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TFT COLOR LCD MODULE

Type: NL10276AC30-04L 38cm (15 Type), XGA

SPECIFICATIONS

(Second Edition)

PRELIMINARY

This document is preliminary. All information in this document is subject to change without prior notice.

NEC Corporation

| NEC Electron Devices | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------|--|--|--|
| Display Device Operations Unit | | | | | |
| Color LCD D | ivision | | | | |
| Application E | Ingineering Department | | | | |
| Approved | allinto | Dec. 7, 2000 | | | |
| Checked | 7. Kusanagi | Dec. 7, 2000 | | | |
| Prepared | R. Karastina | Dec. 7, 2000 | | | |

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DOD-H-8237

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1. DESCRIPTION

NL10276AC30-04L is a TFT (thin film transistor) active matrix color liquid crystal display (LCD) comprising amorphous silicon TFT attached to each signal electrode, a driving circuit and a backlight. NL10276AC30-04L has a built-in backlight with an inverter.

The 38cm(15 Type) diagonal display area contains 1024×768 pixels and can display 262144 colors simultaneously.

2. FEATURES

- •TMDS interface (SiI851, Silicon Image, Inc.)
- · Wide viewing angle (with Retardation Film)
- Expansion functions
- ·Corresponding to DDC2B
- ·High luminance and Low reflection
- · High contrast
- ·Luminance control (variable steps and two steps)
- ·Incorporated edge type backlight
- · Replaceable lamp holders
- · Replaceable inverter
- · Approved by UL1950 Third Edition (File No. E170632) and CSA-C22.2 No.950-95 (File No. E170632)

3. APPLICATION

PC monitor

4. STRUCTURE AND FUNCTIONS

A color TFT (thin film transistor) LCD module is comprised of a TFT liquid crystal panel structure, LSIs for driving the TFT array, and a backlight assembly. Sandwiching liquid crystal material in the narrow gap between a TFT array glass substrate and a color filter glass substrate creates the TFT panel structure. And the driver LSIs are connected to the panel, the backlight assembly is attached to the backside of the panel. RGB (red, green, blue) data signals from a source system are modulated into a form suitable for active matrix addressing by the onboard signal processor and sent to the driver LSIs which in turn addresses the individual TFT cells.

Acting as an Electro-optical switch, each TFT cell regulates light transmission from the backlight assembly when activated by the data source. By regulating the amount of light passing through the array of red, green, and blue dots, color images are created with clarity.

5. OUTLINE OF CHARACTERISTICS (at room temperature)

Display area $304.128 \text{ (H)} \times 228.096 \text{ (V)} \text{mm}$

Drive system a-Si TFT active matrix

Display colors 262,144 colors

Number of pixels 1024×768

Pixel arrangement RGB vertical stripe

Pixel pitch $0.297 \text{ (H)} \times 0.297 \text{ (V)mm}$

Module size $350.0 \text{ (H)} \times 265.0 \text{ (V)} \times 20.0 \text{ Typ. (D)} \text{ mm}$

Weight 1350 g (Typ.)

Contrast ratio 200:1 (Typ.)

Viewing angle (more than the contrast ratio of 10:1)

•Horizontal: 60 ° (Typ., left side, right side)

• Vertical: 40 ° (Typ., up side), 50 ° (Typ., down side)

Designed viewing direction

·Wider viewing angle without image reversal: up side

•Wider viewing angle with contrast ratio: down side 5° (Typ.)

•Optimum grayscale ($\gamma = 2.2$): perpendicular

Polarizer Pencil-hardness 3 H (Min., at JIS K5400)

Color gamut 40 % (Typ., At center, To NTSC)

Response time 15 ms (Typ.), white to black $(100\% \rightarrow 10\%)$

Luminance 200 cd/m² (Typ.)

Signal system TMDS interface (1port)

(SiI851, Silicon Image, Inc.)

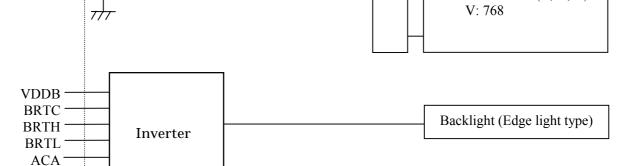
Supply voltage 12V (Logic, LCD driving), 12V (Backlight)

Backlight Edge light type: Two cold cathode fluorescent lamps with inverter

[Replaceable parts]

Lamp holder: type No.150LHS11Inverter: type No.141PW201

Power consumption 13.1 W (Typ., Checker flag pattern, at 200 cd/m² Typ.)



V-Driver

Power supply

6. BLOCK DIAGRAM

LCD module

24LC21A

EEPROM

SiI851 (Silicon Image)

DC/DC

Converter

Controller

I/F

SCL

SDA ·

TX0+/-TX1+/-TX2+/-TXC+/-

VCC _

GND -

FG

GNDB:

Note1: GND is signal ground for logic and LCD driving. GND is connected to FG (frame ground) in the LCD module and neither GND nor FG are connected to GNDB (backlight ground). These grounds should be connected to system ground in customer equipment.

H: 1024 x 3 (R, G, B)

7. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

| Items | Specifications | Unit |
|-------------------|--|-------|
| Module size | 350.0 ± 0.6 (H) \times 265.0 ±0.6 (V) \times 20.5 Max. (D) | mm |
| Display area | 304.128 (H) × 228.096 (V) | mm |
| | [Diagonal display area: 38cm (Type 15.0)] | |
| Number of pixels | 1024 (H) × 768 (V) | pixel |
| Dot pitch | 0.099 (H) × 0.297 (V) | mm |
| Pixel pitch | 0.297 (H) × 0.297 (V) | mm |
| Pixel arrangement | RGB (red, green, blue) vertical stripe | _ |
| Display colors | 262,144 (RGB, 6bit) | color |
| Weight | 1350(Typ.), 1500(Max.) | g |

8. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

| Parameters | Symbols | Ratings | Unit | Remarks |
|--|---------|---|------------------|--------------------------------|
| Cumply voltage | VCC | -0.3 to +14 | V | Ta = 25°C |
| Supply voltage | VDDB | -0.3 to +14 | V | 1a - 25 C |
| Logic input voltage | Vi | -0.3 to VCC+0.3 | V | |
| Logic input voltage (backlight-logic signal) | ViBL1 | -0.3 to +5.5 | V | $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$ VDDB=12V |
| Logic input voltage (backlight-BRTL signal) | ViBL2 | -0.3 to +1.5 | V | V D D B – 12 V |
| Storage temperature | Tst | -20 to +60 | $^{\circ}$ C | |
| Operating temperature | Тор | 0 to +50 | $^{\circ}$ C | Module surface Note 1 |
| Relative humidit | .y | ≤ 95 | % | Ta≤40°C |
| (RH) | Note 2 | ≤ 85 | % | 40°C < Ta≤50°C |
| Absolute humidity Note 2 | | Absolute humidity shall not exceed Ta=50°C, Relative humidity =85% level. | g/m ³ | Ta>50°C |

Note1: Measure at the display area (including self heat)

Note2: No condensation

9. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(1) Logic/ LCD driving

 $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$

| Parameters | Symbols | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Remarks |
|----------------------|---------|------|--------------|--------------|------|-----------|
| Supply voltage | VCC | 11.4 | 12.0 | 12.6 | V | _ |
| Ripple voltage | VRP | _ | _ | 100 | mV | for VCC |
| Input voltage Note | 1 VI | _ | 0.5 | _ | V | RT=500Ω |
| Terminating resistor | RT | _ | 500 | _ | Ω | _ |
| Supply current | ICC | _ | 230 Note2 | 400 Note3 | mA | VCC=12.0V |

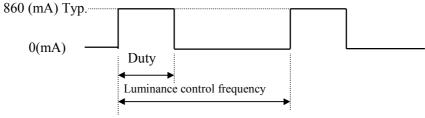
Note1: Terminal control resistor (Rext_res) of TMDS receiver is 500Ω (settlement).

