



TMP MODELS

Triple OutputHigh-Efficiency, Smaller-Package 25-40 Watt, DC/DC Converters

DATEL's new TMP Models are fully potted, 25-40 Watt, triple-output DC/DC converters designed to meet UL1950 and EN60950 safety standards. The TMP's higher efficiencies and thermally conductive potting compound enable these devices to achieve higher operating temperatures without derating. The 2" x 3" TMP "footprint" conforms to the standard pinout and pin geometries of most 3" x 3" devices (a 33% space savings) while delivering 60% more power (40W vs. 25W).

Applicable to a wide range of telecom, computer and other OEM applications, TMP Model DC/DC's offer +5V and ±12V or +5V and ±15V outputs. They operate from four different input voltage ranges with total available output power being a function of the selected range. "Q12" models operate from 10-36V and deliver 25W. "Q48" models operate from 18-75V and deliver 30W. For "D24" and "D48" models, the input ranges and output powers are 18-36V at 35W and 36-75V at 40W, respectively.

TMP's employ corrosion-resistant metal cases with plastic headers. Heatgenerating transformer cores and power semiconductors are mounted to the cases, which have threaded inserts for add-on heat sinks or pcb mounting.

All devices feature input pi filters, input overvoltage shutdown, output overvoltage protection, output current limiting, and thermal shutdown. UL, CSA, EN and IEC compliance testing is currently in progress (75V-input devices will be CE marked) as are full EMI/EMC characterizations.

Features

- Higher operating temperatures
- Fully potted
- Designed to meet UL1950 and EN60950 (basic insulation)
- E (75V-input models)
- Fully isolated, 1500Vdc guaranteed
- 25/30/35/40W output power
- Standard pinout! Smaller size!
- 2" x 3" package fits 3" x 3" footprint
- Four input voltage ranges: 10-36V, 18-36V, 18-75V, 36-75V
- High efficiencies (to 86%)
- **S** Vout trim and on/off control
- Modifications and customs for OEM's

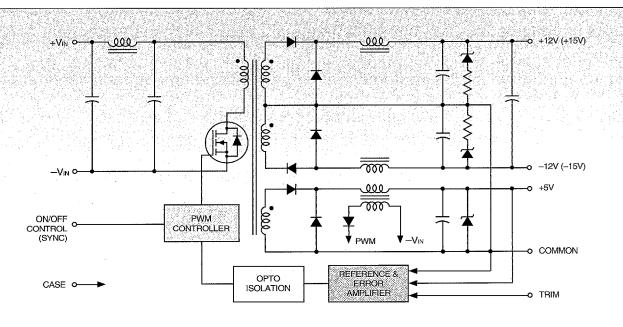


Figure 1. Simplified Schematic

Triple Output DC/DC Converters

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Performance Specifications and Ordering Guide

		OUTPUT					INPUT					
Model	Vout	Іоυт	R/N (m	R/N (mVp-p) ②		Regulation (Max.)		Range	lin ④	Efficiency		Package (Case,
	(Volts)	(Amps)	Тур.	Max.	Line	Load ®	(Volts)	(Volts)	(mA)	Min.	Тур.	Pinout)
TMP-5/5-12/1-Q12	+5	5	75	100	±1%	±1.5%	24	10-36	35/1240	82%	0.404	044 546
	±12	±1	100	120	±1.5%	±8%					84%	C11, P16
TMP-5/5-12/1-D24	+5	5	75	100	±1%	±1.5%	24	18-36	35/1716	83%	85%	C11, P16
	±12	±1	100	120	±1.5%	±8%						
TMP-5/5-12/1-Q48	+5	5	75	100	±1%	±1.5%	48	18-75	20/727	83%	86%	C11, P16
	±12	±1	100	120	±1.5%	±8%						
	+5	5	75	100	±1%	±1.5%	40					
TMP-5/5-12/1-D48	±12 ±1 100 120 ±1.5% ±8% 48	48	36-75	25/969	83%	86%	C11, P16					
1	+5	5	75	100	±1%	±1.5%		40.00	05/4000	2001	050/	
TMP-5/5-15/1-Q12	-15/1-Q12 ±15 ±1 100 150 ±1.5%	±8%	24	10-36	35/1238	82%	85%	C11, P16				
TMP-5/5-15/1-D24	+5	5	75	100	±1%	±1.5%	24	18-36	35/1696	83.5%	86%	C11, P16
	±15	±1	100	150	±1.5%	±8%						
TMP-5/5-15/1-Q48	+5	5	75	100	±1%	±1.5%	48	40.75	18-75 20/735	82%		C11, P16
	±15	±1	100	150	±1.5%	±8%		18-75			85%	
TMP-5/5-15/1-D48	+5	5	75	100	±1%	±1.5%	48	36-75	75 25/981	83% 85%		C11, P16
	±15	±1	120	150	±1.5%	±8%					85%	

