## **OKI** semiconductor

## MSM6808/6818

# SPLIT FILTER LSI FOR MODEM FUNCTION IN THE CELLULAR MOBILE PHONE

#### **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

The MSM6808 and MSM6818 perform the split filtering functions in the modem part of the cellular mobile phone.

Each of the MSM6808 and MSM6818 consists of a Received Wide Band Data (RWBD) detecter, a MODEM DATA Signal (MODEM DATA) transmitter, a Supervisary Audio Tone (SAT) receiver, a SAT transmitter, and a DTMF signal transmitter and is fabricated by OKI's low power consumption CMOS silicon gate technology.

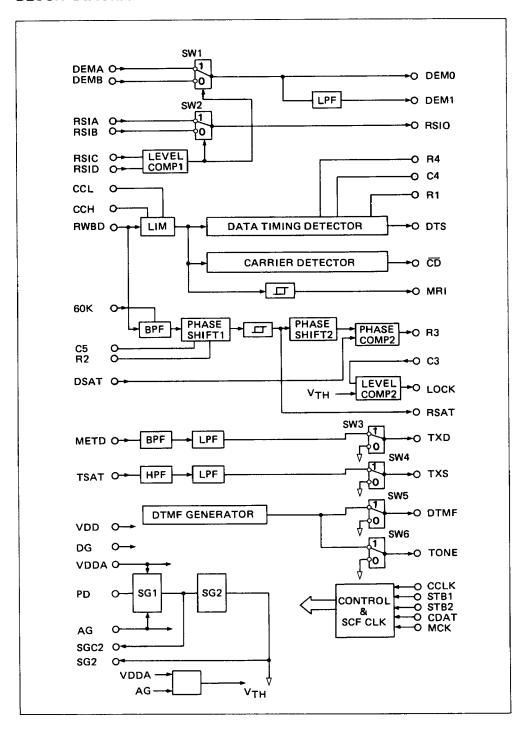
In combination with the MSM74017, MSM6808 can realize a 10K bps SPL modem for AMPS (Advanced Mobile Phone Service) system. MSM6818 can realize a 8K bps SPL modem for TACS (Total Access Communications System) system.

#### **FEATURES**

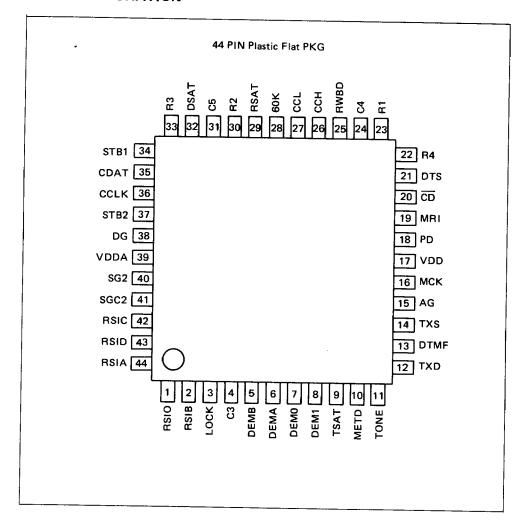
- Built-in timing re-generating circuit for received data.
- Built-in Switched Capaciter Filters for SAT and MODEM data.
- Built-in Anti-Aliasing filters and Smoothing Filters.
- DTMF generator circuit on chip.

- Received signal level comparator for diversity system.
- Microcomputer interface serial control data.
- Power supply: +5 V.
- Low power consumption: 40 mW (typ).
- 44-pin plastic FLAT package.

