

# 16-bit Proprietary Microcontroller

CMOS

## F<sup>2</sup>MC-16LX MB90440G Series

### MB90443G/F443G/V440G

#### ■ DESCRIPTION

The MB90440G series with FULL-CAN<sup>\*2</sup> and FLASH ROM is a line of general-purpose, Fujitsu 16-bit microcontrollers specially designed for automotive and industrial applications. Its main features are three on board CAN Interfaces (generic type) , which conform to V2.0 Part A and Part B, supporting very flexible message buffering. Thus, more functions than a normal full CAN approach is available.

While inheriting the AT architecture of the F<sup>2</sup>MC<sup>\*1</sup> family, the instruction set for the F<sup>2</sup>MC-16LX CPU core incorporates additional instructions for high-level languages, supports extended addressing modes, and contains enhanced multiplication and division instructions as well as a substantial collection of improved bit manipulation instructions. In addition, the MB90440G series has as on-chip 32-bit accumulator, which enables processing of long-word data.

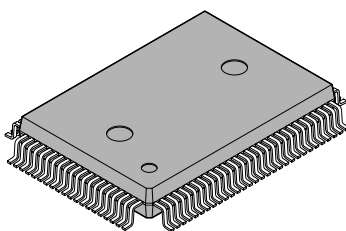
The peripheral resources integrated in the MB90440G series include; an 8/10-bit A/D converter, UARTs (SCI) , I/O extended serial interface, 8/16-bit PPG timer, input/output timer (input capture (ICU) , output compare (OCU) ) .

\*1 : F<sup>2</sup>MC stands for FUJITSU Flexible Microcontroller, a registered trademark of FUJITSU LIMITED.

\*2 : Controller Area Network (CAN) is a license of Robert Bosch GmbH..

#### ■ PACKAGE

100-pin Plastic QFP



FPT-100P-M06

# MB90440G Series

## ■ FEATURES

### ● Clock

Internal PLL clock multiplication circuit  
Base oscillation divided into two or multiplied by one to four  
Minimum execution time : 62.5 ns (4 MHz oscillation, PLL clock multiplication multiplier = 4,  $V_{CC} = 5.0$  V)  
32 kHz subsystem clock

### ● Instruction set optimized for controller applications

Supported data types : bit, byte, word, and long-word types  
Standard addressing modes : 23 types  
Signed multiplication/division and extended RET1 instructions  
32-bit accumulator enhancing high-precision operations

### ● Enhanced high level language (C) and multi-tasking support instructions

Use of a system stack pointer  
Symmetrical instruction set and barrel shift instructions

### ● Program patch function (for two address pointers)

### ● Enhanced execution speed : 4 byte instruction queue

### ● Enhanced interrupt function : 8 priority levels programmable and 34 causes

### ● Automatic data transmission function independent of CPU operation

Extended intelligent I/O service function (EI<sup>2</sup>OS)

### ● Internal ROM size and type

FLASH ROM : 128 Kbytes  
Internal RAM size : 6 Kbyte and 14 Kbyte (evaluation chip)

### ● FLASH ROM

Supports automatic programming function, Embedded Algorithm\*  
Writing command/erase command/erase suspend and resume command  
Algorithms completion flag  
Hardwire reset vector to show the fixed boot code sector  
Can be erased by each sector  
Sector protection by external programming voltage

### ● Low-power consumption (stand-by) modes

Sleep mode (CPU operating clock stops)  
Stop mode (Main oscillation stops)  
CPU intermittent operation mode  
Watch mode  
Time-base timer mode

### ● General-purpose I/O ports : 81 ports

### ● Timers

Watchdog timer : 1 channel  
8/16-bit PPG timer : 8/16-bit × 4 channels  
16-bit reload timer : 2 channels

\* : Embedded Algorithm is a trademark of Advanced Micro Devices, Inc.

(Continued)

*(Continued)*

- **16-bit I/O timers**

- 16-bit free-run timers : 1 channel
  - 16-bit input capture : 8 channels
  - 16-bit output compare : 4 channels

- **Extended I/O serial interfaces : 1 channel**

- **UART0**

- Full-duplex, double-buffered (8 bit)
  - Can be used for clock synchronous and asynchronous transfer (with start/stop bit)

- **UART1 (SCI)**

- Full-duplex, double-buffered (8 bit)
  - Can be used for clock synchronous and asynchronous serial transfer (extended I/O serial)

- **External interrupt inputs : 8 channels**

- Extended intelligent I/O service (EI<sup>2</sup>OS) is started by external input and external interrupt generation module

- **Delayed interrupt generation module : interrupt request for task switching**

- **8/10 bit A/D converter : 8 channels**

- 8/10-bit resolution selectable
  - Can be started by external trigger input
  - Conversion time : 6.12  $\mu$ s

- **FULL-CAN interface**

- 3 channels
  - Conform to V2.0 Part A and Part B
  - Supports very flexible message buffering (mail-box and FIFO buffering can be mixed)

- **External bus interface : maximum 16 Mbyte address space**

# MB90440G Series

## ■ PRODUCT LINEUP

The following table provides a quick outlook of the MB90440G Series

Part number Parameter	MB90443G (under development)	MB90F443G	MB90V440G
CPU	F <sup>2</sup> MC-16LX CPU		
System clock	On-chip PLL clock multiplier (×1, ×2, ×3, ×4, 1/2 when PLL stops) Minimum instruction execution time : 62.5 ns (4 MHz osc. PLL ×4)		
ROM size	Mask ROM 128 Kbytes	Flash memory 128 Kbytes	External
RAM size	6 Kbytes	6 Kbytes	14 Kbytes
Operating <sup>1</sup> voltage range	5 V ± 10%		
Temperature range	-40 °C to +105 °C		
Package	QFP100		PGA-256
Voltage dedicated for emulator <sup>2</sup>	—		No
UART0	Full duplex double buffer Supports clock asynchronous/synchronous (with start/stop bits) transfer Baud rate : 4808/5208/9615/10417/19230/38460/62500/500000 bps (asynchronous) 500 K/1 M/2 Mbps (synchronous) at System clock = 16 MHz		
UART1 (SCI)	Full duplex double buffer Asynchronized (start/stop bits synchronized) and CLK-synchronous communication Baud rate : 601 bps to 250 kbps (asynchronous) 31.25 kbps to 2 Mbps (synchronous)		
Serial IO	Transfer can be started from MSB or LSB Supports internal clock synchronized transfer and external clock synchronized transfer Supports positive-edge and negative-edge clock synchronization Baud rate : 31.25 K/62.5 K/125 K/500 K/1 M/2 Mbps at System clock = 16 MHz		
8/10 bit A/D Converter	10-bit or 8-bit resolution 8 input channels Conversion time : 6.12 μs (per one channel)		
16-bit Reload Timer (2 channels)	Operation clock frequency : $f_{sys}/2^1$ , $f_{sys}/2^3$ , $f_{sys}/2^5$ ( $f_{sys}$ = System clock frequency) Supports External Event Count function		
16-bit I/O Timer	Signals an interrupt during overflow Supports Timer Clear during a match with Output Compare (Channel 0) Operation clock freq. : $f_{sys}/2^2$ , $f_{sys}/2^4$ , $f_{sys}/2^6$ , $f_{sys}/2^8$ ( $f_{sys}$ = System clock freq.)		
16-bit Output Compare (4 channels)	Signals an interrupt during a match with 16-bit I/O Timer Four 16-bit compare registers A pair of compare registers can be used to generate an output signal		

(Continued)

# MB90440G Series

(Continued)

Part number Parameter	MB90443G (under development)	MB90F443G	MB90V440G
16-bit Input Capture (8 channels)	Rising edge, falling edge or rising & falling edge sensitive Four 16-bit capture registers Signals an interrupt upon external event		
8/16-bit Programmable Pulse Generator (4 channels)	Supports 8-bit and 16-bit operation modes Eight 8-bit reload counters Eight 8-bit reload registers for L pulse width Eight 8-bit reload registers for H pulse width A pair of 8-bit reload counters can be configured as one 16-bit reload counter or as 8-bit prescaler plus 8-bit reload counter 4 output pins Operation clock frequency. : $f_{sys}$ , $f_{sys}/2^1$ , $f_{sys}/2^2$ , $f_{sys}/2^3$ , $f_{sys}/2^4$ or $128 \mu s @ f_{osc} = 4 \text{ MHz}$ ( $f_{sys}$ = System clock frequency, $f_{osc}$ = Oscillation clock frequency)		
CAN Interface  3 channels :	Conforms to CAN Specification Version 2.0 Part A and B Automatic re-transmission in case of error Automatic transmission responding to Remote Frame Supports prioritized 16 message buffers for data and ID Flexible configuration of acceptance filtering : Full bit compare / Full bit mask / Two partial bit masks Supports up to 1 Mbps		
External Interrupt (8 channels)	Can be programmed edge detection or level detection		
External bus interface	The external access used selective 8-bit bus or 16-bit bus is available. (External bus mode)		
I/O Ports	Virtually all external pins can be used as general purpose I/O All push-pull outputs and schmitt trigger inputs Bit-wise programmable as input/output or peripheral signal		
32 kHz Subclock	Sub-clock for low power operation		
Flash Memory	Supports automatic programming, Embedded Algorithm™ Write/Erase/Erase-Suspend/Resume commands A flag indicating completion of the algorithm Number of erase cycles : 10,000 times Data retention time : 10 years Boot block configuration Erase can be performed on each block Block protection with external programming voltage		

\*1 : Values with conditions such as the operating frequency (See section “■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS”).

\*2 : DIP switch S2 when using emulation pad MB2145-507.  
The details are referred to hardware manual of MB2145-507.



## ■ PIN DESCRIPTION

Pin No.	Pin name	Circuit type	Function
82 83	X0 X1	A (Oscillation)	High speed oscillator input pins
80 79	X0A X1A	A (Oscillation)	Low speed oscillator input pins
77	$\overline{RST}$	B	External reset request input
52	N.C.	—	not connected
85 to 92	P00 to P07	H	General I/O port with programmable pullup. This function is enabled in the single-chip mode.
	AD00 to AD07		I/O pins for 8 lower bits of the external address/data bus. This function is enabled when the external bus is enabled.
93 to 100	P10 to P17	H	General I/O port with programmable pullup. This function is enabled in the single-chip mode.
	AD08 to AD15		I/O pins for 8 higher bits of the external address/data bus. This function is enabled when the external bus is enabled.
1 to 8	P20 to P27	H	General I/O port with programmable pullup. This function is enabled in the single-chip mode.
	A16 to A23		I/O pins of 8 bits for A16 to A23 of the external address bus. This function is enabled when the external bus is enabled.
9	P30	H	General I/O port with programmable pullup. This function is enabled in the single-chip mode.
	ALE		Address latch enable output pin. This function is enabled when the external bus is enabled.
10	P31	H	General I/O port with programmable pullup. This function is enabled in the single-chip mode.
	$\overline{RD}$		Read strobe output pin for the data bus. This function is enabled when the external bus is enabled.
12	P32	H	General I/O port with programmable pullup. This function is enabled in the single-chip mode or when the $\overline{WR}/\overline{WRL}$ pin output is disabled.
	$\overline{WRL}$		Write strobe output pin for the data bus. This function is enabled when the external bus is in enable mode and the $\overline{WR}/\overline{WRL}$ pin output is enabled. $\overline{WRL}$ is used as a write-strobe output pin for 8 lower bits of the data bus in 16-bit access while $\overline{WR}$ is used as a write-strobe output pin for 8 bits of the data bus in 8-bit access.
	$\overline{WR}$		
13	P33	H	General I/O port with programmable pullup. This function is enabled in the single-chip mode or external bus 8-bit mode or when $\overline{WRH}$ pin output is disabled.
	$\overline{WRH}$		Write strobe output pin for the 8 higher bits of the data bus. This function is enabled when the external bus is enabled, when the external bus 16-bit mode is selected, and when the $\overline{WRH}$ output pin is enabled.

(Continued)

# MB90440G Series

Pin No.	Pin name	Circuit type	Function
14	P34	H	General I/O port with programmable pullup. This function is enabled in the single-chip mode or when hold function is disabled.
	HRQ		Hold request input pin. This function is enabled when the external bus is in enable mode and the hold function is enabled.
15	P35	H	General I/O port with programmable pullup. This function is enabled in the single-chip mode or when hold function is disabled.
	$\overline{\text{HAK}}$		Hold acknowledge output pin. This function is enabled when the external bus is in enable mode and the hold function is enabled.
16	P36	H	General I/O port with programmable pullup. This function is enabled in the single-chip mode or when the external ready function is disabled.
	RDY		Ready input pin. This function is enabled when the external bus is in enable mode and the external ready function is enabled.
17	P37	H	General I/O port with programmable pullup. This function is enabled in the single-chip mode or when CLK output is disabled.
	CLK		CLK output pin. This function is enabled when the external bus is in enable mode and CLK output is enabled.
18	P40	G	General I/O port. This function is enabled when serial data output of UART0 is disabled.
	SOT0		Serial data output pin for UART0. This function is enabled when UART0 enables serial data output.
19	P41	G	General I/O port. This function is enabled when clock output of UART0 is disabled.
	SCK0		Serial clock I/O pin for UART0. This function is enabled when UART0 enables serial clock output.
20	P42	G	General I/O port. This function is always enabled.
	SIN0		Serial data input pin for UART0. Set the corresponding DDR register to input if this function is used.
21	P43	G	General I/O port. This function is always enabled.
	SIN1		Serial data input pin for UART1. Set the corresponding DDR register to input if this function is used.
22	P44	G	General I/O port. This function is enabled when serial clock output of UART1 is disabled.
	SCK1		Serial clock I/O pin for UART1. This function is enabled when UART1 enables serial clock output.
24	P45	G	General I/O port. This function is enabled when serial data output of UART1 is disabled.
	SOT1		Serial data output pin for UART1. This function is enabled when UART1 enables serial data output.

(Continued)



# MB90440G Series

Pin No.	Pin name	Circuit type	Function
25	P46	G	General I/O port. This function is enabled when the extended serial I/O interface disables serial data output.
	SOT2		Serial data output pin for the extended serial I/O interface. This function is enabled when the extended serial I/O interface enables serial data output.
26	P47	G	General I/O port. This function is enabled when the extended serial I/O interface disables serial clock output.
	SCK2		Serial clock I/O pin for the extended serial I/O interface. This function is enabled when the extended serial I/O interface enables serial clock output.
28	P50	D	General I/O port. This function is always enabled.
	SIN2		Serial data input pin for the extended serial I/O interface. Set the corresponding DDR register to input if this function is used.
29 to 32	P51 to P54	D	General I/O ports. This function is always enabled.
	INT4 to INT7		External interrupt request input pins for INT4 to INT7. Set the corresponding DDR register to input if this function is used.
33	P55	D	General I/O port. This function is always enabled.
	ADTG		External trigger input pin for the 8/10-bit A/D converter. Set the corresponding DDR register to input if this function is used.
38 to 41	P60 to P63	E	General I/O ports. The function is enabled when the analog input enable register specifies port.
	AN0 to AN3		Analog input pins for the 8/10-bit A/D converter. This function is enabled when the analog input enable register specifies A/D.
43 to 46	P64 to P67	E	General I/O ports. The function is enabled when the analog input enable register specifies port.
	AN4 to AN7		Analog input pins for the 8/10-bit A/D converter. This function is enabled when the analog input enable register specifies A/D.
47	P56	D	General I/O port. This function is always enabled.
	TIN0		Event input pin for the 16-bit reload timers 0. Set the corresponding DDR register to input if this function is used.
48	P57	D	General I/O port. This function is enabled when the 16-bit reload timers 0 disables output.
	TOT0		Output pin for the 16-bit reload timers 0. This function is enabled when the 16-bit reload timers 0 enables output.
53 to 58	P70 to P75	D	General I/O ports. This function is always enabled.
	IN0 to IN5		Trigger input pins for input captures ICU0 to ICU5. Set the corresponding DDR register to input if this function is used.

(Continued)

# MB90440G Series

Pin No.	Pin name	Circuit type	Function
59 to 60	P76 to P77	D	General I/O ports. This function is enabled when the OCU disables output.
	OUT2 to OUT3		Event output pins for output compares OCU2 and OCU3. This function is enabled when the OCU enables output.
	IN6 to IN7		Trigger input pins for input captures ICU6 and ICU7. Set the corresponding DDR register to input and prohibit the OCU output if this function is used.
61 to 64	P80 to P83	D	General I/O ports. This function is enabled when 8/16-bit PPG timer disables waveform output.
	PPG0 to PPG3		Output pins for 8/16-bit PPG timer. This function is enabled when 8/16-bit PPG timer enables waveform output.
65 to 66	P84 to P85	D	General I/O ports. This function is enabled when the OCU disables output.
	OUT0 to OUT1		Event output pins for output compares OCU0 and OCU1. This function is enabled when the OCU enables output.
67	P86	D	General I/O port. This function is always enabled.
	TIN1		Input pin for the 16-bit reload timers 1. Set the corresponding DDR register to input if this function is used.
68	P87	D	General I/O port. This function is enabled when the 16-bit reload timers 0 disables output.
	TOT1		Output pin for the 16-bit reload timers 1. This function is enabled when the reload timers 1 enables output.
69 to 70	P90 to P91	D	General I/O ports. This function is always enabled.
	INT0 to INT1		External interrupt request input pins for INT0 to INT3. Set the corresponding DDR register to input if this function is used.
71	P92	D	General I/O port. This function is enabled when CAN2 disables output.
	TX2		TX output pin for CAN2. This function is enabled when CAN2 enables output.
72	P93	D	General I/O port. This function is always enabled.
	RX2		RX input pin for CAN2 interface. When the CAN function is used, output from the other functions must be stopped.
73	P94	D	General I/O port. This function is enabled when CAN0 disables output.
	TX0		TX output pin for CAN0. This function is enabled when CAN0 enables output.
74	P95	D	General I/O port. This function is always enabled.
	INT2		External interrupt request input pin for INT2. Set the corresponding DDR register to input if this function is used.
	RX0		RX input pin for CAN0 interface. When the CAN function is used, output from the other functions must be stopped.

