

T7980S

T7980S SINGLE-CHIP CMOS LSI FOR LCD CALCULATORS

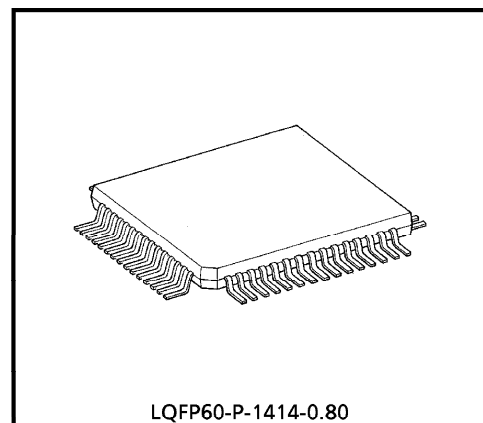
The T7980S is single-chip microcomputer for 8-digit + 1-digit scientific calculation.

T7980S is the complete single-chip CMOS LSI for calculator with 8 digits, 45 functions, 3 expression and hexadecimal, octal and binary, statistic calculation, and fractional number calculation with the following features.

FEATURES

- 8-digit display plus 1-digit code at the right margin.
 - Scientific display.
Mantissa 6 digits plus exponent 2 digits plus negative code 2 digits.
 - Fractional number display.
9 digits plus negative code 1 digit.
 - Other than above
Mantissa 8 digits plus negative code 1 digit.
- 9 kinds of special display

M	Memory	STAT	Statistic calculation mode
–	Mantissa and exponent Minus	DEG	Degree
E	Error	RAD	Radian
INV	Inverse	GRAD	Gradian
()	Parenthesis calculation		
- The minus sign of the mantissa is floating minus.
- The arithmetic key operation in clouding Y^X or $^X\sqrt{Y}$ has same sequence as mathematical equation. 4 pending operations are allowed and () are up to continuous 15 levels.
- Fractional number calculation.
- It is possible to convert or fix the display number system by F.S key.



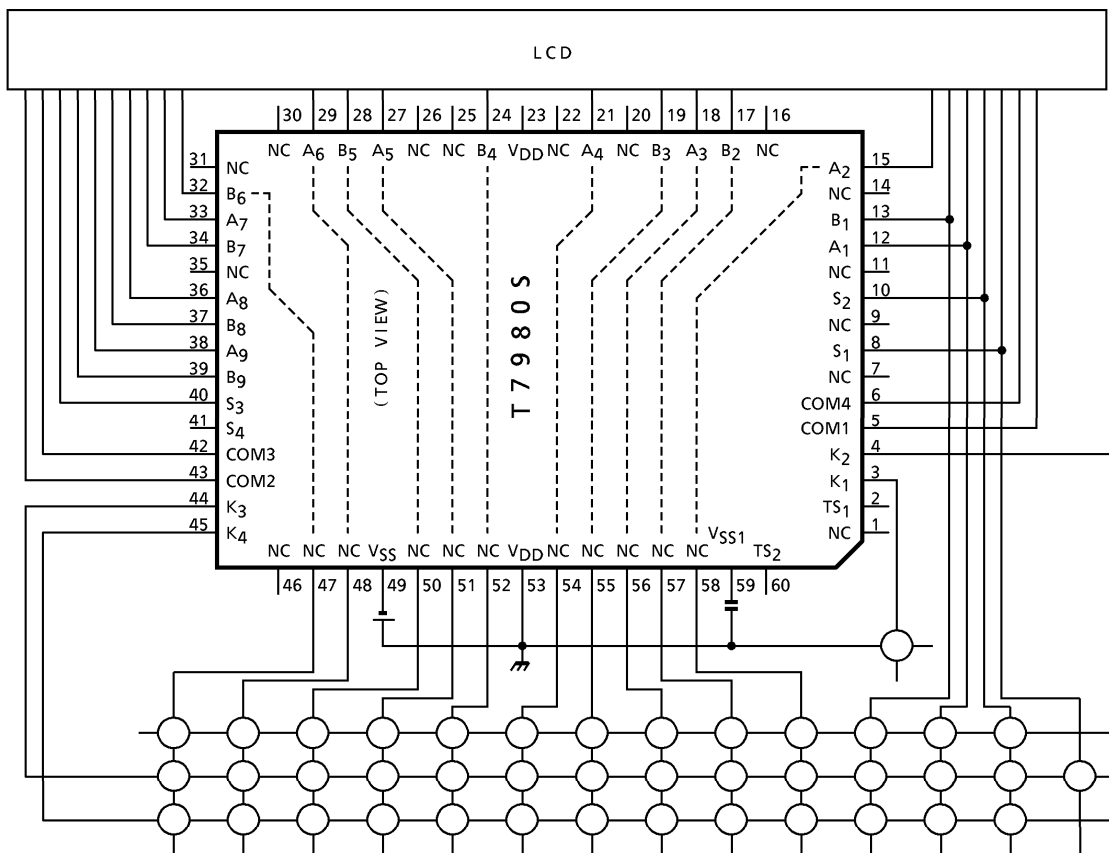
Weight : 0.66g (Typ.)

