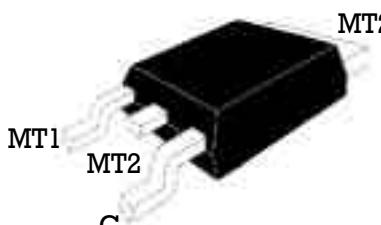


## SURFACE MOUNT TRIAC

<b>DPAK (Plastic)</b> 	<b>On-State Current</b> 8 Amp	<b>Gate Trigger Current</b> < 5 mA to < 50 mA
	<b>Off-State Voltage</b> 200 V ÷ 600 V	
<p>This series of <b>TRIACs</b> uses a high performance PNPN technology.</p> <p>These devices are intended for AC control applications using surface mount technology.</p> <p>The high commutation performances combined with high sensitivity, make them perfect in all applications like solid state relays, home appliances, power tools, small motor drives...</p>		

### Absolute Maximum Ratings, according to IEC publication No. 134

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	Min.	Max.	Unit
$I_{T(RMS)}$	RMS On-state Current	All Conduction Angle, $T_C = 110^\circ C$	8		A
$I_{TSM}$	Non-repetitive On-State Current	Half Cycle, 60 Hz	84		A
$I_{TSM}$	Non-repetitive On-State Current	Half Cycle, 50 Hz	80		A
$I^2t$	Fusing Current	$t_p = 10 \text{ ms}$ , Half Cycle	36		$\text{A}^2\text{s}$
$I_{GM}$	Peak Gate Current	20 $\mu\text{s}$ max.		4	A
$P_{GM}$	Peak Gate Dissipation	20 $\mu\text{s}$ max.		10	W
$P_{G(AV)}$	Gate Dissipation	20 ms max.		1	W
$di/dt$	Critical rate of rise of on-state current	$I_G = 2 \times I_{GT}$ $T_r = 100 \text{ ns}$ , $F = 120 \text{ Hz}$ $T_j = 125^\circ C$	50		$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$
$T_j$	Operating Temperature Range		-40	+125	$^\circ C$
$T_{stg}$	Storage Temperature Range		-40	+150	$^\circ C$
$T_L$	Lead Temperature for soldering	10s max.		260	$^\circ C$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VOLTAGE			Unit
		B	D	M	
$V_{DRM}$ $V_{RRM}$	Repetitive Peak Off State Voltage	200	400	600	V