(Continued)

(Continued)

Pin No.	Pin name	Circuit type	Function
75	P96	D	General I/O port. This function is enabled when CAN1 disables output.
	TX1		TX output pin for CAN1. This function is enabled when CAN1 enables output.
76	P97	D	General I/O port. This function is always enabled.
	RX1		RX input pin for CAN1 interface. When the CAN function is used, output from the other functions must be stopped.
78	PA0	D	General I/O port. This function is always enabled.
	INT3		External interrupt request input pin for INT2. Set the corresponding DDR register to input if this function is used.
34	AV <sub>CC</sub>	Power supply	Power supply pin for the A/D Converter. This power supply must be turned on or off while a voltage higher than or equal to AV <sub>CC</sub> is applied to V <sub>CC</sub> .
37	AV <sub>SS</sub>	Power supply	Dedicated ground pin for the A/D Converter
35	AVRH	Power supply	External reference voltage pin for the A/D Converter. This power supply must be turned on or off while a voltage higher than or equal to AVRH is applied to AV <sub>CC</sub> .
36	AVRL	Power supply	External reference voltage pin for the A/D Converter
49 to 50	MD0 to MD1	C	Input pins for specifying the operating mode. The pins must be directly connected to V <sub>CC</sub> or V <sub>SS</sub> .
51	MD2	F	Input pin for specifying the operating mode. The pin must be directly connected to V <sub>CC</sub> or V <sub>SS</sub> .
27	C	—	This is the power supply stabilization capacitor pin. It should be connected externally to an 0.1 μF ceramic capacitor.
23, 84	V <sub>CC</sub>	Power supply	Voltage (5.0 V) input pin
11, 42, 81	V <sub>SS</sub>	Power supply	Voltage (0.0 V) input pin

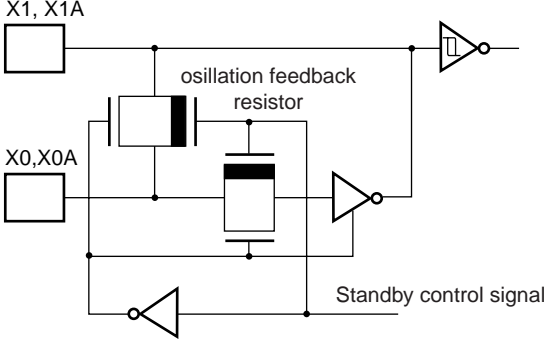
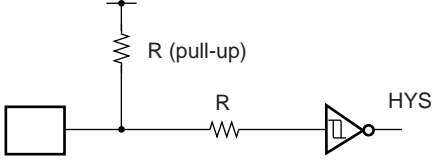

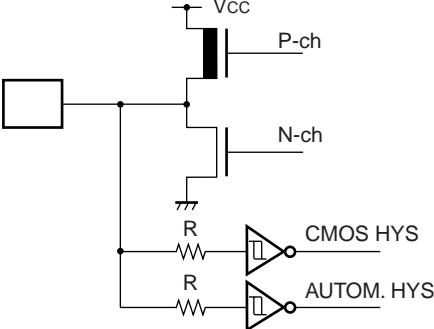
## ■ INPUT LEVELS

The input level of ports P00 to P37 can be selected to be either TTL- or CMOS - level. The initial setting is TTL - level. These settings are global for all P00 to P37, it is not possible to set different levels to each port.

The input level of ports P40 to PA0 can be selected to be either CMOS- or AUTOMOTIVE - level. The initial setting is CMOS - level. This settings can be done for each port individually.

# MB90440G Series

## ■ I/O CIRCUIT TYPE

Circuit type	Circuit	Remarks
A	 <p>The diagram shows an oscillator circuit. It includes two crystal resonators labeled X1, X1A and X0, X0A. A feedback resistor is connected between the output of the oscillator and its input. A standby control signal is connected to the oscillator circuit. The output of the oscillator is connected to an inverter.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Oscillation feedback resistor : 1 MΩ approx. (High speed oscillator) 10MΩ approx. (Low speed oscillator)</li> </ul>
B	 <p>The diagram shows a CMOS hysteresis input (HYS). A pull-up resistor R is connected to Vcc. A resistor R is connected between the input of the HYS and the output of the HYS.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CMOS hysteresis input . Pull-up resistor : 50 kΩ approx.</li> </ul>
C	 <p>The diagram shows a CMOS hysteresis input (HYS). A resistor R is connected between the input of the HYS and the output of the HYS.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CMOS hysteresis input</li> </ul>
D	 <p>The diagram shows a CMOS level output circuit. It includes a P-channel MOSFET (P-ch) and an N-channel MOSFET (N-ch). The gates of both transistors are connected to Vcc. The source of the P-ch is connected to Vcc, and the source of the N-ch is connected to ground. The drain of the P-ch is connected to the input of the circuit. The drain of the N-ch is connected to ground. Two resistors R are connected between the input and the gates of the P-ch and N-ch. The output of the circuit is connected to the input of a CMOS HYS and an AUTOM. HYS.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CMOS level output</li> <li>• CMOS hysteresis input</li> <li>• Automotive hysteresis input (See "■ INPUT LEVELS".)</li> </ul>

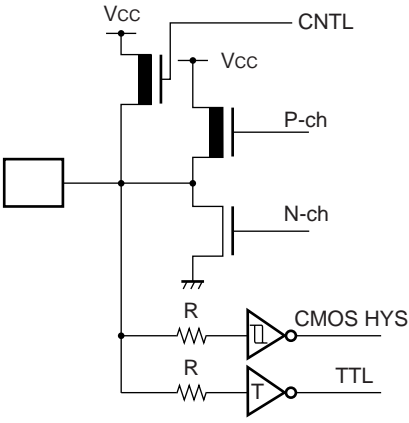
(Continued)

Circuit type	Circuit	Remarks
E		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CMOS level output</li> <li>• CMOS hysteresis input</li> <li>• Automotive hysteresis input (See "■ INPUT LEVELS".)</li> <li>• Analog input</li> </ul>
F		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CMOS hysteresis input</li> <li>• Pull-down resistor : 50 kΩ approx. (except FLASH devices)</li> </ul>
G		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CMOS level output</li> <li>• CMOS hysteresis input</li> <li>• Automotive hysteresis input (See "■ INPUT LEVELS".)</li> <li>• TTL input (FLASH devices in flash write mode only)</li> </ul>

*(Continued)*

# MB90440G Series

(Continued)

Circuit type	Circuit	Remarks
H	 <p>The diagram illustrates a CMOS input stage with hysteresis. It features a pull-up transistor (P-ch) connected to Vcc and a pull-down transistor (N-ch) connected to ground. The input node is connected to a programmable pull-up resistor (R) and a feedback network consisting of two resistors (R) and two inverters (CMOS HYS and TTL) that provide hysteresis. The output of the CMOS HYS inverter is labeled CNTL.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CMOS level output</li> <li>• CMOS hysteresis input</li> <li>• TTL hysteresis input (See "■ INPUT LEVELS".)</li> <li>• Programmable pullup resistor : 50 kΩ approx.</li> </ul>

## ■ HANDLING DEVICES

### 1. Preventing Latch-up

CMOS IC chips may suffer latch-up under the following conditions :

- (1) A voltage higher than  $V_{CC}$  or lower than  $V_{SS}$  is applied to an input or output pin.
- (2) A voltage higher than the rated voltage is applied to between  $V_{CC}$  and  $V_{SS}$ .
- (3) The  $AV_{CC}$  power supply is applied before the  $V_{CC}$  voltage.

Latch-up may increase the power supply current drastically, causing thermal damage to the device.

Always take sufficient precautions in using semiconductor devices to avoid this possibility.

Also be careful not to let the analog power-supply voltage ( $AV_{CC}$ ,  $AV_{RH}$ ) exceed the digital power-supply voltage ( $V_{CC}$ ) when the analog system power-supply is turned on and off.

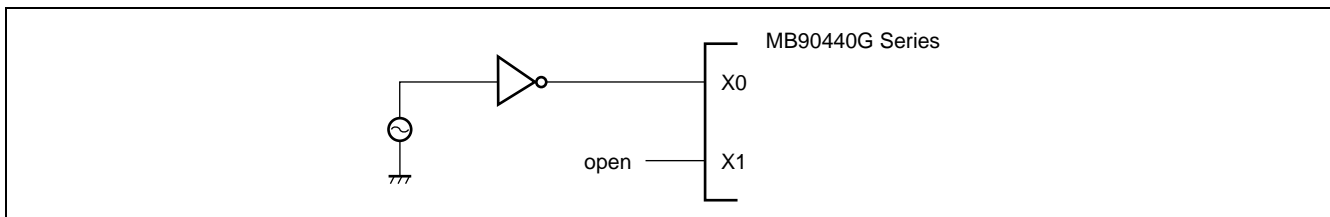
### 2. Handling Unused Input Pins

Do not leave unused input pins open, as doing so may cause misoperation of the device or latch-up leading to permanent damage. Unused input pins should be pulled up or pulled down through at least 2 k $\Omega$  resistance. Unused I/O pins may be left open in output state, but if such pins are in input state they should be handled in the same way as input pins.

### 3. Use of the External Clock

To use the external clock, drive only the X0 pin and leave the X1 pin open.

A diagram of how to use an external clock is shown below.



### 4. Precautions for when not using a Sub Clock Signal

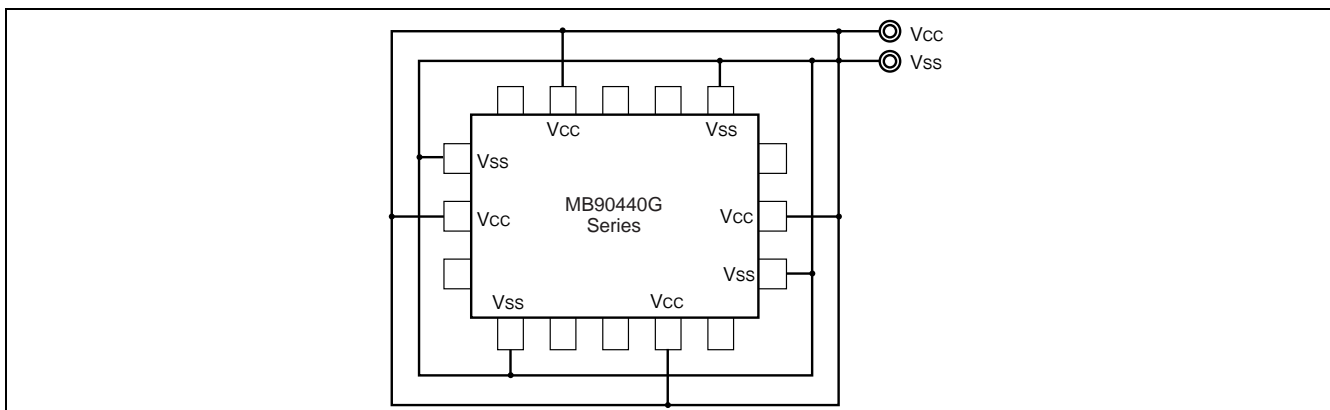
If the X0A and X1A pins are not connected to an oscillator, apply pull-down treatment to the X0A pin and leave the X1A pin open.

### 5. Power Supply Pins ( $V_{CC}/V_{SS}$ )

In products with multiple  $V_{CC}$  or  $V_{SS}$  pins, the pins of a same potential are internally connected in the device to avoid abnormal operations including latch-up. However, connect the pins external power and ground lines to lower the electro-magnetic emission level to prevent abnormal operation of strobe signals caused by the rise in the ground level, and to conform to the total current rating.

Make sure to connect  $V_{CC}$  and  $V_{SS}$  pins via lowest impedance to power lines.

It is recommended to provide a bypass capacitor of around 0.1  $\mu\text{F}$  between  $V_{CC}$  and  $V_{SS}$  pins near the device.



# MB90440G Series

## 6. Pull-up/down resistors

The MB90440G Series does not support internal pull-up/down resistors (except pull-up resistors of port 0 to port 3) . Use external components needed.

## 7. Crystal Oscillator Circuit

Noises around X0 or X1 pins may cause abnormal operations. Make sure to provide bypass capacitors via the shortest distances from X0 and X1 pins, crystal oscillator (or ceramic resonator) and ground lines, and make sure, to the utmost effort, that lines of oscillation circuits do not cross the lines of other circuits.

It is highly recommended to provide a printed circuit board artwork surrounding X0 and X1 pins with a ground area for stabilizing the operation.

## 8. Turning-on Sequence of Power Supply to A/D Converter and Analog Inputs

Make sure to turn on the A/D and D/A converters power supply ( $AV_{CC}$ ,  $AV_{RH}$ ,  $AV_{RL}$ ) and analog inputs (AN0 to AN7) after turning on the digital power supply ( $V_{CC}$ ) .

Turn off the digital power after turning off the A/D converter supply and analog inputs. In this case, make sure that  $AV_{RH}$  does not exceed  $AV_{CC}$  (turning on/off the analog and digital power supplies simultaneously is acceptable) .

## 9. Connection of Unused Pins of A/D Converter

Connect unused pins of A/D and D/A converters to  $AV_{CC} = V_{CC}$ ,  $AV_{SS} = AV_{RH} = V_{SS}$ .

## 10. N.C. Pin

The N.C. (internally connected) pin must be opened for use.

## 11. Notes on Energization

To prevent the internal regulator circuit from malfunctioning, set the voltage rise time during energization at 50  $\mu$ s or more (0.2 V to 2.7 V) .

## 12. Initialization

In the device, there are internal registers which are initialized only by a power-on reset. To initialize these registers, please turn on the power again.

## 13. Using REALOS

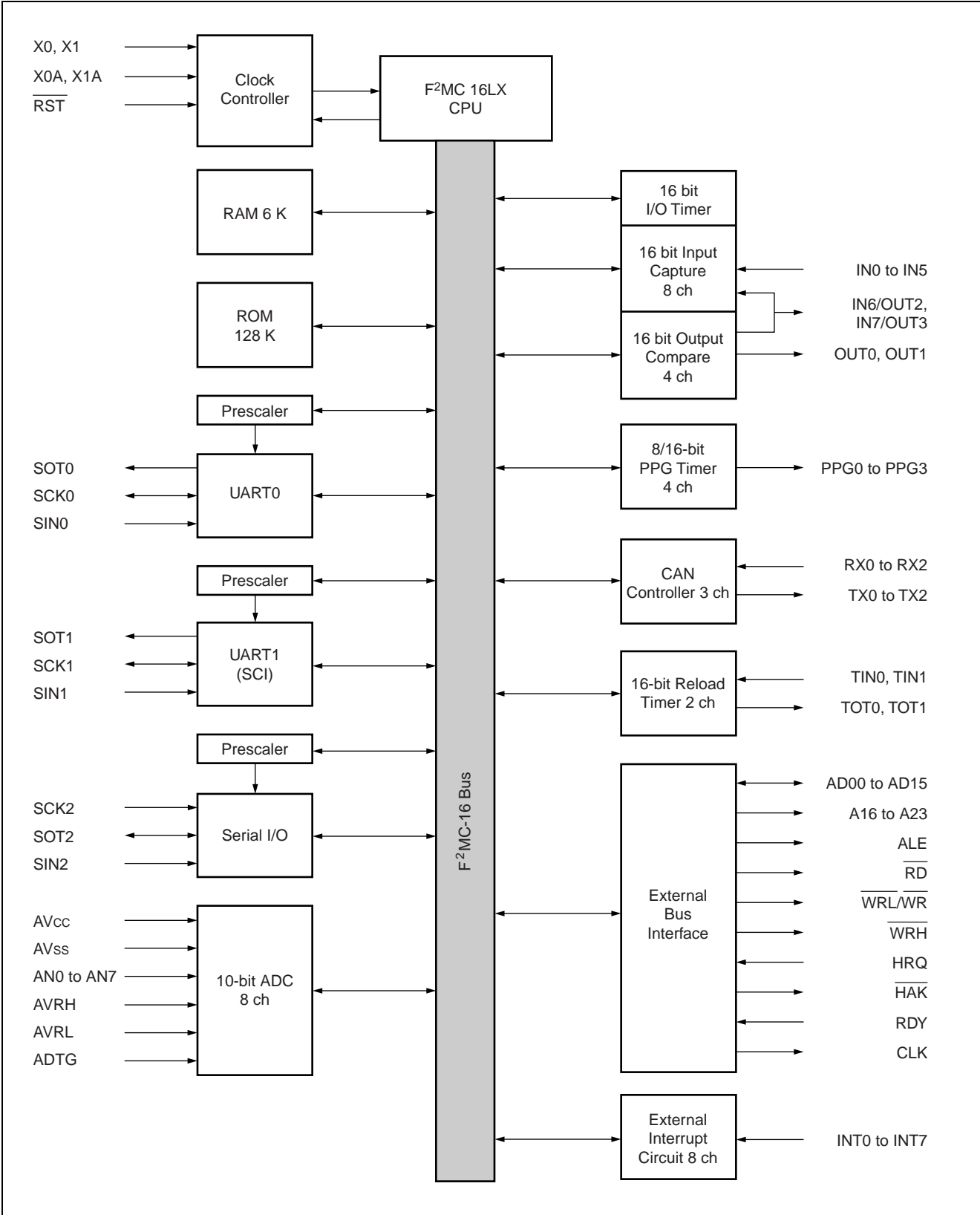
The use of (EI<sup>2</sup>OS) is not possible with the REALOS real time operation system.

## 14. Caution on Operations during PLL Clock Mode

If the PLL clock mode is selected in the microcontroller, it may attempt to continue the operation using the free-running frequency of the automatic oscillating circuit in the PLL circuitry even if the oscillator is out of place or the clock input is stopped. Performance of this operation, however, cannot be guaranteed.

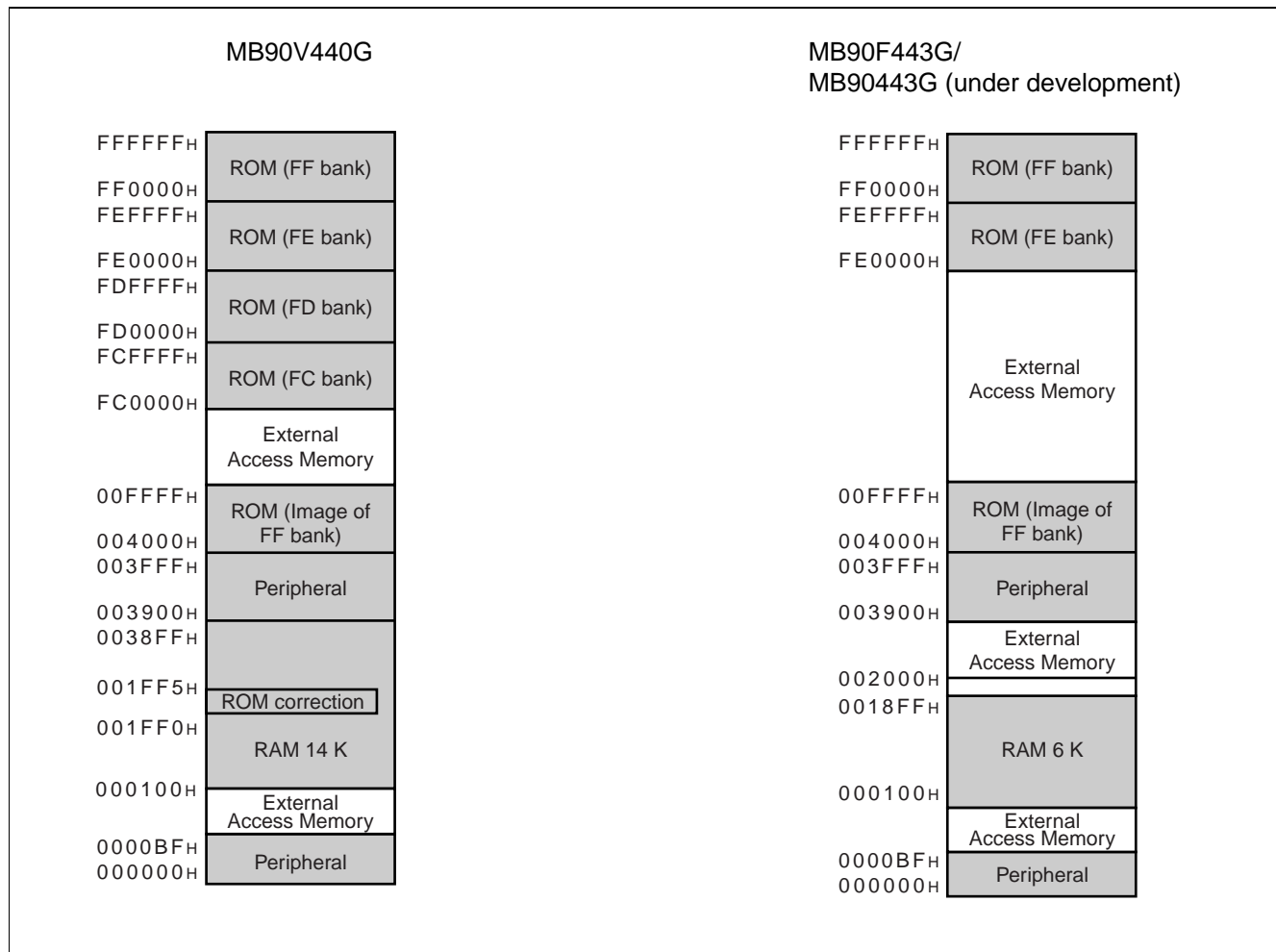


## ■ BLOCK DIAGRAM



# MB90440G Series

## MEMORY MAP



Note : The high-order portion of bank 00 gives the image of the FF bank ROM to make the small model of the C compiler effective. Since the low-order 16 bits are the same address, the table in ROM can be referenced without using the far specification in the pointer declaration.