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- One independent accumulating memory.
- It is possible to specify decimal part digits (0~7) by FIX key.
- Direct drive for FEM LCD (1/3 prebias, 1/4 duty).
- Automatic power on clear.
- Low-power consumption. $V_{SS} = -3.0V$ single power supply.
- The 60-pin flat package is used.

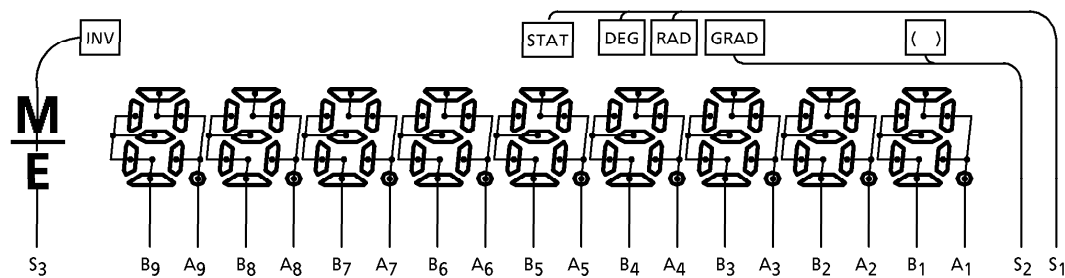
SYSTEM BLOCK DIAGRAM



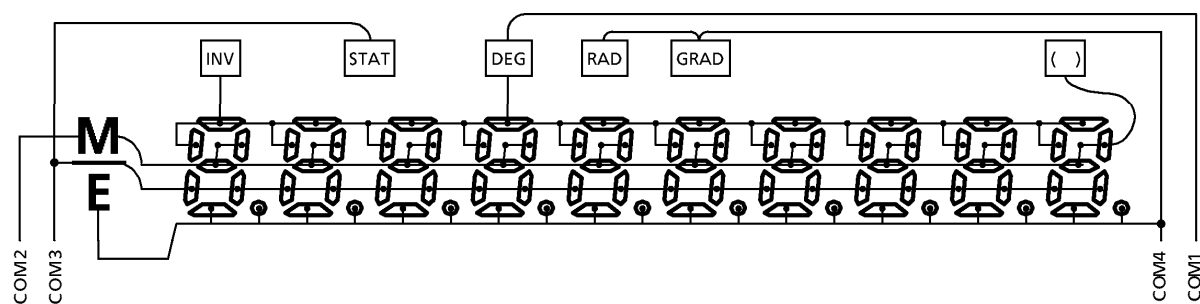
(Note) Input capacity ≤ 300 (pF) at $V_{SS} = -2.6$ (V)
 Key resistance ≤ 1.5 (k Ω) at $V_{SS} = -2.6$ (V)