Note2: Checker flag pattern (in EIAJ ED-2522)

Note3: Theoretical maximum current pattern

(2) Backlight $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$

| (2) Buckingin | | | | | | 14 25 C | |
|-------------------------|---------|------|------|------|------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Parameters | Symbols | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Remarks | |
| Supply voltage | VDDB | 10.8 | 12.0 | 13.2 | V | Backlight power supply | |
| Logic input "L" voltage | ViL1 | 0 | _ | 0.6 | V | for BRTP | |
| Logic input "H" voltage | ViH1 | 4.5 | _ | 5.25 | V | TIOT BRIP | |
| Logic input "L" voltage | ViL2 | 0 | _ | 0.8 | V | for BRTC, ACA, BRTL, | |
| Logic input "H" voltage | ViH2 | 2.2 | _ | 5.25 | V | PWSEL | |
| Logic input "L" current | IiL1 | -1.0 | _ | _ | mA | fDDTD | |
| Logic input "H" current | IiH1 | _ | _ | 10 | mA | for BRTP | |
| Logic input "L" current | IiL2 | -1.0 | _ | _ | mA | for BRTC, ACA, BRTL, | |
| Logic input "H" current | IiH2 | _ | _ | 0.8 | mA | PWSEL | |
| Supply current | IDDB | _ | 860 | 1000 | mA | VDDB=12.0V (at Max. luminance) | |



Maximum luminance control: 100% Minimum luminance control: 20%

Luminance control frequency: 243 to 297 Hz 270Hz(Typ.)

Please see 11.INTERFACE PIN CONNECTIONS (4) Luminance control.

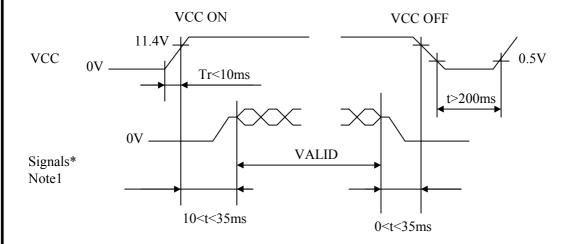
(3)Fuse

This LCD module uses fuses as follows.

| Supply voltage | Part No. | Supplier | Ratings | Remarks |
|----------------|----------------------|-------------|----------|-----------------|
| VCC | ICP-S1.2 | ROHM | 50V/1.2A | - |
| VDDB | ①R433002 ②R429002 | LITTLE FUSE | 63V/2A | ① or ② is used. |

Remark: Before the power is designed, fuses should be considered. The power capacity should be used more than 2.0 times of fuses rating. When the power capacity is less than 2.0 times of fuses rating, the module must be evaluated enough from safety point of view.

10. SUPPLY VOLTAGE SEQUENCE



* Signals: Hsync, Vsync, DE, CLK, R0 to R5, G0 to G5, B0 to B5

Note1: The values of signals are in terminal of resistor 100 Ω .

Remark1: Logic signals (synchronous signals and control signals) should be "0" voltage (V), when VCC is not input. If input voltage to signal lines is higher than 0.3 V, the internal circuit will be damaged.

Remark2: When the power supply voltage (VCC) fluctuates less than 11.4V, the LCD module may not be worked by the protection circuit.

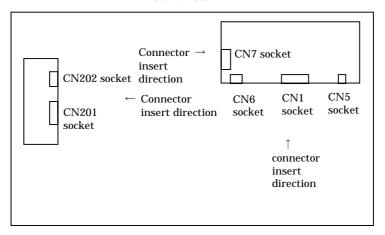
Remark3: Turn on the backlight should be controlled while logic signals are supplied. The backlight power supply (VDDB) is not related to the power supply sequence. However, unstable data will be displayed when the backlight power is turned ON with no logic signals.

Remark4: 12V for backlight should be started up within 80ms, otherwise, the protection circuit makes the backlight turn off.

11. INTERFACE PIN CONNECTIONS

(1)Connector locations

Rear view



Remark 1: Same terminal of CN201 and CN202 use either one.

Remark2: CN5 should be opened.

(2) Interface connector for signals and power

CN1 socket: FI-XD7S-HF

Adaptable plug: FI-XD7H, FI-XD7M

Supplier: Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE)

| Supplier. | Japan Aviation Electronics industry Limited (JAE) | | | | |
|-----------|---|------------------|--|--|--|
| Pin No. | Symbols | I/O | Descriptions | | |
| 1 | RX2+ | Input | TMDS differential data input R (+) Note1 | | |
| 2 | RX2- | Input | TMDS differential data input R (-) Note1 | | |
| 3 | GND | _ | GND for logic and LCD driving | | |
| 4 | RX1+ | Input | TMDS differential data input G (+) Note1 | | |
| 5 | RX1- | Input | TMDS differential data input G (-) Note1 | | |
| 6 | GND | _ | GND for logic and LCD driving | | |
| 7 | RX0+ | Input | TMDS differential data input B (+) Note1 | | |
| 8 | RX0- | Input | TMDS differential data input B (-) Note1 | | |
| 9 | GND | _ | GND for logic and LCD driving | | |
| 10 | RXC+ | Input | TMDS differential clock input (+) Note1 | | |
| 11 | RXC- | Input | TMDS differential clock input (-) Note1 | | |
| 12 | GND | _ | GND for logic and LCD driving | | |
| 13 | N.C. | _ | Non-connection, Keep the terminal open. | | |
| 14 | N.C. | | Non-connection, Keep the terminal open. | | |
| 15 | GND | _ | GND for logic and LCD driving | | |
| 16 | SENS | Output | Connection detective signal | | |
| 17 | +5V_DC | Input | +5V power supply (DDC power supply) | | |
| 18 | GND | _ | GND for logic and LCD driving | | |
| 19 | SDA | Input/ Output | Data for DDC | | |
| 20 | SCL | Input | Clock for DDC | | |

Note1: Use 50Ω twist pair wires for the cable.

Remark1: Do not keep pins free (except 13 and 14) to avoid noise issue.