For example, an attempt to access 00C000H accesses the value at FFC000H in ROM.

The ROM area in bank FF exceeds 48 Kbytes, and its entire image cannot be shown in bank 00.

The image between FF4000H and FFFFFFFH is visible in bank 00, while the image between FF4000H and FFFFFFFH is visible only in bank FF. Thus, it is recommended that the ROM data table be stored in the area of FF4000H and FFFFFFFH .

## ■ I/O MAP

Address	Register	Abbreviation	Read/Write	Resource name	Initial value
00 <sub>H</sub>	Port 0 data register	PDR0	R/W	Port 0	XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
01 <sub>H</sub>	Port 1 data register	PDR1	R/W	Port 1	XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
02 <sub>H</sub>	Port 2 data register	PDR2	R/W	Port 2	XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
03 <sub>H</sub>	Port 3 data register	PDR3	R/W	Port 3	XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
04 <sub>H</sub>	Port 4 data register	PDR4	R/W	Port 4	XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
05 <sub>H</sub>	Port 5 data register	PDR5	R/W	Port 5	XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
06 <sub>H</sub>	Port 6 data register	PDR6	R/W	Port 6	XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
07 <sub>H</sub>	Port 7 data register	PDR7	R/W	Port 7	XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
08 <sub>H</sub>	Port 8 data register	PDR8	R/W	Port 8	XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
09 <sub>H</sub>	Port 9 data register	PDR9	R/W	Port 9	XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
0A <sub>H</sub>	Port A data register	PDRA	R/W	Port A	_____X <sub>B</sub>
0B <sub>H</sub>	Port input levels select register	PILR	R/W	Ports	00000000 <sub>B</sub>
0C <sub>H</sub>	CAN2 RX/TX pin switching register	CANSWR	R/W	CAN1/2	_____00 <sub>B</sub>
0D <sub>H</sub> to 0F <sub>H</sub>	Reserved				
10 <sub>H</sub>	Port 0 direction register	DDR0	R/W	Port 0	00000000 <sub>B</sub>
11 <sub>H</sub>	Port 1 direction register	DDR1	R/W	Port 1	00000000 <sub>B</sub>
12 <sub>H</sub>	Port 2 direction register	DDR2	R/W	Port 2	00000000 <sub>B</sub>
13 <sub>H</sub>	Port 3 direction register	DDR3	R/W	Port 3	00000000 <sub>B</sub>
14 <sub>H</sub>	Port 4 direction register	DDR4	R/W	Port 4	00000000 <sub>B</sub>
15 <sub>H</sub>	Port 5 direction register	DDR5	R/W	Port 5	00000000 <sub>B</sub>
16 <sub>H</sub>	Port 6 direction register	DDR6	R/W	Port 6	00000000 <sub>B</sub>
17 <sub>H</sub>	Port 7 direction register	DDR7	R/W	Port 7	00000000 <sub>B</sub>
18 <sub>H</sub>	Port 8 direction register	DDR8	R/W	Port 8	00000000 <sub>B</sub>
19 <sub>H</sub>	Port 9 direction register	DDR9	R/W	Port 9	00000000 <sub>B</sub>
1A <sub>H</sub>	Port A direction register	DDRA	R/W	Port A	_____0 <sub>B</sub>
1B <sub>H</sub>	Analog input enable register	ADER	R/W	Port 6, A/D	11111111 <sub>B</sub>
1C <sub>H</sub>	Port 0 pullup control register	PUCR0	R/W	Port 0	00000000 <sub>B</sub>
1D <sub>H</sub>	Port 1 pullup control register	PUCR1	R/W	Port 1	00000000 <sub>B</sub>
1E <sub>H</sub>	Port 2 pullup control register	PUCR2	R/W	Port 2	00000000 <sub>B</sub>
1F <sub>H</sub>	Port 3 pullup control register	PUCR3	R/W	Port 3	00000000 <sub>B</sub>
20 <sub>H</sub>	Serial mode control register 0	UMC0	R/W	UART0	00000100 <sub>B</sub>
21 <sub>H</sub>	Serial status register 0	USR0	R/W		00010000 <sub>B</sub>
22 <sub>H</sub>	Serial input/output data register 0	UIDR0/UODR0	R/W		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
23 <sub>H</sub>	Rate and data register 0	URD0	R/W		0000000X <sub>B</sub>

(Continued)

# MB90440G Series

Address	Register	Abbreviation	Read/Write	Resource name	Initial value
24 <sub>H</sub>	Serial mode register 1	SMR1	R/W	UART1	00000000 <sub>B</sub>
25 <sub>H</sub>	Serial control register 1	SCR1	R/W		00000100 <sub>B</sub>
26 <sub>H</sub>	Serial input/output data register 1	SIDR1/SODR1	R/W		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
27 <sub>H</sub>	Serial status register 1	SSR1	R/W		00001_00 <sub>B</sub>
28 <sub>H</sub>	UART1 prescaler control register	U1CDCR	R/W		0__1111 <sub>B</sub>
29 <sub>H</sub>	Serial edge selection register	SES1	R/W		____0 <sub>B</sub>
2A <sub>H</sub>	Reserved				
2B <sub>H</sub>	Serial I/O prescaler	SCDCR	R/W	Serial I/O	0__1111 <sub>B</sub>
2C <sub>H</sub>	Serial mode control register	SMCS	R/W		____0000 <sub>B</sub>
2D <sub>H</sub>	Serial mode control register	SMCS	R/W		00000010 <sub>B</sub>
2E <sub>H</sub>	Serial Data register	SDR	R/W		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
2F <sub>H</sub>	Serial edge selection register 2	SES2	R/W		____0 <sub>B</sub>
30 <sub>H</sub>	External interrupt enable register	ENIR	R/W	External interrupt circuit	00000000 <sub>B</sub>
31 <sub>H</sub>	External interrupt request register	EIRR	R/W		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
32 <sub>H</sub>	External request level setting register	ELVR	R/W		00000000 <sub>B</sub>
33 <sub>H</sub>				00000000 <sub>B</sub>	
34 <sub>H</sub>	A/D control status register 0	ADCS0	R/W	A/D converter	00000000 <sub>B</sub>
35 <sub>H</sub>	A/D control status register 1	ADCS1	R/W		00000000 <sub>B</sub>
36 <sub>H</sub>	A/D data register 0	ADCR0	R		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
37 <sub>H</sub>	A/D data register 1	ADCR1	R/W		00001_XX <sub>B</sub>
38 <sub>H</sub>	PPG0 operation mode control register	PPGC0	R/W	16-bit Programmable Pulse Generator 0/1	0_000__1 <sub>B</sub>
39 <sub>H</sub>	PPG1 operation mode control register	PPGC1	R/W		0_000001 <sub>B</sub>
3A <sub>H</sub>	PPG0 and PPG1 clock selection register	PPG01	R/W		000000__ <sub>B</sub>
3B <sub>H</sub>	Reserved				
3C <sub>H</sub>	PPG2 operation mode control register	PPGC2	R/W	16-bit Programmable Pulse Generator 2/3	0_000__1 <sub>B</sub>
3D <sub>H</sub>	PPG3 operation mode control register	PPGC3	R/W		0_000001 <sub>B</sub>
3E <sub>H</sub>	PPG2 and PPG3 clock selection register	PPG23	R/W		000000__ <sub>B</sub>
3F <sub>H</sub>	Reserved				
40 <sub>H</sub>	PPG4 operation mode control register	PPGC4	R/W	16-bit Programmable Pulse Generator 4/5	0_000__1 <sub>B</sub>
41 <sub>H</sub>	PPG5 operation mode control register	PPGC5	R/W		0_000001 <sub>B</sub>
42 <sub>H</sub>	PPG4 and PPG5 clock selection register	PPG45	R/W		000000__ <sub>B</sub>
43 <sub>H</sub>	Reserved				

(Continued)

# MB90440G Series

Address	Register	Abbrevia- tion	Read/ Write	Resource name	Initial value
44 <sub>H</sub>	PPG6 operation mode control register	PPGC6	R/W	16-bit Programable Pulse Generator 6/7	0_000__1 <sub>B</sub>
45 <sub>H</sub>	PPG7 operation mode control register	PPGC7	R/W		0_000001 <sub>B</sub>
46 <sub>H</sub>	PPG6 and PPG7 clock selection register	PPG67	R/W		000000__ <sub>B</sub>
47 <sub>H</sub> to 4B <sub>H</sub>	Reserved				
4C <sub>H</sub>	Input capture control status 0/1	ICS01	R/W	Input capture 0/1	00000000 <sub>B</sub>
4D <sub>H</sub>	Input capture control status 2/3	ICS23	R/W	Input capture 2/3	00000000 <sub>B</sub>
4E <sub>H</sub>	Input capture control status 4/5	ICS45	R/W	Input capture 4/5	00000000 <sub>B</sub>
4F <sub>H</sub>	Input capture control status 6/7	ICS67	R/W	Input capture 6/7	00000000 <sub>B</sub>
50 <sub>H</sub>	Timer control status register 0	TMCSR0	R/W	16-bit reload timer 0	00000000 <sub>B</sub>
51 <sub>H</sub>					____0000 <sub>B</sub>
52 <sub>H</sub>	Timer register 0/reload register 0	TMR0/ TMRLR0	R/W		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
53 <sub>H</sub>					XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
54 <sub>H</sub>	Timer control status register 1	TMCSR1	R/W	16-bit reload timer 1	00000000 <sub>B</sub>
55 <sub>H</sub>					____0000 <sub>B</sub>
56 <sub>H</sub>	Timer register 1/Reload register 1	TMR1/ TMRLR1	R/W		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
57 <sub>H</sub>					XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
58 <sub>H</sub>	Output compare control status register 0	OCS0	R/W	Output compare 0/1	0000__00 <sub>B</sub>
59 <sub>H</sub>	Output compare control status register 1	OCS1	R/W		__00000 <sub>B</sub>
5A <sub>H</sub>	Output compare control status register 2	OCS2	R/W	Output compare 2/3	0000__00 <sub>B</sub>
5B <sub>H</sub>	Output compare control status register 3	OCS3	R/W		__00000 <sub>B</sub>
5C <sub>H</sub> to 6B <sub>H</sub>	Reserved for CAN 2 Interface				
6C <sub>H</sub>	Timer data register	TCDT	R/W	I/O timer	00000000 <sub>B</sub>
6D <sub>H</sub>					00000000 <sub>B</sub>
6E <sub>H</sub>	Timer control status register	TCCS	R/W		00000000 <sub>B</sub>
6F <sub>H</sub>	ROM mirror function selection register	ROMM	R/W	ROM mirror function selec- tion module	_____1 <sub>B</sub>
70 <sub>H</sub> to 7F <sub>H</sub>	Reserved for CAN 0 Interface				
80 <sub>H</sub> to 8F <sub>H</sub>	Reserved for CAN 1 Interface				
90 <sub>H</sub> to 9D <sub>H</sub>	Prohibited area				
9E <sub>H</sub>	Program address detection control status register	PACSR	R/W	Address match detection function	00000000 <sub>B</sub>
9F <sub>H</sub>	Delayed interrupt/release register	DIRR	R/W	Delayed interrupt genera- tion module	_____0 <sub>B</sub>

(Continued)

# MB90440G Series

Address	Register	Abbreviation	Read/Write	Resource name	Initial value
A0 <sub>H</sub>	Low-power consumption mode control register	LPMCR	R/W	Low power consumption (stand-by) mode	00011000 <sub>B</sub>
A1 <sub>H</sub>	Clock selection register	CKSCR	R/W	Low power consumption (stand-by) mode	11111100 <sub>B</sub>
A2 <sub>H</sub> to A4 <sub>H</sub>	Prohibited area				
A5 <sub>H</sub>	Automatic ready function select register	ARSR	W	External bus pin	0011__00 <sub>B</sub>
A6 <sub>H</sub>	External address output control register	HACR	W		00000000 <sub>B</sub>
A7 <sub>H</sub>	Bus control signal selection register	ECSR	W		0000000_ <sub>B</sub>
A8 <sub>H</sub>	Watchdog timer control register	WDTC	R/W	Watchdog timer	XXXXX111 <sub>B</sub>
A9 <sub>H</sub>	Time base timer control register	TBTC	R/W	Time base timer	1- -00100 <sub>B</sub>
AA <sub>H</sub>	Watch timer control register	WTC	R/W	Watch timer	1X000000 <sub>B</sub>
AB <sub>H</sub> to AD <sub>H</sub>	Prohibited area				
AE <sub>H</sub>	Flash memory control status register (Flash only, otherwise reserved)	FMCS	R/W	Flash Memory	000X0000 <sub>B</sub>
AF <sub>H</sub>	Prohibited area				
B0 <sub>H</sub>	Interrupt control register 00	ICR00	R/W	Interrupt controller	00000111 <sub>B</sub>
B1 <sub>H</sub>	Interrupt control register 01	ICR01	R/W		00000111 <sub>B</sub>
B2 <sub>H</sub>	Interrupt control register 02	ICR02	R/W		00000111 <sub>B</sub>
B3 <sub>H</sub>	Interrupt control register 03	ICR03	R/W		00000111 <sub>B</sub>
B4 <sub>H</sub>	Interrupt control register 04	ICR04	R/W		00000111 <sub>B</sub>
B5 <sub>H</sub>	Interrupt control register 05	ICR05	R/W		00000111 <sub>B</sub>
B6 <sub>H</sub>	Interrupt control register 06	ICR06	R/W		00000111 <sub>B</sub>
B7 <sub>H</sub>	Interrupt control register 07	ICR07	R/W		00000111 <sub>B</sub>
B8 <sub>H</sub>	Interrupt control register 08	ICR08	R/W		00000111 <sub>B</sub>
B9 <sub>H</sub>	Interrupt control register 09	ICR09	R/W		00000111 <sub>B</sub>
BA <sub>H</sub>	Interrupt control register 10	ICR10	R/W		00000111 <sub>B</sub>
BB <sub>H</sub>	Interrupt control register 11	ICR11	R/W		00000111 <sub>B</sub>
BC <sub>H</sub>	Interrupt control register 12	ICR12	R/W		00000111 <sub>B</sub>
BD <sub>H</sub>	Interrupt control register 13	ICR13	R/W		00000111 <sub>B</sub>
BE <sub>H</sub>	Interrupt control register 14	ICR14	R/W		00000111 <sub>B</sub>
BF <sub>H</sub>	Interrupt control register 15	ICR15	R/W		00000111 <sub>B</sub>
CO <sub>H</sub> to FF <sub>H</sub>	External				

(Continued)

# MB90440G Series

(Continued)

Address	Register	Abbreviation	Read/Write	Resource name	Initial value
1FF0H	Program address detection register 0	PADR0	R/W	Address match detection function	XXXXXXXXXB
1FF1H			R/W		XXXXXXXXXB
1FF2H			R/W		XXXXXXXXXB
1FF3H	Program address detection register 1	PADR1	R/W		XXXXXXXXXB
1FF4H			R/W		XXXXXXXXXB
1FF5H			R/W		XXXXXXXXXB

Address	Register	Abbreviation	Read/Write	Resource name	Initial value
3900H	Reload register L	PRL0	R/W	16-bit programable pulse generator 0/1	XXXXXXXXXB
3901H	Reload register H	PRLH0	R/W		XXXXXXXXXB
3902H	Reload register L	PRL1	R/W		XXXXXXXXXB
3903H	Reload register H	PRLH1	R/W		XXXXXXXXXB
3904H	Reload register L	PRL2	R/W	16-bit programable pulse generator 2/3	XXXXXXXXXB
3905H	Reload register H	PRLH2	R/W		XXXXXXXXXB
3906H	Reload register L	PRL3	R/W		XXXXXXXXXB
3907H	Reload register H	PRLH3	R/W		XXXXXXXXXB
3908H	Reload register L	PRL4	R/W	16-bit programable pulse generator 4/5	XXXXXXXXXB
3909H	Reload register H	PRLH4	R/W		XXXXXXXXXB
390AH	Reload register L	PRL5	R/W		XXXXXXXXXB
390BH	Reload register H	PRLH5	R/W		XXXXXXXXXB
390CH	Reload register L	PRL6	R/W	16-bit programable pulse generator 6/7	XXXXXXXXXB
390DH	Reload register H	PRLH6	R/W		XXXXXXXXXB
390EH	Reload register L	PRL7	R/W		XXXXXXXXXB
390FH	Reload register H	PRLH7	R/W		XXXXXXXXXB
3910H to 3917H	Reserved				
3918H	Input capture register 0	IPCP0	R	Input capture 0/1	XXXXXXXXXB
3919H	Input capture register 0	IPCP0	R		XXXXXXXXXB
391AH	Input capture register 1	IPCP1	R		XXXXXXXXXB
391BH	Input capture register 1	IPCP1	R		XXXXXXXXXB
391CH	Input capture register 2	IPCP2	R	Input capture 2/3	XXXXXXXXXB
391DH	Input capture register 2	IPCP2	R		XXXXXXXXXB
391EH	Input capture register 3	IPCP3	R		XXXXXXXXXB
391FH	Input capture register 3	IPCP3	R		XXXXXXXXXB

(Continued)

# MB90440G Series

(Continued)

Address	Register	Abbreviation	Read/Write	Resource name	Initial value
3920 <sub>H</sub>	Input capture register 4	IPCP4	R	Input capture 4/5	XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
3921 <sub>H</sub>	Input capture register 4	IPCP4	R		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
3922 <sub>H</sub>	Input capture register 5	IPCP5	R		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
3923 <sub>H</sub>	Input capture register 5	IPCP5	R		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
3924 <sub>H</sub>	Input capture register 6	IPCP6	R	Input capture 6/7	XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
3925 <sub>H</sub>	Input capture register 6	IPCP6	R		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
3926 <sub>H</sub>	Input capture register 7	IPCP7	R		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
3927 <sub>H</sub>	Input capture register 7	IPCP7	R		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
3928 <sub>H</sub>	Output compare register 0	OCCP0	R/W	Output compare 0/1	XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
3929 <sub>H</sub>	Output compare register 0	OCCP0	R/W		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
392A <sub>H</sub>	Output compare register 1	OCCP1	R/W		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
392B <sub>H</sub>	Output compare register 1	OCCP1	R/W		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
392C <sub>H</sub>	Output compare register 2	OCCP2	R/W	Output compare 2/3	XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
392D <sub>H</sub>	Output compare register 2	OCCP2	R/W		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
392E <sub>H</sub>	Output compare register 3	OCCP3	R/W		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
392F <sub>H</sub>	Output compare register 3	OCCP3	R/W		XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
3930 <sub>H</sub> to 39FF <sub>H</sub>	Reserved				
3A00 <sub>H</sub> to 3AFF <sub>H</sub>	Reserved for CAN 0 Interface				
3B00 <sub>H</sub> to 3BFF <sub>H</sub>	Reserved for CAN 0 Interface				
3C00 <sub>H</sub> to 3CFF <sub>H</sub>	Reserved for CAN 1 Interface				
3D00 <sub>H</sub> to 3DFF <sub>H</sub>	Reserved for CAN 1 Interface				
3E00 <sub>H</sub> to 3EFF <sub>H</sub>	Reserved for CAN 2 Interface				
3F00 <sub>H</sub> to 3FFF <sub>H</sub>	Reserved for CAN 2 Interface				

- Meaning of abbreviations used for reading and writing

R/W : Read and Write enabled

R : Read only

W : Write only

- Explanation of initial values

0 : The bit is initialized to 0.