CONNECTION OF LCD

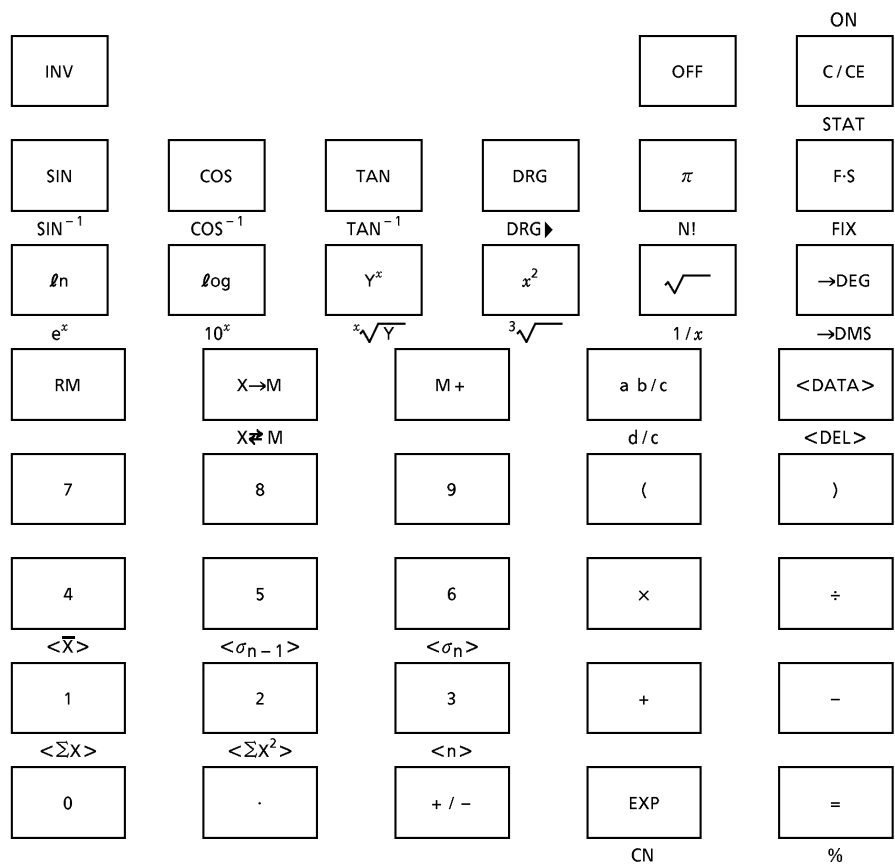
SEGMENT



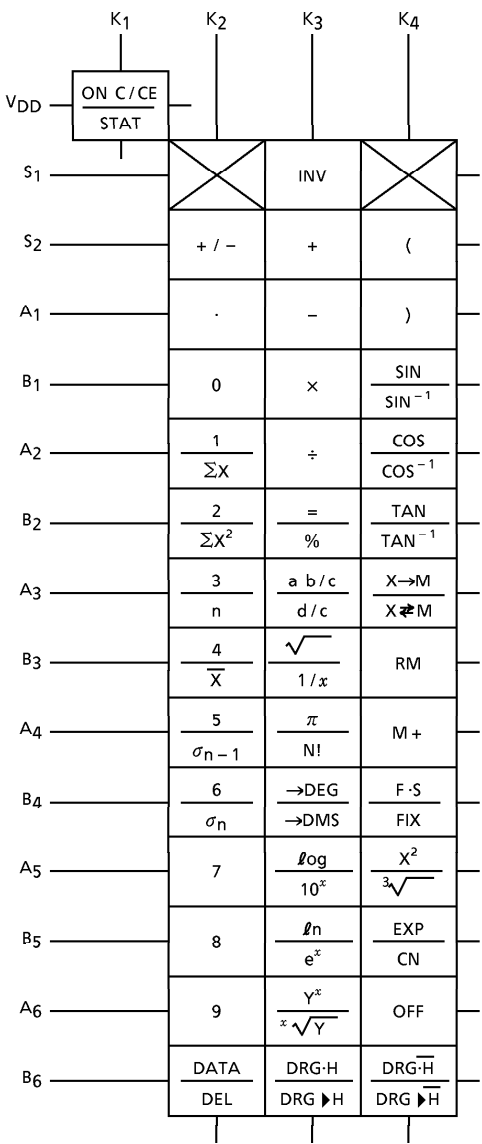
COMMON



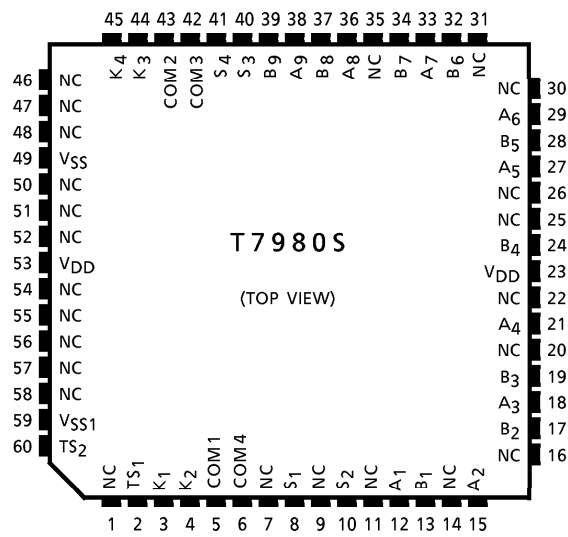
SET KEY LAYOUT (Example)



