

### Description

The μPC4557 is a dual operational amplifier which features higher output drive current than that of the μPC4558. This feature allows driving of headphone speakers directly. Other characteristics of this device are low noise and no crossover distortion, which make it the ideal choice for audio applications.

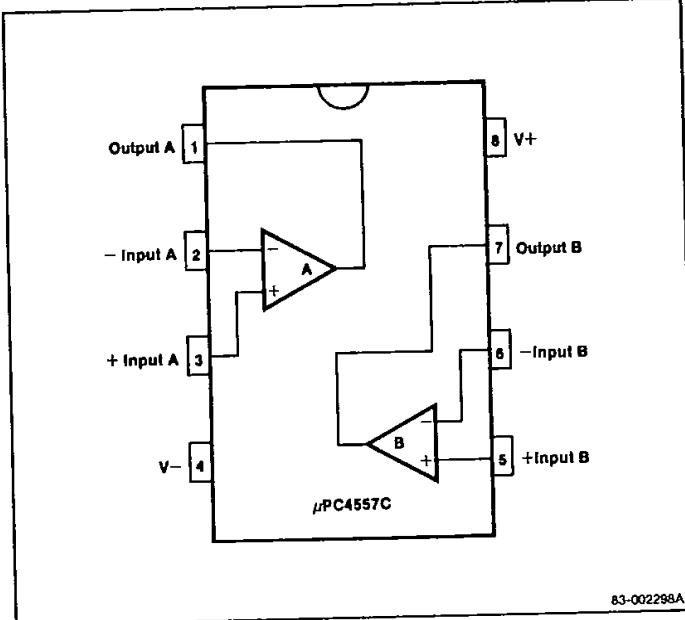
### Features

- Internal frequency compensation
- Large common-mode and differential input voltage ranges
- No latch-up
- Low noise

### Ordering Information

Part Number	Package	Operating Temperature Range
μPC4557C	Plastic DIP	0°C to +70°C