1 : The bit is initialized to 1.

X : The initial value of the bit is undefined.

– : The bit is not used. Its initial value is undefined.

Note : Addresses in the range 0000<sub>H</sub> to 00FF<sub>H</sub>, which are not listed in the table, are reserved for the primary functions of the MCU. A read access to these reserved addresses results reading “X” and any write access should not be performed.



## ■ CAN CONTROLLER

The MB90440G series contains three generic CAN controllers (CAN0, CAN1, CAN2) .

The CAN controller has the following features :

- Conforms to CAN Specification Version 2.0 Part A and B
  - Supports transmission/reception in standard frame and extended frame formats
- Supports transmission of data frames by receiving remote frames
- 16 transmission/reception message buffers
  - 29-bit ID and 8-byte data
  - Multi-level message buffer configuration
- Provides full-bit comparison, full-bit mask, acceptance register 0/acceptance register 1 for each message buffer as ID acceptance mask
  - Two acceptance mask registers in either standard frame format or extended frame formats
- Bit rate programmable from 10 Kbps to 1 Mbps (when input clock is at 16 MHz)

**List of Control Registers**

Address			Register	Abbreviation	Read/Write	Initial Value
CAN0	CAN1	CAN2				
000070 <sub>H</sub>	000080 <sub>H</sub>	00005C <sub>H</sub>	Message buffer valid register	BVALR	R/W	00000000 00000000 <sub>B</sub>
000071 <sub>H</sub>	000081 <sub>H</sub>	00005D <sub>H</sub>				
000072 <sub>H</sub>	000082 <sub>H</sub>	00005E <sub>H</sub>	Transmit request register	TREQR	R/W	00000000 00000000 <sub>B</sub>
000073 <sub>H</sub>	000083 <sub>H</sub>	00005F <sub>H</sub>				
000074 <sub>H</sub>	000084 <sub>H</sub>	000060 <sub>H</sub>	Transmit cancel register	TCANR	W	00000000 00000000 <sub>B</sub>
000075 <sub>H</sub>	000085 <sub>H</sub>	000061 <sub>H</sub>				
000076 <sub>H</sub>	000086 <sub>H</sub>	000062 <sub>H</sub>	Transmit complete register	TCR	R/W	00000000 00000000 <sub>B</sub>
000077 <sub>H</sub>	000087 <sub>H</sub>	000063 <sub>H</sub>				
000078 <sub>H</sub>	000088 <sub>H</sub>	000064 <sub>H</sub>	Receive complete register	RCR	R/W	00000000 00000000 <sub>B</sub>
000079 <sub>H</sub>	000089 <sub>H</sub>	000065 <sub>H</sub>				
00007A <sub>H</sub>	00008A <sub>H</sub>	000066 <sub>H</sub>	Remote request receiving register	RRTRR	R/W	00000000 00000000 <sub>B</sub>
00007B <sub>H</sub>	00008B <sub>H</sub>	000067 <sub>H</sub>				
00007C <sub>H</sub>	00008C <sub>H</sub>	000068 <sub>H</sub>	Receive overrun register	ROVRR	R/W	00000000 00000000 <sub>B</sub>
00007D <sub>H</sub>	00008D <sub>H</sub>	000069 <sub>H</sub>				
00007E <sub>H</sub>	00008E <sub>H</sub>	00006A <sub>H</sub>	Receive interrupt enable register	RIER	R/W	00000000 00000000 <sub>B</sub>
00007F <sub>H</sub>	00008F <sub>H</sub>	00006B <sub>H</sub>				
003B00 <sub>H</sub>	003D00 <sub>H</sub>	003F00 <sub>H</sub>	Control status register	CSR	R/W, R	00---000 0----0- 1 <sub>B</sub>
003B01 <sub>H</sub>	003D01 <sub>H</sub>	003F01 <sub>H</sub>				
003B02 <sub>H</sub>	003D02 <sub>H</sub>	003F02 <sub>H</sub>	Last event indicator register	LEIR	R/W	----- 000- 0000 <sub>B</sub>
003B03 <sub>H</sub>	003D03 <sub>H</sub>	003F03 <sub>H</sub>				
003B04 <sub>H</sub>	003D04 <sub>H</sub>	003F04 <sub>H</sub>	Receive/transmit error counter	RTEC	R	00000000 00000000 <sub>B</sub>
003B05 <sub>H</sub>	003D05 <sub>H</sub>	003F05 <sub>H</sub>				

(Continued)

# MB90440G Series

(Continued)

Address			Register	Abbreviation	Read/Write	Initial Value
CAN0	CAN1	CAN2				
003B06H	003D06H	003F06H	Bit timing register	BTR	R/W	-1111111 11111111 <sub>B</sub>
003B07H	003D07H	003F07H				
003B08H	003D08H	003F08H	IDE register	IDER	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003B09H	003D09H	003F09H				
003B0AH	003D0AH	003F0AH	Transmit RTR register	TRTRR	R/W	00000000 00000000 <sub>B</sub>
003B0BH	003D0BH	003F0BH				
003B0CH	003D0CH	003F0CH	Remote frame receive waiting register	RFWTR	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003B0DH	003D0DH	003F0DH				
003B0EH	003D0EH	003F0EH	Transmit interrupt enable register	TIER	R/W	00000000 00000000 <sub>B</sub>
003B0FH	003D0FH	003F0FH				
003B10H	003D10H	003F10H	Acceptance mask select register	AMSR	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003B11H	003D11H	003F11H				
003B12H	003D12H	003F12H				
003B13H	003D13H	003F13H				
003B14H	003D14H	003F14H	Acceptance mask register 0	AMR0	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003B15H	003D15H	003F15H				
003B16H	003D16H	003F16H				
003B17H	003D17H	003F17H				
003B18H	003D18H	003F18H	Acceptance mask register 1	AMR1	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003B19H	003D19H	003F19H				
003B1AH	003D1AH	003F1AH				
003B1BH	003D1BH	003F1BH				

# MB90440G Series

List of Message Buffers (ID Registers)

Address			Register	Abbreviation	Read/Write	Initial Value
CAN0	CAN1	CAN2				
003A00H to 003A1FH	003C00H to 003C1FH	003E00H to 003E1FH	RAM area	—	R/W	XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub> to XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A20H	003C20H	003E20H	ID register 0	IDR0	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A21H	003C21H	003E21H				XXXXX--- XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A22H	003C22H	003E22H				
003A23H	003C23H	003E23H				
003A24H	003C24H	003E24H	ID register 1	IDR1	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A25H	003C25H	003E25H				XXXXX--- XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A26H	003C26H	003E26H				
003A27H	003C27H	003E27H				
003A28H	003C28H	003E28H	ID register 2	IDR2	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A29H	003C29H	003E29H				XXXXX--- XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A2AH	003C2AH	003E2AH				
003A2BH	003C2BH	003E2BH				
003A2CH	003C2CH	003E2CH	ID register 3	IDR3	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A2DH	003C2DH	003E2DH				XXXXX--- XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A2EH	003C2EH	003E2EH				
003A2FH	003C2FH	003E2FH				
003A30H	003C30H	003E30H	ID register 4	IDR4	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A31H	003C31H	003E31H				XXXXX--- XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A32H	003C32H	003E32H				
003A33H	003C33H	003E33H				
003A34H	003C34H	003E34H	ID register 5	IDR5	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A35H	003C35H	003E35H				XXXXX--- XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A36H	003C36H	003E36H				
003A37H	003C37H	003E37H				
003A38H	003C38H	003E38H	ID register 6	IDR6	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A39H	003C39H	003E39H				XXXXX--- XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A3AH	003C3AH	003E3AH				
003A3BH	003C3BH	003E3BH				

(Continued)

# MB90440G Series

Address			Register	Abbreviation	Read/Write	Initial Value
CAN0	CAN1	CAN2				
003A3C <sub>H</sub>	003C3C <sub>H</sub>	003E3C <sub>H</sub>	ID register 7	IDR7	R/W	XXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A3D <sub>H</sub>	003C3D <sub>H</sub>	003E3D <sub>H</sub>				
003A3E <sub>H</sub>	003C3E <sub>H</sub>	003E3E <sub>H</sub>				
003A3F <sub>H</sub>	003C3F <sub>H</sub>	003E3F <sub>H</sub>				XXXXX--- XXXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A40 <sub>H</sub>	003C40 <sub>H</sub>	003E40 <sub>H</sub>	ID register 8	IDR8	R/W	XXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A41 <sub>H</sub>	003C41 <sub>H</sub>	003E41 <sub>H</sub>				
003A42 <sub>H</sub>	003C42 <sub>H</sub>	003E42 <sub>H</sub>				
003A43 <sub>H</sub>	003C43 <sub>H</sub>	003E43 <sub>H</sub>				XXXXX--- XXXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A44 <sub>H</sub>	003C44 <sub>H</sub>	003E44 <sub>H</sub>	ID register 9	IDR9	R/W	XXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A45 <sub>H</sub>	003C45 <sub>H</sub>	003E45 <sub>H</sub>				
003A46 <sub>H</sub>	003C46 <sub>H</sub>	003E46 <sub>H</sub>				
003A47 <sub>H</sub>	003C47 <sub>H</sub>	003E47 <sub>H</sub>				XXXXX--- XXXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A48 <sub>H</sub>	003C48 <sub>H</sub>	003E48 <sub>H</sub>	ID register 10	IDR10	R/W	XXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A49 <sub>H</sub>	003C49 <sub>H</sub>	003E49 <sub>H</sub>				
003A4A <sub>H</sub>	003C4A <sub>H</sub>	003E4A <sub>H</sub>				
003A4B <sub>H</sub>	003C4B <sub>H</sub>	003E4B <sub>H</sub>				XXXXX--- XXXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A4C <sub>H</sub>	003C4C <sub>H</sub>	003E4C <sub>H</sub>	ID register 11	IDR11	R/W	XXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A4D <sub>H</sub>	003C4D <sub>H</sub>	003E4D <sub>H</sub>				
003A4E <sub>H</sub>	003C4E <sub>H</sub>	003E4E <sub>H</sub>				
003A4F <sub>H</sub>	003C4F <sub>H</sub>	003E4F <sub>H</sub>				XXXXX--- XXXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A50 <sub>H</sub>	003C50 <sub>H</sub>	003E50 <sub>H</sub>	ID register 12	IDR12	R/W	XXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A51 <sub>H</sub>	003C51 <sub>H</sub>	003E51 <sub>H</sub>				
003A52 <sub>H</sub>	003C52 <sub>H</sub>	003E52 <sub>H</sub>				
003A53 <sub>H</sub>	003C53 <sub>H</sub>	003E53 <sub>H</sub>				XXXXX--- XXXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A54 <sub>H</sub>	003C54 <sub>H</sub>	003E54 <sub>H</sub>	ID register 13	IDR13	R/W	XXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A55 <sub>H</sub>	003C55 <sub>H</sub>	003E55 <sub>H</sub>				
003A56 <sub>H</sub>	003C56 <sub>H</sub>	003E56 <sub>H</sub>				
003A57 <sub>H</sub>	003C57 <sub>H</sub>	003E57 <sub>H</sub>				XXXXX--- XXXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A58 <sub>H</sub>	003C58 <sub>H</sub>	003E58 <sub>H</sub>	ID register 14	IDR14	R/W	XXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A59 <sub>H</sub>	003C59 <sub>H</sub>	003E59 <sub>H</sub>				
003A5A <sub>H</sub>	003C5A <sub>H</sub>	003E5A <sub>H</sub>				
003A5B <sub>H</sub>	003C5B <sub>H</sub>	003E5B <sub>H</sub>				XXXXX--- XXXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>

(Continued)

# MB90440G Series

(Continued)

Address			Register	Abbreviation	Read/Write	Initial Value
CAN0	CAN1	CAN2				
003A5C <sub>H</sub>	003C5C <sub>H</sub>	003E5C <sub>H</sub>	ID register 15	IDR15	R/W	XXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A5D <sub>H</sub>	003C5D <sub>H</sub>	003E5D <sub>H</sub>				
003A5E <sub>H</sub>	003C5E <sub>H</sub>	003E5E <sub>H</sub>				
003A5F <sub>H</sub>	003C5F <sub>H</sub>	003E5F <sub>H</sub>				
						XXXXX--- XXXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>

List of Message Buffers (DLC Registers and Data Registers)

Address			Register	Abbreviation	Read/Write	Initial Value
CAN0	CAN1	CAN2				
003A60 <sub>H</sub>	003C60 <sub>H</sub>	003E60 <sub>H</sub>	DLC register 0	DLCR0	R/W	----XXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A61 <sub>H</sub>	003C61 <sub>H</sub>	003E61 <sub>H</sub>				
003A62 <sub>H</sub>	003C62 <sub>H</sub>	003E62 <sub>H</sub>	DLC register 1	DLCR1	R/W	----XXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A63 <sub>H</sub>	003C63 <sub>H</sub>	003E63 <sub>H</sub>				
003A64 <sub>H</sub>	003C64 <sub>H</sub>	003E64 <sub>H</sub>	DLC register 2	DLCR2	R/W	----XXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A65 <sub>H</sub>	003C65 <sub>H</sub>	003E65 <sub>H</sub>				
003A66 <sub>H</sub>	003C66 <sub>H</sub>	003E66 <sub>H</sub>	DLC register 3	DLCR3	R/W	----XXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A67 <sub>H</sub>	003C67 <sub>H</sub>	003E67 <sub>H</sub>				
003A68 <sub>H</sub>	003C68 <sub>H</sub>	003E68 <sub>H</sub>	DLC register 4	DLCR4	R/W	----XXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A69 <sub>H</sub>	003C69 <sub>H</sub>	003E69 <sub>H</sub>				
003A6A <sub>H</sub>	003C6A <sub>H</sub>	003E6A <sub>H</sub>	DLC register 5	DLCR5	R/W	----XXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A6B <sub>H</sub>	003C6B <sub>H</sub>	003E6B <sub>H</sub>				
003A6C <sub>H</sub>	003C6C <sub>H</sub>	003E6C <sub>H</sub>	DLC register 6	DLCR6	R/W	----XXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A6D <sub>H</sub>	003C6D <sub>H</sub>	003E6D <sub>H</sub>				
003A6E <sub>H</sub>	003C6E <sub>H</sub>	003E6E <sub>H</sub>	DLC register 7	DLCR7	R/W	----XXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A6F <sub>H</sub>	003C6F <sub>H</sub>	003E6F <sub>H</sub>				
003A70 <sub>H</sub>	003C70 <sub>H</sub>	003E70 <sub>H</sub>	DLC register 8	DLCR8	R/W	----XXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A71 <sub>H</sub>	003C71 <sub>H</sub>	003E71 <sub>H</sub>				
003A72 <sub>H</sub>	003C72 <sub>H</sub>	003E72 <sub>H</sub>	DLC register 9	DLCR9	R/W	----XXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A73 <sub>H</sub>	003C73 <sub>H</sub>	003E73 <sub>H</sub>				
003A74 <sub>H</sub>	003C74 <sub>H</sub>	003E74 <sub>H</sub>	DLC register 10	DLCR10	R/W	----XXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A75 <sub>H</sub>	003C75 <sub>H</sub>	003E75 <sub>H</sub>				
003A76 <sub>H</sub>	003C76 <sub>H</sub>	003E76 <sub>H</sub>	DLC register 11	DLCR11	R/W	----XXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A77 <sub>H</sub>	003C77 <sub>H</sub>	003E77 <sub>H</sub>				

(Continued)

# MB90440G Series

Address			Register	Abbreviation	Read/ Write	Initial Value
CAN0	CAN1	CAN2				
003A78 <sub>H</sub>	003C78 <sub>H</sub>	003E78 <sub>H</sub>	DLC register 12	DLCR12	R/W	----XXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A79 <sub>H</sub>	003C79 <sub>H</sub>	003E79 <sub>H</sub>				
003A7A <sub>H</sub>	003C7A <sub>H</sub>	003E7A <sub>H</sub>	DLC register 13	DLCR13	R/W	----XXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A7B <sub>H</sub>	003C7B <sub>H</sub>	003E7B <sub>H</sub>				
003A7C <sub>H</sub>	003C7C <sub>H</sub>	003E7C <sub>H</sub>	DLC register 14	DLCR14	R/W	----XXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A7D <sub>H</sub>	003C7D <sub>H</sub>	003E7D <sub>H</sub>				
003A7E <sub>H</sub>	003C7E <sub>H</sub>	003E7E <sub>H</sub>	DLC register 15	DLCR15	R/W	----XXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A7F <sub>H</sub>	003C7F <sub>H</sub>	003E7F <sub>H</sub>				
003A80 <sub>H</sub> to 003A87 <sub>H</sub>	003C80 <sub>H</sub> to 003C87 <sub>H</sub>	003E80 <sub>H</sub> to 003E87 <sub>H</sub>	Data register 0 (8 bytes)	DTR0	R/W	XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub> to XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A88 <sub>H</sub> to 003A8F <sub>H</sub>	003C88 <sub>H</sub> to 003C8F <sub>H</sub>	003E88 <sub>H</sub> to 003E8F <sub>H</sub>	Data register 1 (8 bytes)	DTR1	R/W	XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub> to XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A90 <sub>H</sub> to 003A97 <sub>H</sub>	003C90 <sub>H</sub> to 003C97 <sub>H</sub>	003E90 <sub>H</sub> to 003E97 <sub>H</sub>	Data register 2 (8 bytes)	DTR2	R/W	XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub> to XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003A98 <sub>H</sub> to 003A9F <sub>H</sub>	003C98 <sub>H</sub> to 003C9F <sub>H</sub>	003E98 <sub>H</sub> to 003E9F <sub>H</sub>	Data register 3 (8 bytes)	DTR3	R/W	XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub> to XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003AA0 <sub>H</sub> to 003AA7 <sub>H</sub>	003CA0 <sub>H</sub> to 003CA7 <sub>H</sub>	003EA0 <sub>H</sub> to 003EA7 <sub>H</sub>	Data register 4 (8 bytes)	DTR4	R/W	XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub> to XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003AA8 <sub>H</sub> to 003AAF <sub>H</sub>	003CA8 <sub>H</sub> to 003CAF <sub>H</sub>	003EA8 <sub>H</sub> to 003EAF <sub>H</sub>	Data register 5 (8 bytes)	DTR5	R/W	XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub> to XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003AB0 <sub>H</sub> to 003AB7 <sub>H</sub>	003CB0 <sub>H</sub> to 003CB7 <sub>H</sub>	003EB0 <sub>H</sub> to 003EB7 <sub>H</sub>	Data register 6 (8 bytes)	DTR6	R/W	XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub> to XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>