KEY CONNECTION



PIN ASSIGNMENT



SPECIFICATION OF CALCULATOR

Speed of Calculator
Key on 5.8ms
Key off 82ms
f ϕ WAIT = 30kHz, f ϕ op = 70kHz
The calculation speed doesn't include the key on or off time.

Item	Operation			Calculation speed (ms)
Number	DEC		5	12
		5	5	12
Function	DEC	5	+	40
		5	x	41
4-operation	DEC	1 + 2	+	60
		1 0 0 0 0 0 0 - 1	-	70
		5 x 9	x	83
		5 5 5 5 5 x 9 9 9 9 9	x	91
		5 ÷ 9	÷	41
		5 5 5 5 5 ÷ 9 9 9 9 9	÷	128
Y ^x , ^x √Y	3 Y ^x 4		=	605
	3 ^x √Y 4		=	636
SIN	DEG	3 0	SIN	643
	RAD	$\pi \div 6 =$	SIN	803
	GRAD	1 0 0 ÷ 3 =	SIN	686
COS	DEG	6 0	COS	648
	RAD	$\pi \div 3 =$	COS	757
	GRAD	2 0 0 ÷ 3 =	COS	695

Item	Operation			Calculation speed (ms)	
TAN	DEG	4 5	TAN	242	
	RAD	$\pi \div 4 =$	TAN	306	
	GRAD	5 0	TAN	242	
SIN^{-1}	DEG	0. 5	SIN^{-1}	556	
	RAD	0. 5	SIN^{-1}	462	
	GRAD	0. 5	SIN^{-1}	547	
COS^{-1}	DEG	0. 5	COS^{-1}	647	
	RAD	0. 5	COS^{-1}	527	
	GRAD	0. 5	COS^{-1}	639	
TAN^{-1}	DEG	1	TAN^{-1}	230	
	RAD	1	TAN^{-1}	154	
	GRAD	1	TAN^{-1}	225	
Ln	2 0			ln	192
Log	2 0			log	236
e ^x	2 0			e ^x	234
10 ^x	1. 2 3			10 ^x	290
	1 0			10 ^x	105
X!	6 9			N!	698
X ²	2 0			X ²	57
$\sqrt{\quad}$	2 0			$\sqrt{\quad}$	184
1 / X	2 0			1 / X	72
$\sqrt[3]{\quad}$	2 0			$\sqrt[3]{\quad}$	535
→DEG	1. 2 3 4 5			→DEG	175
→DMS	1. 2 3 4 5			→DMS	173
→RAD	DEG	3 6 0	DRG▶	131	
→GRAD	RAD	2 × π =	DRG▶	104	
→DEG	GRAD	4 0 0	DRG▶	59	
Memory	1 2 3			X→M	33
	1 2 3 X → M			M +	36
	1 2 3 X → M			RM	27
	1 2 3 X → M			X↔M	33
%	1 2 3 + 4 5 6			%	65
	1 2 3 − 4 5 6			%	65
	1 2 3 × 4 5 6			%	34
	1 2 3 ÷ 4 5 6			%	34
Statistic Calculation	1 DATA 2 DATA 3 DATA 8 DATA 9			DATA	228
	The above-mentioned data			n	32
				$\bar{X}$	70
				ΣX	31
				ΣX^2	30
				σ_{n-1}	318
				σ_n	378

ITEM	OPERATION				CALCULATION SPEED (ms)
Fractional number Calculation	Function	2 ab/c 3 6 ab/c 2 3 4	—		116
		2 ab/c 3 6 ab/c 2 3 4	÷		117
	4-operation	2 _ 36J 234 + 3 _ 45 J 345	=		271
		2 _ 36J 234 - 3 _ 45 J 345	=		261
		2 _ 36J 234 × 3 _ 45 J 345	=		231
		2 _ 36J 234 ÷ 3 _ 45 J 345	=		197

