

One-Shot Phase-Control IC

Description

The monolithic integrated bipolar circuit, U490B, is a one-shot power control circuit, designed to control the thyristor which is mainly used in electric stapler devices. The IC is preferred to realise a one-shot phase control, where any phase angle and thus any intensity of the load

Features

- Phase controlled thyristor ignition
- Triggering with time delay
- Repetition time delay

Block Diagram

voltage is adjustable. After successful triggering and the following delay time, an ignition pulse at the output is released. A further triggering is only possible after the elapse of the delay time.

- Supply current ≤2 mA
- Mains supply via resistor

Applications

• Electric stapler devices

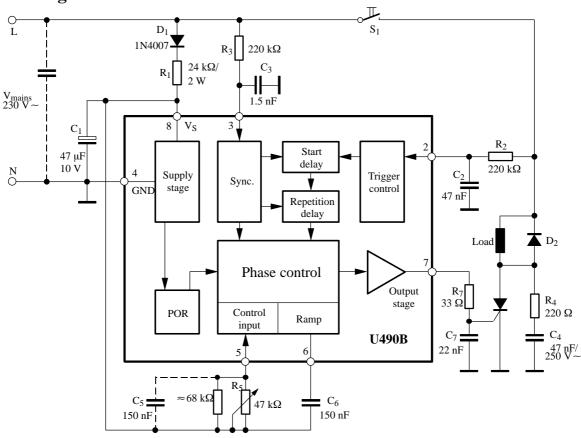


Figure 1. Block diagram with external circuit

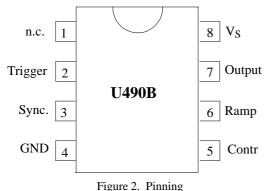
Ordering Information

Extended Type Number	Package	Remarks
U490B-x	DIP8	Tube
U490B-xFP	SO8	Tube
U490B-xFPG3	SO8	Taped and reeled

U490B



Pin Description



Pin	Symbol	Function
1	n.c.	Not connected
2	Trigger	Triggering
3	Sync.	Synchronization
4	GND	Ground
5	Contr	Control input
6	Ramp	Ramp
7	Output	Output
8	VS	Supply voltage

Supply, Pin 8

Internal voltage limiter enables a simple supply from the mains via series resistor R_1 . The supply voltage between Pin 8 (V_S) and ground (Pin 4) builts up via R_1 and is smoothed by the capacitor C_1 .

Series resistor R1 can be calculated as follows:

$$\begin{split} R_{1max} &\approx 0.85 \; x \; \frac{V_{mains} - V_{Smax}}{2 \; x \; I_{tot}} \; \text{where} \\ V_{mains} &= Mains \; \text{supply voltage} \\ V_{Smax} &= Maximum \; \text{supply voltage} \\ I_{tot} &= I_{Smax} + I_{X} \\ I_{Smax} &= Maximum \; \text{current consumption of the IC} \\ I_{X} &= Current \; \text{consumption of the} \\ &= \text{external components} \end{split}$$

Phase Control, Pins 3, 5 and 6

The circuit is synchronized with mains supply through Pin 3. As long as the switch S_1 is open, the circuit is in wait state i.e., the capacitor C_6 (150 nF) is discharged and is kept in this state (High level). When the switch S_1 is closed, there is a current flow in Pin 2 which is evaluated by the circuit. If this current flows after the elapse of delay time, then the phase control is released. Capacitor, C_6 , is then charged with $I_6 = 100 \ \mu A$ towards ground. At the same time, there is a current flow of $\approx 100 \ \mu A$ into Pin 5, which results in voltage drop across resistor R_5 . Control voltage, V_5 , is then 1.5 V lower internally.

The output stage is released when the ramp voltage V₆ is equal to (V₅ - 1.5 V). When the voltage difference is ≈ 150 mV, it is again turned–off.

The result is an output pulse, whose phase shift to the zero crossing of mains voltage is determined by the resistor R_5 at control input Pin 5 (see fig. 3). Capacitor C_6 is charged to a value of ≈ 1.5 V. It remains there till the switch S_1 again opens and the repetition delay time is over.

The circuit is released, when four periods of the line voltage have expired after build up of the operating voltage, before the switch S_1 is closed.

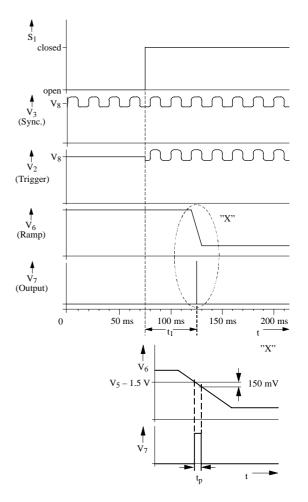


Figure 3. Signal characteristics



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Reference point Pin 4 (GND), unless otherwise specified

Parameters		Symbol	Value	Unit
Supply current	Pin 8	IS	30	mA
t ≤ 10	μs	is	150	mA
Output stage				
Input voltage	Pin 7	VI	-0.5 to V _S	V
Input current	Pin 2, 3	$\pm I_{I}$	5	mA
$t \le 1 \text{ ms}$		\pm I _I	30	mA
Input voltage	Pin 5, 6	VI	0 to V_8	V
Junction temperature		T _i	+125	°C
Ambient temperature		T _{amb}	- 10 to +100	°C
Storage temperature ran	ge	T _{stg}	- 40 to +125	°C