(Continued)

# MB90440G Series

(Continued)

Address			Register	Abbreviation	Read/ Write	Initial Value
CAN0	CAN1	CAN2				
003AB8 <sub>H</sub> to 003ABF <sub>H</sub>	003CB8 <sub>H</sub> to 003CBF <sub>H</sub>	003EB8 <sub>H</sub> to 003EBF <sub>H</sub>	Data register 7 (8 bytes)	DTR7	R/W	XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub> to XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003AC0 <sub>H</sub> to 003AC7 <sub>H</sub>	003CC0 <sub>H</sub> to 003CC7 <sub>H</sub>	003EC0 <sub>H</sub> to 003EC7 <sub>H</sub>	Data register 8 (8 bytes)	DTR8	R/W	XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub> to XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003AC8 <sub>H</sub> to 003ACF <sub>H</sub>	003CC8 <sub>H</sub> to 003CCF <sub>H</sub>	003EC8 <sub>H</sub> to 003ECF <sub>H</sub>	Data register 9 (8 bytes)	DTR9	R/W	XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub> to XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003AD0 <sub>H</sub> to 003AD7 <sub>H</sub>	003CD0 <sub>H</sub> to 003CD7 <sub>H</sub>	003ED0 <sub>H</sub> to 003ED7 <sub>H</sub>	Data register 10 (8 bytes)	DTR10	R/W	XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub> to XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003AD8 <sub>H</sub> to 003ADF <sub>H</sub>	003CD8 <sub>H</sub> to 003CDF <sub>H</sub>	003ED8 <sub>H</sub> to 003EDF <sub>H</sub>	Data register 11 (8 bytes)	DTR11	R/W	XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub> to XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003AE0 <sub>H</sub> to 003AE7 <sub>H</sub>	003CE0 <sub>H</sub> to 003CE7 <sub>H</sub>	003EE0 <sub>H</sub> to 003EE7 <sub>H</sub>	Data register 12 (8 bytes)	DTR12	R/W	XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub> to XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003AE8 <sub>H</sub> to 003AEF <sub>H</sub>	003CE8 <sub>H</sub> to 003CEF <sub>H</sub>	003EE8 <sub>H</sub> to 003EEF <sub>H</sub>	Data register 13 (8 bytes)	DTR13	R/W	XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub> to XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003AF0 <sub>H</sub> to 003AF7 <sub>H</sub>	003CF0 <sub>H</sub> to 003CF7 <sub>H</sub>	003EF0 <sub>H</sub> to 003EF7 <sub>H</sub>	Data register 14 (8 bytes)	DTR14	R/W	XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub> to XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>
003AF8 <sub>H</sub> to 003AFF <sub>H</sub>	003CF8 <sub>H</sub> to 003CFF <sub>H</sub>	003EF8 <sub>H</sub> to 003EFF <sub>H</sub>	Data register 15 (8 bytes)	DTR15	R/W	XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub> to XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>

# MB90440G Series

## ■ INTERRUPT FACTORS, INTERRUPT VECTORS, INTERRUPT CONTROL REGISTER

Interrupt cause	EI <sup>2</sup> OS support	Interrupt vector		Interrupt control register	
		Number	Address	Number	Address
Reset	N/A	#08	FFFFDC <sub>H</sub>	—	—
INT9 instruction	N/A	#09	FFFFD8 <sub>H</sub>	—	—
Exception processing	N/A	#10	FFFFD4 <sub>H</sub>	—	—
CAN 0 Receive	N/A	#11	FFFFD0 <sub>H</sub>	ICR00	0000B0 <sub>H</sub>
CAN 0 Transmit/Node status	N/A	#12	FFFFCC <sub>H</sub>		
CAN 1 Receive	N/A	#13	FFFFC8 <sub>H</sub>	ICR01	0000B1 <sub>H</sub>
CAN 1 Transmit/Node status	N/A	#14	FFFFC4 <sub>H</sub>		
External interrupt (INT0/INT1)	*1	#15	FFFFC0 <sub>H</sub>	ICR02	0000B2 <sub>H</sub>
Timebase timer	N/A	#16	FFFFBC <sub>H</sub>		
16-bit reload timer 0	*1	#17	FFFFB8 <sub>H</sub>	ICR03	0000B3 <sub>H</sub>
8/10-bit A/D converter	*1	#18	FFFFB4 <sub>H</sub>		
Input/output timer	N/A	#19	FFFFB0 <sub>H</sub>	ICR04	0000B4 <sub>H</sub>
External interrupt (INT2/INT3)	*1	#20	FFFFAC <sub>H</sub>		
Serial I/O	*1	#21	FFFFA8 <sub>H</sub>	ICR05	0000B5 <sub>H</sub>
8/16-bit PPG timer 0/1/2/3	N/A	#22	FFFFA4 <sub>H</sub>		
Input capture 0	*1	#23	FFFFA0 <sub>H</sub>	ICR06	0000B6 <sub>H</sub>
External interrupt (INT4/INT5)	*1	#24	FFFF9C <sub>H</sub>		
CAN 2 Receive	N/A	#25	FFFF98 <sub>H</sub>	ICR07	0000B7 <sub>H</sub>
CAN 2 Transmit/Node status	N/A	#26	FFFF94 <sub>H</sub>		
External interrupt (INT6/INT7)	*1	#27	FFFF90 <sub>H</sub>	ICR08	0000B8 <sub>H</sub>
Monitoring timer	N/A	#28	FFFF8C <sub>H</sub>		
Input capture 1	*1	#29	FFFF88 <sub>H</sub>	ICR09	0000B9 <sub>H</sub>
Input capture 2/3	*1	#30	FFFF84 <sub>H</sub>		
8/16-bit PPG timer 4/5/6/7	N/A	#31	FFFF80 <sub>H</sub>	ICR10	0000BA <sub>H</sub>
Output compare 0	*1	#32	FFFF7C <sub>H</sub>		
Output compare 1	*1	#33	FFFF78 <sub>H</sub>	ICR11	0000BB <sub>H</sub>
Input capture 4/5	*1	#34	FFFF74 <sub>H</sub>		
Output compare 2/3-input capture 6/7	*1	#35	FFFF70 <sub>H</sub>	ICR12	0000BC <sub>H</sub>
16-bit reload timer 1	*1	#36	FFFF6C <sub>H</sub>		
UART 0 Receive	*2	#37	FFFF68 <sub>H</sub>	ICR13	0000BD <sub>H</sub>
UART 0 Transmit	*1	#38	FFFF64 <sub>H</sub>		
UART 1 Receive	*2	#39	FFFF60 <sub>H</sub>	ICR14	0000BE <sub>H</sub>
UART 1 Transmit	*1	#40	FFFF5C <sub>H</sub>		

(Continued)



(Continued)

Interrupt cause	EI <sup>2</sup> OS support	Interrupt vector		Interrupt control register	
		Number	Address	Number	Address
Flash memory	N/A	#41	FFFF58 <sub>H</sub>	ICR15	0000BF <sub>H</sub>
Delayed interrupt generation module	N/A	#42	FFFF54 <sub>H</sub>		

\*1 : The interrupt request flag is cleared by the EI<sup>2</sup>OS interrupt clear signal.

\*2 : The interrupt request flag is cleared by the EI<sup>2</sup>OS interrupt clear signal. A stop request is available.

Notes : • N/A : The interrupt request flag is not cleared by the EI<sup>2</sup>OS interrupt clear signal.

- For a peripheral module with two interrupt causes for a single interrupt number, both interrupt request flags are cleared by the EI<sup>2</sup>OS interrupt clear signal.
- At the end of EI<sup>2</sup>OS, the EI<sup>2</sup>OS clear signal will be asserted for all the interrupt flags assigned to the same interrupt number. If one interrupt flag starts the EI<sup>2</sup>OS and in the meantime another interrupt flag is set by hardware event, the later event is lost because the flag is cleared by the EI<sup>2</sup>OS clear signal caused by the first event. So it is recommended not to use the EI<sup>2</sup>OS for this interrupt number.
- If EI<sup>2</sup>OS is enabled, EI<sup>2</sup>OS is initiated when one of the two interrupt signals in the same interrupt control register (ICR) is asserted. This means that different interrupt causes share the same EI<sup>2</sup>OS descriptor which should be unique for each interrupt cause. For this reason, when one interrupt cause uses the EI<sup>2</sup>OS, the other interrupt should be disabled.

# MB90440G Series

## ■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### 1. Absolute Maximum Ratings

( $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0\text{ V}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Rating		Unit	Remarks
		Min	Max		
Power supply voltage	$V_{CC}$	$V_{SS} - 0.3$	$V_{SS} + 6.0$	V	
	$AV_{CC}$	$V_{SS} - 0.3$	$V_{SS} + 6.0$	V	$V_{CC} = AV_{CC}^{*1}$
	$AVRH, AVRL$	$V_{SS} - 0.3$	$V_{SS} + 6.0$	V	$AV_{CC} \geq AVRH / AVRL, AVRH \geq AVRL^{*1}$
Input voltage	$V_I$	$V_{SS} - 0.3$	$V_{SS} + 6.0$	V	<sup>*2</sup>
Output voltage	$V_O$	$V_{SS} - 0.3$	$V_{SS} + 6.0$	V	<sup>*2</sup>
Maximum clamp current	$I_{CLAMP}$	- 2.0	+ 2.0	mA	<sup>*6</sup>
Total maximum clamp current	$\Sigma  I_{CLAMP} $	—	20	mA	<sup>*6</sup>
“L” level maximum output current	$I_{OL}$	—	15	mA	<sup>*3</sup>
“L” level average output current	$I_{OLAV}$	—	4	mA	<sup>*4</sup>
“L” level total maximum output current	$\Sigma I_{OL}$	—	100	mA	
“L” level total average output current	$\Sigma I_{OLAV}$	—	50	mA	<sup>*5</sup>
“H” level maximum output current	$I_{OH}$	—	-15	mA	<sup>*3</sup>
“H” level average output current	$I_{OHAV}$	—	-4	mA	<sup>*4</sup>
“H” level total maximum output current	$\Sigma I_{OH}$	—	-100	mA	
“H” level total average output current	$\Sigma I_{OHAV}$	—	-50	mA	<sup>*5</sup>
Power consumption	$P_D$	—	500	mW	MB90F443G
		—	400	mW	MB90F443G (under development)
Operating temperature	$T_A$	-40	+ 105	°C	
Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$	-55	+ 150	°C	

<sup>\*1</sup> :  $AV_{CC}$ ,  $AVRH$ , and  $AVRL$  shall never exceed  $V_{CC}$ .  $AVRH$ ,  $AVRL$  shall never exceed  $AV_{CC}$ . Also,  $AVRL$  shall never exceed  $AVRH$ .

<sup>\*2</sup> :  $V_I$  and  $V_O$  shall never exceed  $V_{CC} + 0.3\text{ V}$ .  $V_I$  shall never exceed the specified ratings. However if the maximum current to/ from an input is limited by some means with external components, the  $I_{CLAMP}$  rating supersedes the  $V_I$  rating.

<sup>\*3</sup> : Maximum output current specifies the peak value of the corresponding pin.

<sup>\*4</sup> : The average output current specifies the average current of corresponding pins within 100 ms.  
(operation current  $\times$  operation rate = average value)

<sup>\*5</sup> : The total average output current specifies the average current of all corresponding pins within 100 ms.  
(operation current  $\times$  operation rate = average value)

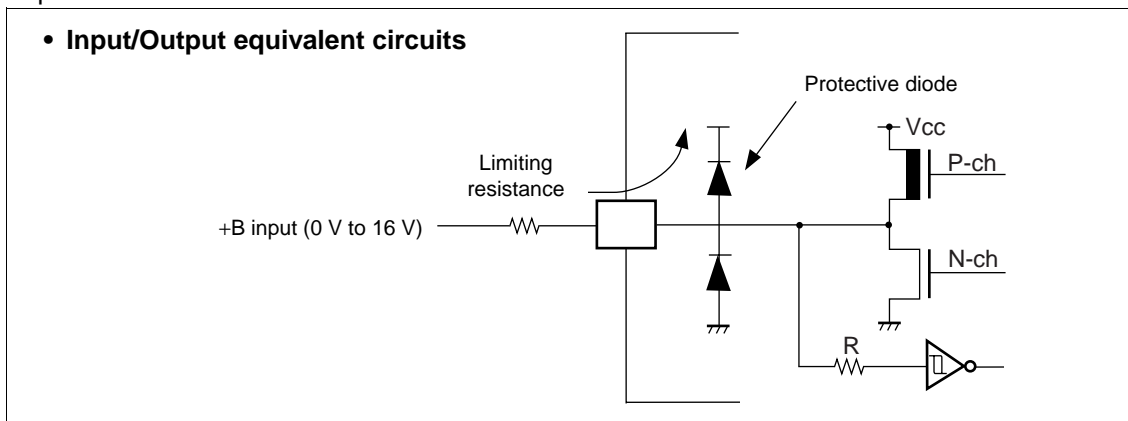
<sup>\*6</sup> : • Applicable to pins : P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P20 to P27, P30 to P37, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P60 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P87, P90 to P97, PA0

- Use within recommended operating conditions.
- Use at DC voltage (current) .

(Continued)

(Continued)

- The +B signal should always be applied with a limiting resistance placed between the +B signal and the microcontroller.
- The value of the limiting resistance should be set so that +B signal is applied the input current to the microcontroller pin does not exceed rated values, either instantaneously or for prolonged periods.
- Note that when the microcontroller drive current is low, such as in the power saving modes, the +B input potential may pass through the protective diode and increase the potential at the V<sub>CC</sub> pin, and this may affect other devices.
- Note that if a +B signal is input when the microcontroller power supply is off (not fixed at 0 V) , the power supply is provided from the pins, so that incomplete operation may result.
- Note that if the +B input is applied during power-on, the power supply is provided from the pins and the resulting supply voltage may not be sufficient to operate the power-on reset.
- Care must be taken not to leave the +B input pin open.
- Note that analog system input/output pins other than the A/D input pins (LCD drive pins, comparator input pins, etc.) cannot accept +B signal input.
- Sample recommended circuits.



**WARNING:** Semiconductor devices can be permanently damaged by application of stress (voltage, current, temperature, etc.) in excess of absolute maximum ratings. Do not exceed these ratings.

# MB90440G Series

## 2. Recommended Operating Conditions

( $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0\text{ V}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Value			Unit	Remarks
		Min	Typ	Max		
Power supply voltage	$V_{CC}, AV_{CC}$	4.5	5.0	5.5	V	Under normal operation
		3.0	—	5.5	V	Retains status at the time of operation stop
Smoothing capacitor	$C_S$	0.022	0.1	1.0	$\mu\text{F}$	*
Operating temperature	$T_A$	-40	—	+105	$^{\circ}\text{C}$	

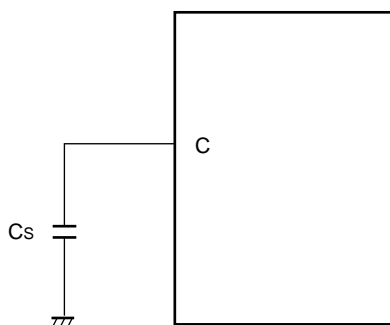
\* : Use a ceramic capacitor or capacitor of better AC characteristics. Capacitor at the  $V_{CC}$  should be greater than this capacitor.

**WARNING:** The recommended operating conditions are required in order to ensure the normal operation of the semiconductor device. All of the device's electrical characteristics are warranted when the device is operated within these ranges.

Always use semiconductor devices within their recommended operating condition ranges. Operation outside these ranges may adversely affect reliability and could result in device failure.

No warranty is made with respect to uses, operating conditions, or combinations not represented on the data sheet. Users considering application outside the listed conditions are advised to contact their FUJITSU representatives beforehand.

### • C pin connection circuit



## 3. DC Characteristics

( $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V} \pm 10\%$ ,  $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = -40\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+105\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Pin	Condition	Value			Unit	Remarks
				Min	Typ	Max		
Input H voltage	$V_{IHS}$	CMOS Hysteresis input pin	—	$0.8 V_{CC}$	—	$V_{CC} + 0.3$	V	
	$V_{IHA}$	AUTOMOTIVE input pin	—	$0.8 V_{CC}$	—	—	V	
	$V_{IH}$	TTL input pin	—	2.0	—	—	V	
	$V_{IHM}$	MD input pin	—	$V_{CC} - 0.3$	—	$V_{CC} + 0.3$	V	
Input L voltage	$V_{ILS}$	CMOS Hysteresis input pin	—	$V_{SS} - 0.3$	—	$0.2 V_{CC}$	V	
	$V_{ILA}$	AUTOMOTIVE input pin	—	—	—	$0.5 V_{CC}$	V	
	$V_{IL}$	TTL input pin	—	—	—	0.8	V	
	$V_{ILM}$	MD input pin	—	$V_{SS} - 0.3$	—	$V_{SS} + 0.3$	V	
Output H voltage	$V_{OH}$	All output pins	$V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$ , $I_{OH} = -4.0\text{ mA}$	$V_{CC} - 0.5$	—	—	V	
Output L voltage	$V_{OL}$	All output pins	$V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$ , $I_{OL} = 4.0\text{ mA}$	—	—	0.4	V	
Input leak current	$I_{IL}$	—	$V_{CC} = 5.5\text{ V}$ , $V_{SS} < V_i < V_{CC}$	-5	—	+5	$\mu\text{A}$	

(Continued)

# MB90440G Series

(Continued)

( $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V} \pm 10\%$ ,  $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = -40\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+105\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Pin	Condition	Value			Unit	Remarks
				Min	Typ	Max		
Power supply current*	I <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V Internal frequency : 16 MHz, At normal operating	—	45	60	mA	
			V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V Internal frequency : 16 MHz, At flash programming / erasing	—	50	70	mA	
	I <sub>CCS</sub>		V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V Internal frequency : 16 MHz, At sleep	—	13	22	mA	
	I <sub>CCL</sub>		V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V Internal frequency : 8 kHz, At sub operation T <sub>A</sub> = + 25 °C	—	50	100	μA	MB90443G (under devel- opment)
			—	300	500	μA	MB90F443G	
	I <sub>CCLS</sub>		V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V Internal frequency : 8 kHz, At sub sleep T <sub>A</sub> = + 25 °C	—	15	40	μA	
	I <sub>CC T</sub>		V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V Internal frequency : 8 kHz, At watch mode T <sub>A</sub> = + 25 °C	—	7	25	μA	
	I <sub>CTS</sub>		V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V Internal frequency : 2 MHz, At timer base timer mode T <sub>A</sub> = + 25 °C	—	600	1200	μA	
I <sub>CC H</sub>	At stop mode, T <sub>A</sub> = + 25 °C	—	5	20	μA			
Input capacity	C <sub>IN</sub>	Other than AV <sub>CC</sub> , AV <sub>SS</sub> , AVRH, AVRL, C, V <sub>CC</sub> , V <sub>SS</sub>	—	10	15	pF		
Pull-up resistance	R <sub>UP</sub>	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P20 to P27, P30 to P37, $\overline{\text{RST}}$	—	25	50	100	kΩ	
Pull-down resistance	R <sub>DOWN</sub>	MD2	—	25	50	100	kΩ	

\* : The power supply current is measured with an external clock.