Jun - 02

## SURFACE MOUNT TRIAC

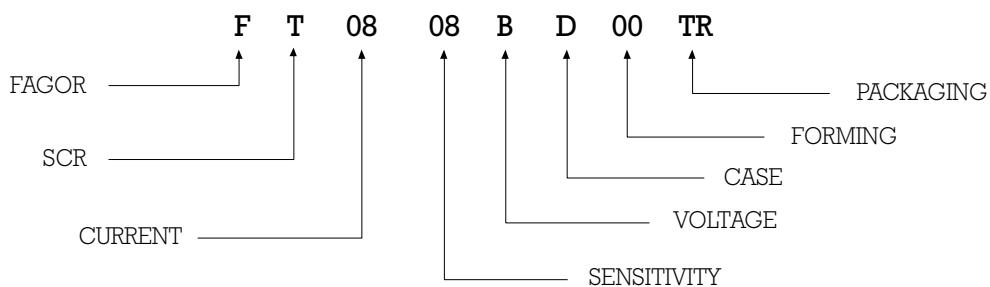
### Electrical Characteristics

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	Quadrant		SENSITIVITY					Unit
					07	08	11	14	16	
$I_{GT}^{(1)}$	Gate Trigger Current	$V_D = 12 \text{ V}_{DC}$ , $R_L = 30 \Omega$ $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	Q1÷Q3	MAX	5 7	10	25	35	50	mA mA
$I_{DRM} / I_{RRM}$	Off-State Leakage Current	$V_R = V_{RRM}$ , $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$		MAX			1			mA $\mu\text{A}$
$V_{to}^{(2)}$	Threshold Voltage	$T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$		MAX			0.85			V
$R_d^{(2)}$	Dynamic Resistance	$T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$		MAX			60			m
$V_{TM}^{(2)}$	On-state Voltage	$I_T = 11 \text{ Amp}$ , $t_p = 380 \mu\text{s}$ , $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$		MAX			1.55			V
$V_{GT}$	Gate Trigger Voltage	$V_D = 12 \text{ V}_{DC}$ , $R_L = 30 \Omega$ , $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	Q1÷Q3	MAX			1.3			V
$V_{GD}$	Gate Non Trigger Voltage	$V_D = V_{DRM}$ , $R_L = 3.3\text{K}$ , $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$	Q1÷Q3	MIN			0.2			V
$I_H^{(2)}$	Holding Current	$I_T = 100 \text{ mA}$ , Gate open, $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$		MAX	10	15	25	35	50	mA
$I_L$	Latching Current	$I_G = 1.2 I_{GT}$ , $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	Q1,Q3	MAX	10	20	25	50	80	mA
			Q2	MAX	15	30	50	60	80	
$dv / dt^{(2)}$	Critical Rate of Voltage Rise	$V_D = 0.67 \times V_{DRM}$ , Gate open $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$		MIN	20	100	200	400	250	V/ $\mu\text{s}$
$(dI/dt)c^{(2)}$	Critical Rate of Current Rise	$(dI/dt)c = 0.1 \text{ V}/\mu\text{s}$ $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$ $(dI/dt)c = 10 \text{ V}/\mu\text{s}$ $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$ without snubber $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$		MIN	3.5	5.4	9	9	9	A/ms
				MIN	1.8	2.8	4.5	4.5	4.5	
				MIN	-	-	-	4.5	4.5	
$R_{th(j-c)}$	Thermal Resistance Junction-Case						1.6			$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
$R_{th(j-a)}$	Thermal Resistance Junction-Ambient						70			$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$

(1) Minimum  $I_{GT}$  is guaranteed at 5% of  $I_{GT}$  max.

(2) For either polarity of electrode MT2 voltage with reference to electrode MT1.

### PART NUMBER INFORMATION



## SURFACE MOUNT TRIAC

Fig. 1a: Maximum power dissipation versus RMS on-state current (FT0807.D, FT0808.D).

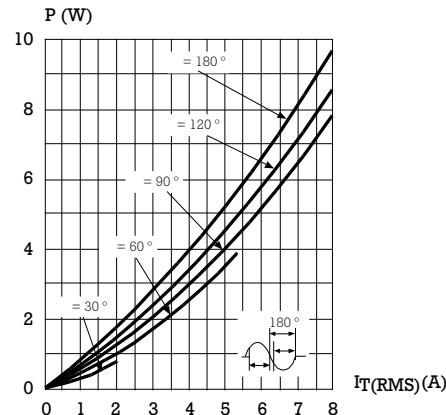


Fig. 1b: Maximum power dissipation versus RMS on-state current (FT0811.D, FT0814.D).

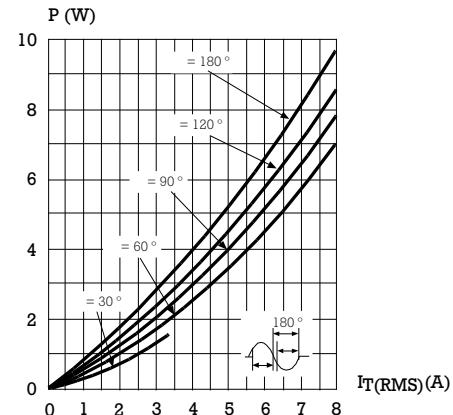


Fig. 2: Correlation between maximum power dissipation and maximum allowable temperatures (T<sub>amb</sub> and T<sub>case</sub>) for different thermal resistances heatsink + contact.