- ① Typical at TA = +25°C under nominal line voltage and "full-load" conditions unless otherwise noted. The specific combination of primary and auxiliary currents comprising "full load" varies with part number. See Ouput Power Considerations and Technical Notes for more details.
- ② Ripple/Noise (R/N) measured over a 20MHz bandwidth.
- 3 10-100% load on the primary +5V output, 20-100% balanced loads on the auxiliary outputs.
- Nominal line voltage, no-load/full-load conditions.

PART NUMBER STRUCTURE T MP - 5 / 5 - 12 / 1 - D48 Output Configuration: T = Triple Fully Potted Metal Package Nominal Primary Output Voltage (+5 Volts) Nominal Primary Output Currents in Amps from each output

Nominal Auxiliary Output

Voltages (±12 or ±15 Volts)

Maximum Primary Output

Current in Amps

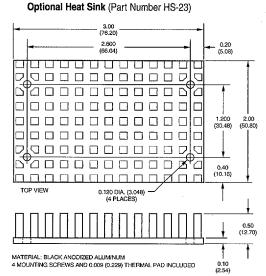
OUTPUT POWER CONSIDERATIONS

As shown below, TMP Model DC/DC Converters are classified by output power. For triple-output devices, the sum of the output power from the primary $\pm 5V$ output and the two auxiliary ($\pm 12V$ or $\pm 15V$) outputs can not exceed the rated power. For example, "D24" models have a maximum power of 35W. Therefore, if you source the maximum primary current of 5A, the devices will only be able to provide 10W of total power from their auxilliary outputs.

Model	Maximum Output	Model	Maximum Output
"Q12"	25 Watts	"D24"	35 Watts
"Q48"	30 Watts	"D48"	40 Watts

0.55 (13.97) Case C11 (77.22) O.55 (13.97) Case C11 (CASE (13.97) (S.08) (S.09) (S.09

I/O Connections Pin Function P16 No Pin 2 -Input 3 +Input 4 Case On/Off Control* -12V/15V Out 7 +12V/15V Out 8 Common 9 +5V Out 10 Trim * See note 4 on next page.



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Performance/Functional Specifications

Typical @ TA = +25°C under nominal line voltage and "full-load" conditions, unless noted. ① ②

l)	IPUT
Input Voltage Range:	
"Q12" Models	10-36 Volts (24V nominal)
"D24" Models	18-36 Volts (24V nominal)
"Q48" Models	18-75 Volts (48V nominal)
"D48" Models	36-75 Volts (48V nominal)
Input Current	See Ordering Guide
Input Filter Type	Pi
Overvoltage Shutdown:	40 M B
Q12"and "D24" Models "Q48" and "D48" Models	40 Volts 80 Volts
Reverse-Polarity Protection	Yes (Instantaneous, 6A maximum)
On/Off Control (Pin 5) ③	TTL high (or open) = on, low = off
7. (A) California (1987) (1	JTPUT
Vout Accuracy (50% load)	1.0
+5V Output	±1%
±12V or ±15V Outputs	±3%
Temperature Coefficient	±0.02% per °C
Ripple/Noise (20MHz BW)	See Ordering Guide
Line/Load Regulation	See Ordering Guide
Efficiency	See Ordering Guide
Isolation Voltage ④	1500Vdc, minimum
Isolation Capacitance	500pF
Current Limiting	Continuous, auto-recovery
Overvoltage Protection	Zener/transorb clamps, magnetic feedbac
DYNAMIC CH	ARACTERISTICS
Transient Response (50% load step)	300μsec max. to ±3% of final value
Switching Frequency	125kHz (±10%)
ENVIR	DNMENTAL
Operating Temperature (ambient):	
Without Derating	-40 to +70°C (Model dependent) to +95°C
With Derating Maximum Case Temperature	+95°C
Storage Temperature	-40 to +105°C
Berryan and the later than the first that the material from	/SICAL
Dimensions **	2.04 x 3.04 x 0.55" (51.8 x 77.2 x 14mm)
Shielding *	5-sided
Case Connection	Pin 4
E ARE ALL AND THE THE REAL AND ARE	Zinc with a non-conductive, epoxy-based
Case Material	black enamel finish and plastic baseplate
Pin Material	Brass, solder coated
Weight	6 ounces (170 grams)