OPERATION RANGE AND ACCURACY

FUNCTION	ANGLE UNIT	OPERATION RANGE	UNDER FLOW AREA	NORMAL ACCURACY
SIN X	DEG	$0 \leq X \leq 4.4999999 \times 10^{09}$	$0 \leq X \leq 5.7295779 \times 10^{-98}$	± 1 in 8th significant digit
	RAD	$0 \leq X \leq 78539816.$	$0 \leq X \leq 1.0000000 \times 10^{-99}$	
	GRAD	$0 \leq X \leq 4.9999999 \times 10^{09}$	$0 \leq X \leq 6.3661977 \times 10^{-98}$	
COS X	DEG	$0 \leq X \leq 4.5000000 \times 10^{09}$	—	
	RAD	$0 \leq X \leq 78539817.$	—	
	GRAD	$0 \leq X \leq 5.0000000 \times 10^{09}$	—	
TAN X	DEG	SAME AS SIN X except for $ X = (2n - 1) \cdot 90$	SAME AS SIN X	
	RAD	SAME AS SIN X except for $ X = (2n - 1) \cdot \pi / 2$	SAME AS SIN X	
	GRAD	SAME AS SIN X except for $ X = (2n - 1) \cdot 100$	SAME AS SIN X	
SIN ⁻¹ X	DEG	$0 \leq X \leq 1$	$0 \leq X \leq 1.5707963 \times 10^{-99}$	
	RAD	$0 \leq X \leq 1$	—	
	GRAD	$0 \leq X \leq 1$	$0 \leq X \leq 1.5707963 \times 10^{-99}$	
COS ⁻¹ X	DEG	SAME AS SIN ⁻¹ X	—	
	RAD	SAME AS SIN ⁻¹ X	—	
	GRAD	SAME AS SIN ⁻¹ X	—	
TAN ⁻¹ X	DEG	$0 \leq X \leq 9.9999999 \times 10^{99}$	SAME AS SIN ⁻¹ X	
	RAD	$0 \leq X \leq 9.9999999 \times 10^{99}$	—	
	GRAD	$0 \leq X \leq 9.9999999 \times 10^{99}$	SAME AS SIN ⁻¹ X	
LN X		$0 < X$	—	
LOG X		$0 < X$	—	
e ^X		$-9.9999999 \times 10^{99} \leq X \leq 230.25850$	$-9.9999999 \times 10^{99} \leq X \leq -227.95593$	
10 ^X		$-9.9999999 \times 10^{99} \leq X \leq 99.999999$	$-9.9999999 \times 10^{99} \leq X \leq -99.000001$	

FUNCTION		OPERATION RANGE	UNDER FLOW AREA	NORMAL ACCURACY
X!		$0 \leq X \leq 69$ (INTEGER)	—	± 1 in 8th significant digit
$\frac{1}{X}$		1×10^{-99} $\leq X \leq 9.9999999 \times 10^{99}$ (X ≠ 0)	1.0000001×10^{99} $\leq X \leq 9.9999999 \times 10^{99}$	
X ²		$0 \leq X \leq 9.9999999 \times 10^{49}$	$0 \leq X \leq 3.1622776 \times 10^{-50}$	
$\sqrt{X}$		$0 \leq X \leq 9.9999999 \times 10^{99}$	—	
$\sqrt[3]{X}$		$0 \leq X \leq 9.9999999 \times 10^{99}$	—	
DMS→DEG		$0 \leq X \leq 9.9999999 \times 10^7$	—	
DEG→DMS		$0 \leq X \leq 9.9999999 \times 10^7$	$0 \leq X \leq 1.3888888 \times 10^{-6}$	± 1 in least significant digit
DEG→RAD		$0 \leq X \leq 9.9999999 \times 10^{99}$	$0 \leq X \leq 5.7295779 \times 10^{-98}$	± 1 in 8th significant digit
RAD→GRAD		$0 \leq X \leq 1.5707963 \times 10^{98}$	—	
GRAD→DEG		$0 \leq X \leq 9.9999999 \times 10^{99}$	$0 \leq X \leq 1.1111111 \times 10^{-99}$	
Y ^X		$-9.9999999 \times 10^{99}$ $\leq X \cdot \text{LN } Y \leq 230.25850$ (1) Y > 0…The above-mentioned operation range. (2) Y < 0…X (Integer) or 1 / X (Odd, X ≠ 0) …The above-mentioned operation range. (3) Y = 0…0 < X	$-9.9999999 \times 10^{99}$ $\leq X \cdot \text{LN } Y \leq -227.95593$	
$\sqrt[X]{Y}$		$-9.9999999 \times 10^{99}$ $\leq \frac{1}{X} \cdot \text{LN } Y \leq 230.25850$ (1) Y > 0…The above-mentioned operation range. (2) Y < 0…X (Odd) or 1 / X (Integer, X ≠ 0) …The above-mentioned operation range. (3) Y = 0…0 < X	$-9.9999999 \times 10^{99}$ $\leq \frac{1}{X} \cdot \text{LN } Y \leq -227.95593$	± 1 in 8th significant digit
Statistic	DATA DEL	Operation range		± 1 in 8th significant digit
		$ x \leq 9.9999999 \times 10^{49}$ $ \sum X \leq 9.9999999 \times 10^{99}$ $\sum X^2 \leq 9.9999999 \times 10^{99}$ $0 \leq n \leq 99999999$. n = Integer		
	$\bar{x}$	$n \neq 0$		
	σ_{n-1}	$n \neq 1, n \neq 0$ $0 \leq \frac{\sum X^2 - \{(\sum X)^2 / n\}}{n-1} \leq 9.9999999 \times 10^{99}$		
	σ_n	$n \neq 0$ $0 \leq \frac{\sum X^2 - \{(\sum X)^2 / n\}}{n} \leq 9.9999999 \times 10^{99}$		

MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTICS	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Supply Voltage	V_{SS}	+0.3 ~ -3.5	V
Input Voltage	V_{IN}	+0.3 ~ $V_{DD} - 0.3$	V
Operating Temperature	T_{opr}	0 ~ 40	°C
Storage Temperature	T_{stg}	-55 ~ 125	°C

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($V_{SS} = -3.0 \pm 0.2V$, $V_{DD} = 0V$, $T_a = 25 \pm 1.5^\circ C$)

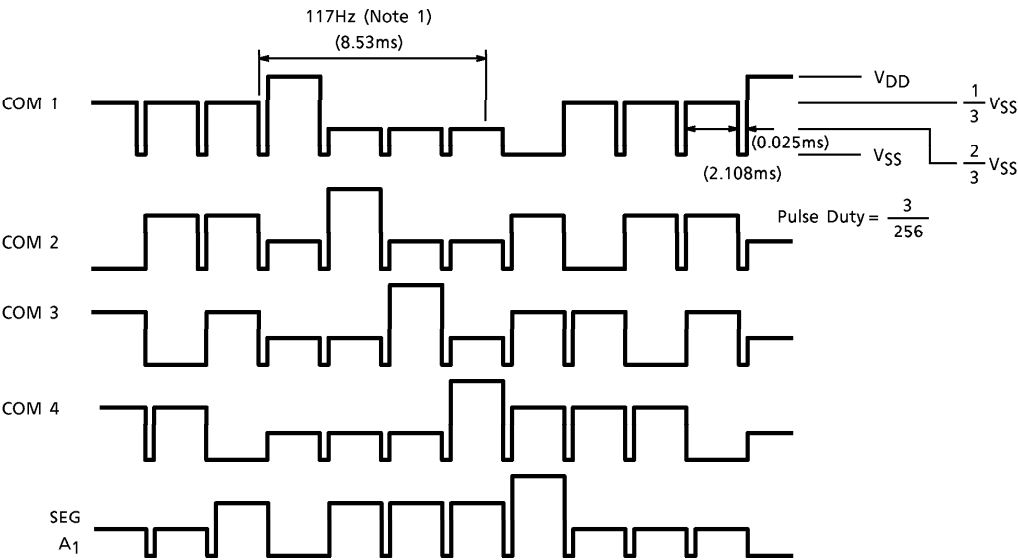
CHARACTERISTICS	SYMBOL	TEST CIR-CUIT	PIN NAME	TEST CONDITION	MIN	TYP.	MAX	UNIT
Operating Voltage	—	—	—	—	-2.5	-3.0	-3.4	V
Supply Current	I_{DD} WAIT	—	—	$V_{SS} = -3.0V$, wait	—	26	46	μA
Supply Current	I_{DD} OP	—	—	$V_{SS} = -3.0V$, operate	—	52	78	μA
Supply Current	I_{DD} OFF	—	—	$V_{SS} = -3.0V$, off	—	1	3	μA
Oscillating Frequency	f_{ϕ} WAIT	—	—	$V_{SS} = -3.0V$, wait	18	30	42	kHz
Oscillating Frequency	f_{ϕ} OP	—	—	$V_{SS} = -3.0V$, operate	42	70	98	kHz
Frame Frequency	f_F	—	—	$V_{SS} = -3.0V$, wait	70	117	164	Hz
Timer	T timer	—	—	$V_{SS} = -3.0V$	428	600	1000	s
"1" Input Voltage	V_{IH}	—	$K_1 \sim K_4$	—	$V_{SS} + 0.5$	—	V_{SS}	V
"0" Input Voltage	V_{IL}	—	$K_1 \sim K_4$	—	V_{DD}	—	-0.5	V
"1" Output Resistance	R_{KEY}	—	SEG	$V_{OUT} = V_{SS} + 0.5V$: KEY STROBE	—	—	2	$k\Omega$
"0" Output Resistance	$R_{SEG}(L)$	—	SEG	$V_{OUT} = V_{DD} - 0.5V$	—	—	90	$k\Omega$
"1" Output Resistance	$R_{SEG}(H)$	—	SEG	$V_{OUT} = V_{SS} + 0.5V$: KEY STROBE	—	—	90	$k\Omega$
