

Current Transducers HAZ 4000..20000-SRI/SP1

For the electronic measurement of currents: DC, AC, pulsed, mixed, with a galvanic isolation between the primary circuit (high power) and the secondary circuit (electronic circuit).

$$I_{PN} = 4000..20000 \text{ A}$$

$$I_{OUT} = 4-20 \text{ mA} \\ \text{(T-RMS DC)}$$



Electrical data

Primary nominal r.m.s. current I_{PN} (A)	Primary current measuring range I_P (A)	Type
4000	± 4000	HAZ 4000-SRI/SP1
6000	± 6000	HAZ 6000-SRI/SP1
10000	± 10000	HAZ 10000-SRI/SP1
12000	± 12000	HAZ 12000-SRI/SP1
14000	± 14000	HAZ 14000-SRI/SP1
20000	± 20000	HAZ 20000-SRI/SP1

V_C	Supply voltage (± 5 %)	± 15	V
I_C	Current consumption	± 50	mA
I_{OC}	Overload capacity	30,000	A
R_{IS}	Isolation resistance @ 500 VDC	> 1000	MΩ
I_{OUT}	Output current @ ± I_{PN} , $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (+4 mA @ $I_P = 0$)	+ 4-20	mA DC
R_{OUT}	Output internal resistance	approx. 20	Ω
R_L	Load resistance	< 300	Ω

Accuracy - Dynamic performance data

X	Accuracy @ I_{PN} , $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (without offset)	< ± 1	%
e_L	Linearity error ¹⁾ (0 .. ± I_{PN})	< ± 0.5	% of I_{PN}
I_{OE}	Electrical offset current, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, @ $I_P = 0$	4 mA ± 0.08mA	
I_{OM}	Residual offset current @ $I_P = 0$; after an excursion of $1 \times I_{PN}$	< ± 0.025	mA
I_{OT}	Thermal drift of I_{OE}	< ± 0.05%	of I_{PN}/K
TCE_G	Thermal drift of the gain (% of reading)	< ± 0.05	%/K
t_r	Response time @ 90% of I_{PN}	< 400	ms
f	Frequency range, ±3 dB, small signal ²⁾	DC and 15 to 3kHz	

General data

T_A	Ambient operating temperature	- 25 .. + 85	°C
T_S	Ambient storage temperature	- 30 .. + 90	°C
	Housing PBT 30% glassfiber		
	UL94 classification	V0	
m	Mass	approx. 6	kg
	Standards ³⁾	EN 50178: 1997	



Features

- Hall effect measuring principle
- Galvanic isolation between primary and secondary circuit
- True-rms, 4-20mA DC current output
- Isolation voltage 12kV Rms/ 50 Hz / 1 min
- Low power consumption
- Package in PBT meeting UL 94-V0

Special Feature

- True-rms, 4-20mA DC current output

Advantages

- Easy mounting
- Small size and space savings
- Only one design for wide current ratings range
- High immunity against external interference

Applications

- Battery supplied applications
- Uninterruptible Power Supplies (UPS)
- Power supplies for welding and telecom applications.

Application Domain

- Industrial

Notes : ¹⁾ Linearity data exclude the electrical offset.

²⁾ To avoid excessive core heating.