#### **BLOCK DIAGRAM**



#### PIN CONFIGURATION



### PIN DESCRIPTION

Pin Name	Pin No.	I/O	Function
RSIO	1	0	Received signal Strength Output. The larger DC level applied to RSIA and RSIB is put out of RSIO.
RSIB	2	I	Received signal Strength Input (B). DC levels are applied to RSIA and RSIB pins.
LOCK	3	0	SAT (Supervisory Audio Tone) Lock. The LOCK determines whether RSAT (Received SAT) and TSAT (Transmitting SAT) are synchronized or not. The LOCK is set at logical 1, when the phase of DSAT exceeds +270° compared with that of the RSAT signal.
C3	4	l	Form LPF by connecting a resistor and a capacitor between R3 and C3. See Figure 7.
DEMB	5	I	Demodulated signal input (B). The DEMB pin is enabled if RSIC <rsid.< td=""></rsid.<>
DEMA	6	1	Demodulated signal input (A). The DEMA pin is enabled if RSIC>RSID.
DEM0	7	0	Demodulated signal output (0). Connect this pin to DEMO of MSM6807.
DEM1	8	0	Demodulated signal output (1). Connect this pin to RWBD.
TSAT	9	1	Transmitting SAT signal. The phase of TSAT should be more than +270° compared with that of the RSAT output signal. The TSAT signal is same as the DSAT signal.
METD	10	l	Transmitting Manchester Encoded Data.
TONE	11	0	DTMF SIDETONE output. Connect this pin to TONE of MSM6807.
TXD	12	0	Transmitting Data. Digital data applied to METD becomes sinusoidal wave signals coming through filters.
DTMF	13	0	Dual Tone Multi Frequency. Each DTMF signal consists of two sinusoidal waves, one from a low group (697, 770, 852, 941 Hz) and the other from a high group (1209, 1336, 1477, 1633, 2016 Hz).

Pin Name	Pin No.	I/O	Function
DTMF	13	0	The level has +6 dB/oct, pre-emphasis characteristics. CCLK, STB2 and CDAT control the frequency, selection of dual tone or single tone. See Table 2.
TXS	14	0	Transmitting SAT. The digital signal input to TSAT becomes sinusoidal wave through a band limited filter.
AG	15	_	Analog Ground.  This pin should be common with the DG at the point which is as close as possible to the system ground.
MCK	16	ı	Master Clock. Use a 1 MHz (±0.01%) MCK.
VDD	17	_	Power supply pin for the digital circuit. +5V shall be applied.
PD	18	-	Power Down function enable pin. The PD signal selects power on or off; logical 0 enables the power down mode. In the power down mode, transmitting function, SAT function and DTMF output function are suspended.
MRI	19	0	Output for the Manchester Encoded data derived from RWBD input data. See Figure 6.
CD	20	0	Carrier Detection. The carrier detector detects dotting pattern (1010101010) input to the RWBD. When the frequency of input signal to MSM6808 is approx. 5 kHz, the CD of MSM6808 becomes logical 0, while CD is logical 1 for any other frequencies. When the frequency of input signal to MSM6818 is approx. 4 kHz, the CD of MSM6818 becomes logical 0, while CD is logical 1 for any other frequencies.
DTS	21	0	Derived Timing Signal. Output for the timing clock derived from the RWBD input data. When a 5 kHz data is input to the RWBD of MSM6808, a 10 kHz signal is obtained. When a 4 kHz data is input to the RWBD of MSM6818, a 8 kHz signal is obtained.
R4	22		DTS sensitivity adjustment. An external resistor R9 shall be connected between R4 and SG2.

Pin Name	Pin No.	1/0			Fun	ction					
R1	23	_	DTS phase ad An external re R1 and SG2.	justm esisto	ent. r R8 sha	ll be c	onnected betwe	een			
C4	24		DTS phase ad If phase canno external capa C4 pin shall b	ot be	sufficier between	C4 an	justed, connect d R1. is not used.	: an			
RWBD	25	ı	Received Wid Received data This pin shall	a and	SAT sign	nal are	input to this p	in.			
ССН	26	_	An external re	esisto and	r and ca	pacito	r shall be conne	ected			
CCL	27	_	See Figure 7.								
60K	28		The 60K signal controls the center frequency of the BPF (RWBD block). According to the SAT frequency input to RWBD, the frequency of control signal input to the 60K pin changes as below.								
			SAT (WRBD) RS10				Center Frequency (BPF)				
			5970	_	59.7		5970				
		,		6000	Hz	60.0	kHz	6000	Hz		
			6030		60.3		6030				
			Normally the digital PLL.	e 60K	control	signal	is made by the				
RSAT	29	0	digital PLI	utpu			ed to the exteri				
R2	30	-	Received SA An external R2 and SG2	resist	nal phase or R7 sh	e adjus iall be	tment. connected betv	veen			
C5	31	_	Received SA An external C5 and R2.	T sig	nal phas citor C22	e adjus 2 shall	stment. be connected b	etween			
DSAT	32	ı	phase between The phase of +270° company	en Ri f DS/ pared es, Ri	SAT and AT (equa with RS SAT and	DSA <sup>2</sup> als to 3 AT. TSAT	ne difference of				