CN1 socket: Figure from socket view

1 2 19 20

CN6 socket: IL-Z-8PL-SMTY Adaptable plug: IL-Z-8S-S125C3

Supplier: Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE)

| Pin No. | Symbols | I/O | Descriptions | | | |
|---------|---------|-------|---|--|--|--|
| 1 | BRTH | Immut | (A) I | | | |
| 2 | BRTL | Input | Luminance control signal, Please see (4) Luminance control. | | | |
| 3 | GNDB | | D-11:141 | | | |
| 4 | GNDB | _ | Backlight ground | | | |
| 5 | GND | _ | GND for logic and LCD driving | | | |
| 6 | VDDB | Immut | Down comply for healtlight + 1237 ± 50/ | | | |
| 7 | VDDB | Input | Power supply for backlight $+12V \pm 5\%$ | | | |
| 8 | VCC | Input | Power supply for LCD driving +12V ±5% | | | |

CN6 socket: Figure from socket view

8 7.....3 2 1

CN7 socket: IL-Z-11PL-SMTY Adaptable plug: IL-Z-11S-S125C3

Supplier: Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE)

| варриет. | * **P **** | Tutten Bitt | tromes madsiry Emitted (571E) |
|----------|------------|-------------|--|
| Pin No. | Symbols | I/O | Descriptions |
| 1 | N.C. | | Non-connection, Keep the terminal open. |
| 2 | BRTL | Output | Luminance control signal, Connect to CN201 Pin No.10 or CN202 Pin No.6 |
| 3 | BRTH | Output | Luminance control signal, Connect to CN201 Pin No.9 or CN202 Pin No.5 |
| 4 | BRTC | Output | Backlight ON/OFF control signal "H": DE signal is input to SiI851 chip. "L": DE signal is no input to SiI851 chip. Connect to Pin No.8 of CN201 or Pin No.4 of CN202 |
| 5 | N.C. | _ | Non-connection, Keep the terminal open. |
| 6 | GNDB | | |
| 7 | GNDB | _ | Ground for backlight, Connect to GNDB of CN201 or CN202. |
| 8 | GNDB | | |
| 9 | VDDB | | |
| 10 | VDDB | Output | 12V_DC, Connect to VDDB of CN201 |
| 11 | VDDB | | |

CN7 socket: Figure from socket view

11 103 2 1

Remark 1: Do not keep pins free (except 1 and 5 of CN7) to avoid noise issue.

(3) Connector for backlight unit

CN201 socket: IL-Z-11PL1-SMTY Adaptable plug: IL-Z-11S-S125C3

Supplier: Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE)

| Pin No. | Symbols | I/O | Descriptions |
|---------|---------|-------|--|
| 1 | VDDB | | |
| 2 | VDDB | Input | Power supply for backlight $+12V \pm 5\%$ |
| 3 | VDDB | | |
| 4 | GNDB | | |
| 5 | GNDB | _ | Ground for backlight |
| 6 | GNDB | | |
| 7 | ACA | Input | Luminance control signal "H" or "Open" : Normal luminance 100% "L" : Low luminance (1/2 of normal luminance) |
| 8 | BRTC | Input | Backlight ON/OFF control signal "H" or "Open" : Backlight ON "L" : Backlight OFF |
| 9 | BRTH | Innut | Luminanae control signal Places see (4) Luminanae control |
| 10 | BRTL | Input | Luminance control signal, Please see (4) Luminance control. |
| 11 | N.C. | _ | Non-connection, Keep the terminal open. |

CN201 socket: Figure from socket view

11 103 2 1

CN202 socket: IL-Z-9PL1-SMTY Adaptable plug: IL-Z-9S-S125C3

Supplier: Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE)

| Supplier | Supplier. Japan Aviation Electronics industry Elimited (JAE) | | | | | |
|----------|--|------------|---|---|--|--|
| Pin No. | Symbols | I/O | Descriptions | | | |
| 1 | GNDB | | Ground for backlight | | | |
| 2 | GNDB | | Ground for backlight | | | |
| | | | Luminance control signal | | | |
| 3 | ACA | Input | "H" or "Open": Normal luminance 100% | | | |
| | | | "L" : Low luminance (1/2 of normal luminance) | | | |
| | | | Backlight ON/OFF control signal | | | |
| 4 | BRTC | Input | "H" or "Open" : Backlight ON | | | |
| | | | "L" : Backlight OFF | | | |
| 5 | BRTH | | | | | |
| 6 | BRTL | Input | Luminance control signal, Please see (4) Luminance control. | | | |
| 7 | BRTP | | | | | |
| 8 | GNDB | _ | Ground for backlight | | | |
| 0 | PWSEL | DWCEL | Innut | Select signal of PWM luminance control function | | |
| 9 | | WSEL Input | Please see (4) Luminance control. | | | |

CN202 socket: Figure from socket view

9 83 2 1

(4) Luminance control

| () = ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | | | |
|--|--------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| Form | PWM | Voltage | Variable resistor |
| How to adjust | PWSEL="L" | PWSEL="H" or "Ope | n" and BRTP="OPEN" |
| | See OUTSIDE | BRTH should be fixed to 0V to control | The variable resistor for luminance control |
| | CONTROL | luminance by voltage. The range of | should be $10 \text{ k}\Omega$ type, and zero point of the |
| | FOR | input voltage between BRTL and | resistor corresponds to the minimum of |
| | LUMINANCE | GNDB is as follows. | luminance. |
| | | Maximum luminance: 1V(100%) | |
| | | Minimum luminance: 0V(30%) | BRTH BRTL |
| | | | $I \sim \Lambda \Lambda \Lambda \sim I$ |
| | | | V V V |
| | | | |
| | | | ACA=H |
| | | | Maximum luminance: R=10 kΩ(100%) |
| | | | Minimum luminance : $R=0 \Omega(30\%)$ |
| | | | Mating variable resistor: 10 kΩ |
| | | | B curve, 1/10W |

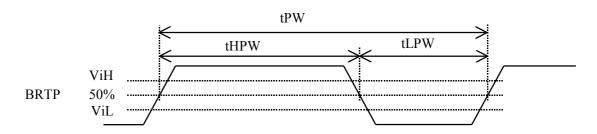
[OUTSIDE CONTROL FOR LUMINANCE]

Outside control is valid, when PWSEL="L" and input signal for BRTP. Luminance can be controlled by the duty value of input signal for BRTP.

Duty=100%: luminance is maximum.

Duty=20%: luminance is minimum.

BRTC must not fix on "L" in the condition of PWSEL= "L" and BRTC ="H" or "Open". Otherwise, the inverter stops. In this case, even if BRTP pulse is input again, the backlight will not turn on. Please input power supply to the inverter again.



| Parameters | Symbols | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units | Remarks |
|---------------|----------|------|------|------|-------|--|
| Frequency | 1/tPW | 185 | _ | 340 | Hz | Note1 |
| "L" period | tLPW | _ | _ | 50 | ms | Note2 |
| Pulse-width | tHPW/tPW | 20 | | 100 | % | Duty=100%: Luminance is maximum. Duty=20%: Luminance is minimum. |
| Luminance | Lu | 30 | _ | 100 | % | _ |
| Innut valtage | ViL | _ | _ | 0.6 | V | _ |
| Input voltage | ViH | 4.5 | _ | | V | _ |

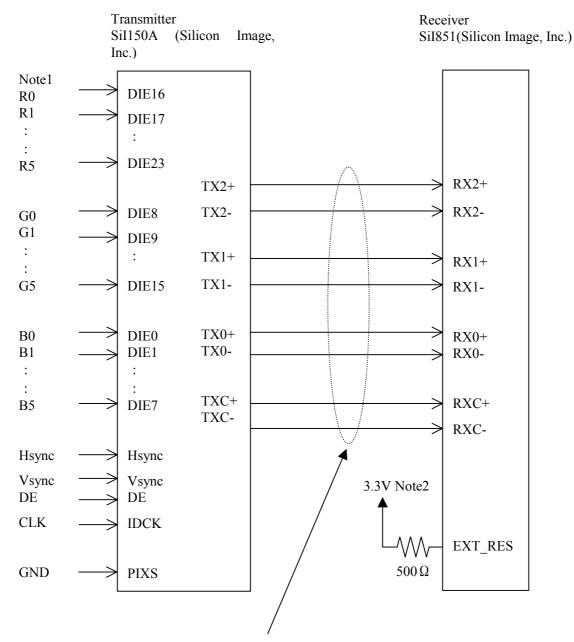
Note1: Regarding set up for frequency, refer to the below method.