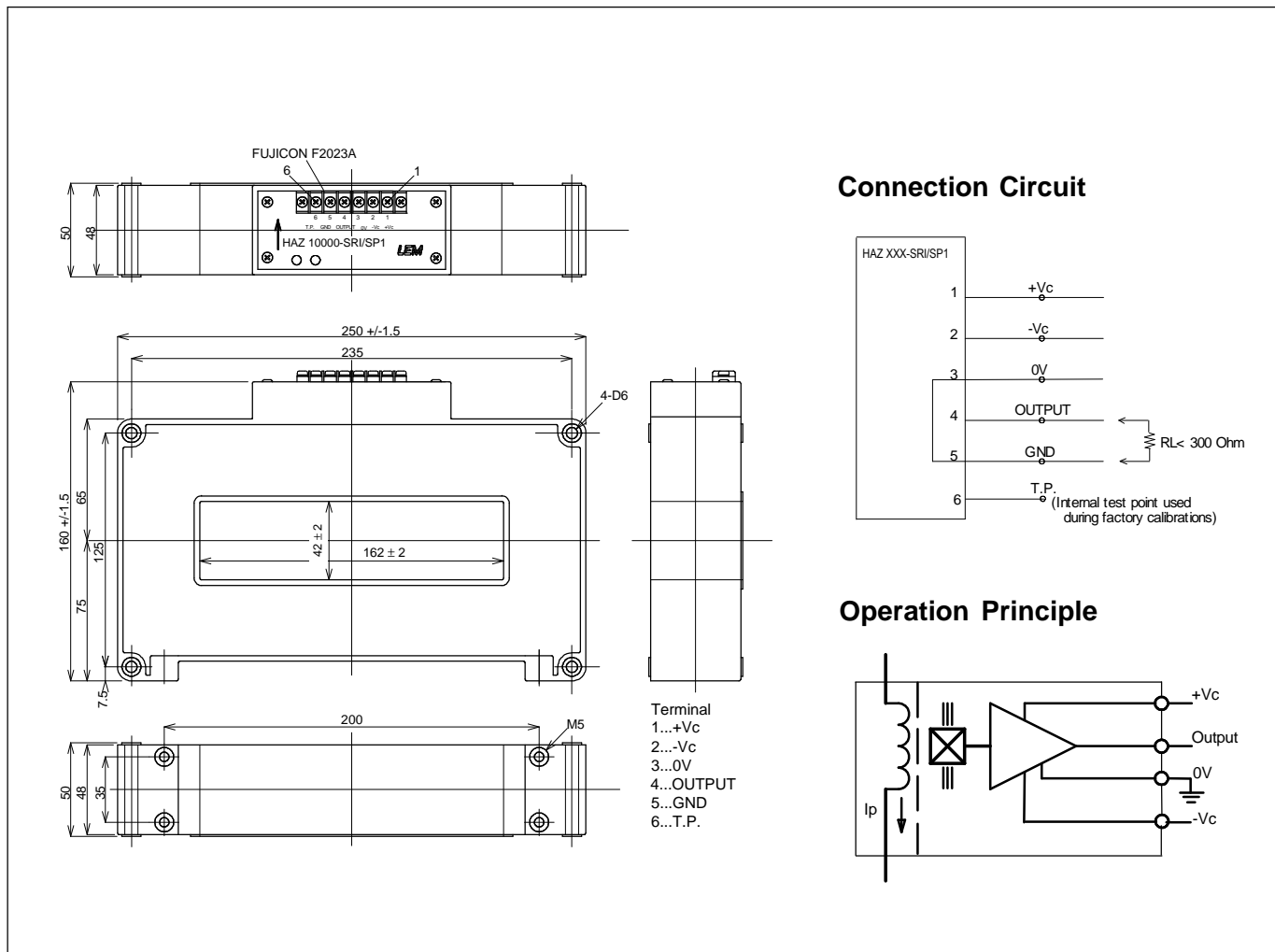
³⁾ Please consult characterisation report for more technical details and application advice.

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Isolation characteristics

V_b	Nominal Voltage with IEC 61010-1 standard and following conditions - Single insulation - Over voltage category III - Pollution degree 2 - Heterogeneous field	2000	V r.m.s.
V_b	Nominal Voltage with EN 50178 standard and following conditions - Reinforced insulation - Over voltage category III - Pollution degree 2 - Heterogeneous field	2000	V r.m.s.
V_d	R.m.s. voltage for AC isolation test, 50/60 Hz, 1 mn	12	kV
V_e	R.m.s. voltage for partial discharge extinction @ 10pC	> 3	kV
\hat{V}_w	Impulse withstand voltage 1.2/50 μ s	27	kV
dCp	Creepage distance	> 45	mm
dCl	Clearance distance	> 45	mm
CTI	Comparative Tracking Index (Group IIIa)	220	V

Dimensions HAZ 4000..20000-SRI/SP1 (in mm. 1 mm = 0.0394 inch)



Mechanical characteristics

- General tolerance ± 0.5 mm
- Aperture for primary conductor 162 mm x 42 mm (± 2 mm)
- Transducer fastening 4 x M5 (not supplied)
- Recommended fastening torque < 5 Nm
- Connection of secondary Fujicon F2023A (6 terminals)

Remarks

- **Temperature of the primary conductor should not exceed 120°C.**

Safety



This transducer must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the following manufacturer's operating instructions.



Caution, risk of electrical shock

When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (eg. primary busbar, power supply). Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.

This transducer is a built-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation.

A protective housing or additional shield could be used.

Main supply must be able to be disconnected.

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