Pin Name	Pin No.	1/0	Function
R3	33	_	Refer to the description of pin 4.
STB1	. 34	1	Strobe 1. Refer to the description of CDAT.
CDAT	35	1	Serial Control Data. The CDAT and STB1 signal control the internal switches. DTMF frequency is selected by CDAT and STB2. See Table 1.
CCLK	36	ı	Control timing clock. See Table 1.
STB2	37	ı	Strobe 2. Refer to the description of CDAT.
DG	38		Digital Ground. This pin should be common with the AG at the point which is as close as possible to the system ground.
VDDA	39	-	Power supply pin for the analog circuit. +5V shall be applied.
SG2	40	Power	SG2 is built-in analog ground. This voltage is nearly $\frac{\text{VDDA}}{2}$ V, so the analog line interface must be implemented by AC-coupling except in the case of connecting with MSM6807. To make its impedance lower, it is necessary to be AC grounded for AG via a bypass capacitor of more than 2.2 $\mu$ F.
SGC2	41	Power	This is voltage reference for SG and is obtained by two-equal resistors division among VDDA and AG. It is necessary to be AC grounded for AG via a bypass capacitor of more than 2.2 $\mu$ F so as to keep SG2 silent.
RSIC	42	1	Received signal Strength input (C). The rectified signal of the RSIA input signal is applied to this pin through external LPF. See "APPLICATION".
RSID	43	1	Received signal Strength input (D). Same as RSIC, the rectified signal of the RSIB is applied to this pin through LPF. The DC levels of RSIC and RSID determine the status of SW1, SW2. See Table 1.
RSIA	44	I	Received signal Strength input (A). DC levels are applied to RSIA and RSIB.

#### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

#### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Туре	Max	Unit	
Power Supply Voltage	V <sub>DD</sub> V <sub>DDA</sub>	-	-0.3	_	7		
Analog Input Voltage*1	VIA	T <sub>a</sub> = +25°C With respect to AG or DG	-0.3	_	V <sub>DDA</sub> +0.3	v	
Digital Input Voltage*2	VID		-0.3	_	V <sub>DD</sub> +0.3		
Operating Temperature	Тор		-40	_	85	°c	
Storage Temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>		-55	_ 125			

<sup>\*1</sup> DEMA, DEMB, RSIA, RSIB, RWBD

#### **Recommended Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Power supply Voltage	V <sub>DD</sub> V <sub>DDA</sub>	With respect to AG or DG	4,75	5.0	5.25	<b>v</b>
Operating Temperature	Тор		-30	_	70	°C
Master Clock Frequency	fMCK		0.9999	1	1.0001	MHz

#### DC AND DIGITAL INTERFACE CHARACTERISTICS

 $V_{DDA}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 5V \pm 5\%$ ,  $T_a = -30 \sim 70^{\circ} C$ 

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note		
Power	IDD		-	10	15		_		
Dissipation (standby)	IDDS	<del></del>	_	6	9	mΑ			
Input Leak	IιL	V <sub>I</sub> = 0V	-10	-	10				
Current	Чн	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub>	-10	_	10	0	MCK STB1 STB2		
Innut Valtara	VIL		0	_	0.3 V <sub>DD</sub>	μΑ	CCLK CDAT		
Input Voltage	VIH	_	0.7 V <sub>DD</sub>		V <sub>DD</sub>				
Outros Valence	VOL	I <sub>OL</sub> = ~1.6 mA	_	_	0.3 V DD		DTS MRI		
Output Voltage	Voн	I <sub>OH</sub> = 400 μA	0.7 V <sub>DD</sub>	_	_	+	CD RSAT		

<sup>\*2</sup> RSIC, RSID, RS10, DSAT, METD, TSAT, STB1, STB2, CDAT, MCK, CCLK

#### ANALOG INTERFACE CHARACTERISTICS

 $V_{DDA}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 5V \pm 5\%$ ,  $T_a = -30 \sim 70^{\circ}$  C

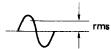
							u
Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
Input Impedance*1	RAIN		100	-	_	kΩ	_

<sup>\*1</sup> RSIC, RSID, RWBD, METD, TSAT, DSAT

#### **Definition of Units**

 $dBV_{rms}$ : 20\*logV, where V denotes the root mean

square value of the signal voltage.



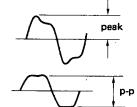
dBVp

: 20\*logV, where V denotes the peak value of

of the signal voltage.