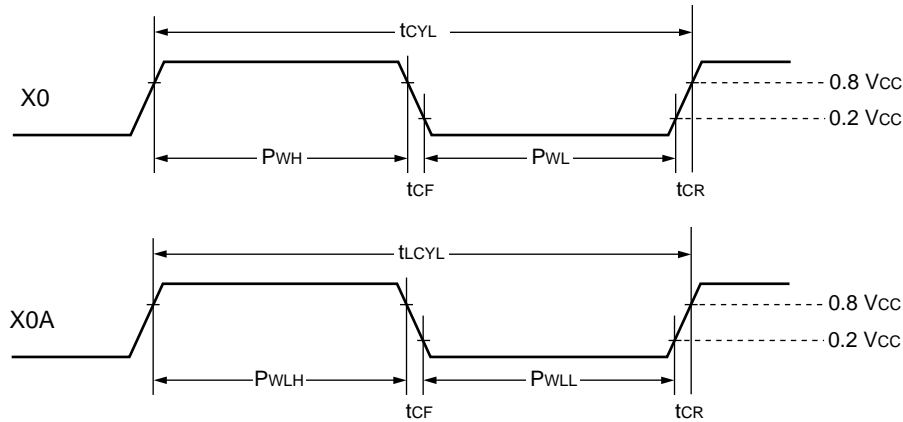
## 4. AC Characteristics

### (1) Clock Timing

( $V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$ ,  $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0 \text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = -40 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+105 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Pin	Value			Unit	Remarks
			Min	Typ	Max		
Clock frequency	$f_C$	X0, X1	3	—	16	MHz	
	$f_{CL}$	X0A, X1A	—	32.768	—	kHz	
Clock cycle time	$t_{CYL}$	X0, X1	62.5	—	333	ns	
	$t_{LCYL}$	X0A, X1A	—	30.5	—	$\mu\text{s}$	
Input clock pulse width	$P_{WH}, P_{WL}$	X0	10	—	—	ns	Duty ratio is about 30% to 70%.
	$P_{WLH}, P_{WLL}$	X0A	—	15.2	—	$\mu\text{s}$	
Input clock rise and fall time	$t_{CR}, t_{CF}$	X0	—	—	5	ns	When using external clock
Internal operating clock frequency	$f_{CP}$	—	1.5	—	16	MHz	When using main clock
	$f_{LCP}$	—	—	8.192	—	kHz	When using sub-clock
Internal operating clock cycle time	$t_{CP}$	—	62.5	—	666	ns	When using main clock
	$t_{LCP}$	—	—	122.1	—	$\mu\text{s}$	When using sub-clock

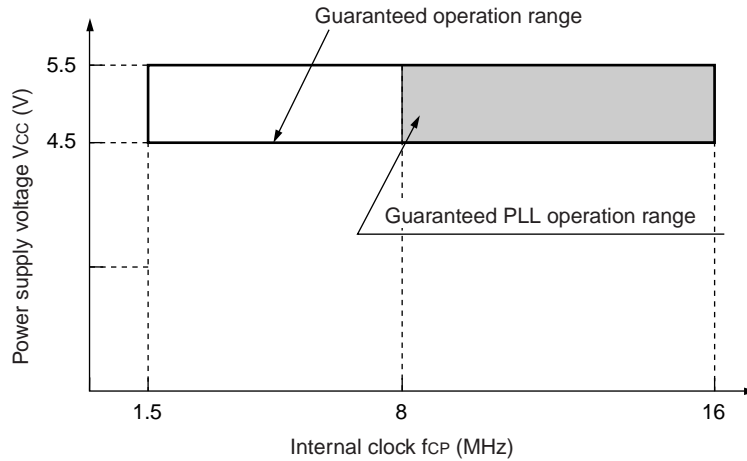
#### • Clock Timing



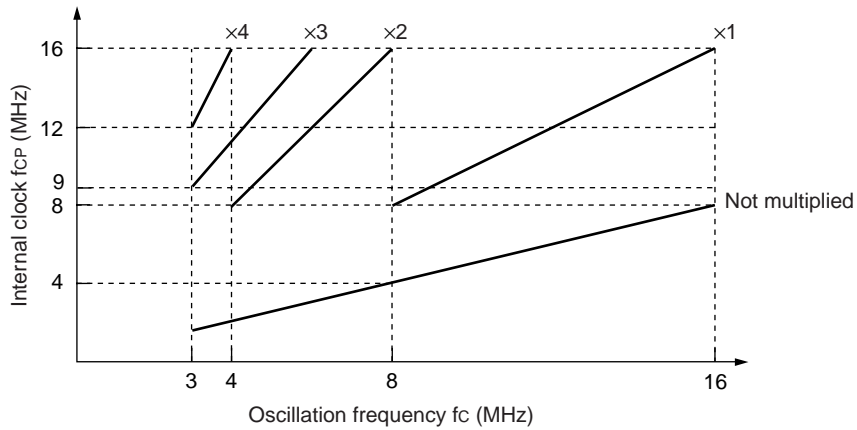
# MB90440G Series

- **Guaranteed PLL operation range**

Relationship between internal operation clock frequency and power supply voltage



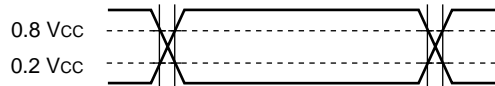
Relationship between oscillation frequency and internal operating clock frequency



The AC ratings are measured for the following measurement reference voltages.

- **Input signal waveform**

CMOS Hysteresis Input Pin



TTL Input Pin



AUTOMOTIVE Input Pin



- **Output signal waveform**

Output Pin

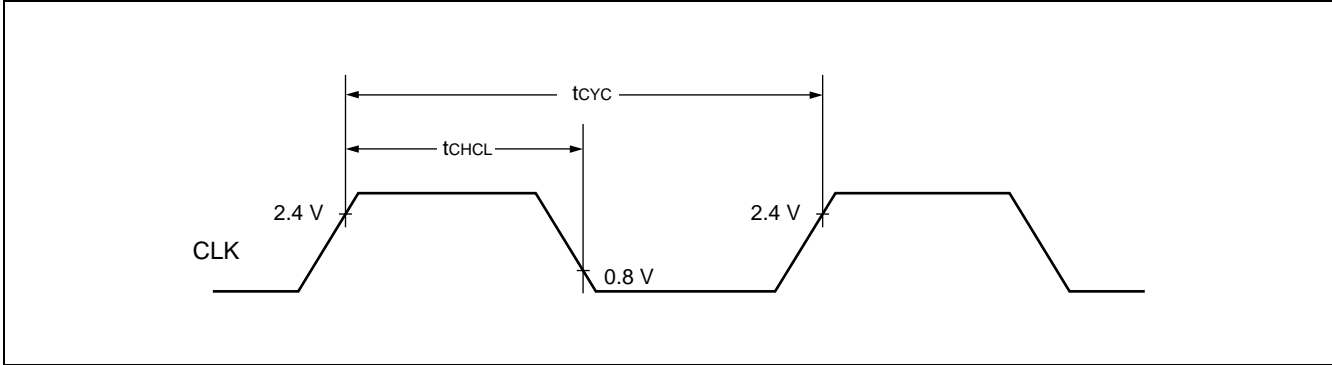




**(2) Clock Output Timing**

( $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V} \pm 10\%$ ,  $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = -40\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+105\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Pin	Condition	Value		Unit	Remarks
				Min	Max		
Cycle time	$t_{CYC}$	CLK	$V_{CC} = 5\text{ V} \pm 10\%$	62.5	—	ns	
CLK $\uparrow \rightarrow$ CLK $\downarrow$	$t_{CHCL}$			20	—	ns	



# MB90440G Series

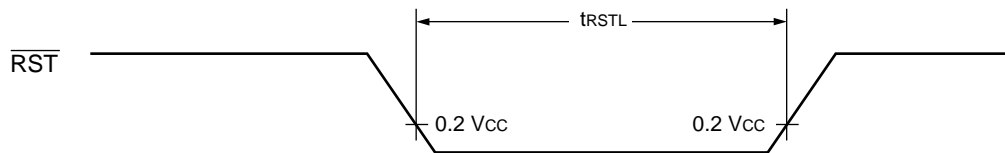
## (3) Reset Input Timing and Hardware Stand-by Input Timing

( $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V} \pm 10\%$ ,  $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = -40\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+105\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ )

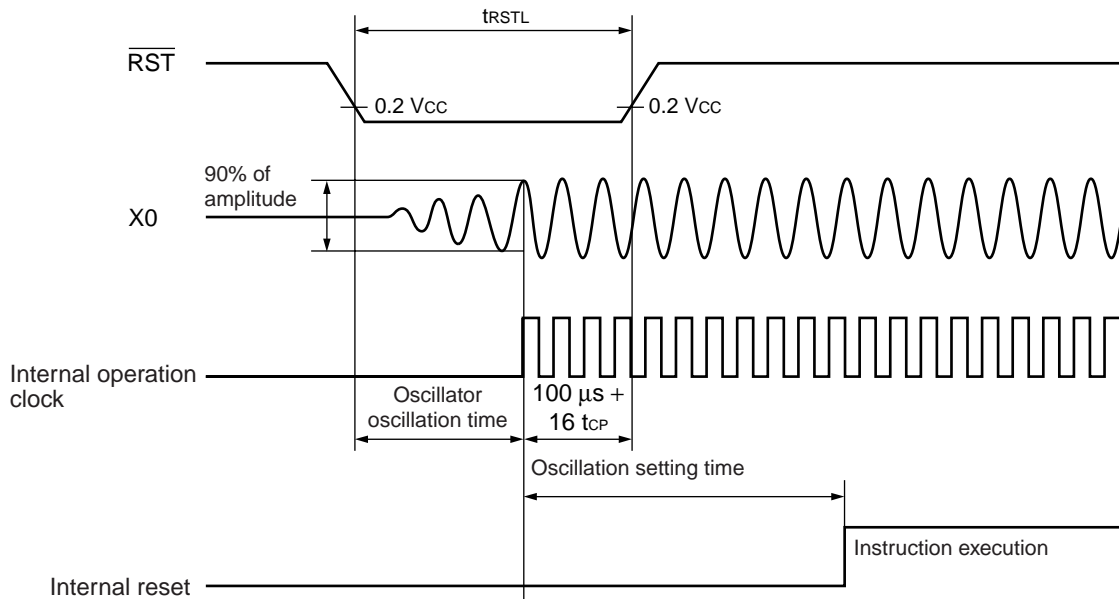
Parameter	Symbol	Pin	Value		Unit	Remarks
			Min	Max		
Reset input time	$t_{RSTL}$	$\overline{RST}$	16 $t_{CP}$	—	ns	Under normal operation
			Oscillation time of oscillator + 100 $\mu\text{s}$ + 16 $t_{CP}$	—	—	In stop mode, watch mode, sub-clock mode, sub-sleep mode

- Note:
- Oscillator oscillation time is the time that amplitude reached 90%. For a crystal oscillator, the oscillation time is between several ms to tens of ms; for a FAR/ceramic oscillator, the oscillation time is between hundreds of  $\mu\text{s}$  to several ms, and for an external clock the oscillation time is 0 ms.
  - Any reset can not fully initialize the Flash Memory if it is performing the automatic algorithm.

### • Under normal operation :



### • In stop mode :



## (4) Power-on Reset

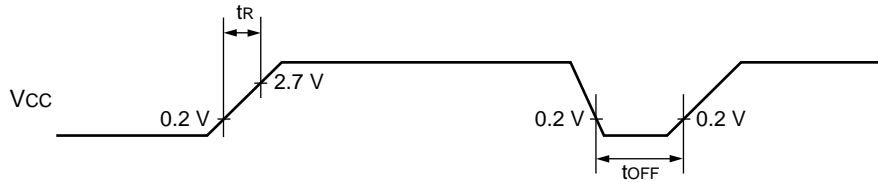
( $V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$ ,  $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0 \text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = -40 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+105 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Pin	Condition	Value		Unit	Remarks
				Min	Max		
Power supply rising time	$t_R$	$V_{CC}$	—	0.05	30	ms	*
Power supply cut-off time	$t_{OFF}$	$V_{CC}$		50	—	ms	Due to repeated operations

\* :  $V_{CC}$  must be kept lower than 0.2 V before power-on.

Note : The above values are used for causing a power-on reset.

Some registers in the device are initialized only upon a power-on reset. To initialize these registers, turn the power supply on using the above values.



Sudden changes in the power supply voltage may cause a power on reset. We recommend to raise the voltage smoothly to suppress fluctuation during operation, as shown in the figure below. Perform while not using the PLL clock. However, if voltage drops are within 1 V/s, you can operate while using the PLL clock.



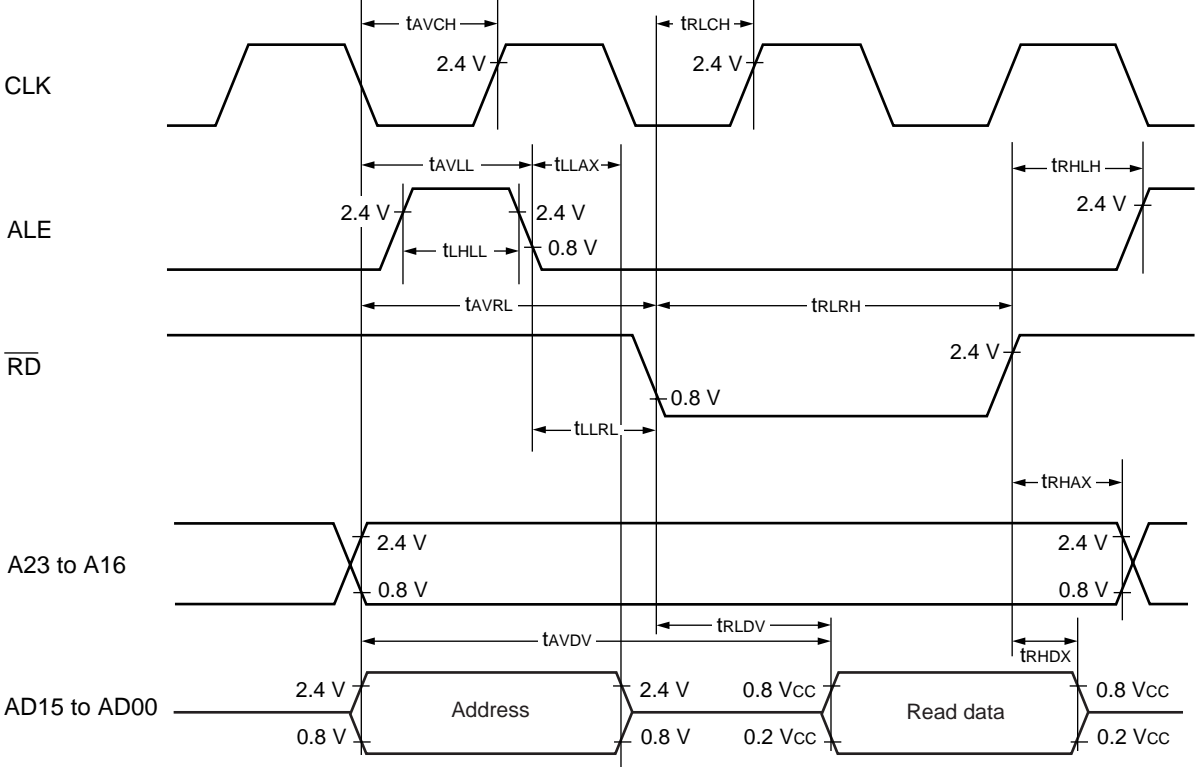
# MB90440G Series

## (5) Bus Timing (Read)

( $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0.0\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = -40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C to }+105\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Pin	Value		Unit	Remarks
			Min	Max		
ALE pulse width	$t_{LHLL}$	ALE	$t_{CP} / 2 - 20$	—	ns	
Valid address → ALE ↓ time	$t_{AVLL}$	ALE, A16 to A23, AD00 to AD15	$t_{CP} / 2 - 20$	—	ns	
ALE ↓ → Address valid time	$t_{LLAX}$	ALE, AD00 to AD15	$t_{CP} / 2 - 15$	—	ns	
Valid address → $\overline{RD}$ ↓ time	$t_{AVRL}$	A16 to A23, AD00 to AD15, $\overline{RD}$	$t_{CP} - 15$	—	ns	
Valid address → Valid data input	$t_{AVDV}$	A16 to A23, AD00 to AD15	—	$5 t_{CP} / 2 - 60$	ns	
$\overline{RD}$ pulse width	$t_{RLRH}$	$\overline{RD}$	$3 t_{CP} / 2 - 20$	—	ns	
$\overline{RD}$ ↓ → Valid data input	$t_{RLDV}$	$\overline{RD}$ , AD00 to AD15	—	$3 t_{CP} / 2 - 60$	ns	
$\overline{RD}$ ↑ → Data hold time	$t_{RHDX}$	$\overline{RD}$ , AD00 to AD15	0	—	ns	
$\overline{RD}$ ↓ → ALE ↑ time	$t_{RHLH}$	$\overline{RD}$ , ALE	$t_{CP} / 2 - 15$	—	ns	
$\overline{RD}$ ↑ → Address valid time	$t_{RHAX}$	$\overline{RD}$ , A16 to A23	$t_{CP} / 2 - 10$	—	ns	
Valid address → CLK ↑ time	$t_{AVCH}$	A16 to A23, AD00 to AD15, CLK	$t_{CP} / 2 - 20$	—	ns	
$\overline{RD}$ ↓ → CLK ↑ time	$t_{RLCH}$	$\overline{RD}$ , CLK	$t_{CP} / 2 - 20$	—	ns	
ALE ↓ → $\overline{RD}$ ↓ time	$t_{LLRL}$	ALE, $\overline{RD}$	$t_{CP} / 2 - 15$	—	ns	

• Bus Timing (Read)