Set up frequency = Vsync frequency \times (n+0.25) or (n+0.75)

Adopt the frequency evaluating the display quality, because the display will be disturbed depend on frequency.

Note2: The backlight is turned off with safety circuit, when "L" period of BRTP signal is input more than 50 ms.

12. METHOD OF CONNECTION FOR SiI150A



Use 50Ω twist pair wires for the cable.

Note1: These signals should be kept in the specified range of 15. INPUT SIGNAL TIMINGS.

Note2: LCD internal voltage

13. DISPLAY COLORS vs INPUT DATA SIGNALS

| Diamlay | aalars | Data s | ignal(0: Low level, 1: Hig | sh level) |
|----------------|----------------------|--|---|--|
| Display colors | | R5 R4 R3 R2 R1 R0 | G5 G4 G3 G2 G1 G0 | B5 B4 B3 B2 B1 B0 |
| | Black Blue Red | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 | $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ |
| Basic | Magenta | 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 1 1 1 1 1 1 |
| colors | Green | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 |
| | Cyan | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 1 1 1 1 1 1 |
| | Yellow | 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 |
| | White | 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 1 1 1 1 1 1 |
| | Black | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 |
| | | 0 0 0 0 0 1 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 |
| | dark | 0 0 0 0 1 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 |
| Red | Î | : | : | : |
| grayscale | ↓ | : | : | : |
| | bright | 1 1 1 1 0 1 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 |
| | D . 1 | 1 1 1 1 1 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 |
| | Red | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 |
| | Black | | $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | 0 0 0 0 0 0 |
| | dark | $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 &$ | $egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | $egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ |
| Green | uai k ↑ | | 0 0 0 0 1 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 |
| grayscale | | | • | |
| grayscare | bright | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 1 1 1 1 0 1 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 |
| | origin | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | 0 0 0 0 0 0 |
| | Green | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 |
| | Black | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 |
| | | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 1 |
| | dark | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 1 0 |
| Blue | ↑ | : | : | : |
| grayscale | <u> </u> | : | : | : |
| | bright | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 1 1 1 1 0 1 |
| | _ | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 1 1 1 1 1 0 |
| | Blue | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 1 1 1 1 1 1 |

Note1: Colors are developed in combination with 6-bit signals (64 steps in grayscale) of each primary red, green, and blue color. This process can result in up to 262,144 ($64 \times 64 \times 64$) colors.

14. EXPANSION FUNCTIONS

Expansion mode is a function to expand screen. For example, VGA signal has 640×480 pixels. But, if the display data can expanded to 1.6 times vertically and horizontally, VGA screen image can be displayed fully on the screen of XGA resolution.

This LCD module has the function that expands vertical direction as shown in 7.9 (1). And expanding horizontal direction is possible by setting input CLK frequency equivalent to the magnification. It is necessary to make this CLK outside of this LCD module.

Please adopt this mode after evaluating display quality, because the appearance in expansion mode is happened to be relatively bad in some cases.

The followings show display magnifications for each mode.

| Input | Number of | Magnification | | | | |
|---------|-------------------|---------------|------------|--|--|--|
| display | pixels | Vertical | Horizontal | | | |
| XGA | 1024×768 | 1 | 1 | | | |
| SVGA | 800×600 | 1.28 | 1.28 | | | |
| VGA | 640×480 | 1.6 | 1.6 | | | |

15. INPUT SIGNAL TIMINGS

(1) Input signal specifications for LCD controller

XGA mode

| | Parameters | Symbols | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Remarks |
|-------|---------------------------------------|---------|--------|----------------|------|-----------|------------------|
| CLK | Frequency | 1/tc | _ | 65.0 15.385 | _ | MHz ns | _ |
| | Rise, fall | terf | | • | | ns | |
| | Duty | tch/tc | Note1 | | | | <u> </u> |
| Hsync | D 1 | 41. | | 20.676 | | μ s | 40.2621 H. (T) |
| | Period | th | | 1344 | † — | CLK | 48.363kHz (Typ.) |
| | Display period | thd | | 1024 | _ | CLK | _ |
| | Front-porch | thf | _ | 24 | | CLK | _ |
| | Pulse width | thp * | _ | 136 | _ | CLK | _ |
| | Back-porch | thb * | _ | 160 | _ | CLK | _ |
| | * thp + | thb | _ | 296 | _ | CLK | _ |
| | Hsync-CLK timing | ths | | | | ns | _ |
| | CLK-Hsync timing | thh | | | ns | _ | |
| | DE-CLK timing | tes | | Note1 | ns | _ | |
| | CLK-DE timing | teh | | | | ns | _ |
| | Rise, fall | thrf | | | | ns | _ |
| Vsync | Period | tv | _ | 16.666 806 | _ | ms H | 60.004Hz (Typ.) |
| | Display period | tvd | _ | 768 | _ | Н | _ |
| | Front-porch | tvf | | 3 | _ | Н | _ |
| | Pulse width | tvp * | | 6 | _ | Н | _ |
| | Back-porch | tvb * | | 29 | _ | Н | _ |
| | * tvp + 1 | tvb | | 35 | _ | Н | _ |
| | Vsync-Hsync timing Hsync-Vsync timing | | | | | CLK | _ |
| | | | | | | CLK | |
| | Rise, fall | tvrf | Note 1 | | | ns | _ |
| DATA | DATA-CLK (Set up) | tds | | | | ns | _ |
| | CLK-DATA (Hold) | tdh | | | ns | _ | |

SVGA mode

| SVGA | Parameters | Symbols | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Remarks |
|-------|--------------------|---------|------|---------------|------|---------|-------------------|
| CLK | Frequency | 1/tc | _ | 40.0 25.0 | _ | MHz | _ |
| | Rise, fall | terf | | Note 1 | | ns | |
| | Duty | tch/tc | | Note 1 | | — | |
| Hsync | Period | th | | 26.399 | | μ s | 37.897kHz (Typ.) |
| | renou | un | _ | 1058 | | CLK | 37.897KHZ (1 yp.) |
| | Display period | thd | _ | 800 | _ | CLK | _ |
| | Front-porch | thf | _ | 40 | _ | CLK | _ |
| | Pulse width | thp * | _ | 128 | _ | CLK | _ |
| | Back-porch | thb * | _ | 88 | | CLK | _ |
| | * thp + t | hb | _ | 216 | _ | CLK | _ |
| | Hsync-CLK timing | ths | | | | ns | _ |
| | CLK-Hsync timing | thh | | | | ns | |
| | DE-CLK timing | tes | | Note 1 | | ns | _ |
| | CLK-DE timing | teh | | | | ns | _ |
| | Rise, fall | thrf | | | | ns | _ |
| Vsync | Period | tv | _ | 16.579 628 | _ | ms H | 60.317Hz (Typ.) |
| | Display period | tvd | | 600 | | Н | _ |
| | Front-porch | tvf | _ | 1 | _ | Н | _ |
| | Pulse width | tvp * | _ | 4 | _ | Н | _ |
| | Back-porch | tvb * | _ | 23 | _ | Н | _ |
| | * tvp + t | vb | _ | 27 | _ | Н | _ |
| | Vsync-Hsync timing | tvs | | | | CLK | _ |
| | Hsync-Vsync timing | tvh | | | | CLK | _ |
| | Rise, fall | tvrf | | Note 1 | | ns | _ |
| DATA | DATA-CLK (Set up) | tds | 1 | | | ns | _ |
| | CLK-DATA (Hold) | tdh | | | ns | | |