Vp-p

: Peak-peak value of the signal voltage.



#### **DEM. RSSI CHARACTERISTICS**

 $V_{DDA} = V_{DD} = 5V \pm 5\%$ ,  $T_a = -30 \sim 70^{\circ}$ C

	T				VOUA, VL			30 · 70 C
Parameter	Symbol	Cond	dition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
DEM0 Output Level	VODEM0	Vi (DEM) = −14,2 dBVrms			-11.2	_	dBVrms	+3dB
DEM1 Output Level	VODEM1		l kHz	_	2.2	_	Vp-p	+12dB
RSIO Output Level	VORSIL	V <sub>I</sub> =0V	RL≧100K -	_	0	_		
	Vorsin	V <sub>I</sub> =3.15V	HLE 100K	_	3.15	_	\	_
RSSI Hysteresis	VHYS	-	_		30	_	m∨	RSIC RSID
DEM1 LPF Cut-off frequency	fCDEM	At the point 2dB lower		20	_	_	kHz	_
DEM1 Undesired Wave Leakage	_	DEMA, DEMB silent		_	_	-50	dBVrms	

#### RWBD SAT

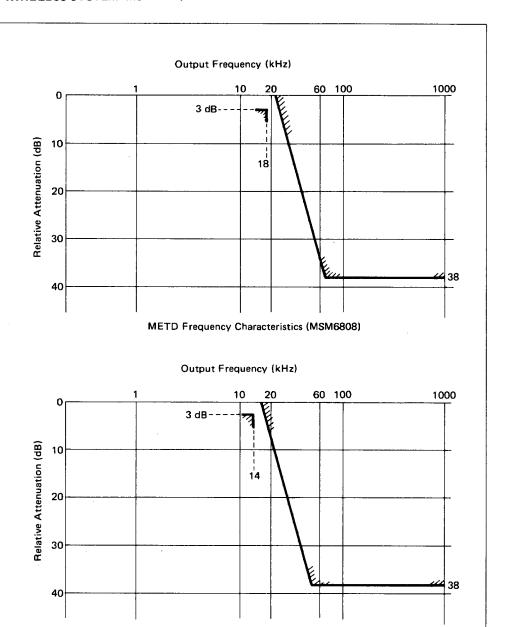
 $V_{DDA}$ ,  $V_{DD}$  = 5V ±5%,  $T_a$  = -30  $\sim$  70 $^{\circ}$  C

P	arameter	Symbol		Condition		Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note	
	Output Aatio	DR <sub>DTS</sub> Vi (RWBD) = 2.3Vp-p fi = 5 kHz		_	50	_	%	<sup>f</sup> DTS = kHz			
				MSM6808	MSM6818						
		FS <sub>CD1</sub>	Vi(RWBD)	fi = 3.5k±100Hz	fi = 2.8k±100Hz	_	V <sub>DD</sub>	_	,		
	Sensitivity	FS <sub>CD2</sub>	=2,3Vp-p	5k ± 100Hz	4k ± 100Hz	_	DG		V		
ČD		FS <sub>CD3</sub>		6.5k±100Hz	5.2k±100Hz	-	V <sub>DD</sub>			_	
	Response	<sup>t</sup> D1	Figure 5				_ 2	2	ms	ms	
	ricaponae	tD2		i igure 3				_	""		
	I/DTS ay Time	td	R9 = 10 $\Omega$ R8 = 175 k $\Omega$ C4 open				21	_	μς	Figure 6	
RS/ Sen	AT sitivity	VRSAT	fi = 5970 6000 6030	)		-20	_	_	dBV- rms		

