

Dual 1 Form A Solid State Relay

Features

- Dual Channel (LH1500)
- Current Limit Protection
- Isolation Test Voltage 5300 V_{RMS}
- Typical R_{ON} 20 Ω
- Load Voltage 350 V
- Load Current 150 mA
- High Surge Capability
- Linear, AC/DC Operation
- Clean Bounce Free Switching
- Low Power Consumption

Agency Approvals

- UL - File No. E52744 System Code H or J
- CSA - Certification 093751
- BSI/BABT Cert. No. 7980
- DIN EN 60747-5-5 (VDE 0884):2003-01 Available with Option 1
- FIMKO Approval

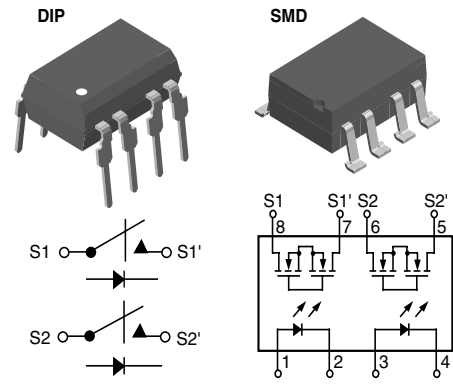
Applications

General Telecom Switching

- On/off Hook Control
- Ring Delay
- Dial Pulse
- Ground Start
- Ground Fault Protection

Instrumentation

Industrial Controls



Description

The LH1520 dual 1 Form A relays are SPST normally open switches that can replace electromechanical relays in many applications. They are constructed using a GaAlAs LED for actuation control and an integrated monolithic die for the switch output. The die, fabricated in a high-voltage dielectrically isolated technology is comprised of a photodiode array, switch control circuitry, and MOSFET switches. In addition, the LH1520 SSRs employ current-limiting circuitry, enabling them to pass FCC 68.302 and other regulatory surge requirements when overvoltage protection is provided.

Order Information

Part	Remarks
LH1520AAC	SMD-8, Tubes
LH1520AACTR	SMD-8, Tape and Reel
LH1520AB	DIP-8, Tubes

Absolute Maximum Ratings, $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

Stresses in excess of the absolute Maximum Ratings can cause permanent damage to the device. Functional operation of the device is not implied at these or any other conditions in excess of those given in the operational sections of this document. Exposure to absolute Maximum Ratings for extended periods of time can adversely affect reliability.

SSR

Parameter	Test condition	Symbol	Value	Unit
LED continuous forward current		I_F	50	mA
LED reverse voltage	$I_R \leq 10\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	V_R	8.0	V
DC or peak AC load voltage	$I_L \leq 50\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	V_L	350	V
Continuous DC load current , one pole operating		I_L	150	mA
Continuous DC load current , two poles operating		I_L	110	mA
Peak load current (single shot), Form B	$t = 100\text{ ms}$	I_P	2)	
Ambient temperature range		T_{amb}	- 40 to + 85	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Storage temperature range		T_{stg}	- 40 to + 150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Pin soldering temperature	$t = 10\text{ s max}$	T_{sld}	260	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Input/output isolation test voltage	$t = 1.0\text{ s, } I_{ISO} = 10\text{ }\mu\text{A max}$	V_{ISO}	5300	V_{RMS}
Pole-to-pole isolation voltage (S1 to S2) ¹⁾ , (dry air, dust free, at sea level)			1600	V
Output power dissipation (continuous)		P_{diss}	600	mW

¹⁾ Breakdown occurs between the output pins external to the package.

²⁾ Refer to Current Limit Performance Application Note for a discussion on relay operation during transient currents.

Electrical Characteristics, $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

Minimum and maximum values are testing requirements. Typical values are characteristics of the device and are the result of engineering evaluations. Typical values are for information only and are not part of the testing requirements.

Input

Parameter	Test condition	Symbol	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
LED forward current, switch turn-on	$I_L = 100\text{ mA, } t = 10\text{ ms}$	I_{Fon}		1.0	2.0	mA
LED forward current, switch turn-off	$V_L = \pm 300\text{ V}$	I_{Foff}	0.2	1.1		mA
LED forward voltage	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$	V_F	1.15	1.26	1.45	V