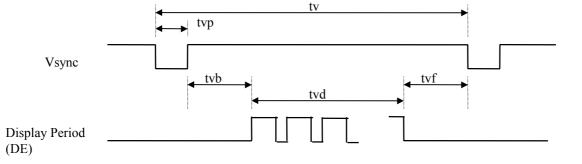
VGA mode

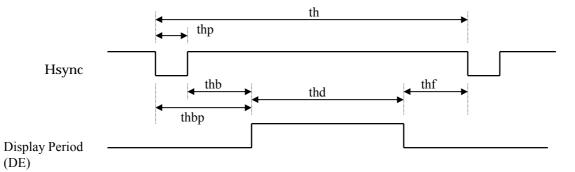
| | Parameters | Symbols | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Remarks | |
|-------|--------------------|---------|------|------------------|------|-----------|--------------------------------|--|
| CLK | Frequency | 1/tc | _ | 25.175 39.721 | | MHz | _ | |
| | Rise, fall | terf | | Note1 | | ns | _ | |
| | Duty | tch/tc | | Note1 | | | | |
| Hsync | Period | th | _ | 31.777 800 | _ | μs CLK | 31.469kHz (Typ.) | |
| | Display period | thd | _ | 640 | _ | CLK | _ | |
| | Front-porch | thf | _ | 16 | _ | CLK | _ | |
| | Pulse width | thp * | | 96 | | CLK | _ | |
| | Back-porch | thb * | | 48 | — | CLK | _ | |
| | * thp + t | hb | | 144 | _ | CLK | _ | |
| | Hsync-CLK timing | ths | | | | ns | _ | |
| | CLK-Hsync timing | thh | | | ns | _ | | |
| | DE-CLK timing | tes | | ns | _ | | | |
| | CLK-DE timing | teh | | | ns | _ | | |
| | Rise, fall | thrf | | | | ns | _ | |
| Vsync | Period | tv | | 16.683 | | ms | -59.940Hz (Typ.) | |
| | | tv | | 525 | — | Н | 37.7 4 0112 (1 yp.) | |
| | Display period | tvd | | 480 | | Н | _ | |
| | Front-porch | tvf | | 10 | | Н | _ | |
| | Pulse width | tvp * | | 2 | — | Н | _ | |
| | Back-porch | tvb * | | 33 | — | Н | _ | |
| | * tvp + t | vb | | 35 | _ | Н | _ | |
| | Vsync-Hsync timing | tvs | | | | CLK | _ | |
| | Hsync-Vsync timing | tvh | | | | CLK | _ | |
| | Rise, fall | tvrf | | Note1 | | ns | _ | |
| DATA | DATA-CLK (Set up) | tds | | | | ns | _ | |
| | CLK-DATA (Hold) | tdh | | | | ns | _ | |

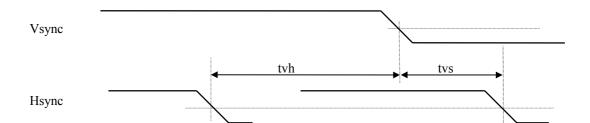
Remark1: These values are in the timing standard of SiI150A.

Timing standard prescribes in the input of TMDS transmitter.
The product equivalent to SiI150A (Silicon Image, Inc.) is recommended to the input of LVDS transmitter.

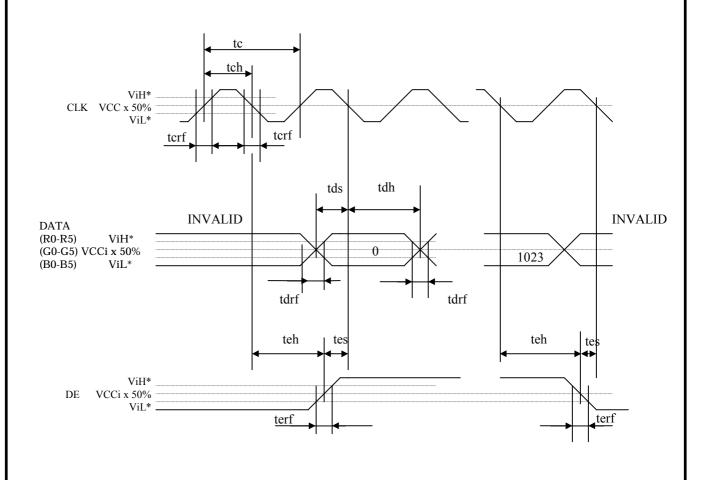
(2) Input signals timing chart for LCD

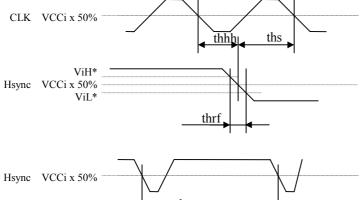


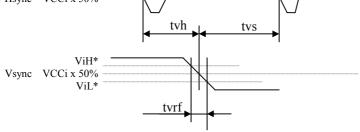




21/33



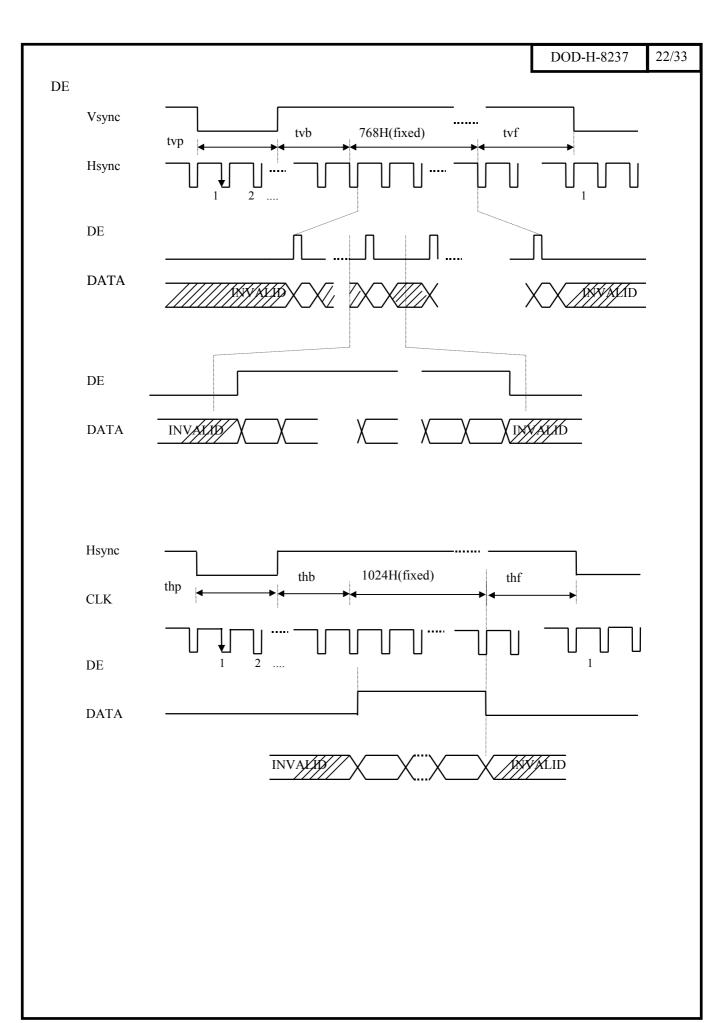




 $ViH = VCCi \times 0.7(Min.)$

 $ViL = VCCi \times 0.3(Max.)$

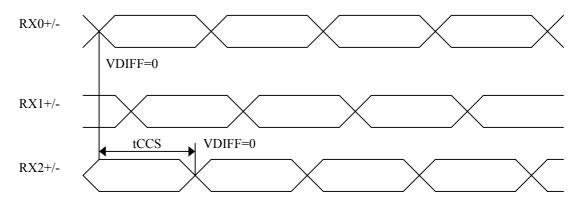
VCCi = 3.3V (LCD internal voltage)