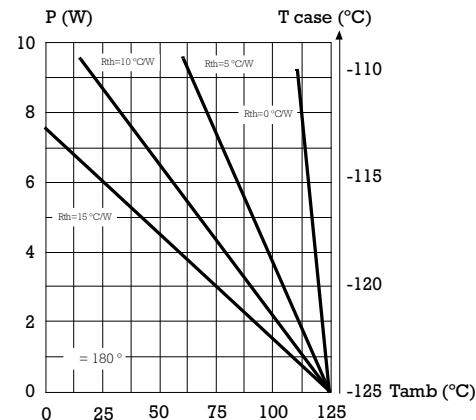


Fig. 4: Relative variation of thermal impedance junction to case versus pulse duration.

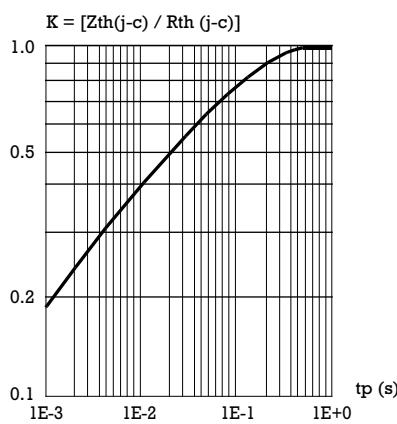


Fig. 3: RMS on-state current versus ambient temperature

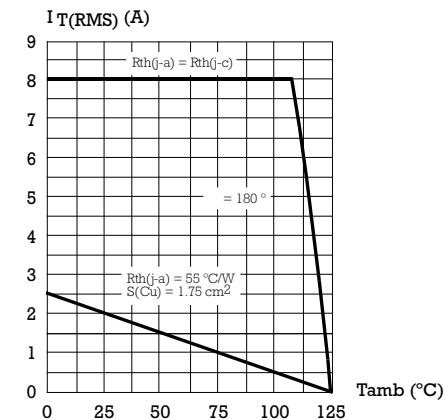
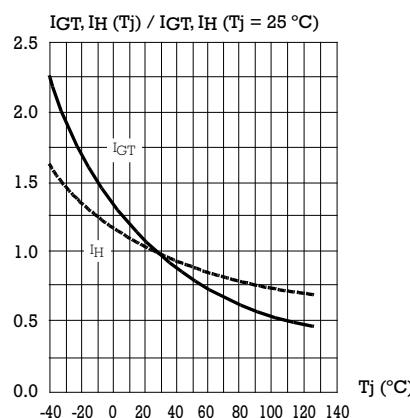


Fig. 5: Relative variation of gate trigger current and holding current versus junction temperature (typical values).



## SURFACE MOUNT TRIAC

Fig. 6: Non repetitive surge peak on-state current versus number of cycles.

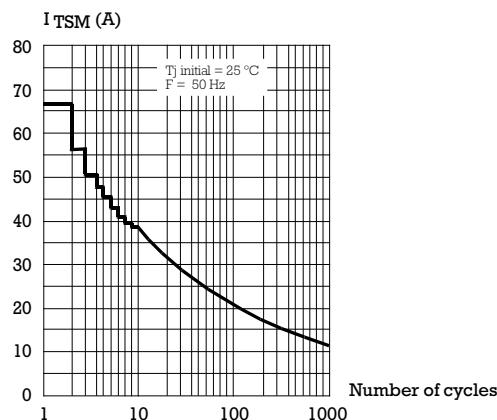


Fig. 7: Non repetitive surge peak on-state current for a sinusoidal pulse with width:  $t_p < 10$  ms, and corresponding value of  $I^2 t$ .

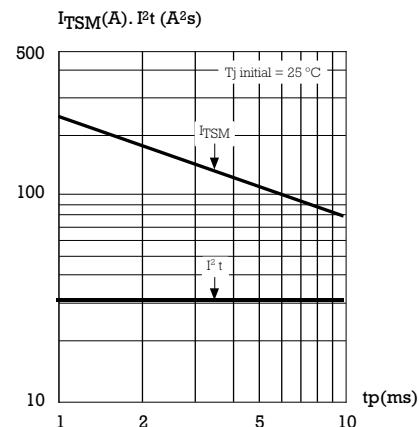


Fig. 8: On-state characteristics (maximum values).

