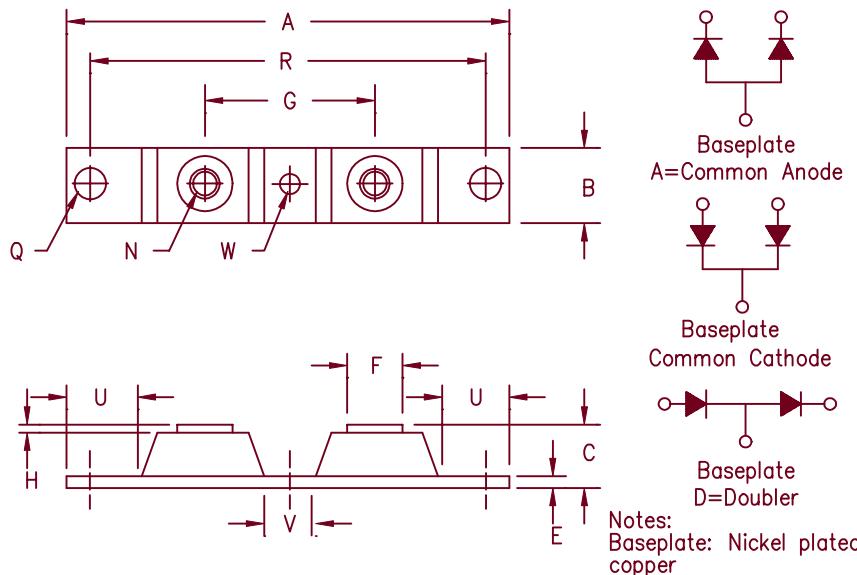


Schottky Powermod

CPT30230



Dim.	Inches		Millimeters		Notes
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
A	---	3.630	---	92.20	
B	0.700	0.800	17.78	20.32	
C	---	0.630	---	16.00	
E	0.120	0.130	3.05	3.30	
F	0.490	0.510	12.45	12.95	
G	1.375	BSC	34.92	BSC	
H	0.010	---	0.25	---	
N	---	---	---	---	1/4-20
Q	0.275	0.290	6.99	7.37	Dia.
R	3.150	BSC	80.01	BSC	
U	0.600	---	15.24	---	
V	0.312	0.340	7.92	8.64	
W	0.180	0.195	4.57	4.95	Dia.

Microsemi
Catalog Number Working Peak
Reverse Voltage

Repetitive Peak
Reverse Voltage

CPT30230

30V

30V

*Add Suffix A for Common Anode, D for Doubler

- Schottky Barrier Rectifier
- Guard Ring Protection
- Low Power Loss
- 150°C Junction Temperature
- 300 Amperes/30 Volts
- Reverse Energy Tested

Electrical Characteristics

Average forward current per package
Average forward current per leg
Maximum surge current per leg
Maximum repetitive reverse current per leg
Max peak forward voltage per leg
Max peak reverse current per leg
Max peak reverse current per leg
Typical junction capacitance per leg

I_{F(AV)} 300 Amps
I_{F(AV)} 150 Amps
I_{FSM} 2500 Amps
I_{R(OV)} 2 Amps
V_{FM} .55 Volts
I_{RM} 1.5 Amps
I_{RM} 10 mA
C_J 4900 pF

T_{JC} = 103°C, square wave, R_{θJC} = 0.2°C/W
T_{JC} = 103°C, square wave, R_{θJC} = 0.4°C/W
8.3ms, half sine, T_J = 150°C
f = 1 KHz, 1 μsec square wave, T_J = 25°C
I_{FM} = 150A: T_J = 25°C*
V_{RRM}, T_J = 125°C
V_{RRM}, T_J = 25°C
V_R = 5V, T_J = 25°C, f = 1MHz

*Pulse test: Pulse width 300 μsec, Duty cycle 2%

Thermal and Mechanical Characteristics

Storage temp range
Operation junction temp range
Max thermal resistance per leg
Max thermal resistance per pkg
Typical thermal resistance (greased)
Terminal Torque
Mounting Base Torque (outside holes)
Mounting Base Torque (center hole)
center bolt must be torqued first
Weight

T_{STG}
T_J
R_{θJC}
R_{θJC}
R_{θCS}

-55°C to 175°C
-55°C to 150°C
0.4°C/W Junction to case
0.2°C/W Junction to case
0.08°C/W Case to sink
35–50 inch pounds
30–40 inch pounds
8–10 inch pounds
2.8 ounces (75 grams) typical