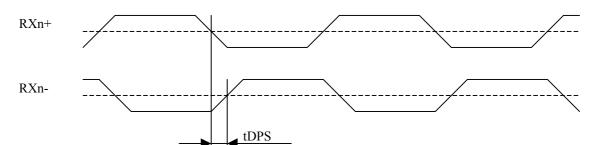


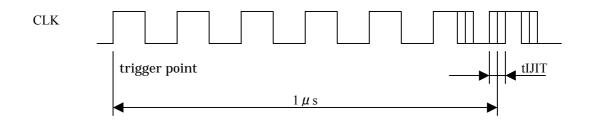
(3)For LVDS receiver

| Parameters | Symbols | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Remarks |
|---|---------|------|------|------|------|---------------------|
| Intra-pair (+ to -) differential input skew | tDPS | _ | _ | 360 | ps | 112MHz,1pixel/clock |
| Channel to channel differential input skew | tCCS | _ | _ | 6 | ns | 112MHz,1pixel/clock |
| Input clock jitter | tIJIT | _ | _ | 270 | ps | 112MHz,1pixel/clock |

Input timings







(4) Display position of input data

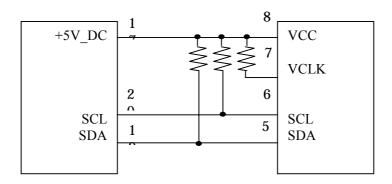
| D(0, 0) | D(1, 0) | ••• | D(X, 0) | ••• | D(1023, 0) |
|-----------|-----------|-----|-----------|-----|-------------|
| D(0, 1) | D(1, 1) | ••• | D(X, 1) | ••• | D(1023, 1) |
| • | • | • | • | • | • |
| • | • | ••• | • | ••• | • |
| • | • | • | • | • | • |
| D(0, Y) | D(1, Y) | ••• | D(X,Y) | ••• | D(1023, Y) |
| • | • | • | • | • | • |
| • | • | ••• | • | ••• | • |
| • | • | • | • | • | • |
| D(0,767) | D(1,767) | ••• | D(X,767) | ••• | D(1023,767) |

16. DDC FUNCTION

This function is corresponding to VESA DDCTM and EDIDTM (Structure Version 1). Follow the specifications of the IC when you write a data. (VCLK is fixed on "H") Write appropriate data into necessary addresses in advance before using this function. The input equivalent circuit diagram is as follow.

EDID: Extended Display Identification Data

<Internal circuit diagram>



Product: Microchip Technology Inc. 24LC21A or equivalent

17. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(Ta= 25 °C, VCC= 12V, VDDB=12V, Note1)

| Parameters | Symbols | Conditions | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Units | Remarks |
|----------------------|---------|---------------------|------|------|------|-------------------|---------|
| Contrast ratio | CR | Note 3 | 80 | 200 | - | - | Note 2 |
| Luminance | Lumax | Note 3 | 150 | 200 | - | cd/m ² | - |
| Luminance uniformity | - | Max. / Min., Note 3 | - | - | 1.3 | - | Note 6 |

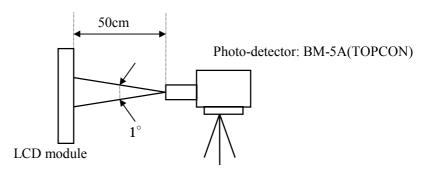
Reference data

(Ta= 25 °C, VCC= 12V, VDDB=12V, Note1)

| | | | | | | C, $VCC-1$ | 2 \mathbf{v} , \mathbf{v} \mathbf{D} \mathbf{I} | JD-12 V | , 110161) |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|--|-----------------------|------|------------|---|---------|-----------|
| Paran | Parameters Symbols Conditions | | ditions | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Units | Remarks | |
| Contrast rat | io | CR | Best contrast $\theta = \pm 0^{\circ}$, | | 1 | 450 | - | - | Note 2 |
| Color gamu | ıt | С | To NTSC | | 35 | 40 | - | % | Note 3 |
| | | W | White (x, y) | | - | 0.30, 0.31 | - | - | |
| Chromatici | ty | R | Red (x, y) | | - | 0.58, 0.33 | 1 | - | |
| Coordinate | es | G | Greei | n (x, y) | - | 0.33, 0.52 | - | - | - |
| | | В | Blue | (x, y) | - | 0.15, 0.11 | - | - | |
| Viewing | Horizontal | θ x+ | CD>10 | 0 +0° | 50 | 60 | - | deg. | |
| Angle | поптенца | θ x- | CR>10, θ y = $\pm 0^{\circ}$ | | 50 | 60 | - | deg. | |
| Range | Vertical | θ y+ | CR>10, | 0 +0° | 30 | 40 | - | deg. | Note 4 |
| (CR>10) | Vertical | θ y- | CK>10, | $\theta x = \pm 0$ | 35 | 50 | ı | deg. | |
| Viewing | Horizontal | θ x+ | CD>5 (|) +0° | ı | 80 | ı | deg. | Note 4 |
| Angle | Honzomai | θ x- | CR>5, θ y = $\pm 0^{\circ}$ | | ı | 80 | - | deg. | |
| Range | Vertical | θ y+ | CR>5, 6 | $0.v - \pm 0^{\circ}$ | • | 60 | ı | deg. | |
| (CR>5) | Vertical | θ y- | CK/3, t | $\theta x = \pm 0$ | - | 65 | 1 | deg. | |
| | | Ton | White to | 100%→10% | 1 | 15 | 40 | | |
| Response ti | | 1011 | black | 90%→10% | - | T.B.D. | - | | N-4- 5 |
| (Module front temperature=7 | | T. CC | Black to | 0%→90% | - | 40 | 80 | ms | Note 5 |
| icinperature 1.D.D.) | | Toff | white | 10%→90% | - | T.B.D. | - | | |
| Luminanne | e control | ACA=H | Maximum | Maximum | | 30-100 | - | - 0/ | % |
| range | | ACA=L | luminannce: | 100% | - | 60-100 | - | - | 70 |

Note1: Optical characteristics are measured after 20 minutes from the module works, with all pixels in "white ".Typical value is measured after luminance saturation. The luminance is measured in dark room

Input signal timing: 15.Input signal timings (1) XGA mode, Typ. value



Note2: The contrast ratio is calculated by using the following formula.

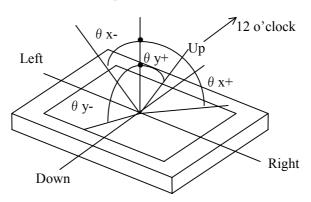
Luminance with all pixels in white

Contrast ratio (CR) = Luminance with all pixels in black

Note3: Viewing angle is $\theta x = \pm 0^{\circ}$, $\theta y = \pm 0^{\circ}$ and at center.