"0" Output Resistance	$R_{COM}(L)$	—	COM	$V_{OUT} = V_{DD} - 0.5V$	—	—	25	$k\Omega$
"1" Output Resistance	$R_{COM}(H)$	—	COM	$V_{OUT} = V_{SS} + 0.5V$	—	—	25	$k\Omega$
KEY Pull Up Resistance	$R_{PULL UP}$	—	K_1	$V_{OUT} = 0V$	27	45	63	$k\Omega$
KEY Pull Down Resistance	$R_{PULL DOWN}$	—	$K_2 \sim K_4$	$V_{OUT} = V_{SS}$	27	45	63	$k\Omega$
"M" Output Resistance	R_{OM}	—	SEG	$V_{OUT} = \frac{1}{3}V_{SS} - 0.5V$	—	100	—	$k\Omega$
"M" Output Resistance	R_{OM}	—	SEG	$V_{OUT} = \frac{2}{3}V_{SS} + 0.5V$	—	100	—	$k\Omega$
"M" Output Resistance	R_{OM}	—	COM	$V_{OUT} = \frac{1}{3}V_{SS} - 0.5V$	—	77	—	$k\Omega$
"M" Output Resistance	R_{OM}	—	COM	$V_{OUT} = \frac{2}{3}V_{SS} + 0.5V$	—	77	—	$k\Omega$

CHARACTERISTICS	SYMBOL	TEST CIR- CUIT	PIN NAME	TEST CONDITION	MIN	TYP.	MAX	UNIT
"1" Output Voltage	V _{OH}	—	K ₁	(Note 1)	V _{SS} + 0.2	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V
"0" Output Voltage	V _{OL}	—	K ₂ ~K ₄	(Note 1)	V _{DD}	V _{DD}	V _{DD} - 0.2	V
"1" Output Voltage	V _{OH}	—	SEG COM	—	V _{SS} + 0.2	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V
"M" Output Voltage	V _{OM}	—	SEG COM	—	2 / 3 V _{SS} + 0.2	2 / 3 V _{SS}	2 / 3 V _{SS} - 0.2	V
"M" Output Voltage	V _{OM}	—	SEG COM	—	1 / 3 V _{SS} + 0.2	1 / 3 V _{SS}	1 / 3 V _{SS} - 0.2	V
"0" Output Voltage	V _{OL}	—	SEG COM	—	V _{DD}	V _{DD}	V _{DD} - 0.2	V

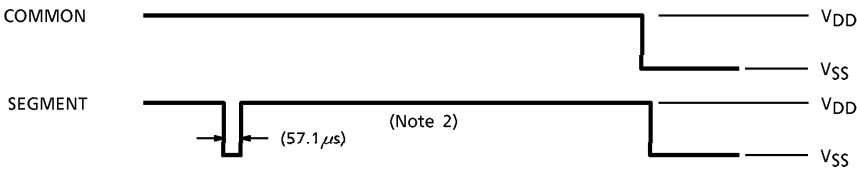
(Note 1) The key buffer is high impedance at keystrobe.