Output

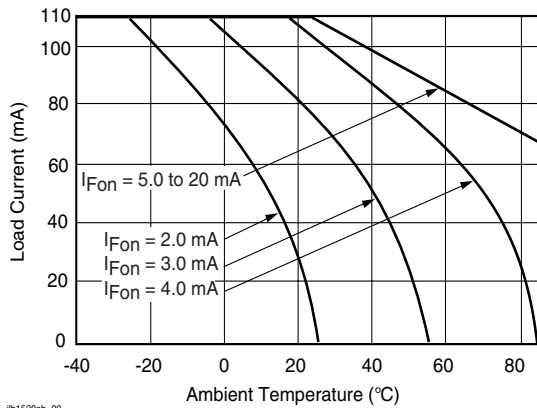
Parameter	Test condition	Symbol	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
ON-resistance	$I_F = 5.0\text{ mA, } I_L = 50\text{ mA}$	R_{ON}	12	20	25	Ω
OFF-resistance	$I_F = 0\text{ mA, } V_L = \pm 100\text{ V}$	R_{OFF}	0.5	5000		$\text{G}\Omega$
Current limit	$I_F = 5.0\text{ mA, } t = 5.0\text{ ms, } V_L = \pm 6.0\text{ V}$	I_{LMT}	230	270	370	mA
Off-state leakage current	$I_F = 0\text{ mA, } V_L = \pm 100\text{ V}$			0.02	200	nA
	$I_F = 0\text{ mA, } V_L = \pm 350\text{ V}$				1.0	μA

Parameter	Test condition	Symbol	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Output capacitance	$I_F = 0 \text{ mA}, V_L = 1.0 \text{ V}$			55		pF
	$I_F = 0 \text{ mA}, V_L = 50 \text{ V}$			10		pF
Pole-to-pole capacitance (S1 to S2)	$I_F = 5.0 \text{ mA}$			0.5		pF
Switch offset	$I_F = 5.0 \text{ mA}$			0.15		V

Transfer

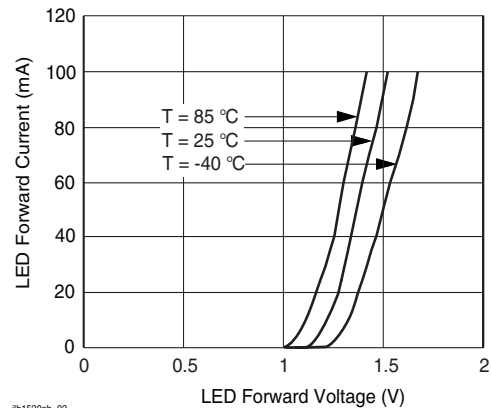
Parameter	Test condition	Symbol	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Input/output capacitance	$V_{ISO} = 1.0 \text{ V}$	C_{ISO}		1.1		pF
Turn-on time	$I_F = 5.0 \text{ mA}, I_L = 50 \text{ mA}$	t_{on}		1.4	2.0	ms
Turn-off time	$I_F = 5.0 \text{ mA}, I_L = 50 \text{ mA}$	t_{off}		0.7	2.0	ms

Typical Characteristics ($T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)



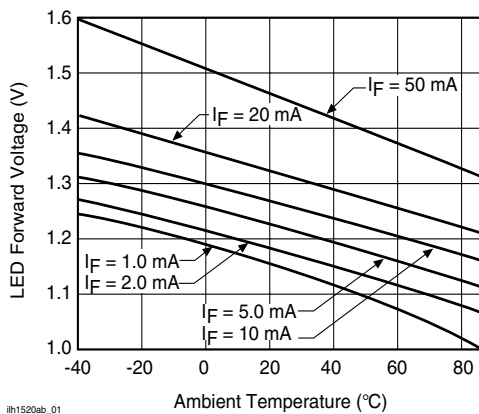
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Figure 1. Recommended Operating Conditions



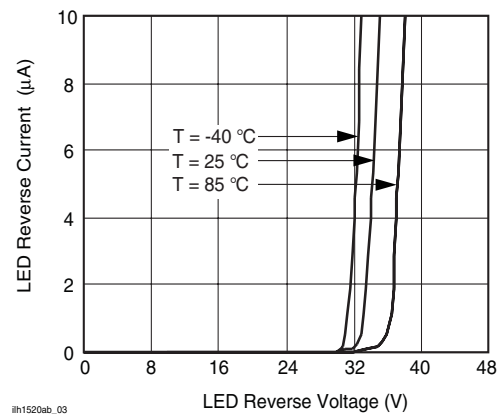
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Figure 3. LED Forward Current vs. LED Forward Voltage