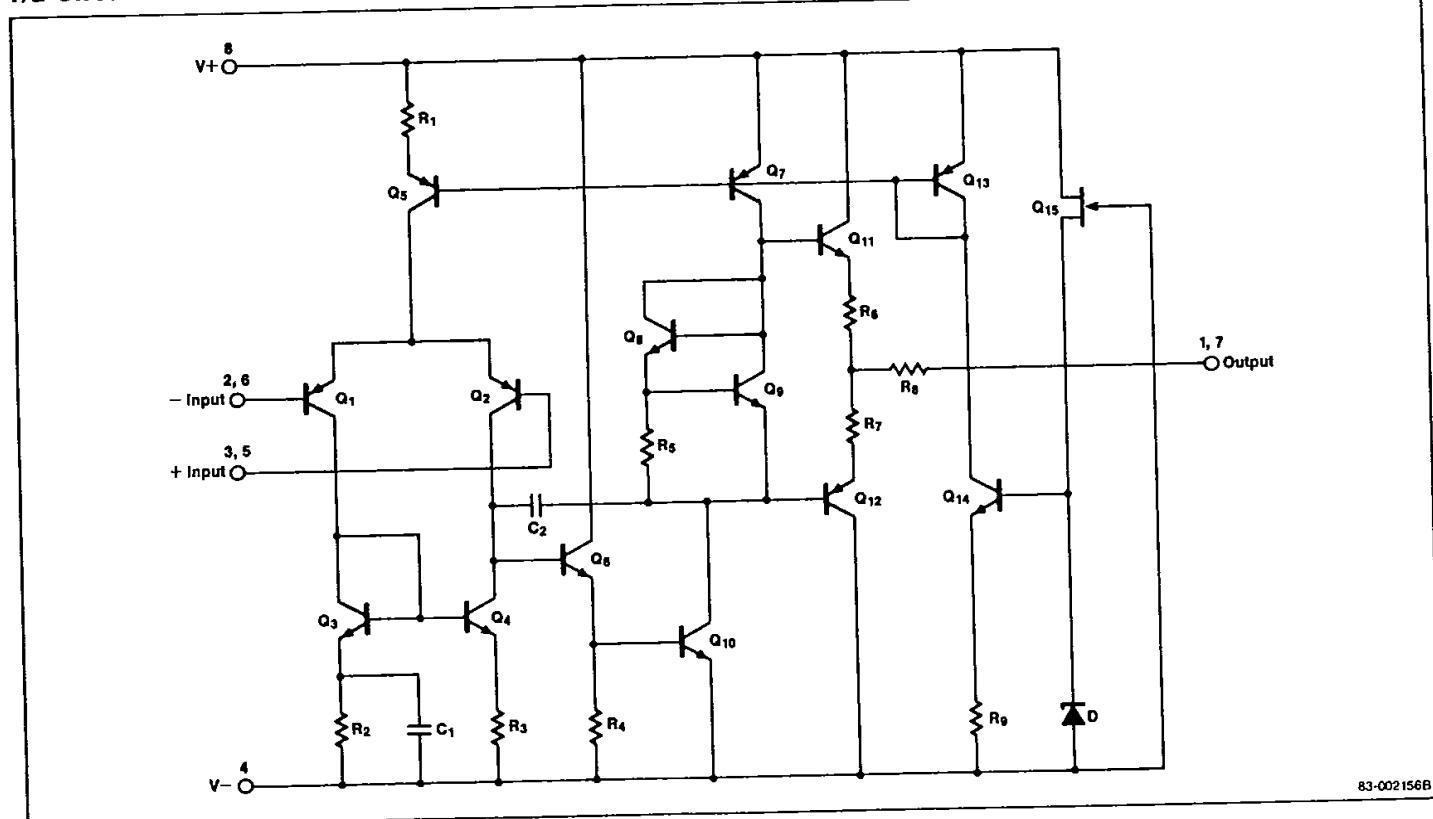
### Pin Configuration



83-002298A

### Equivalent Circuit

#### 1/2 Circuit



83-002156B

### Absolute Maximum Ratings

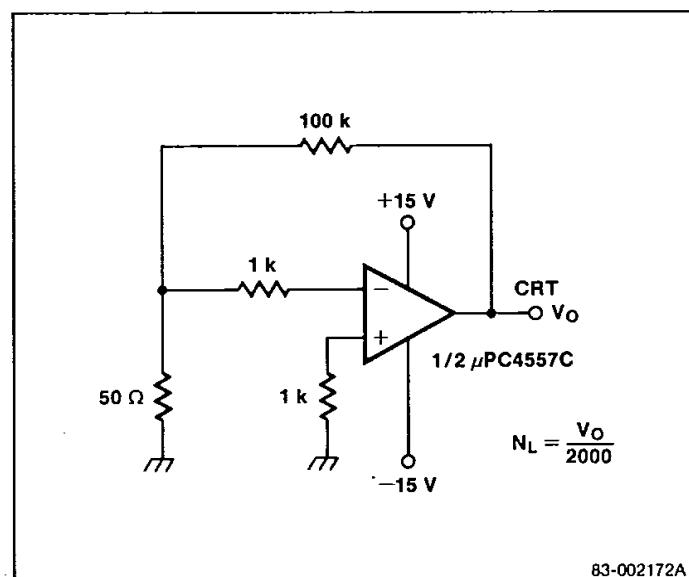
T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C

Voltage Between V <sub>+</sub> and V <sub>-</sub>	36 V
Power Dissipation (Note 1)	700 mW
Differential Input Voltage	±30 V
Input Voltage (Note 2)	±15 V
Output Short Circuit Duration	5 s
Operating Temperature Range	0 to +70°C
Storage Temperature Range	-55 to +125°C

- Notes: 1. When the ambient temperature is more than 25°C, derate linearly at 7 mW/°C, (T<sub>Jmax</sub>) = 125°.
2. For supply voltages less than ±15 V, the absolute maximum input voltage is equal to the supply voltage.

