

FEATURES

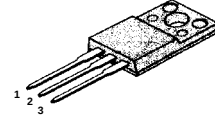
- Avalanche Rugged Technology
- Rugged Gate Oxide Technology
- Lower Input Capacitance
- Improved Gate Charge
- Extended Safe Operating Area
- Lower Leakage Current : 10 μ A (Max.) @ $V_{DS} = 100V$
- Lower $R_{DS(on)}$: 0.101 Ω (Typ.)

$$BV_{DSS} = 100\text{ V}$$

$$R_{DS(on)} = 0.12\Omega$$

$$I_D = 10.7\text{ A}$$

TO-220F



1. Gate 2. Drain 3. Source

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Characteristic	Value	Units
V_{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Voltage	100	V
I_D	Continuous Drain Current ($T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$)	10.7	A
	Continuous Drain Current ($T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$)	7.5	
I_{DM}	Drain Current-Pulsed ①	49	A
V_{GS}	Gate-to-Source Voltage	± 20	V
E_{AS}	Single Pulsed Avalanche Energy ②	228	mJ
I_{AR}	Avalanche Current ①	10.7	A
E_{AR}	Repetitive Avalanche Energy ①	3.6	mJ
dv/dt	Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt ③	6.5	V/ns
P_D	Total Power Dissipation ($T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$)	36	W
	Linear Derating Factor	0.24	
T_J, T_{STG}	Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	- 55 to +175	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_L	Maximum Lead Temp. for Soldering Purposes, 1/8" from case for 5-seconds	300	

Thermal Resistance

Symbol	Characteristic	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case	--	4.2	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient	--	62.5	

Electrical Characteristics ($T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Condition
BV_{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	100	--	--	V	$V_{GS}=0V, I_D=250\mu A$
$\Delta BV/\Delta T_J$	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coeff.	--	0.1	--	V/ $^\circ\text{C}$	$I_D=250\mu A$ See Fig 7
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	1.0	--	2.0	V	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=250\mu A$
I_{GSS}	Gate-Source Leakage, Forward	--	--	100	nA	$V_{GS}=20V$
	Gate-Source Leakage, Reverse	--	--	-100		$V_{GS}=-20V$
I_{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current	--	--	10	μA	$V_{DS}=100V$
		--	--	100		$V_{DS}=80V, T_C=150^\circ\text{C}$
$R_{DS(on)}$	Static Drain-Source On-State Resistance	--	--	0.12	Ω	$V_{GS}=5V, I_D=5.35A$ ④
g_{fs}	Forward Transconductance	--	10.2	--	S	$V_{DS}=40V, I_D=5.35$ ④
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	--	580	755	pF	$V_{GS}=0V, V_{DS}=25V, f=1\text{MHz}$ See Fig 5
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	--	140	175		
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	--	60	75		
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	--	10	30	ns	$V_{DD}=50V, I_D=14A,$ $R_G=6\Omega$ See Fig 13 ④ ⑤
t_r	Rise Time	--	11	30		
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	--	29	70		
t_f	Fall Time	--	15	40		
Q_g	Total Gate Charge	--	16.9	24	nC	$V_{DS}=80V, V_{GS}=5V,$ $I_D=14A$ See Fig 6 & Fig 12 ④ ⑤
Q_{gs}	Gate-Source Charge	--	2.7	--		
Q_{gd}	Gate-Drain("Miller") Charge	--	9.7	--		

Source-Drain Diode Ratings and Characteristics

Symbol	Characteristic	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Condition
I_S	Continuous Source Current	--	--	14	A	Integral reverse pn-diode in the MOSFET
I_{SM}	Pulsed-Source Current ①	--	--	49		
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage ④	--	--	1.5	V	$T_J=25^\circ\text{C}, I_S=10.7A, V_{GS}=0V$
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	--	109	--	ns	$T_J=25^\circ\text{C}, I_F=14A$
Q_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Charge	--	0.41	--	μC	$di_F/dt=100A/\mu s$ ④

Notes ;

- ① Repetitive Rating : Pulse Width Limited by Maximum Junction Temperature
- ② $L=3mH, I_{AS}=10.7A, V_{DD}=25V, R_G=27\Omega$, Starting $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$
- ③ $I_{SD}\leq 14A, di/dt\leq 350A/\mu s, V_{DD}\leq BV_{DSS}$, Starting $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$
- ④ Pulse Test : Pulse Width = $250\mu s$, Duty Cycle $\leq 2\%$
- ⑤ Essentially Independent of Operating Temperature