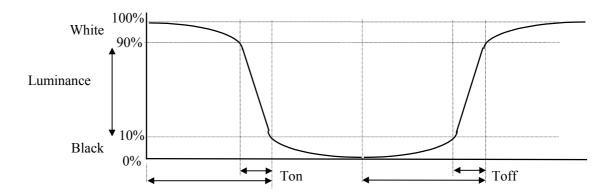
Note4: Definitions of viewing angle are as follows

Perpendicular



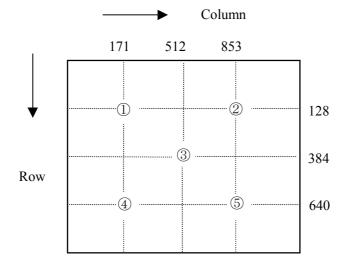
Note 6: Definitions of response time are as follows.

Photo-detector output signal is measured when the luminance changes "white" to "black" or "black" to "white". Response time is the time between 10% and 100% of the photo-detector output amplitude.



Note7: Luminance uniformity is calculated by using the following formula.

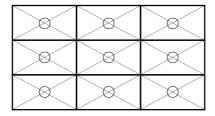
The luminance is measured at near the five points shown below.



18. RELIABILITY TEST

| Test items | Test conditions | Judgment |
|---------------------------|---|----------|
| High temperature/humidity | 50±2°C, RH=85% | *1 |
| operation | 240 hours, Display data is black. | |
| Heat cycle (operation) | ① 0° C $\pm 3^{\circ}$ C ··· 1 hour | *1 |
| | 55° C $\pm 3^{\circ}$ C \cdots 1 hour | |
| | ② 50 cycles, 4 hours/cycle | |
| | ③ Display data is black. | |
| Thermal shock | ① $-20^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 3^{\circ}\text{C} \cdots 30 \text{ minutes}$ | *1 |
| (non-operation) | $60^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 3^{\circ}\text{C} \cdots 30 \text{ minutes}$ | |
| | ② 100 cycles | |
| | ③ Temperature transition time is within | |
| | 5 minutes. | |
| Vibration (non-operation) | ① 5-100Hz, 19.6m/s ² , 1 minute/cycle, | *1, *2 |
| | X,Y,Z direction | |
| | ② 50 times each direction | |
| Mechanical shock | ① 294m/s^2 , 11ms | *1, *2 |
| (non-operation) | X,Y,Z direction | |
| | ② 3 times each direction | |
| ESD (operation) | $150 \mathrm{pF}, 150 \Omega, \pm 10 \mathrm{kV}$ | *1 |
| | 9 places on a panel *3 | |
| | 10 times each place at one-second intervals | |
| Dust (operation) | 15 kinds of dust (JIS-Z 8901) | *1 |
| | Hourly 15 seconds stir, 8 times repeat | |

- *1: Display function is checked by the same condition as LCD module out-going inspection.
- *2: Physical damage
- *3: Discharge points are shown in the figure.



19. ESTIMATED LIFE-TIME OF THE BARE LAMP

Note 1,3

| | | | 11010 1,5 |
|------------|-------|---|-----------|
| | | Bare lamp | |
| Conditions | | Luminance Maximum | |
| | | Room temp. $(25\pm2^{\circ}C)$, Continuous operation | |
| Estimated | value | 40,000h (IL=6.0mArms) | Note 2 |
| (MTTF) | | | |
| Criteria | | Half value luminance (compared with initial value.) | |

Note1: The life-time is estimated value (reference).

Note2: This estimated value is based on the test results with a bare lamp operation. The MTTF for the module may be different from these values, because of the influence of ambient and clamshell conditions.

Note3: The life-time becomes short if the module is operated under the low temperature environment.

Note4: This module consists of two lamps. Even though one of the lamps goes off, all the lamps may go off.

20. GENERAL CAUTIONS

Because the following statements are very important, please be sure you understand their contents completely.



CAUTION

This figure is a warning that you will get hurt and/or the module will be damaged if you make a mistake in operation.



This figure is a warning that you will get an electric shock if you make a mistake in operation.



This figure is a warning that you will get hurt if you make a mistake in operation.



CAUTIONS



Do not touch an inverter on which there is a caution label is stuck while the LCD module is in operation, because of dangerous high voltage.

- (1) Caution when taking out the module
 - ① Pick up the pouch only, when removing the module from a carrier box.
- (2) Cautions for handling the module
 - ① As the electrostatic discharges may break the LCD module, handle the LCD module with care against electrostatic discharges. Peel protection sheet out from the LCD panel surface as slowly as possible.
 - 2
- As the LCD panel and backlight element are made from fragile glass material, impulse and pressure to the LCD module should be avoided.
- ③ As the surface of polarizer is very soft and easily scratched, use a soft dry cloth without chemicals for cleaning.
- ④ Do not pull the interface connectors in or out while the LCD module is operating.
- ⑤ Put the module display side down on a flat horizontal plane.
- 6 Handle connectors and cables with care.
- (7) When the module is operating, do not lose CLK, Hsync, or Vsync signal. If any one or more of these signals is lost, the LCD panel would be damaged.
- The torque for mounting screws should never exceed 0.392 N⋅m.
- Don't push or rub the surface of LCD module please.If you do, the scratches or the marks like rubbing marks may be left on the surface of the module.
- ① Do not give the stress too much on interface connectors. The module may become function deficiency by a contact defective and damages. Pay attention to handling at the time of matching connector connection and in the connection condition.
- ① Do not put front side (display surface side) of the module on a desk or a table for a long time, because the display may become un-uniformity.

(3) Cautions regarding atmosphere

- ① Dew-drop atmosphere must be avoided.
- ② Do not store and/or operate the LCD module in a high-temperature and/or high-humidity atmosphere. Storage in an anti-static pouch and under the room temperature atmosphere is recommended.
- ③ This module uses cold cathode fluorescent lamps. Therefore the lifetime of lamps is shortened if the module is operated under the low temperature environment.
- ④ Do not operate the LCD module in high magnetic field.

(4) Cautions about the module characteristics

- ① Do not apply any fixed pattern data for a long time to the LCD module. It may cause image sticking. Use screen savers if the display pattern is fixed.
- ② This module has the lends sheet which may cause the variation of the color hue in the different viewing angles. The ununiformity may appear on the screen under the high temperature operation.
- ③ The light vertical stripe may be observed depending on the display pattern. This is not defects or malfunctions.
- ④ The noise from the inverter circuit may observed in the luminance control mode. This is not defects or malfunctions.