Thermal Resistance

Parameters		Symbol	Value	Unit
Junction ambient	DIP8	R _{thJA}	110	K/W
	SO8 on p.c.	R _{thJA}	220	K/W
	SO8 on ceramic	R _{thJA}	140	K/W

Electrical Characteristics

 $V_S = 7 V$, $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$, reference point Pin 4 (GND), unless otherwise specified

Parameters	Test Conditio	ons / Pins	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Supply voltage limitation	$I_S = 3 \text{ mA}$	Pin 8	Vs	7.2	8.2	9.2	V
	$I_S = 30 \text{ mA}$		Vs	7.4	8.4	9.4	V
Current consumption	$V_S = 7 V$	Pin 8	Is			2	mA
Voltage monitoring		Pin 8					
Switch-on threshold			V _{Son}		5		V
Switch-off threshold			V _{Soff}		3		V
Synchronization		Pin 3					
Voltage limitation	$I_3 = 1 \text{ mA}$	Pin 3 - 8	V _{lim}		1.5		V
	$I_3 = -1 \text{ mA}$		-V _{lim}		0.75		V
Switch-on threshold		Pin 3	I _{Ton}		120		μΑ
Switch-off threshold			I _{Toff}		35		μΑ
Trigger input		Pin 2					
Voltage limitation	$I_2 = 1 \text{ mA}$	Pin 2 - 8	V _{lim}		1.5		V
-	$I_2 = -1 \text{ mA}$		-V _{lim}		0.75		V
Switch-on threshold		Pin 2	I _{Ton}		120		μA
Switch-off threshold			I _{Toff}		35		μA
Start delay time	$f_{mains} = 50 \text{ Hz}$	Pin 2-7	t ₁	40		60	ms
Repetition delay time			t ₂	60		80	ms



Electrical Characteristics (continued)

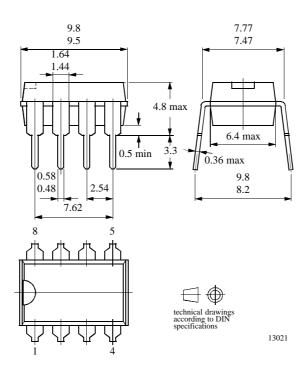
Parameters	Test Conditions / Pins	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Phase control	Pin 5, 6, 3					
Control input:	Pin 5					
Input voltage range		VI	2		VS	V
Input current	$2 V \leq V_5 \leq V_8$	II	50	90	130	μΑ
Ramp	Pin 6					
Charge current	$2V \le V_6 \le V_8 - 0.5 V$	I _{ch}	50	90	130	μA
Discharge current	$U_5 = 4 V$	-I _{dis}	2			mA
Phase shift	Pin 7-5					
	$C_6 = 150 \text{ nF}, V_5 = 2 \text{ V}$	t _{dmax}		7		ms
	$V_5 = V_8$	t _{dmin}		600		μs
Output stage, $V_7 = 0 V$	Pin 7					
Output reverse current	Status OFF	$\pm I_{o(r)}$			10	μA
Output current	Status ON	-I _o	100			mA
Pulse width	$C_6 = 150 \text{ nF}$, see figure 3	tp	100	200	300	μs



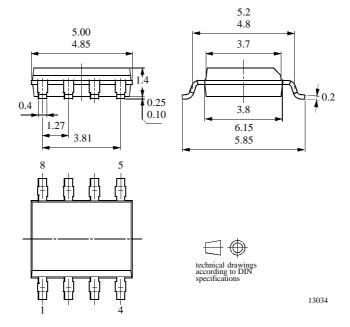
Package Information

Package DIP8

Dimensions in mm



Package SO8 Dimensions in mm





Ozone Depleting Substances Policy Statement

It is the policy of Atmel Germany GmbH to

- 1. Meet all present and future national and international statutory requirements.
- 2. Regularly and continuously improve the performance of our products, processes, distribution and operating systems with respect to their impact on the health and safety of our employees and the public, as well as their impact on the environment.

It is particular concern to control or eliminate releases of those substances into the atmosphere which are known as ozone depleting substances (ODSs).

The Montreal Protocol (1987) and its London Amendments (1990) intend to severely restrict the use of ODSs and forbid their use within the next ten years. Various national and international initiatives are pressing for an earlier ban on these substances.

Atmel Germany GmbH has been able to use its policy of continuous improvements to eliminate the use of ODSs listed in the following documents.

- 1. Annex A, B and list of transitional substances of the Montreal Protocol and the London Amendments respectively
- 2. Class I and II ozone depleting substances in the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) in the USA
- 3. Council Decision 88/540/EEC and 91/690/EEC Annex A, B and C (transitional substances) respectively.

Atmel Germany GmbH can certify that our semiconductors are not manufactured with ozone depleting substances and do not contain such substances.

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Data sheets can also be retrieved from the Internet: http://www.atmel-wm.com

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