- ① These converters require a minimum 10% loading on their primary output and 20% loading on each auxiliary output to maintain specified regulation. Operation under no-load conditions will not damage these devices; however they may not meet all listed specifications.
- "Full load" varies by part number and is determined by the input voltage range as indicated by the part number suffix. See Technical Notes and Output Power Considerations.
- Applying a voltage to the On/Off Control pin when no input power is applied to the converter can cause permanent damage to the converter. If desired, the On/Off Control function can be replaced with a Sync function. See page 6 of this data sheet for more details.
- Listed specification is for input-to-output isolation. Input-to-case and output-to-case isolation is 1000Vdc, minimum.

ABSOLUTE MAXI	MUM RATINGS
Input Voltage: "Q12/D24" Models "Q48/D48" Models	44 Volts 88 Volts
Input Reverse-Polarity Protection Output Overvoltage Protection	Current must be <6A. Brief duration only. Fusing recommended.
+5V Output +12V Output ±12V Outputs ±15V Outputs	6.8 Volts, limited duration 15 Volts, limited duration 18 Volts, limited duration
Output Current	Current limited. Max. current and short-circuit duration are model dependent.
Storage Temperature	-40 to +105°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10 sec.)	+300°C
These are stress ratings. Exposure of devices to affect long-term reliability. Proper operation under Performance/Functional Specifications Table is n	er conditions other than those listed in the

TECHNICAL NOTES

Filtering and Noise Reduction

All TMP 25-40 Watt DC/DC Converters achieve their rated ripple and noise specifications without the use of external input/output capacitors. In critical applications, input/output ripple and noise may be further reduced by installing electrolytic capacitors across the input terminals and/or low-ESR tantalum or electrolytic capacitors across the output terminals. Output capacitors should be connected between their respective output pin (pin 6, 7 or 9) and Common (pin 8). The caps should be located as close to the power converters as possible. See Figure 7. Typical values are listed in the tables below. In many applications, using values greater than those listed will yield better results.

To Reduce Input Ripple

"Q12, D24" Models 47µF, 50V "Q48, D48" Models 10µF, 100V

To Reduce Output Ripple

+5V Output 47μF, 10V, Low ESR ±12/15V Outputs 22μF, 20V, Low ESR

In critical, space-sensitive applications, DATEL may be able to tailor the internal input/output filtering of these units to meet your specific requirements. Contact our Applications Engineering Group for additional details.

Input Fusing

Certain applications and/or safety agencies may require the installation of fuses at the inputs of power conversion components. For DATEL TMP DC/DC Converters, you should use slow-blow type fuses with values no greater than the following:

V _{IN} Range	Fuse Value
"Q12"	4A
"D24"	4A
"Q48"	3A
"D48"	2A

Triple Output DC/DC Converters

Temperature Derating and Electrical Performance Curves

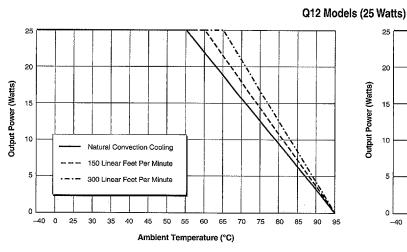
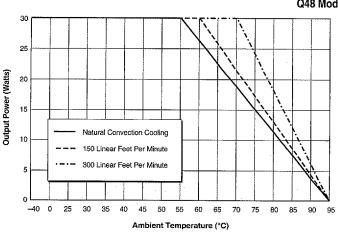


