical figures are measured at 25°C.

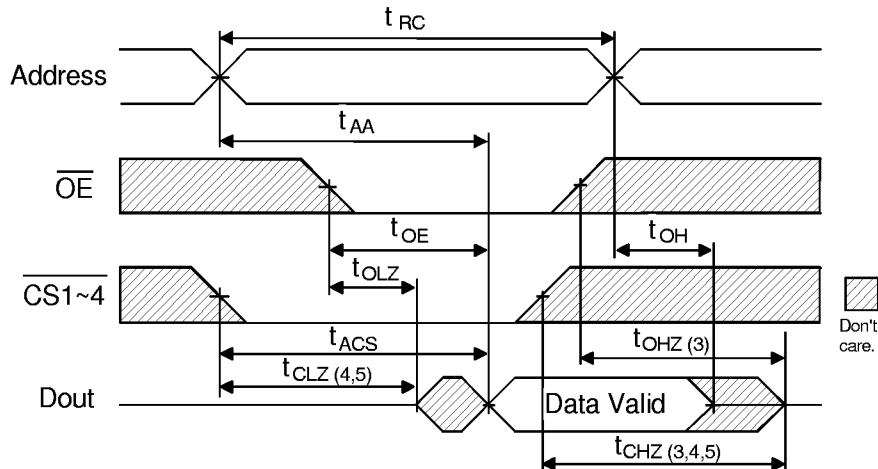
(2) This parameter is guaranteed not tested.

**AC OPERATING CONDITIONS****Read Cycle**

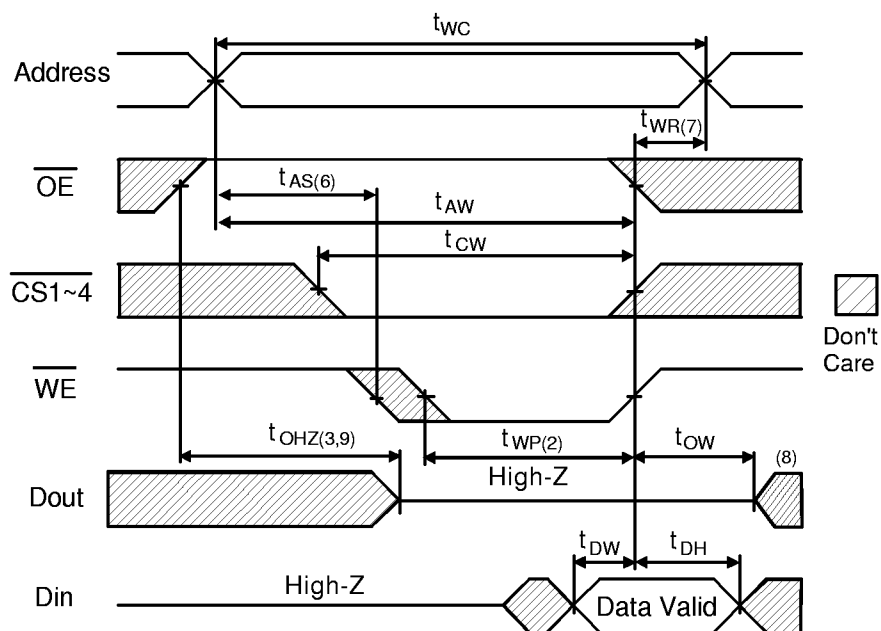
Parameter	Symbol	-20		-25		-30		-35		Unit
		min	max	min	max	min	max	min	max	
Read Cycle Time	$t_{RC}$	20	-	25	-	30	-	35	-	ns
Address Access Time	$t_{AA}$	-	20	-	25	-	30	-	35	ns
Chip Select Access Time	$t_{ACS}$	-	20	-	25	-	30	-	35	ns
Output Enable to Output Valid	$t_{OE}$	-	10	-	12	-	14	-	16	ns
Output Hold from Address Change	$t_{OH}$	3	-	3	-	3	-	3	-	ns
Chip Selection to Output in Low Z	$t_{CLZ}$	3	-	3	-	3	-	3	-	ns
Output Enable to Output in Low Z	$t_{OLZ}$	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	ns
Chip Deselection to O/P in High Z	$t_{CHZ}$	0	8	0	10	0	13	0	15	ns
Output Disable to Output in High Z	$t_{OHZ}$	0	8	0	10	0	13	0	15	ns

**Write Cycle**

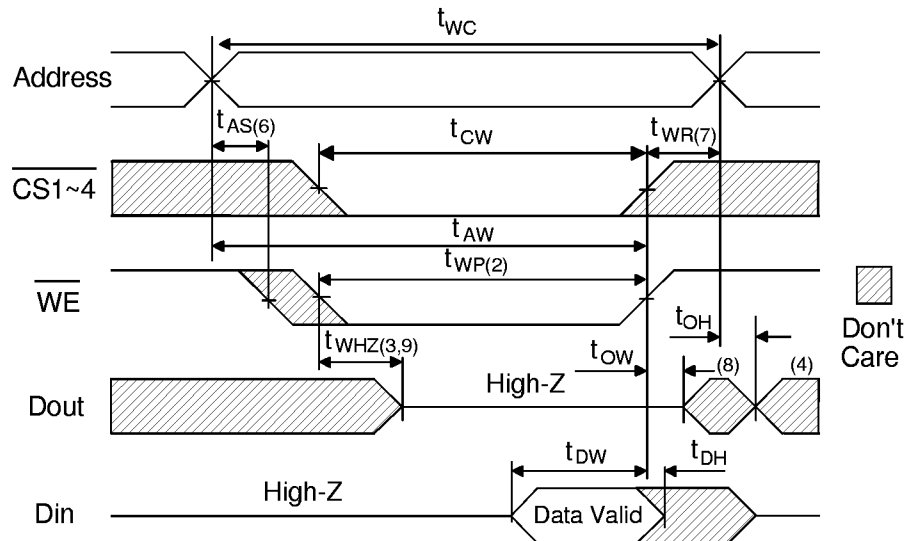
Parameter	Symbol	-20		-25		-30		-35		Unit
		min	max	min	max	min	max	min	max	
Write Cycle Time	$t_{WC}$	20	-	25	-	30	-	35	-	ns
Chip Selection to End of Write	$t_{CW}$	15	-	17	-	20	-	25	-	ns
Address Valid to End of Write	$t_{AW}$	15	-	17	-	20	-	25	-	ns
Address Setup Time	$t_{AS}$	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	ns
Write Pulse Width	$t_{WP}$	15	-	17	-	20	-	25	-	ns
Write Recovery Time	$t_{WR}$	3	-	3	-	3	-	3	-	ns
Write to Output in High Z	$t_{WHZ}$	0	8	0	10	0	12	0	12	ns
Data to Write Time Overlap	$t_{DW}$	10	-	12	-	15	-	15	-	ns
Data Hold from Write Time	$t_{DH}$	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	ns
Output active from End of Write	$t_{OW}$	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	ns

**Read Cycle Timing Waveform<sup>(1,2)</sup>****AC Read Characteristics Notes**

- (1)  $\overline{WE}$  is High for Read Cycle.
- (2) All read cycle timing is referenced from the last valid address to the first transition address.
- (3)  $t_{CHZ}$  and  $t_{OHZ}$  are defined as the time at which the outputs achieve open circuit conditions and are not referenced to output voltage levels.
- (4) At any given temperature and voltage condition,  $t_{CHZ}$  (max) is less than  $t_{CLZ}$  (min) both for a given module and from module to module.
- (5) These parameters are sampled and not 100% tested.

**Write Cycle No.1 Timing Waveform<sup>(1,4)</sup>**

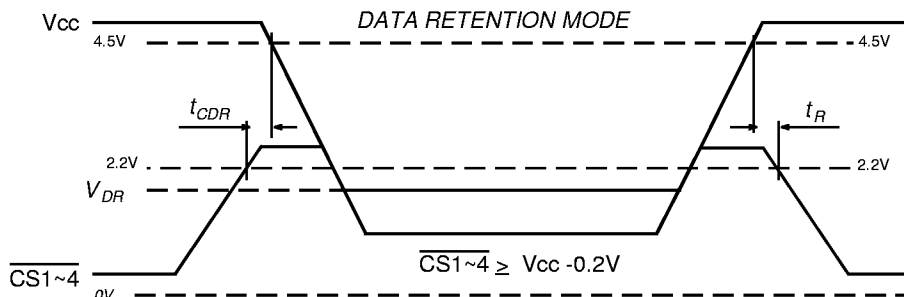
### Write Cycle No.2 Timing Waveform <sup>(1,5)</sup>



### AC Write Characteristics Notes

- (1) All write cycle timing is referenced from the last valid address to the first transition address.
- (2) All writes occur during the overlap of  $\overline{CS1\sim4}$  and  $\overline{WE}$  low.
- (3) If  $\overline{OE}$ ,  $\overline{CS1\sim4}$ , and  $\overline{WE}$  are in the Read mode during this period, the I/O pins are low impedance state. Inputs of opposite phase to the output must not be applied because bus contention can occur.
- (4)  $\overline{Dout}$  is the Read data of the new address.
- (5)  $\overline{OE}$  is continuously low.
- (6) Address is valid prior to or coincident with  $\overline{CS1\sim4}$  and  $\overline{WE}$  low, too avoid inadvertant writes.
- (7)  $\overline{CS1\sim4}$  or  $\overline{WE}$  must be high during address transitions.
- (8) When  $\overline{CS1\sim4}$  are low : I/O pins are in the output state. Input signals of opposite phase leading to the output should not be applied.
- (9) Defined as the time at which the outputs achieve open circuit conditions and are not referenced to output voltage levels. These parameters are sampled and not 100% tested.