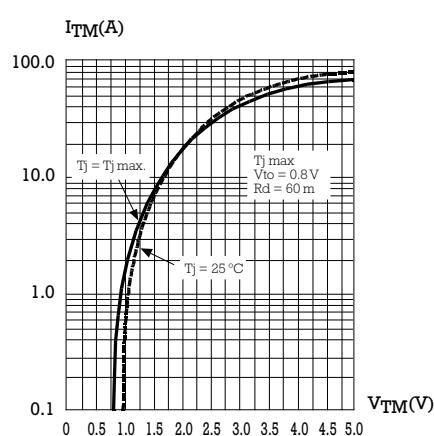
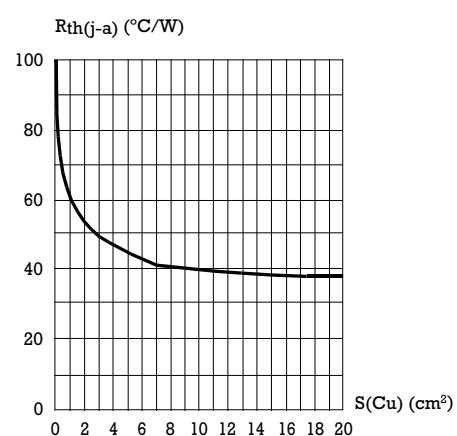
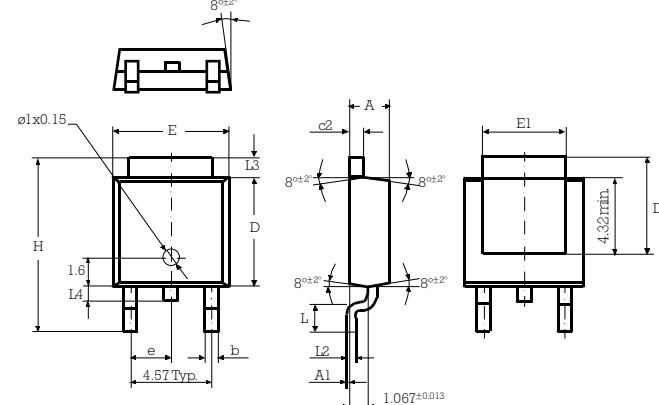


Fig. 9: Thermal resistance junction to ambient versus copper surface under tab (Epoxy printed circuit board FR4, copper thickness: 35  $\mu\text{m}$ ).

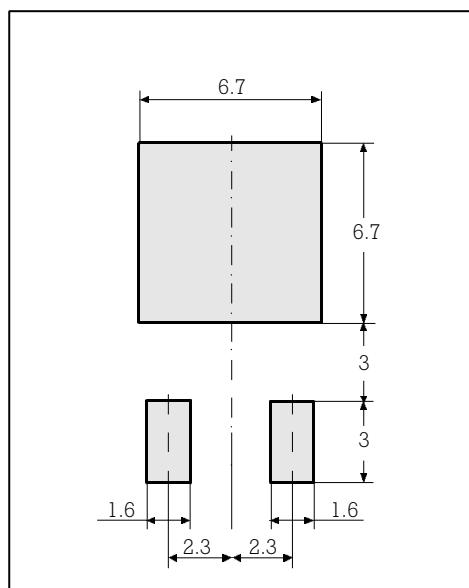


**SURFACE MOUNT TRIAC****PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA DPAK TO 252-AA**


REF.	DIMENSIONS		
	Millimeters		
	Min.	Nominal	Max.
A	2.18	2.3±0.18	2.39
A1	0	0.12	0.127
b	0.64	0.75±0.1	0.89
c	0.46		0.61
c1	0.46		0.56
c2		0.8±0.013	
D	5.97	6.1±0.1	6.22
D1	5.21		5.52
E	6.35	6.58±0.14	6.73
E1	5.20	5.36±0.1	5.46
e		2.28BSC	
H	9.40	9.90±0.15	10.41
L	1.40		1.78
L1	2.55	2.6±0.05	2.74
L2	0.46	0.5±0.013	0.58
L3	0.89	1.20±0.05	1.27
L4	0.64	0.83±0.1	1.02

Marking: type number

Weight: 0.2 g

**FOOT PRINT**

Jun - 02