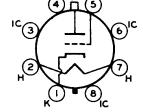
Beam Triode

High Voltage (Max. DC Plate Volts = 27000), Low Current Type. Especially Useful as a Shunt Voltage-Regulator Tube in High-Voltage Power Supply Circuits in Color TV Receivers.

Electrical:

Lieuti itali.
Heater Characteristics and Ratings: Voltage (AC or DC) 6.3 \pm 0.6 volts Current at heater volts = 6.3 0.200 amp Peak heater-cathode voltage:
Heater negative with respect to cathode 200 max. volts Heater positive with
respect to cathode Not Recommended Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.):
Grid to plate 0.03 pf Grid to cathode and heater 2.6 pf Plate to cathode and heater pf
Mechanical:
Operating Position
Short Jumbo-Shell Octal with External Barriers: 8-Pin (JEDEC Group 1, No.B8-71) Short Medium-Shell Octal with External Barriers: 8-Pin, Style B (JEDEC Group 1, No.B8-118) Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW 8GC
IC P G

Pin 1 - Cathode Pin 2 - Heater Pin 3 - Do Not Use Pin 4 - Do Not Use Pin 5 - Grid



Pin 6 - Do Not Use Pin 7 - Heater Pin 8 - Do Not Use Cap - Plate

SHUNT VOLTAGE-REGULATOR SERVICE

Maximum Ratings, Design-Maximum Values:

DC Plate Voltage				
Grid Voltage: Peak DC				

DC Plate Current	1.6 max. ma 30 max. watts	-
Typical Operation:		
As shunt voltage-regulator tube-See Accomp	canying Circuit	
Unregulated Supply:		
DC voltage	36000 volts	
Equivalent resistance	11 megohms	
Voltage—Divider Values:	220	_
R _I (5 watts)	220 megohms 1 megohm	
R_2 (2 watts)	0.82 megohm	
Reference-Voltage Supply:	o.czgom	
DC value	200 volts	
Equivalent resistance	1000 ohms	
Effective Grid-Plate Transconductance	200	_
DC Plate Current:	200 μmhos	
For load current of 0 ma	1000 μa	
For load current of 1 ma	45 μa	
Regulated DC Output Voltage:	, a	
For load current of 0 ma	25000 volts	
For load current of 1 ma	24500 volts	
Maximum Circuit Values:		
Grid-Circuit Resistance	3 max. megohms	
	>	
a Without external shield.		

CHARACTERISTICS RANGE VALUES

						Note	Min.	Max.	
Grid Voltage	(1)					1	- 7	-	volts
Grid Voltage	(2)					2	_		volts
Grid-Voltage	Change	•			•	3	_	9	volts

Note 1: With dcplate voltage of 30000 volts and dc plate current of 1 ma. Note 2: With dc plate voltage of 30000 volts and dc plate current of

Note 3: Difference between grid voltage (1) and grid voltage (2).

OPERATING CONSIDERATIONS

The base pins of the 6BK4A fit the standard octal socket. Socket terminals for pins 3,4,6, and 8 should not be used for tie points. If this precaution is not followed, tube performance may be adversely affected.

The high voltages at which the 68K4A is operated may be extremely dangerous to the user. Great care should be taken during adjustment of circuits. The tube and its associated apparatus, especially those parts which may be at high potential with respect to ground, should be housed in a protective enclosure. The protective housing should contain interlocks so that personnel cannot possibly come incontact with any high

 $^{^{}f b}$ For 20 seconds maximum duration during equipment warm-up period.

potential point in the electrical system. The interlocks should break the primary circuit of the high-voltage supply when any gate or door on the protective housing is opened, and should prevent the closing of this primary circuit until the door is locked again.

It should be noted that high voltages may appear at normally low-potential points in the circuit as a result of capacitor breakdown or incorrect circuit connections. Therefore, before any part of the circuit is touched, the power-supply switch should be turned off and both terminals of the circuit capacitors should be grounded.

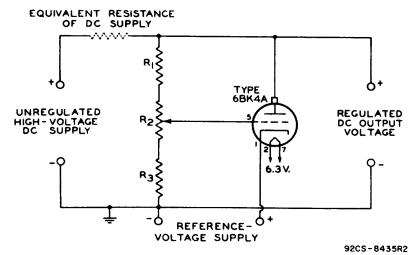
The bulb of the 6BK4A becomes hot during operation. To insure adequate cooling, it is essential that free circulation of air be provided around the 6BK4A. The bulb will eventually darken during service. This darkening is normal and has no effect on tube performance.

The $\it plate$ of the 6BK4A shows a dull red color when the tube is operated at maximum plate dissipation. Connection to the plate cap should be made by a suitable connector with flexible lead to prevent any strain on the seal of the cap.

Operation of the 6BK4A with a plate voltage above approximately 16000 volts (absolute value) results in the production of X-Rays which can constitute a health hazard on prolonged exposure at close range unless the tube is adequately shielded. Relatively simple shielding should prove adequate, but the need for this precaution should be considered in equipment design.

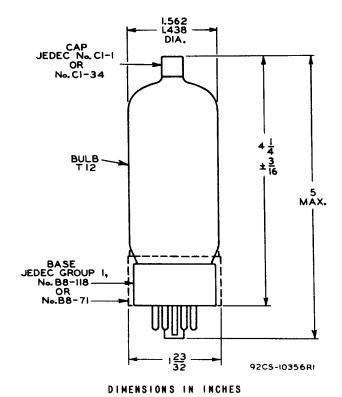
The 6BK4A may exhibit a blue glow on the upper half of the inner surface of the bulb wall under normal operating conditions. This effect is caused by fluorescence and is not to be mistaken for gas.

SHUNT VOLTAGE-REGULATOR CIRCUIT



Typical performance data for this basic circuit with certain characteristics of the unregulated dc supply and related voltage-divider values are given in the tabulated data. Other combinations are feasible within the maximum ratings and the maximum circuit values for the 6BK4A.

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AVERAGE TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS