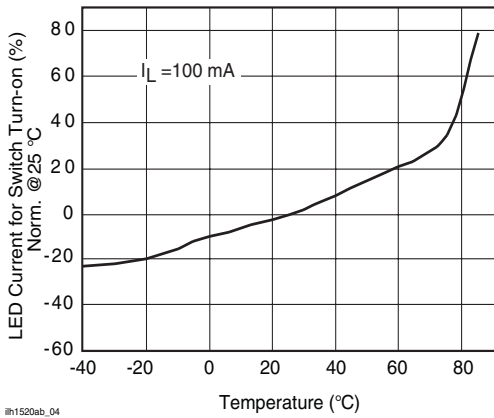
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Figure 2. LED Voltage vs. Temperature



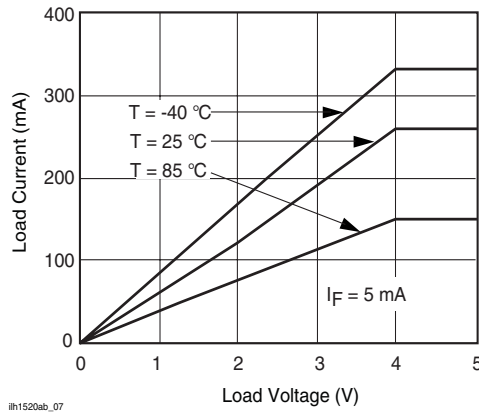
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Figure 4. LED Reverse Current vs. LED Reverse Voltage



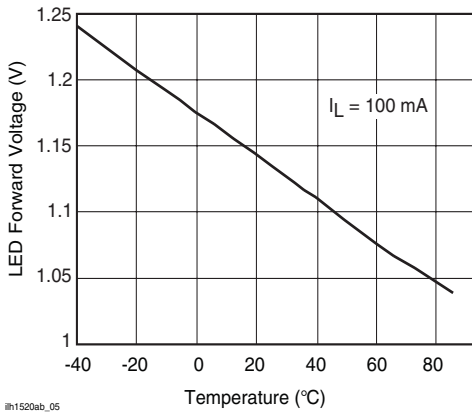
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Figure 5. LED Current for Switch Turn-on vs. Temperature



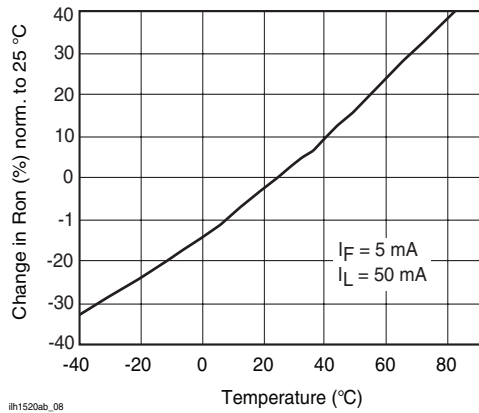
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Figure 8. Load Current vs. Load Voltage



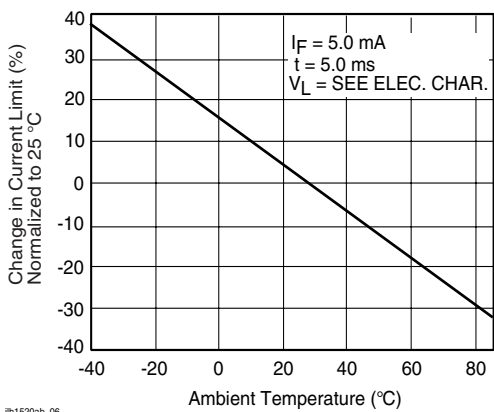
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Figure 6. LED Dropout Voltage vs. Temperature



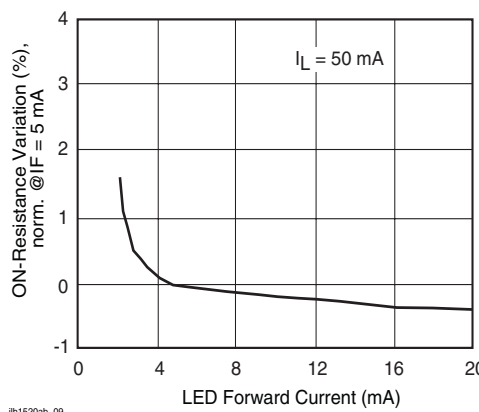
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Figure 9. ON-Resistance vs. Temperature



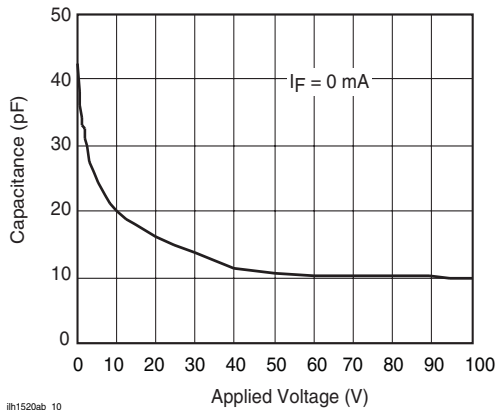
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Figure 7. Current Limit vs. Temperature