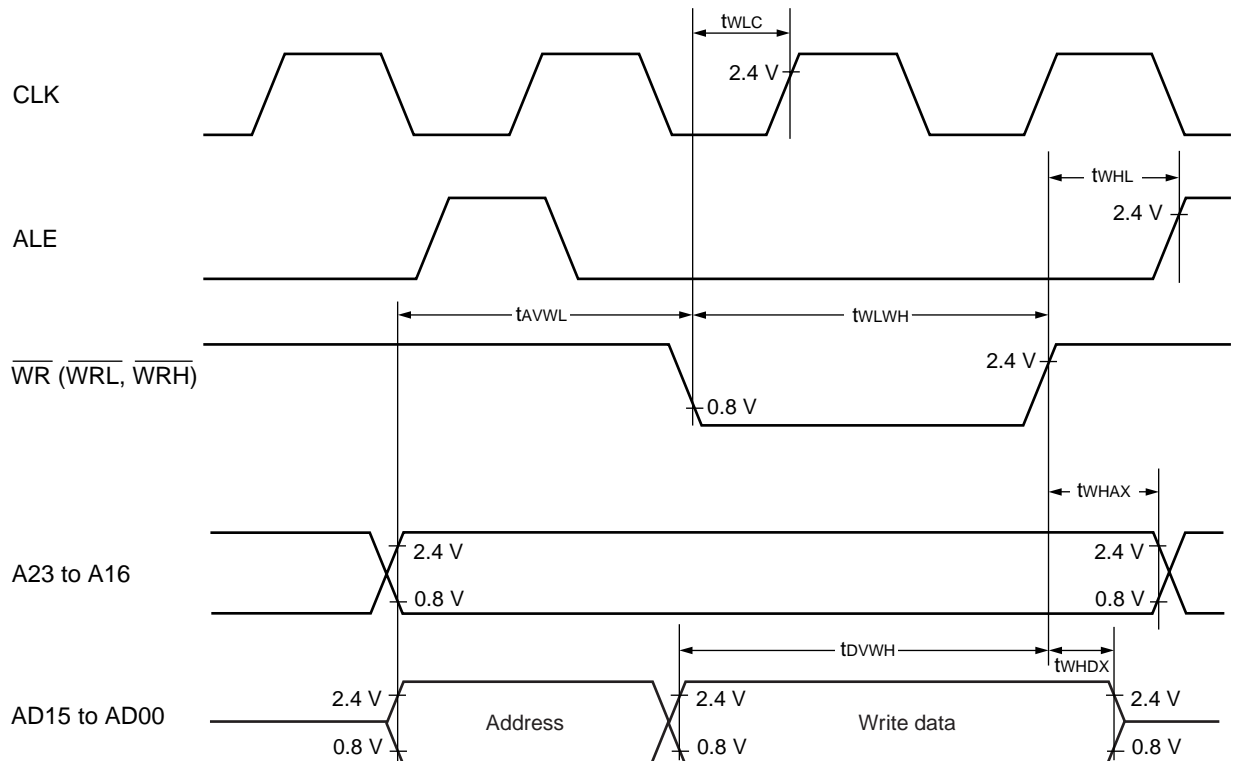
# MB90440G Series

## (6) Bus Timing (Write)

( $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0.0\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = -40\text{ }^\circ\text{C to }+105\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Pin	Value		Unit	Remarks
			Min	Max		
Valid address $\rightarrow \overline{WR} \downarrow$ time	$t_{AVWL}$	A16 to A23, AD00 to AD15, $\overline{WR}$	$t_{CP} - 15$	—	ns	
$\overline{WR}$ pulse width	$t_{WLWH}$	$\overline{WR}$	$3 t_{CP} / 2 - 20$	—	ns	
Valid data output $\rightarrow \overline{WR} \uparrow$ time	$t_{DVWH}$	AD00 to AD15, $\overline{WR}$	$3 t_{CP} / 2 - 20$	—	ns	
$\overline{WR} \uparrow \rightarrow$ Data hold time	$t_{WHDX}$	AD00 to AD15, $\overline{WR}$	20	—	ns	
$\overline{WR} \uparrow \rightarrow$ Address valid time	$t_{WHAX}$	A16 to A23, $\overline{WR}$	$t_{CP} / 2 - 10$	—	ns	
$\overline{WR} \uparrow \rightarrow$ ALE $\uparrow$ time	$t_{WHLH}$	$\overline{WR}$ , ALE	$t_{CP} / 2 - 15$	—	ns	
$\overline{WR} \downarrow \rightarrow$ CLK $\uparrow$ time	$t_{WLCH}$	$\overline{WR}$ , CLK	$t_{CP} / 2 - 20$	—	ns	

### • Bus Timing (Write)

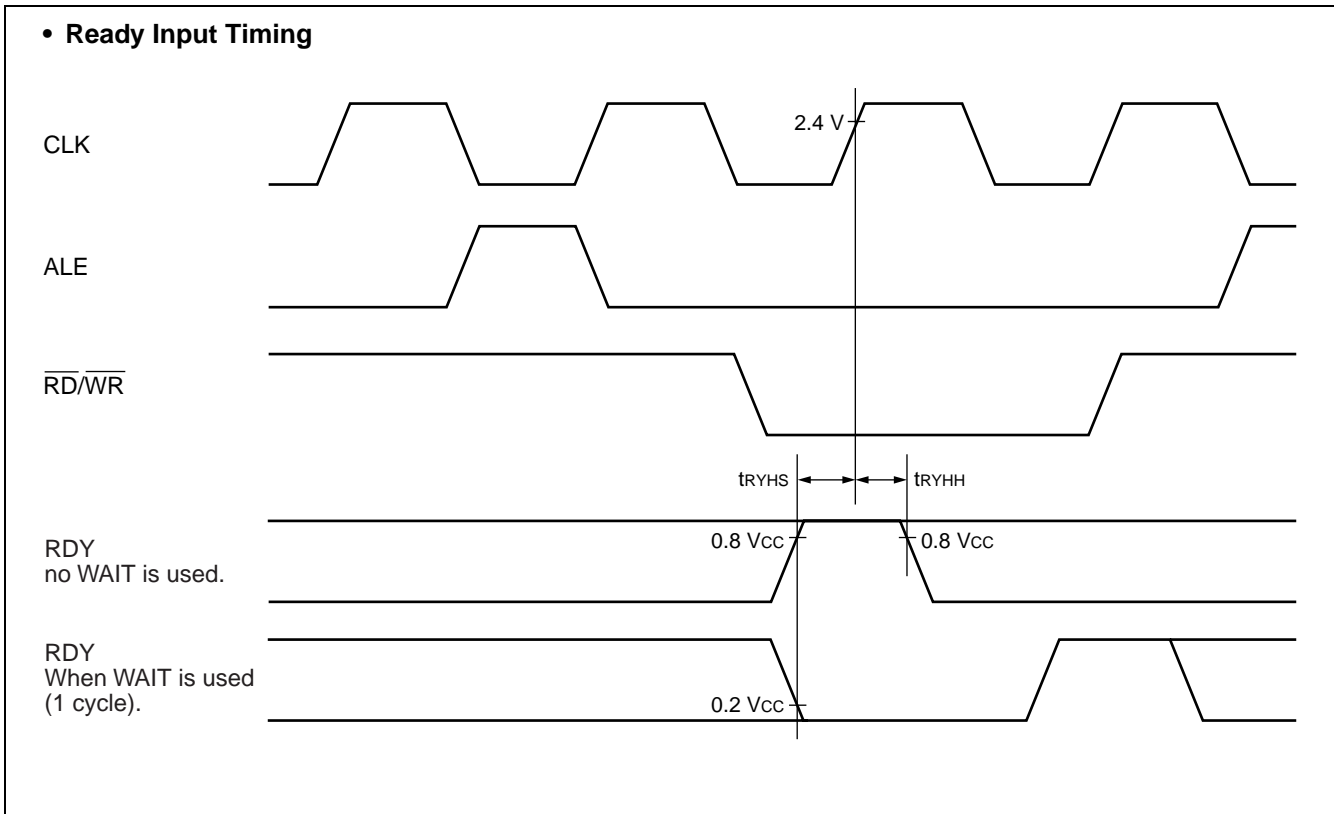


## (7) Ready Input Timing

( $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0.0\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = -40\text{ }^\circ\text{C to }+105\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Pin	Value		Unit	Remarks
			Min	Max		
RDY setup time	$t_{RYHS}$	RDY	45	—	ns	
RDY hold time	$t_{RYHH}$	RDY	0	—	ns	

Note : If the RDY setup time is insufficient, use the auto-ready function.



# MB90440G Series

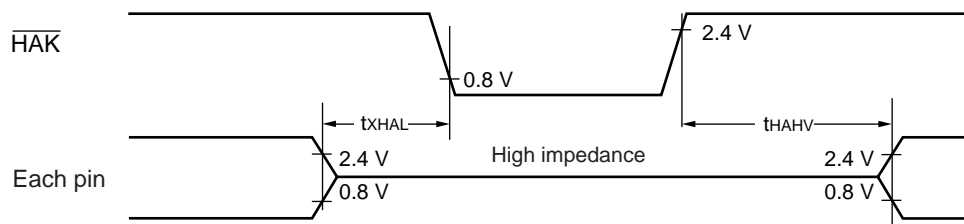
## (8) Hold Timing

( $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0.0\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = -40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C to }+105\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Pin	Value		Unit	Remarks
			Min	Max		
Pin floating $\rightarrow \overline{\text{HAK}} \downarrow$ time	$t_{XHAL}$	$\overline{\text{HAK}}$	30	$t_{CP}$	ns	
$\overline{\text{HAK}} \uparrow \rightarrow$ Pin valid time	$t_{HAHV}$	$\overline{\text{HAK}}$	$t_{CP}$	$2 t_{CP}$	ns	

Note : More than 1 machine cycle is needed before  $\overline{\text{HAK}}$  changes after HRQ pin is fetched.

### • Hold Timing





## (9) UART0/1, Serial I/O Timing

( $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0.0\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = -40\text{ }^\circ\text{C to }+105\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ )

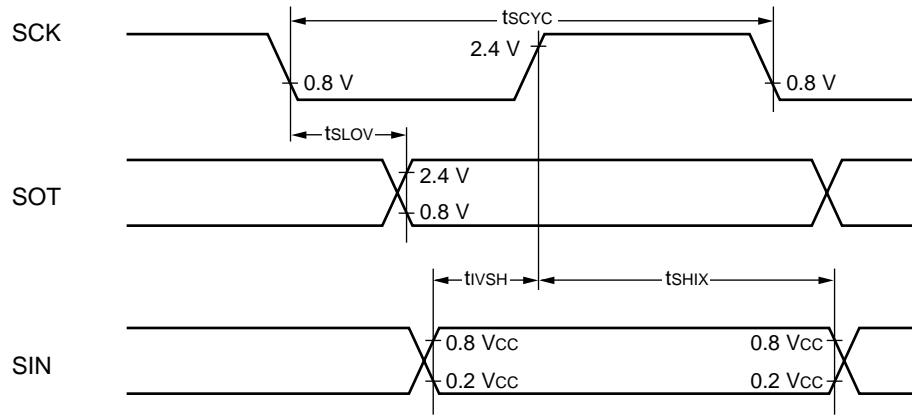
Parameter	Symbol	Pin	Condition	Value		Unit	Remarks
				Min	Max		
Serial clock cycle time	$t_{SCYC}$	SCK0 to SCK2	An output pin of internal sift clock mode $C_L = 80\text{ pF} + 1\text{ TTL}$ .	8 $t_{CP}$	—	ns	
SCK ↓ → SOT delay time	$t_{SLOV}$	SCK0 to SCK2, SOT0 to SOT2		-80	+80	ns	
Valid SIN → SCK ↑	$t_{VSH}$	SCK0 to SCK2, SIN0 to SIN2		100	—	ns	
SCK ↑ → valid SIN hold time	$t_{SHIX}$	SCK0 to SCK2, SIN0 to SIN2		60	—	ns	
Serial clock "H" pulse width	$t_{SHSL}$	SCK0 to SCK2	An output pin of external sift clock mode $C_L = 80\text{ pF} + 1\text{ TTL}$ .	4 $t_{CP}$	—	ns	
Serial clock "L" pulse width	$t_{SLSH}$	SCK0 to SCK2		4 $t_{CP}$	—	ns	
SCK ↓ → SOT delay time	$t_{SLOV}$	SCK0 to SCK2, SOT0 to SOT2		—	150	ns	
Valid SIN → SCK ↑	$t_{VSH}$	SCK0 to SCK2, SIN0 to SIN2		60	—	ns	
SCK ↑ → valid SIN hold time	$t_{SHIX}$	SCK0 to SCK2, SIN0 to SIN2		60	—	ns	

Notes : • AC ratings in CLK synchronous mode.

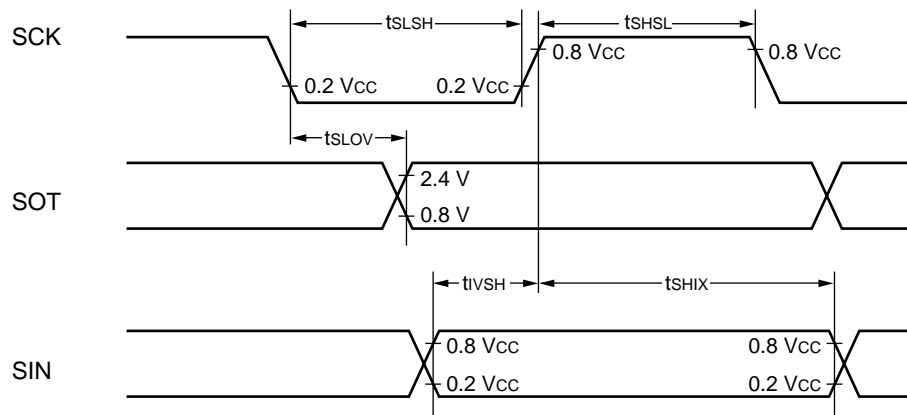
- $C_L$  is load capacitance value connected to pins when testing.

# MB90440G Series

## • Internal Shift Clock Mode



## • External Shift Clock Mode

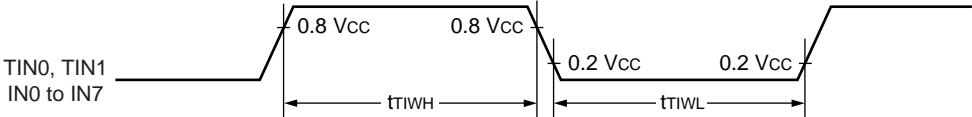


**(10) Timer Related Resource Input Timing**

( $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0.0\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = -40\text{ }^\circ\text{C to }+105\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Pin	Condition	Value		Unit	Remarks
				Min	Max		
Input pulse width	$t_{IWH}$	TIN0, TIN1	—	$4 t_{CP}$	—	ns	
	$t_{IWL}$	IN0 to IN7					

**• Timer Input Timing**



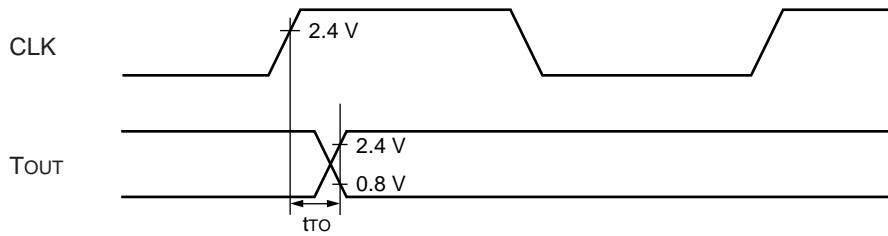
# MB90440G Series

## (11) Timer Related Resource Output Timing

( $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0.0\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = -40\text{ }^\circ\text{C to }+105\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Pin	Condition	Value		Unit	Remarks
				Min	Max		
CLK $\uparrow$ $\rightarrow$ T <sub>OUT</sub> transition time	t <sub>to</sub>	TOT0 to TOT1, PPG0 to PPG3	—	30	—	ns	

### • Timer Output Timing

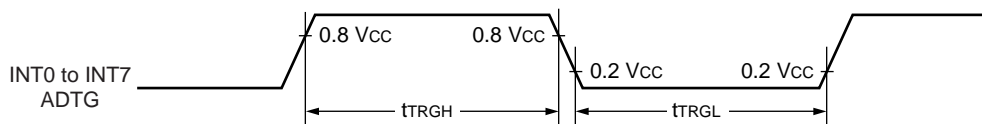


## (12) Trigger Input Timing

( $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0.0\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = -40\text{ }^\circ\text{C to }+105\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Pin	Condition	Value		Unit	Remarks
				Min	Max		
Input pulse width	t <sub>TRGH</sub>	INT0 to INT7, ADTG	—	5 t <sub>CP</sub>	—	ns	normal operation
	t <sub>TRGL</sub>			1	—	$\mu\text{s}$	stop mode

### • Trigger Input Timing



## 5. A/D Converter

- Electrical Characteristics

( $V_{CC} = AV_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$ ,  $V_{SS} = AV_{SS} = 0.0 \text{ V}$ ,  $3.0 \text{ V} \leq AVRH - AVRL$ ,  $T_A = -40 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+105 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ )

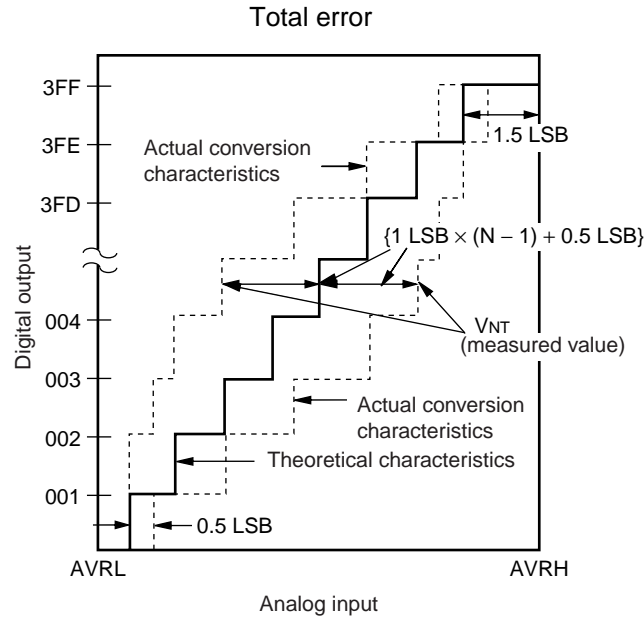
Parameter	Symbol	Pin	Value			Unit	Remarks
			Min	Typ	Max		
Resolution	—	—	—	—	10	bit	
Total error	—	—	—	—	$\pm 5.0$	LSB	
Nonlinearity error	—	—	—	—	$\pm 2.5$	LSB	
Differential linearity error	—	—	—	—	$\pm 1.9$	LSB	
Zero transition voltage	$V_{OT}$	AN0 to AN7	$AVRL - 3.5 \text{ LSB}$	$AVRL + 0.5 \text{ LSB}$	$AVRL + 4.5 \text{ LSB}$	V	1 LSB = $(AVRH - AVRL) / 1024$ [V]
Full scale transition voltage	$V_{FST}$	AN0 to AN7	$AVRH - 6.5 \text{ LSB}$	$AVRH - 1.5 \text{ LSB}$	$AVRH + 1.5 \text{ LSB}$	V	
Compare time	—	—	66 $t_{CP}$	—	—	ns	Machine clock of 16 MHz
Sampling time	—	—	32 $t_{CP}$	—	—	ns	
Analog port input current	$I_{AIN}$	AN0 to AN7	—	—	10	$\mu\text{A}$	
Analog input voltage	$V_{AIN}$	AN0 to AN7	AVRL	—	AVRH	V	
Reference voltage	—	AVRH	$AVRL + 2.7 \text{ LSB}$	—	$AV_{CC}$	V	
	—	AVRL	0	—	$AVRH - 2.7 \text{ LSB}$	V	
Power supply current	$I_A$	$AV_{CC}$	—	2	6	mA	
	$I_{AH}$	$AV_{CC}$	—	—	5	$\mu\text{A}$	*
Reference voltage supply current	$I_R$	AVRH	—	0.9	1.3	mA	
	$I_{RH}$	AVRH	—	—	5	$\mu\text{A}$	*
Offset between channels	—	AN0 to AN7	—	—	4	LSB	

\* : Specifies the power supply current ( $V_{CC} = AV_{CC} = AVRH = 5.0 \text{ V}$ ) when the A/D converter is inactive and the CPU has been stopped.