### TX-AUDIO (TXD/TXS/DTMF) CHARACTERISTICS

 $V_{DDA}$ ,  $V_{DD}$  = 5V ±5%,  $T_a$  = -30  $\sim$  70 $^{\circ}$ C

		VDDA, VDD - 5V ±5%, 1a50				00 .00		
Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note	
METD Output Level	Vотхо	$V_{1L} = 0 \text{ V}, V_{1H} = V_{DD}$ fi = 10 kHz (MSM6808) fi = 8 kHz (MSM6818) square wave (50%)	_	-8.2	_	dBVp	SW3 = ''1''	
METD Frequency Characteristics		$V_{IL} = 0 V, V_{IH} = V_{DD}$ square wave (50%)		Figure	1	_	-	
TXS Output Level	Votxs	$V_{IL} = 0 V, V_{IH} = V_{DD}$ square wave (50%) fi = 6 kHz	_	-23.2	_	dBVrms	SW4=''1''	
TSAT Frequency Characteristics		V <sub>IL</sub> = 0 V, V <sub>IH</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub> square wave (50%)		Figure :	2	_	_	
	V <sub>OL1</sub>	f0 = 697 Hz	_	- 19.3	_			
	VOL2	770	_	-18.4 -				
	V <sub>OL3</sub>	852		-17.6	_			
DTMF	V <sub>OL4</sub>	941	_	16.7 - dDV/s		dD) (	Emphasis (6dB/oct)	
Output Level	V <sub>OH1</sub>	f0 = 1209 Hz	_	- 14.5	-	dBVrms	Figure 3 MCK=1MHz	
	V <sub>OH2</sub>	1336	_	- 13.6	_			
	Vон3	1477	_	-12.8	_			
	V <sub>OH4</sub>	1633	-	-11.9				
Sounder Output Level	VOTONE	f0 = 2016 Hz	_	-25	_	dBVrms	SW6="1"	
DTMF Side Tone Output Level	VODST	697, 1633 Hz Pair	_	- 22	-	dBVrms		
DTMF Distortion	D <sub>DTMF</sub>	_	_	-	10	%	_	
DTMF Output Frequency Error	△FDTMF	MCK = 1 MHz	- 1.5	_	+1.5	%		
TONE Undesired Wave Leakage	-	TXD/TXS/DTMF	_	-	-61	dBVrms	SW3=''0'' SW4=''0'' SW5=''0''	
Out-band Noise Level				igure 4	1	_	_	



METD Frequency Characteristic (MSM6818)

Figure 1

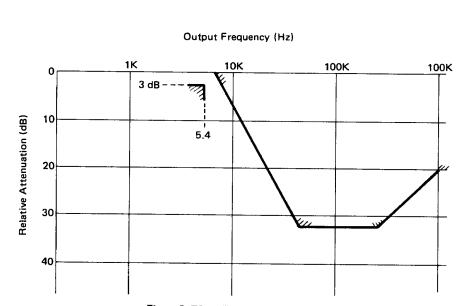


Figure 2 TSAT Frequency Characteristic

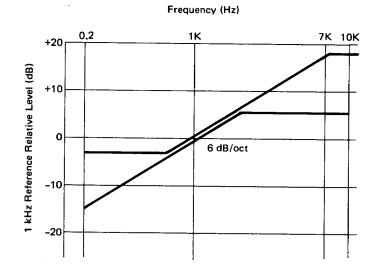
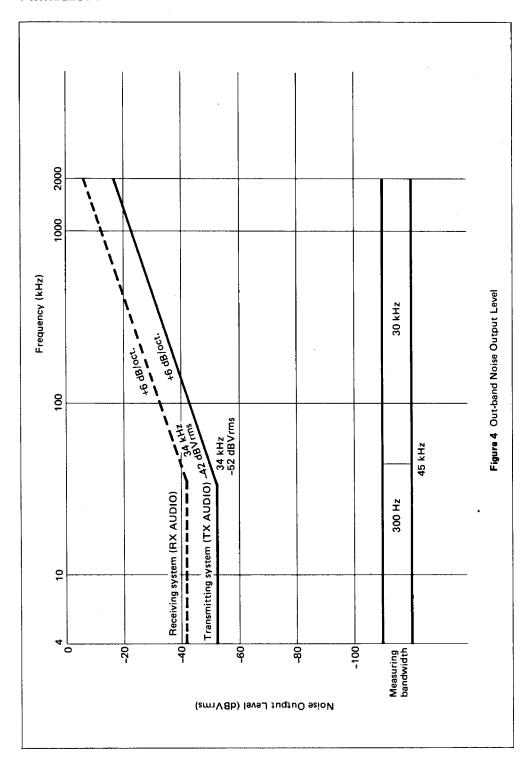
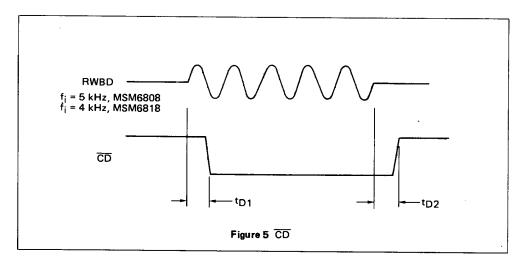
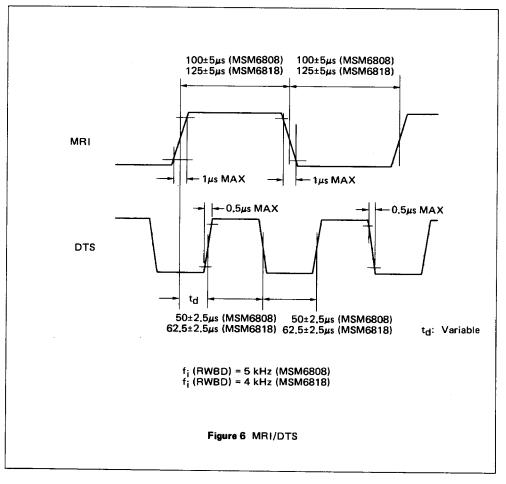