CPT30230

Figure 1
Typical Forward Characteristics – Per Leg

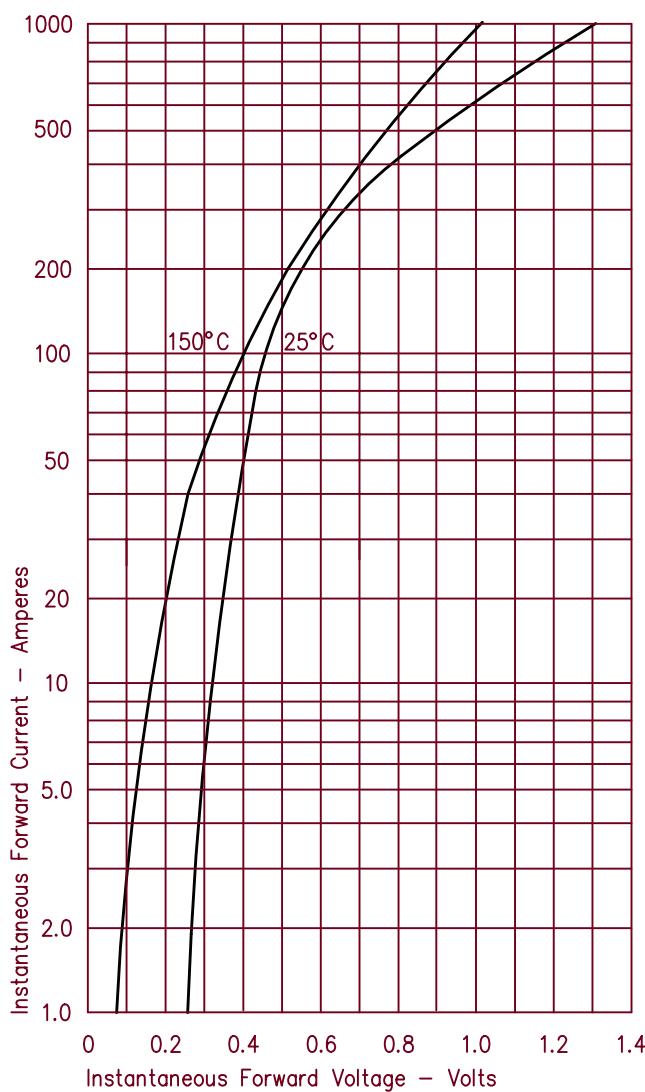


Figure 2
Typical Reverse Characteristics – Per Leg

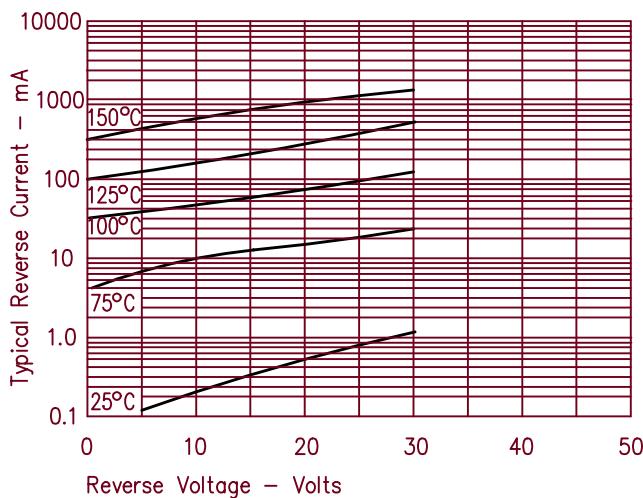


Figure 3
Typical Junction Capacitance – Per Leg

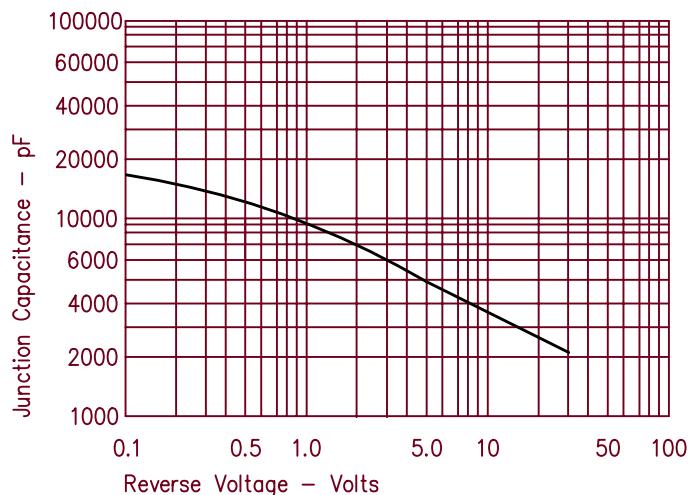


Figure 4
Forward Current Derating – Per Leg

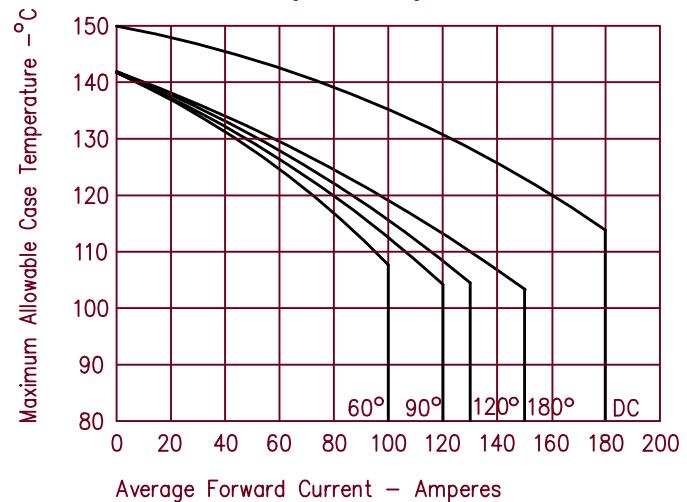


Figure 5
Maximum Forward Power Dissipation – Per Leg