Figure 2a. Temperature Derating Without Heat Sink

Figure 2b. Temperature Derating With Heat Sink



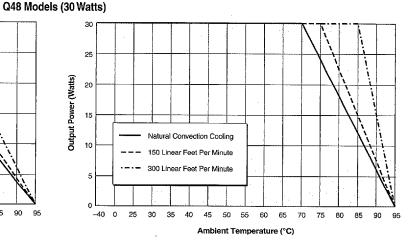
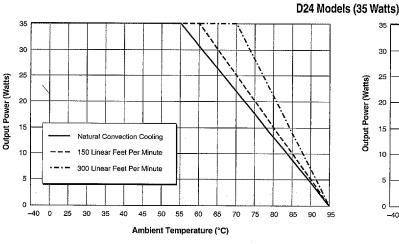


Figure 3a. Temperature Derating Without Heat Sink

Figure 3b. Temperature Derating With Heat Sink



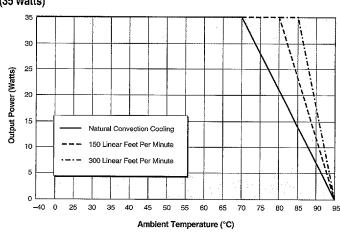


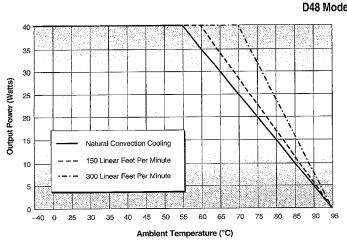
Figure 4a. Temperature Derating Without Heat Sink

Figure 4b. Temperature Derating With Heat Sink

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Temperature Derating and Electrical Performance Curves





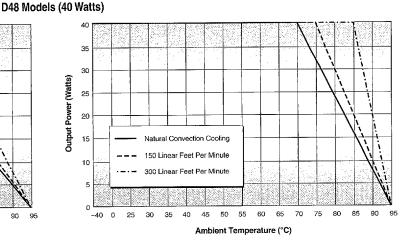


Figure 5b. Temperature Derating With Heat Sink

Output Power

TMP Model, triple-output DC/DC converters incorporate a design tradeoff between total available output power and input voltage range. The total available power is a function of both the nominal input voltage and the "width" of the input voltage range. For a given nominal input (24V or 48V), narrower ranges (2:1 vs. 4:1) have more available power. For a given "width" of input range (2:1 or 4:1), higher nominal inputs (48V vs. 24V) have more available power. Each device, as indicated by its part-number suffix (Q12, Q48, D24, D48), has a total output power limitation of 25, 30, 35 or 40 Watts, respectively. Observing these power limitations is the user's responsibility.

As indicated by its Part Number Structure, each TMP device is capable of sourcing up to 5 Amps of \pm 5V current as well as \pm 1 Amp of auxiliary (\pm 12V

or ± 15 V) currents. Users have the flexibility of loading any output up to these limits; however, you must be extremely careful not to exceed the total output power rating of any given device. If, for example, a device with a 30W power rating is sourcing 4A from its ± 5 V output (representing 20W of primary output power), that device can only supply an additional 10W from its auxiliary outputs (± 333 mA from ± 15 V outputs or ± 417 mA from ± 12 V outputs).

As a consequence of this "power-allocation" flexibility, the definition of "full load," as the condition under which performance specifications are tested and listed, is ambiguous. The following table lists the primary and auxiliary output currents that DATEL uses to define each device's "full load."