Comment: Stress above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

### Noise Measurement Circuit

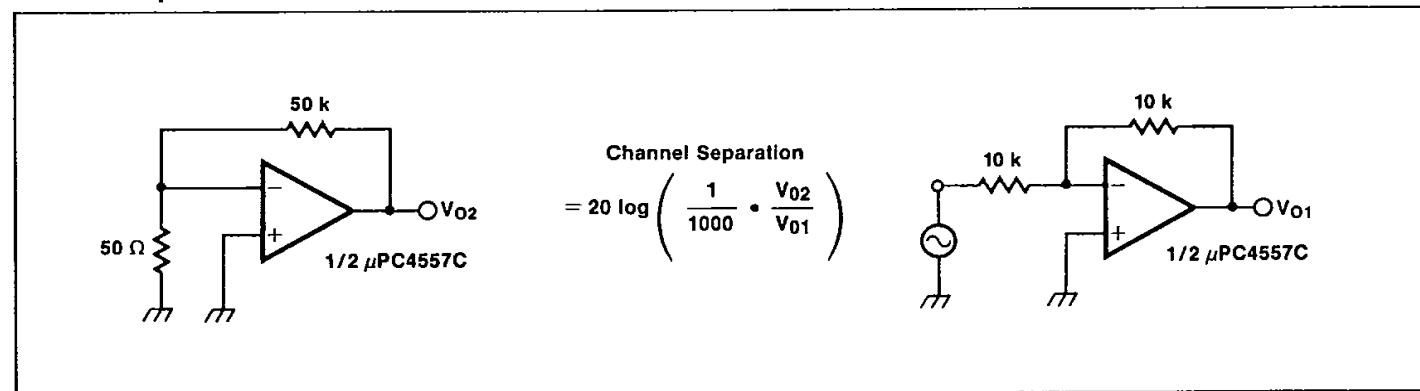


### Electrical Characteristics

T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C, V<sub>±</sub> = ±15 V

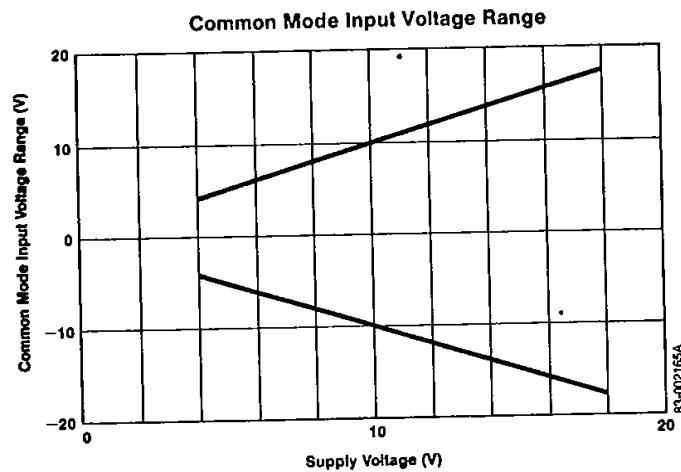
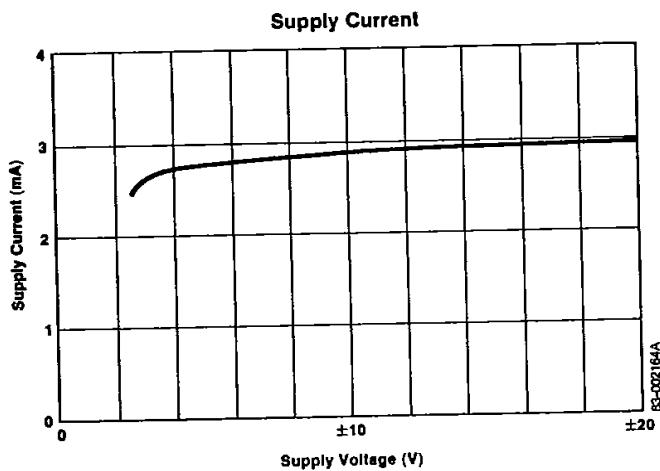
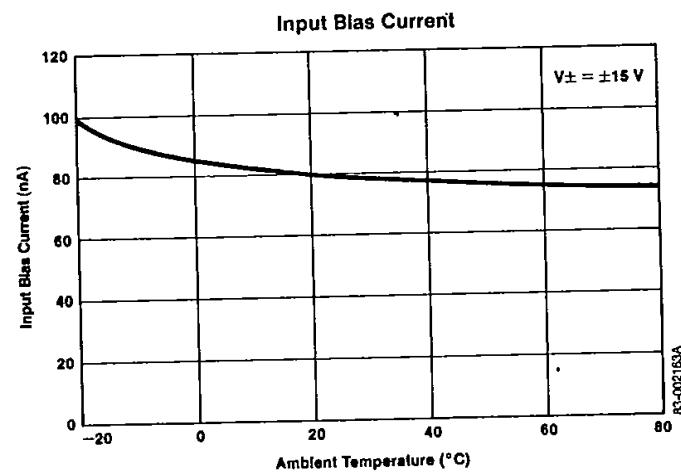
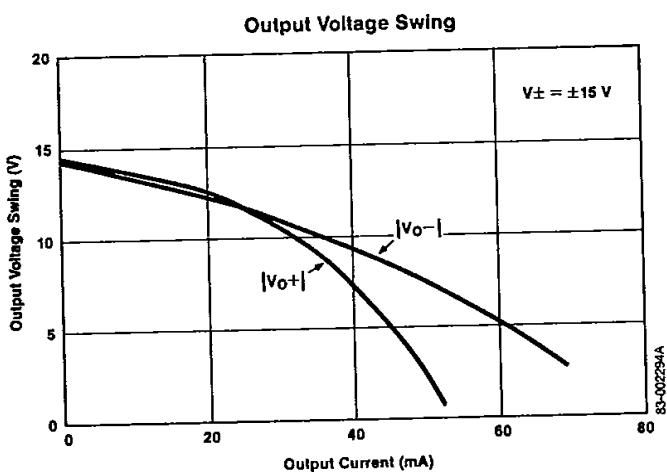
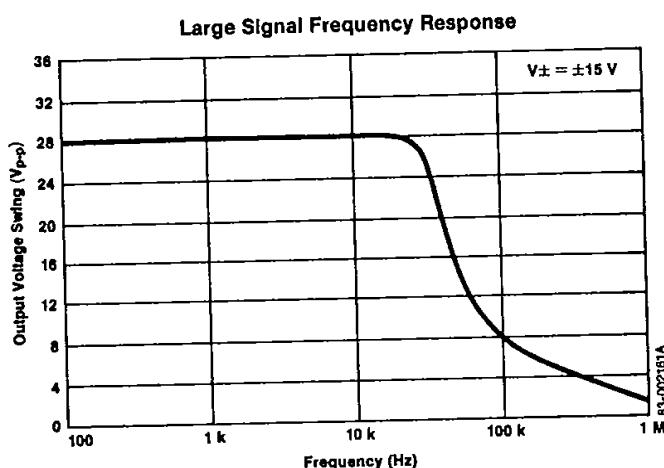
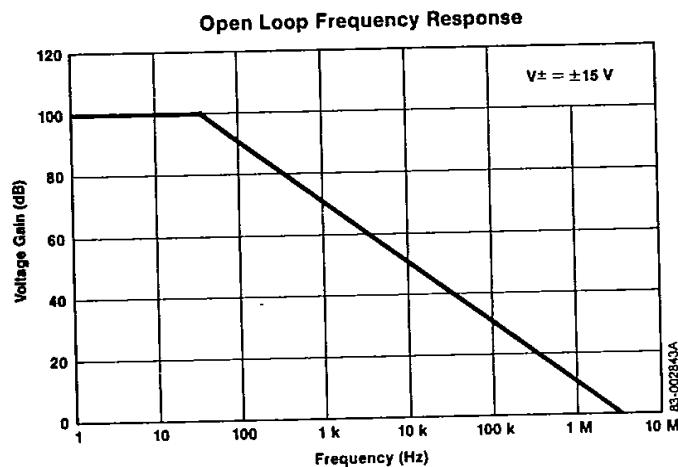
Parameter	Symbol	Limits			Unit	Test Conditions
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Input Offset Voltage	V <sub>IO</sub>		0.5	6.0	mV	R <sub>S</sub> ≤ 10 kΩ
Input Offset Current	I <sub>IO</sub>		5	200	nA	
Input Bias Current	I <sub>B</sub>		180	500	nA	
Large Signal Voltage Gain	A <sub>VOL</sub>	86	100		dB	R <sub>L</sub> ≥ 2 kΩ, V <sub>O</sub> = ±10 V
Power Dissipation	P <sub>D</sub>		90	170	mW	Both channels
Common Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	70	90		dB	R <sub>S</sub> ≤ 10 kΩ
Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio	SVRR		30	150	µV/V	R <sub>S</sub> ≤ 10 kΩ
Output Voltage Swing	V <sub>OM</sub>	±12	±14		V	R <sub>L</sub> ≥ 2 kΩ
Output Voltage Swing	V <sub>OM</sub>	±10	±11.5		V	I <sub>O</sub> = ±25 mA
Common Mode Input Voltage Range	V <sub>ICM</sub>	±12	±14		V	
Slew Rate	SR		1.0		V/µs	A <sub>V</sub> = 1
Input Noise Voltage	a <sub>n</sub>		6		µVp-p	R <sub>S</sub> = 1 kΩ, f = 1 Hz to 1 kHz
Channel Separation	CS		105		dB	f = 1 kHz