(5) Other cautions

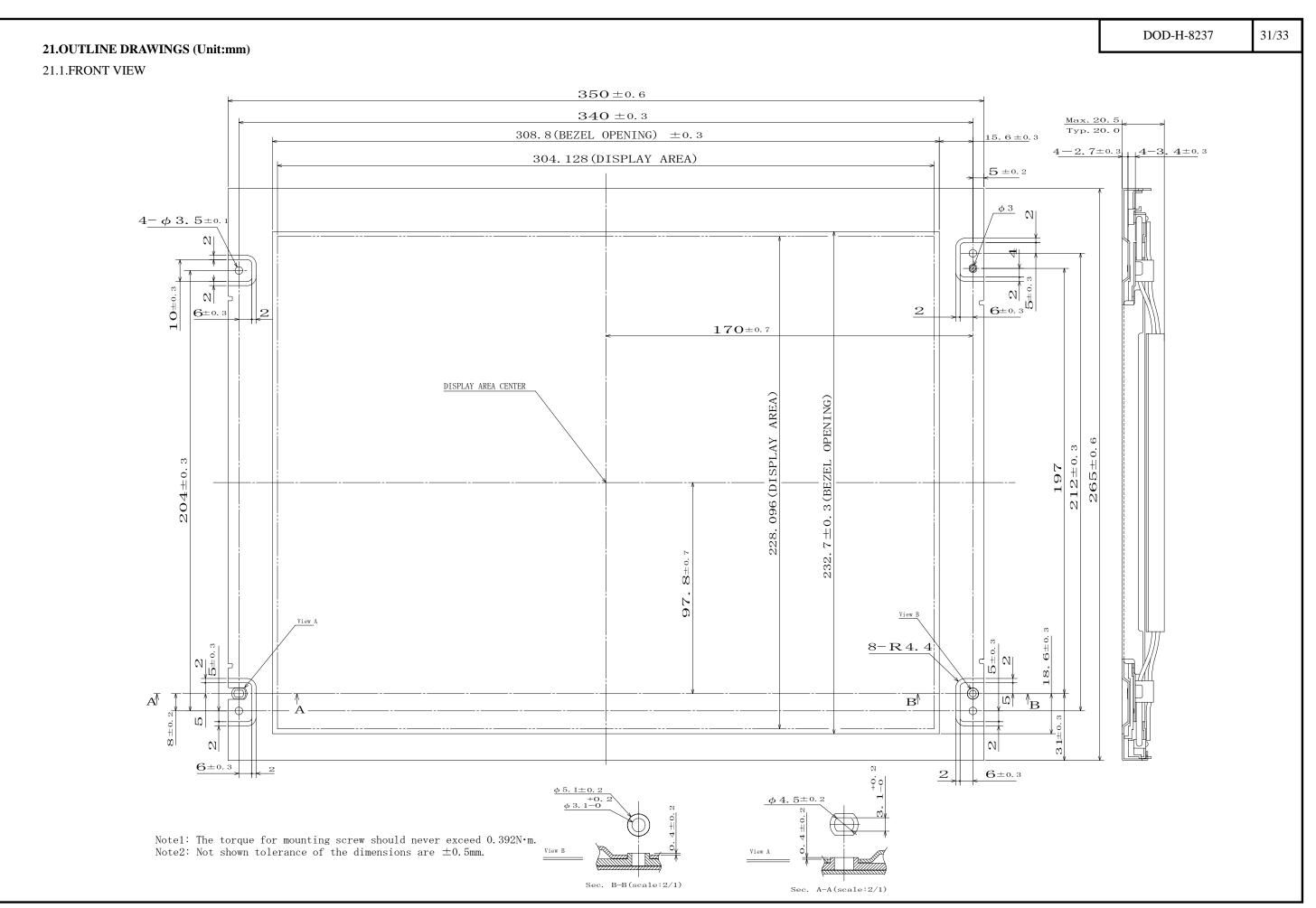
- 1 Do not disassemble and/or reassemble the LCD module.
- ② Do not readjust variable resistors nor switches in the module.
- ③ When returning the module for repair, etc., please pack the module properly to avoid any damages. NEC recommends using original shipping packages.

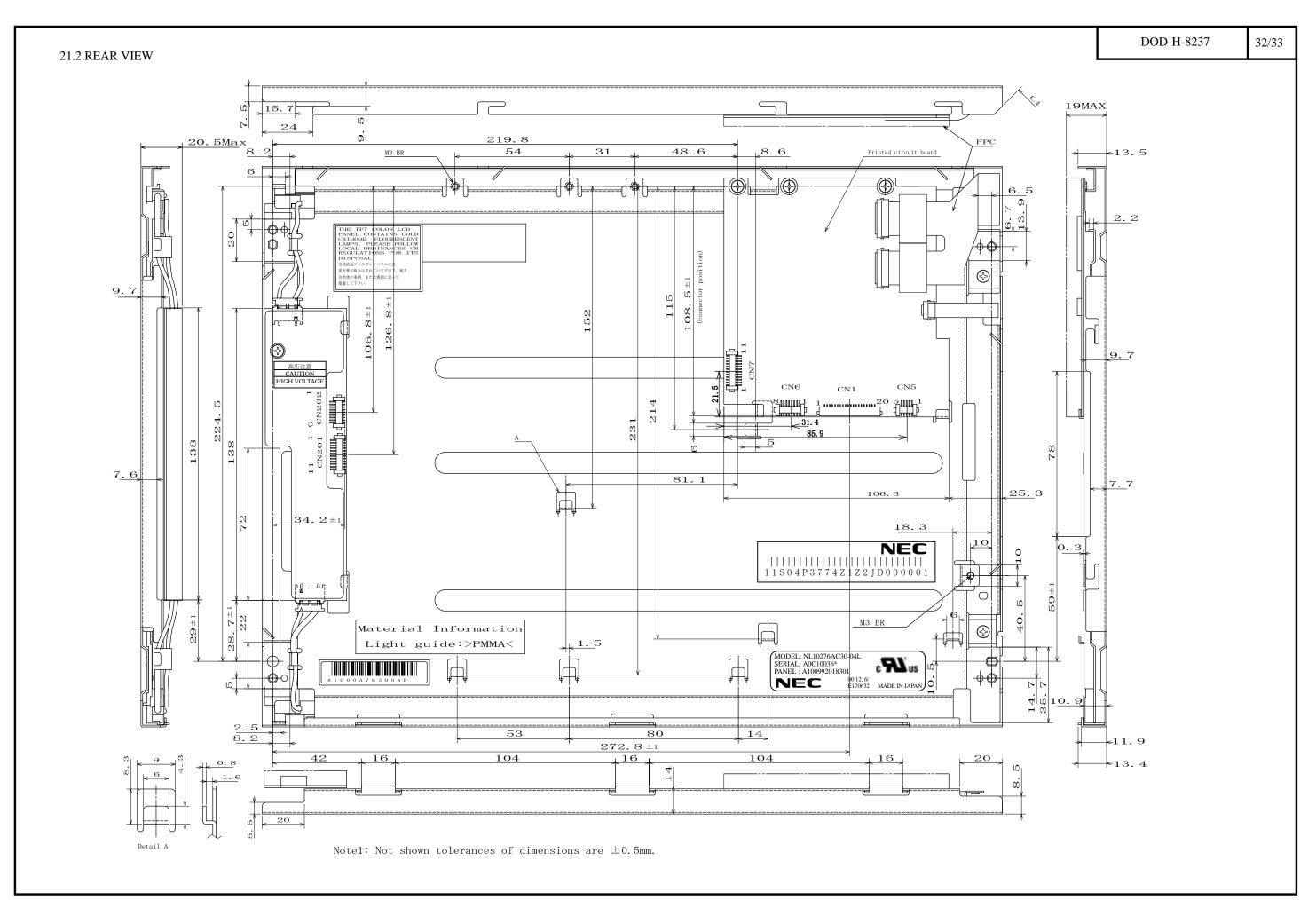
The liquid crystal display has the following specific characteristics. These are not defects or malfunctions.

The optical characteristics of this module may be affected by the ambient temperature.

This module has cold cathode tube for backlight. Optical characteristics, like luminance or uniformity, will be changed by the progress in time.

Uneven brightness and/or small spots may be observed depending on different display patterns.





| Rev. prepared date 1 Nov. 29, 2000 Dod-H-8111(abstract) Dec. 7, 2000 Dod-H-8237(all spec) R. Kanaliaa | Issued date |
|--|-------------|
| 1 Nov. 29, 2000 DOD-H-8111(abstract) A.Okamoto T.kusanagi N.Kano 2 Dec. 7, DOD-H-8237(all spec) 7 Kusanagi n. v. st. | |
| | _ |
| | |