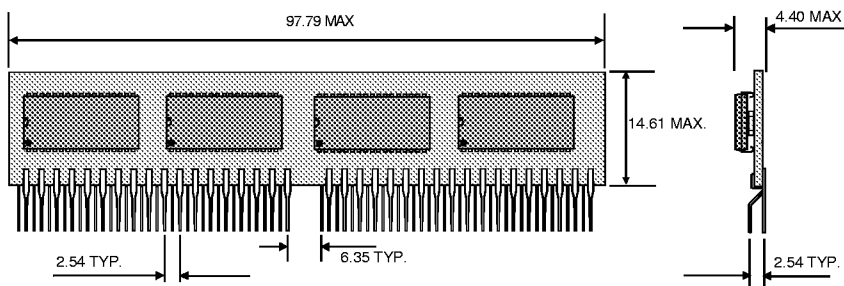
### Data Retention Waveform



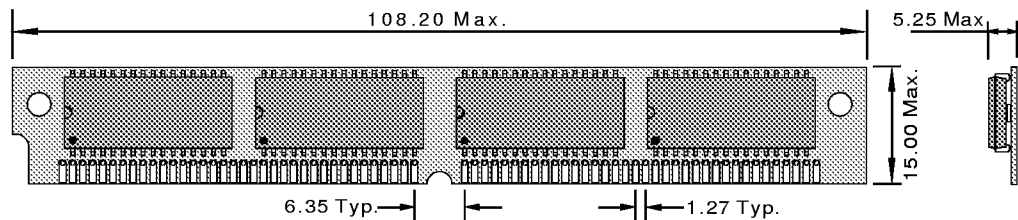
Package Information

Dimensions in mm

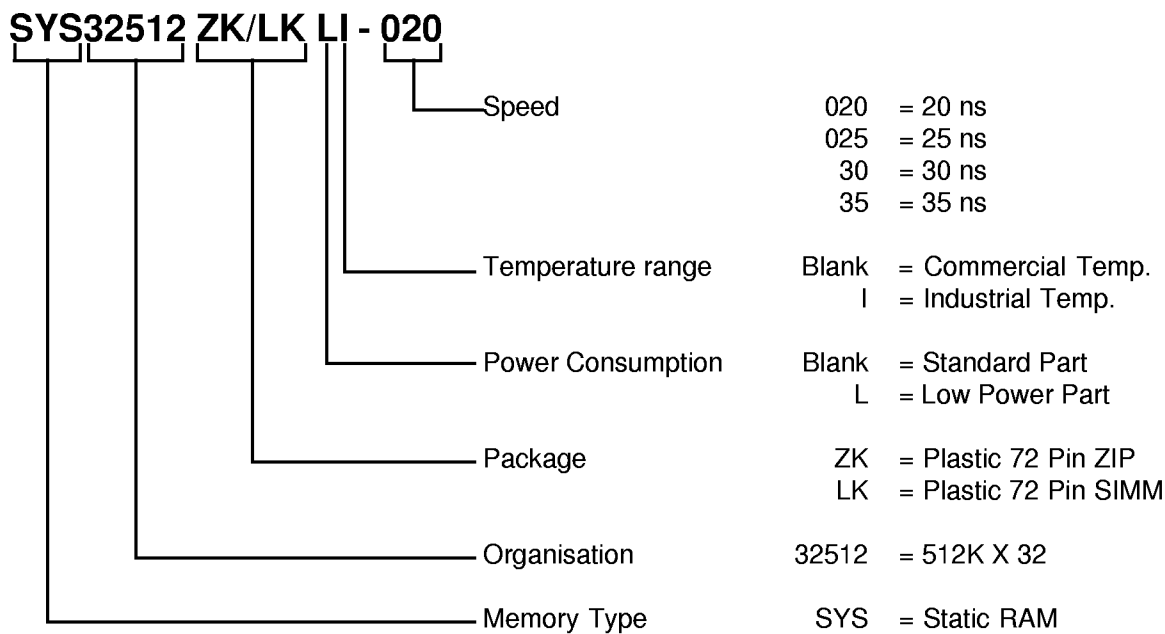
Plastic 72 Pin ZIP



Plastic 72 Pin SIMM



Ordering Information



**Note :**

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Our products are subject to a constant process of development. Data may be changed at any time without notice.

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