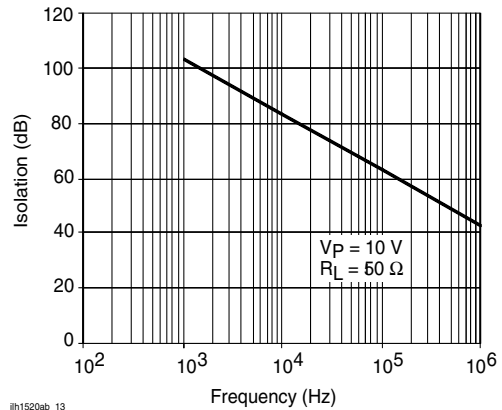
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Figure 10. Variation in ON-Resistance vs. LED Current



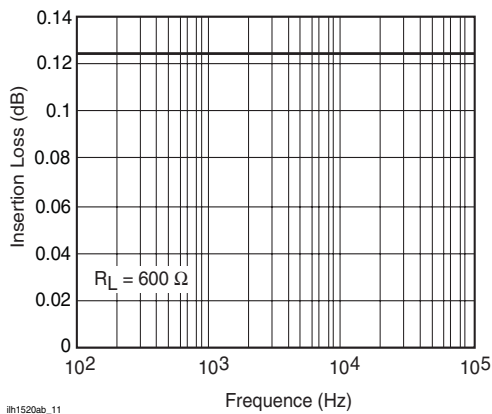
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Figure 11. Switch Capacitance vs. Applied Voltage



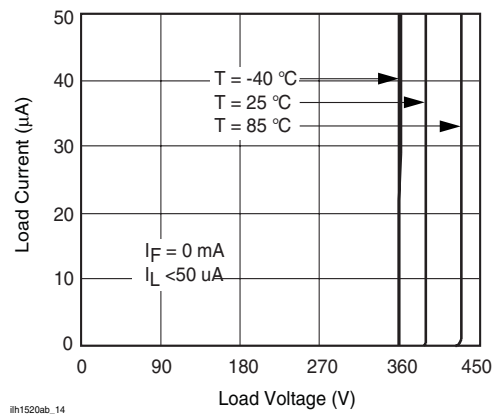
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Figure 14. Output Isolation



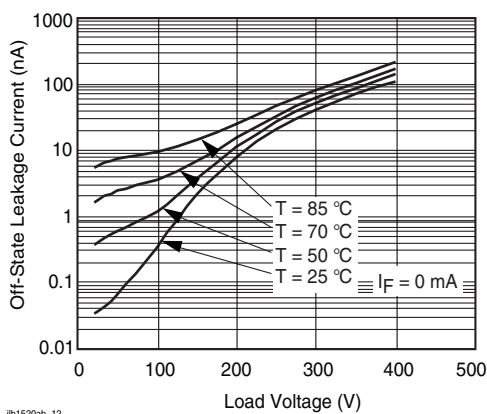
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Figure 12. Insertion Loss vs. Frequency



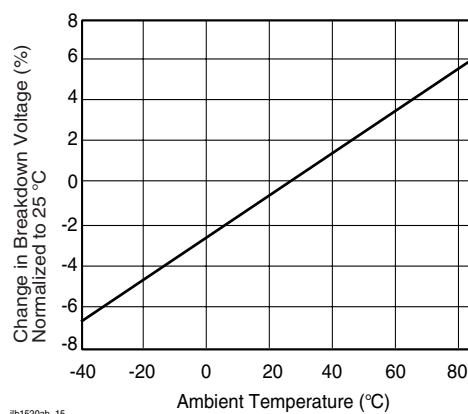
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Figure 15. Switch Breakdown Voltage vs. Load Current



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Figure 13. Leakage Current vs. Applied Voltage



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Figure 16. Switch Breakdown Voltage vs. Temperature