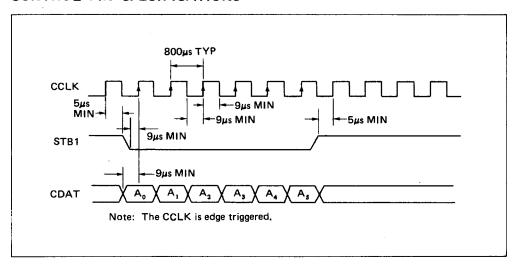
Figure 3 DTMF Emphasis Characteristic







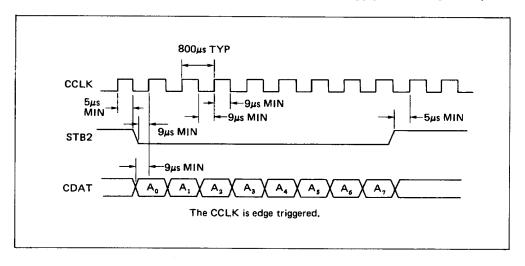
#### **CONTROL PIN SPECIFICATIONS**



Symbol	Name	Switch Status							
		RSIC, RSID	Contr	ol Data	Switch Status				
		Input DC Level	A0	A1	SW1	SW2			
	(DEMA, DEMB) (RSIA, RSIB)		L	L	0	0			
$A_{o}$	selection switch	RSIC > RSID	L	Н	1	1			
		10.00	Н	L	1	1			
			Н	Н	1	1			
		1	L	L	0	0			
		RSIC < RSID	L	Н	0	0			
			Н	L	1	1			
A,	(DEMA, DEMB) (RSIA, RSIB) selection switch enable	L	Н	Н	0	0			
•	selection switch enable	Control data L: Logic Low Level H: Logic High Level							
		Switch status "0", "1": Refer to the block diagram							
A 2	Data transmission enable	H: SW3 = "1", l	_: SW3 :	= ''0''					
A <sub>3</sub>	SAT transponder enable	H: SW4 = "1", L	_: SW4	= ''0''					
Α,	DTMF transmission enable	H: SW5 = "1", 1	_: SW5	= ''0''					
Α,	Side tone enable	H: SW6 = "1", 1	_: SW6	= ''0''					

Table 1

See the block diagram



A <sub>0</sub>	A,	A <sub>2</sub>	Α3	Α4	A <sub>5</sub>	A <sub>6</sub>	Α,	Low Tone Frequency (Hz)	High Tone Frequency (Hz)	Remarks		
0	0	0	×	×	×	×	×	697				
0	0	1	×	×	×	×	×	770		1		
0	1	0	×	×	х	×	×	852		1		
0	1	1	×	×	х	×	×	941		1		
1	0	0	×	×	×	×	х			1		
1	0	1	×	×	×	×	×			A =	H:	Low
1	1	0	×	х	×	×	×					tone on
1	1	1	х	×	×	×	×			İ	L:	Low tone off
×	x	×	0	0	0	×	×		1209	Α, =	H:	High
×	×	х	0	0	1	х	×		1336			tone on
×	×	х	0	1	0	х	×		1477		L:	High tone on
×	×	х	0	1	1	х	×		1633			
×	×	х	1	0	0	×	×		2016			
×	×	×	1	0	1	×	×					
×	х	х	1	1	0	×	×					
×	×	×	1	1	1	×	×					

Table 2