Fig 1. Output Characteristics

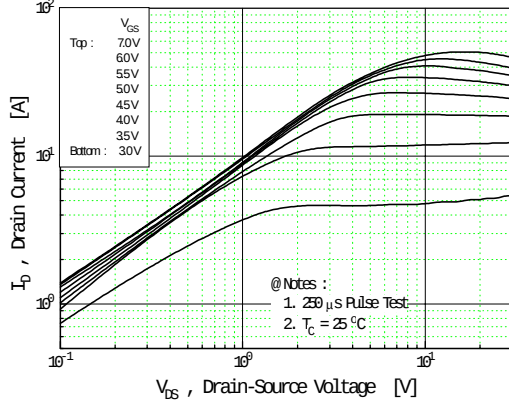


Fig 2. Transfer Characteristics

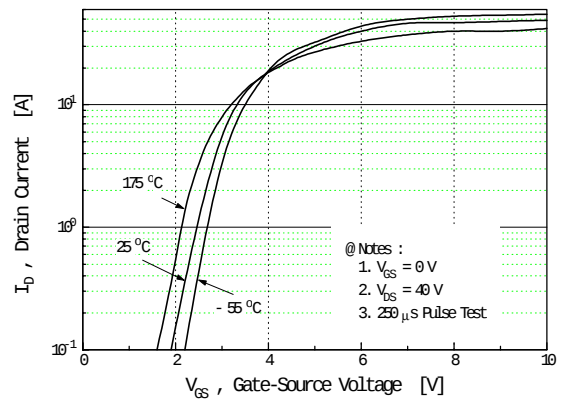


Fig 3. On-Resistance vs. Drain Current

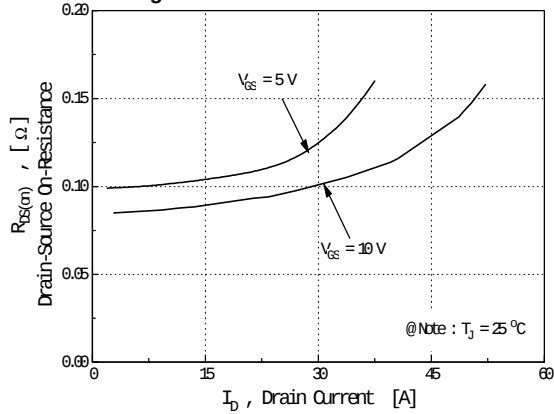


Fig 4. Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

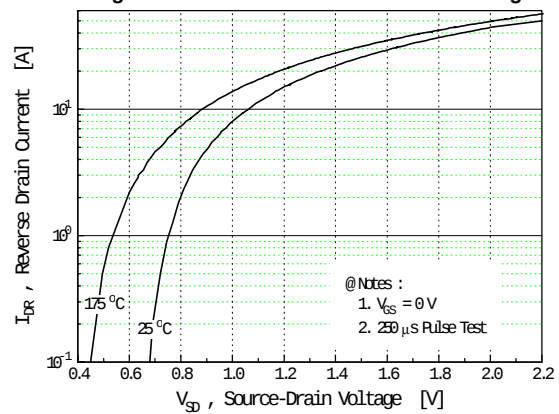


Fig 5. Capacitance vs. Drain-Source Voltage

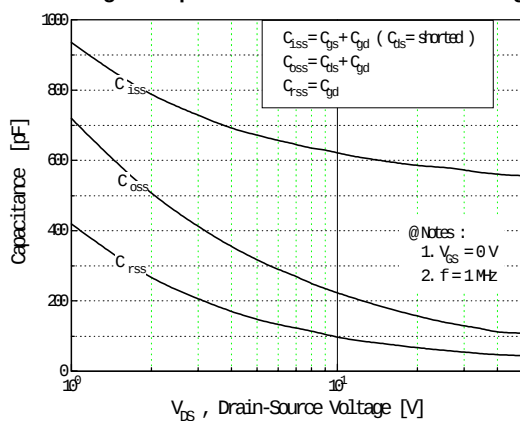
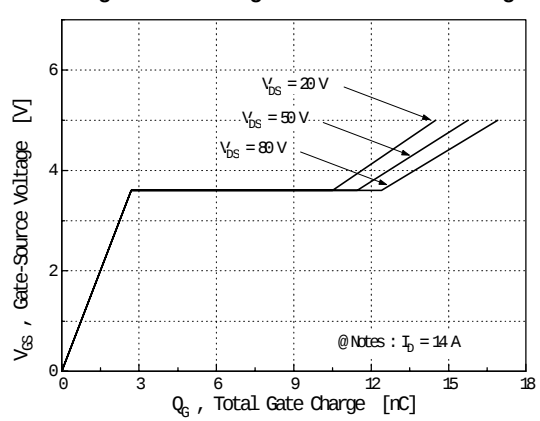