### Channel Separation Measurement Circuit



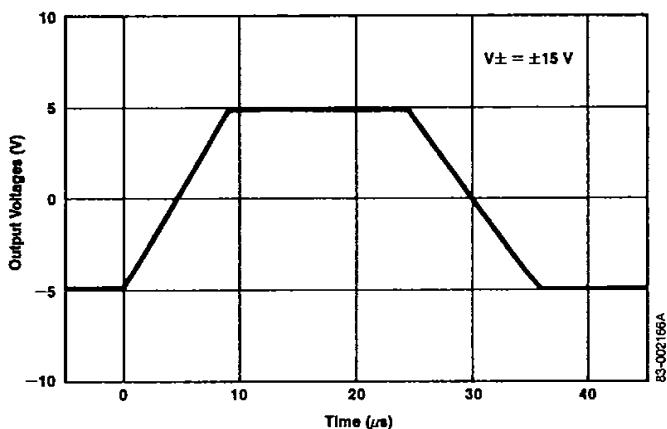
## Operating Characteristics

T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C

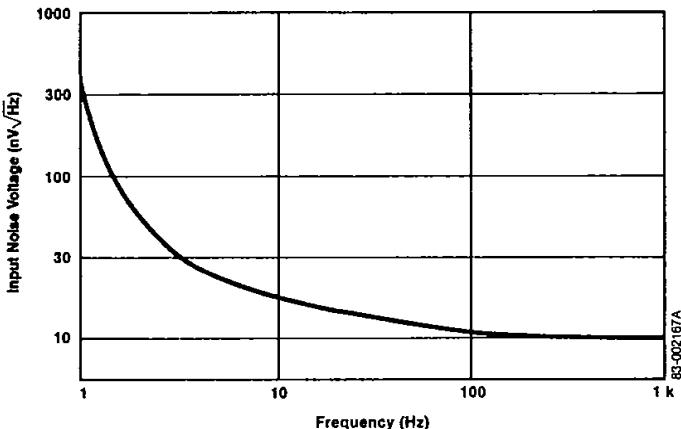


**Operating Characteristics (Cont.)** $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ 

Voltage Follower Large Signal Pulse Response



Input Noise Voltage Density

**Application Circuit****Head Phone AMP**