# MB90440G Series

## • A/D Converter Glossary

- Resolution : Analog changes that are identifiable with the A/D converter
- Linearity error : The deviation of the straight line connecting the zero transition point (“00 0000 0000” to “00 0000 0001”) with the full-scale transition point (“11 1111 1110” to “11 1111 1111”) from actual conversion characteristics.
- Differential linearity error : The deviation of input voltage needed to change the output code by 1 LSB from the theoretical value.
- Total error : The difference between the actual value and the theoretical value, which includes zero-transition error/full-scale transition error, and linearity error.



$$\text{Total error of digital output } N = \frac{V_{NT} - \{1 \text{ LSB} \times (N - 1) + 0.5 \text{ LSB}\}}{1 \text{ LSB}} \text{ [LSB]}$$

$$1 \text{ LSB} = (\text{theoretical value}) \frac{AVRH - AVRL}{1024} \text{ [V]}$$

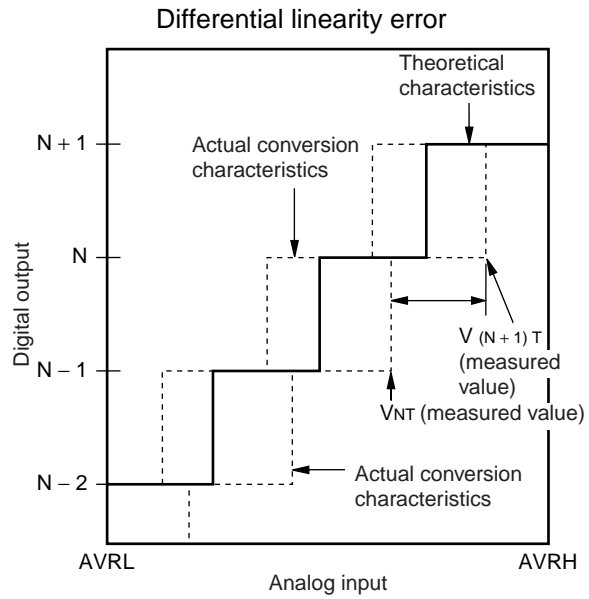
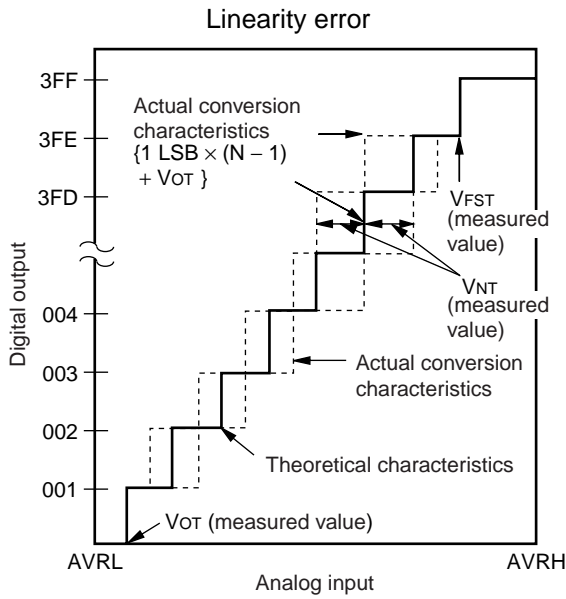
$$V_{OT} (\text{theoretical value}) = AVRL + 0.5 \text{ LSB [V]}$$

$$V_{FST} (\text{theoretical value}) = AVRH - 1.5 \text{ LSB [V]}$$

$V_{NT}$  : The voltage at a transition of digital output from  $(N - 1)$  to  $N$ .

(Continued)

(Continued)



$$\text{Linearity error of digital output } N = \frac{V_{NT} - \{1 \text{ LSB} \times (N - 1) + V_{OT}\}}{1 \text{ LSB}} \text{ [LSB]}$$

$$\text{Differential linearity error of digital output } N = \frac{V_{(N+1)T} - V_{NT}}{1 \text{ LSB}} - 1 \text{ LSB [LSB]}$$

$$1 \text{ LSB} = \frac{V_{FST} - V_{OT}}{1022} \text{ [V]}$$

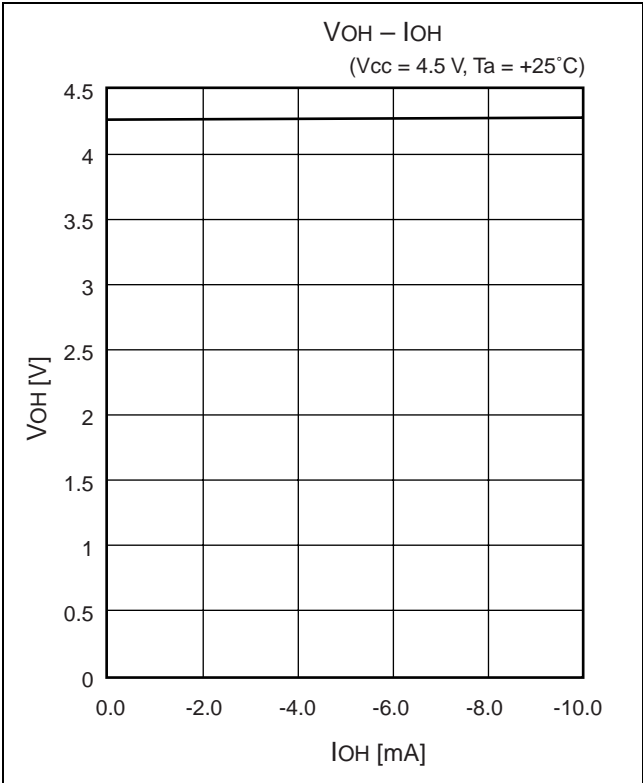
$V_{OT}$  : Voltage at transition of digital output 000<sub>H</sub> to 001<sub>H</sub>.  
 $V_{FST}$  : Voltage at transition of digital output 3FE<sub>H</sub> to 3FF<sub>H</sub>.



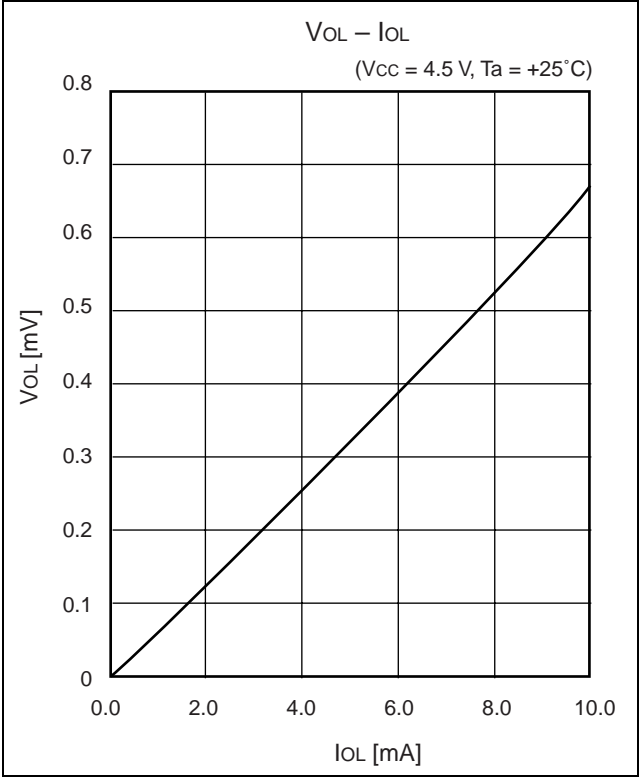


## EXAMPLE CHARACTERISTICS

- "H" Level Output Voltage

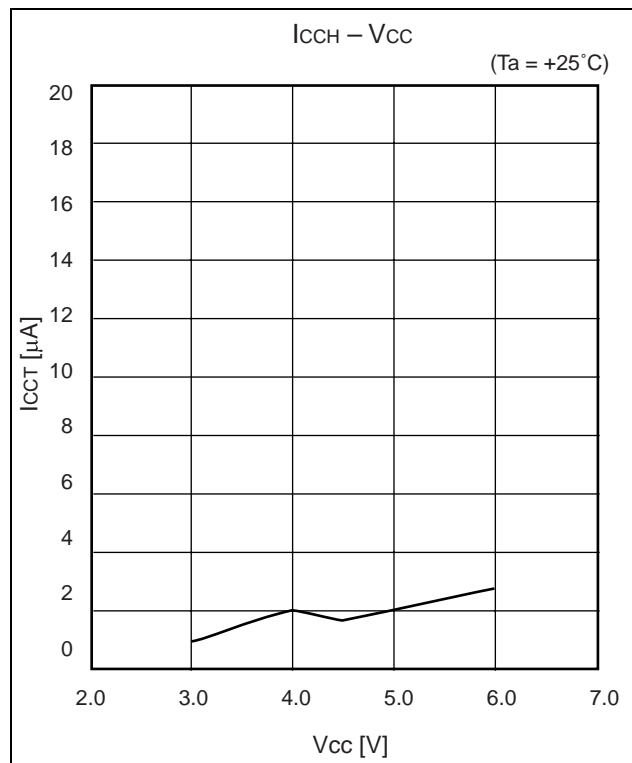
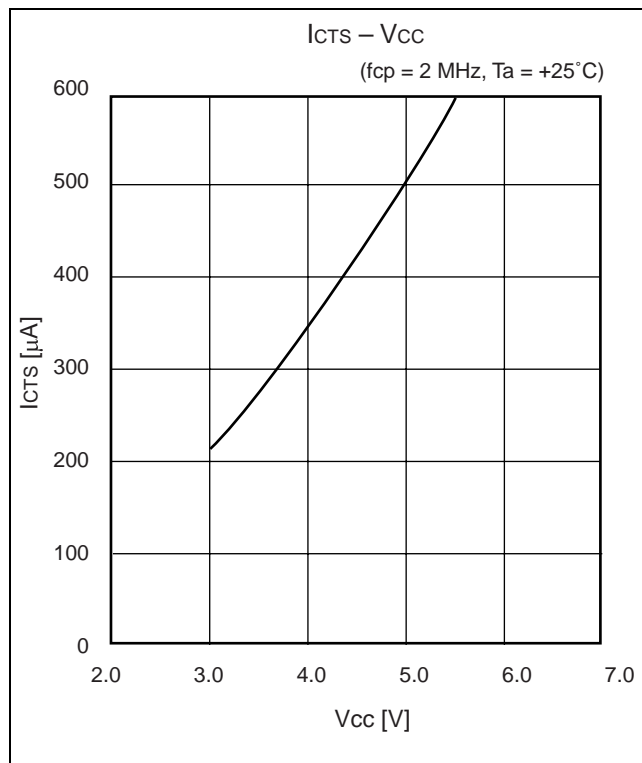
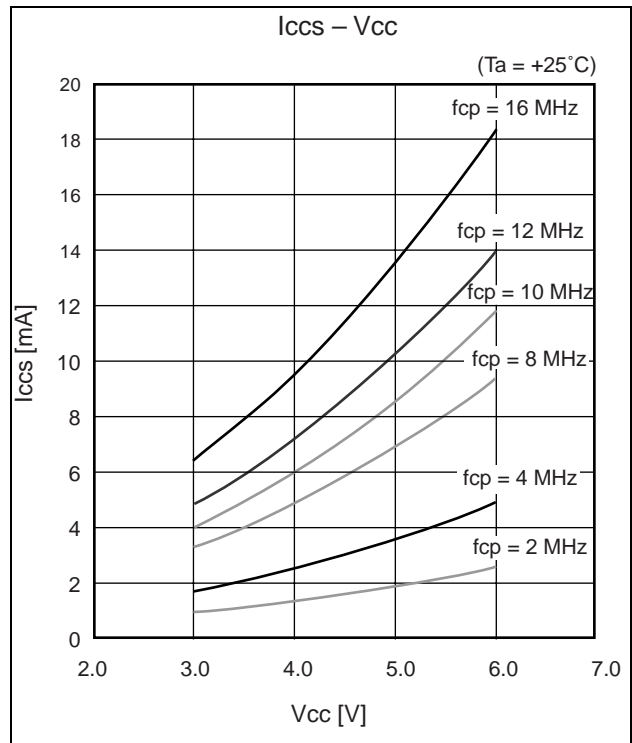
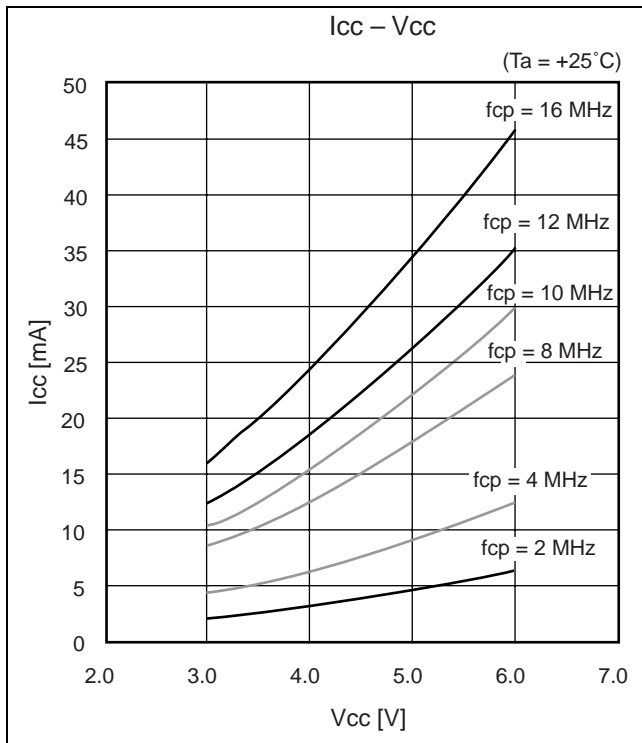


- "L" Level Output Voltage



# MB90440G Series

- Power Supply Current (FLASH)



# MB90440G Series

## ■ ORDERING INFORMATION

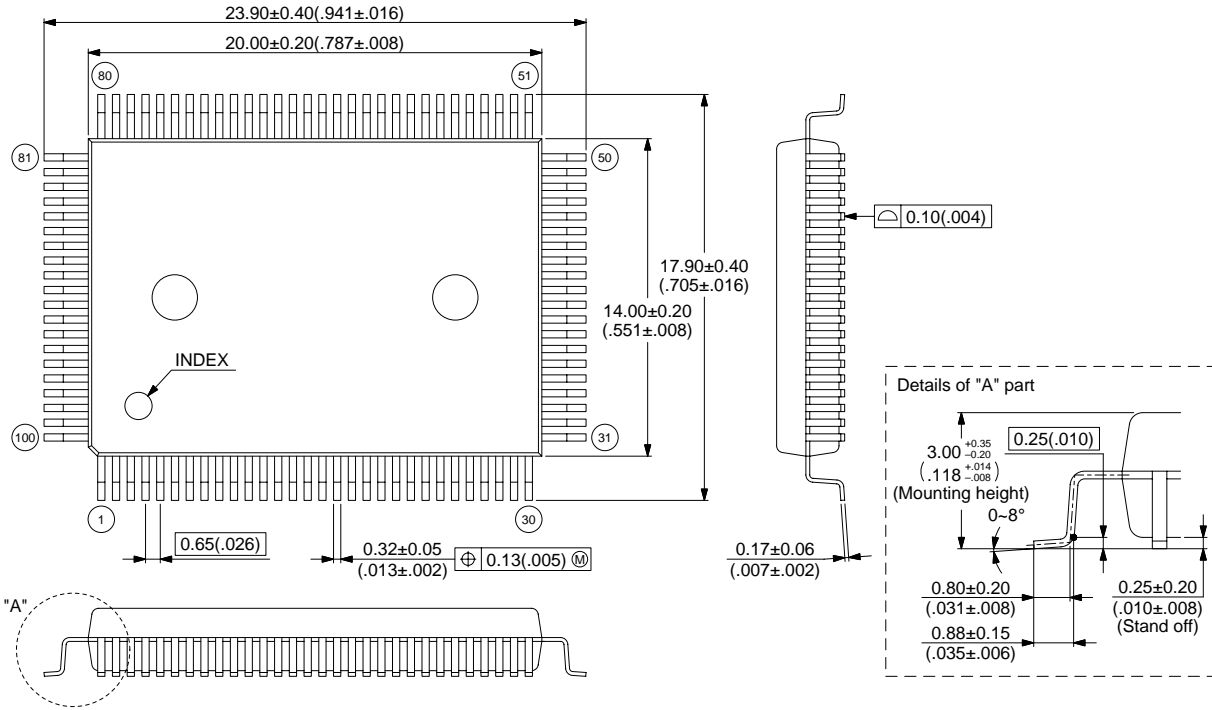
Part number	Package	Remarks
MB90443GPF (under development) MB90F443GPF	100-pin Plastic QFP (FPT-100P-M06)	
MB90V440GCR	256-pin Ceramic PGA (PGA-256C-A01)	For evaluation

# MB90440G Series

## ■ PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

100-pin Plastic QFP  
(FPT-100P-M06)

Note : Pins width and pins thickness include plating thickness.



© 2001 FUJITSU LIMITED F100008S-c-4-4

Dimensions in mm (inches)

## FUJITSU LIMITED

All Rights Reserved.

The contents of this document are subject to change without notice. Customers are advised to consult with FUJITSU sales representatives before ordering.

The information and circuit diagrams in this document are presented as examples of semiconductor device applications, and are not intended to be incorporated in devices for actual use. Also, FUJITSU is unable to assume responsibility for infringement of any patent rights or other rights of third parties arising from the use of this information or circuit diagrams.

The products described in this document are designed, developed and manufactured as contemplated for general use, including without limitation, ordinary industrial use, general office use, personal use, and household use, but are not designed, developed and manufactured as contemplated (1) for use accompanying fatal risks or dangers that, unless extremely high safety is secured, could have a serious effect to the public, and could lead directly to death, personal injury, severe physical damage or other loss (i.e., nuclear reaction control in nuclear facility, aircraft flight control, air traffic control, mass transport control, medical life support system, missile launch control in weapon system), or (2) for use requiring extremely high reliability (i.e., submersible repeater and artificial satellite).

Please note that Fujitsu will not be liable against you and/or any third party for any claims or damages arising in connection with above-mentioned uses of the products.

Any semiconductor devices have an inherent chance of failure. You must protect against injury, damage or loss from such failures by incorporating safety design measures into your facility and equipment such as redundancy, fire protection, and prevention of over-current levels and other abnormal operating conditions.

If any products described in this document represent goods or technologies subject to certain restrictions on export under the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law of Japan, the prior authorization by Japanese government will be required for export of those products from Japan.

F0204

© FUJITSU LIMITED Printed in Japan