	Voltage	Output	Definition of "Full Load" for Specification Purposes					
Model Number	Range	Power	+5V Current	±12V Currents	±15V Currents			
TMP-5/5-12/1-Q12	10-36V	25 Watts	2.6A (13W)	±500mA (12W)				
TMP-5/5-12/1-Q48	18-75V	30 Watts	3A (15W)	±625mA (15W)	_			
TMP-5/5-12/1-D24	18-36V	35 Watts	4A (20W)	±625mA (15W)	- :			
TMP-5/5-12/1-D48	36-75V	40 Watts	4A (20W)	±833mA (20W)	-			
TMP-5/5-15/1-Q12	10-36V	25 Watts	2.5A (12.5W)	_	±417mA (12.5W)			
TMP-5/5-15/1-Q48	18-75V	30 Watts	3A (15W)	_	±500mA (15W)			
TMP-5/5-15/1-D24	18-36V	35 Watts	4A (20W)	-	±500mA (15W)			
TMP-5/5-15/1-D48	36-75V	40 Watts	4A (20W)	_	±667mA (20W)			

Table 1. Output Currents Comprising "Full Load"

On/Off Control (Standard)

The On/Off Control pin (pin 5) may be used for remote on/off operation. As shown in Figure 6, the control pin has an internal $10k\Omega$ pull-up resistor to approximately 10V. The converter is designed so that it is enabled when the control pin is left open (normal mode) and disabled when the control pin is pulled low (to less than +0.8V relative to $-\ln put$, pin 2).

Dynamic control of the on/off function is best accomplished with a mechanical relay or an open-collector/open-drain drive circuit (optically isolated if appropriate). The drive circuit should obviously be able to sink approximately 1mA when activated and withstand more than 10 Volts when deactivated.

Applying an external voltage to pin 5 when no input power is applied to the converter can cause permanent damage to the converter. The on/off control function, however, is designed such that the converter can be disabled (pin 5 pulled low) while input power is ramping up and then "released" once the input has stabilized. Under these circumstances, it takes approximately 30ms for the output of the fully loaded DC/DC to ramp up and settle to within $\pm 1\%$ of its final value after the converter has been turned on.

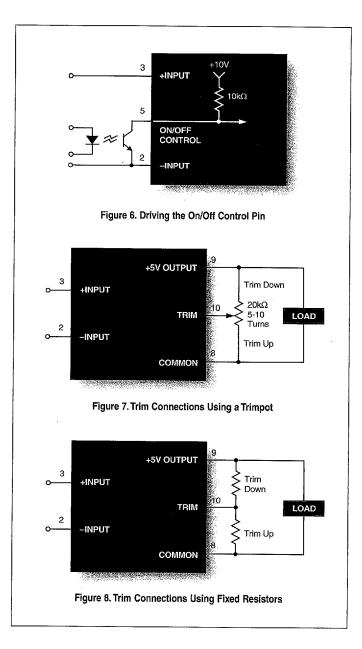
Synchronization (Optional)

In critical applications employing multiple switching DC/DC converters, it may be desirable to intentionally synchronize the switching of selected converters (so the system noise can be reduced with notch filtering) or to purposely desynchronize the converters (to lessen the current-carrying requirements on intermediate dc buses). TMP DC/DC Converters have been designed so that the On/Off Control function on pin 5 can be replaced with a Sync function. This change has to be implemented by DATEL during the product assembly process. Contact our Applications Engineering Group for additional details.

To synchronize the switching of multiple TMP converters configured with the Sync function, an external clock can be applied to pin 5 of each converter. The clock should be a TTL square wave referenced to –lnput (logic high = ± 2 to ± 5 Volts, 250µA max.; logic low = 0 to ± 0 .8 Volts, 70µA max.) with a maximum 1µsec "high" duration. The frequency of the synchronizing clock should be higher than that of any individual converter. Therefore, it should be 145kHz ± 5 kHz.

Output Trimming

The $\pm 5\text{V}$ output may be trimmed $\pm 6\%$ via a single external trimpot or fixed resistor. The trimpot should be connected as shown in Figure 7 with its wiper connected to pin 10 (Trim). A trimpot can also be used to determine the value of a single fixed resistor which should be connected as shown in Figure 8. Connect the resistor between pin 10 (Trim) and pin 9 ($\pm 5\text{V}$ Output) to trim "down" the output voltage. Connect the resistor between pins 10 and 8 (Common) to trim "up" the output voltage. Fixed resistors should be metal-film types with absolute TCR's less than ± 100 ppm/°C to ensure stability.



Case Connection

Unlike most other DC/DC converters, TMP DC/DC's do not have their metal case connected to one of their input pins. The "uncommitted" case is connected to pin 4 which, depending on your system configuration, should be connected to either +Input (pin 3) or -Input (pin 2).