WAVEFORMS FOR DISPLAY

Display



Key pulse output

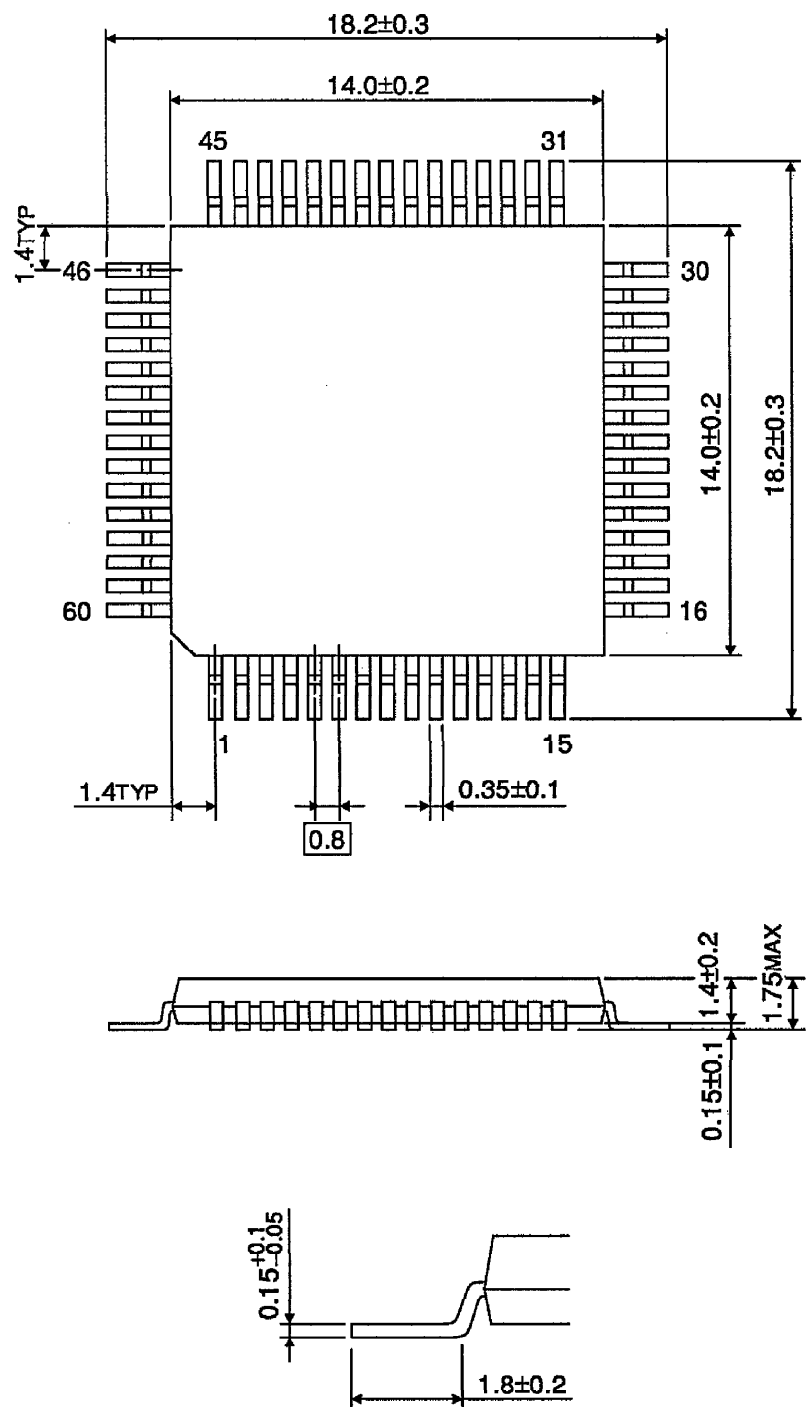


(Note 1) $F_{\phi WAIT} = 30\text{kHz}$

(Note 2) $F_{\phi OP} = 70\text{kHz}$

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS
LQFP60-P-1414-0.80

Unit : mm



Weight : 0.66g (Typ.)