Fig 6. Gate Charge vs. Gate-Source Voltage



IRLS530A

N-CHANNEL POWER MOSFET

Fig 7. Breakdown Voltage vs. Temperature

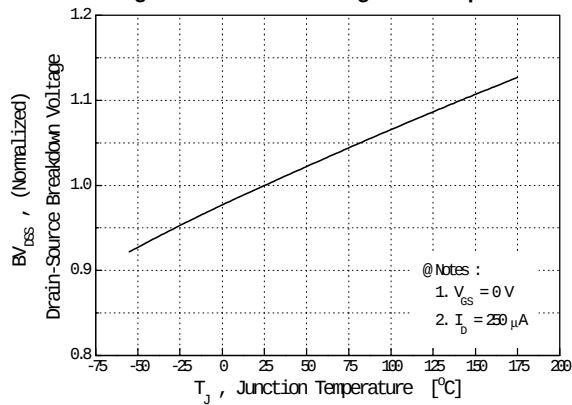


Fig 8. On-Resistance vs. Temperature

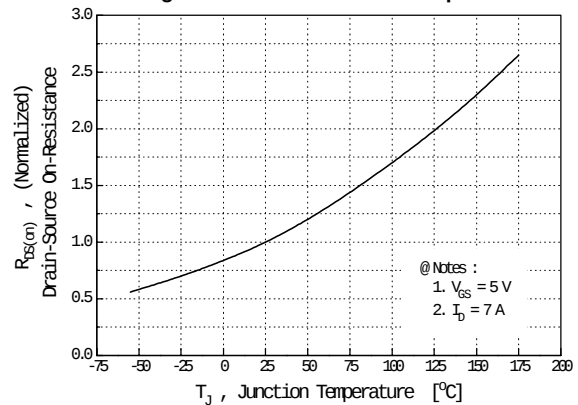


Fig 9. Max. Safe Operating Area

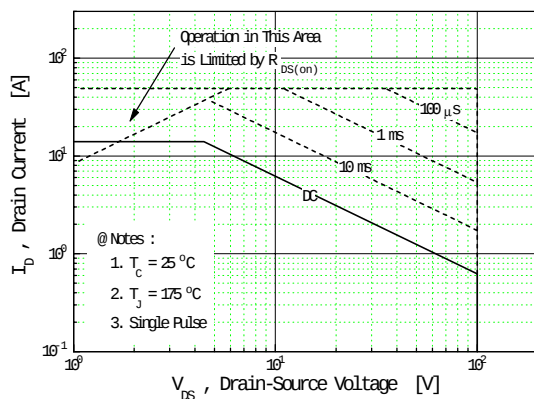


Fig 10. Max. Drain Current vs. Case Temperature

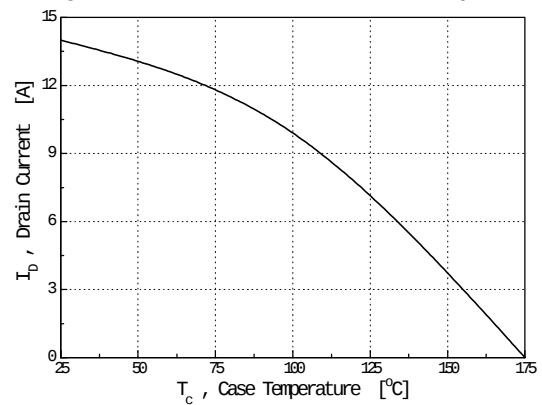
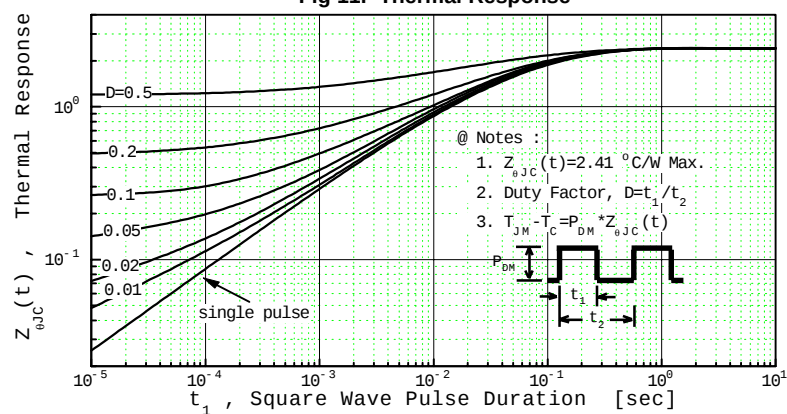
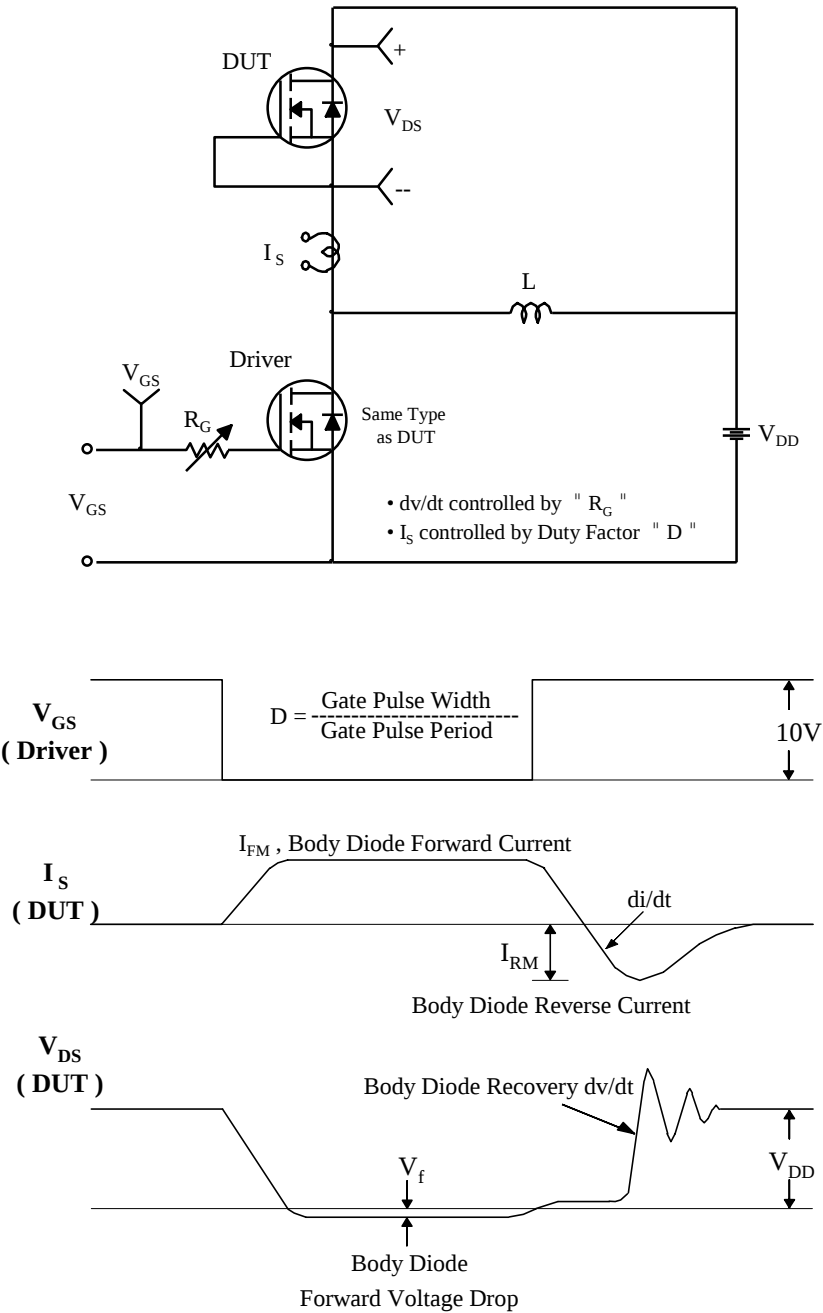


Fig 11. Thermal Response



The figure consists of two parts. The left part is a schematic diagram of the proposed current source. It features a 12V DC source connected to a network of components: a 50KΩ resistor, a 200nF capacitor, and a 300nF capacitor. A 3mA current source is also present. Two MOSFETs are shown: one labeled 'Current Regulator' and another labeled 'DUT' (Device Under Test). The DUT is connected to a current sampling resistor R_1 and a current sampling resistor R_2 . The gate voltage of the DUT is V_{GS} . The drain-source voltage is V_{DS} . The right part is a graph of V_{GS} versus Charge. The graph shows a piecewise linear relationship with three distinct regions: Q_g (gate charging), Q_{gs} (source charging), and Q_{gd} (drain charging). The V_{GS} axis ranges from 0 to 10V.

Fig 15. Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt Test Circuit & Waveforms



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