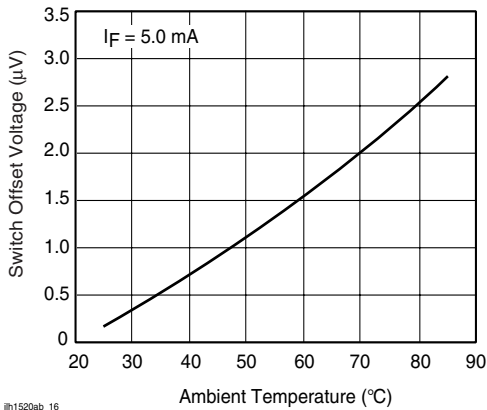


Figure 17. Switch Offset Voltage vs. Temperature

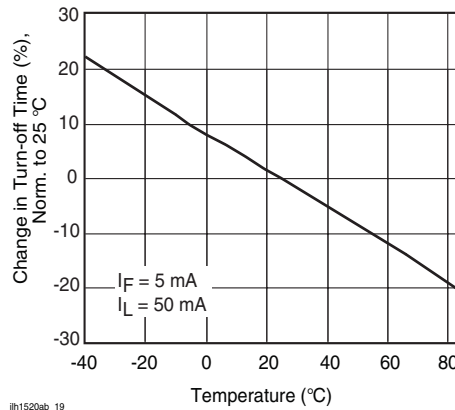


Figure 20. Turn-off Time vs. Temperature

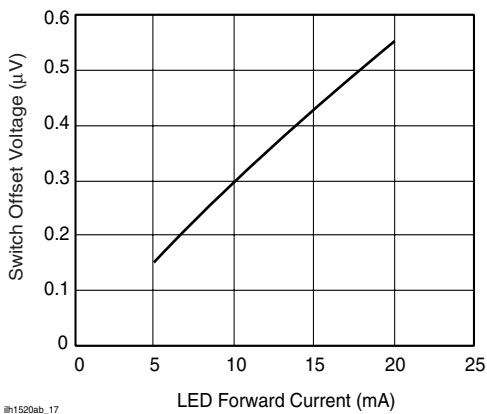


Figure 18. Switch Offset Voltage vs. LED Current

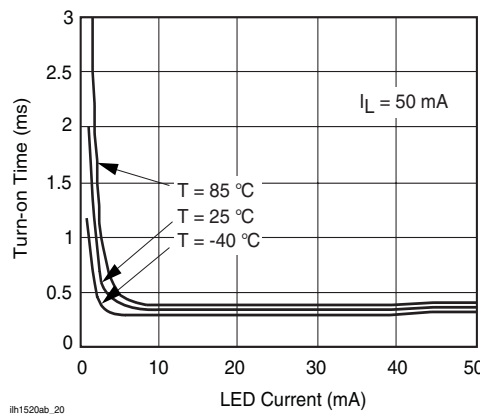


Figure 21. Turn-on Time vs. LED Current

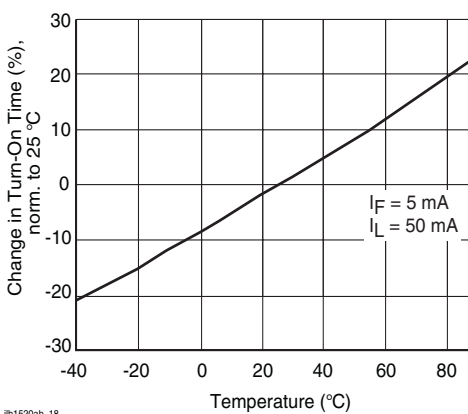


Figure 19. Turn-on Time vs. Temperature

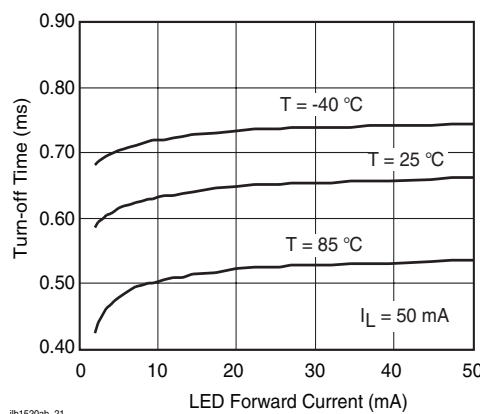


Figure 22. Turn-off Time vs. LED Current

Ozone Depleting Substances Policy Statement

It is the policy of **Vishay Semiconductor GmbH** to

1. Meet all present and future national and international statutory requirements.
2. Regularly and continuously improve the performance of our products, processes, distribution and operating systems with respect to their impact on the health and safety of our employees and the public, as well as their impact on the environment.

It is particular concern to control or eliminate releases of those substances into the atmosphere which are known as ozone depleting substances (ODSs).

The Montreal Protocol (1987) and its London Amendments (1990) intend to severely restrict the use of ODSs and forbid their use within the next ten years. Various national and international initiatives are pressing for an earlier ban on these substances.

Vishay Semiconductor GmbH has been able to use its policy of continuous improvements to eliminate the use of ODSs listed in the following documents.

1. Annex A, B and list of transitional substances of the Montreal Protocol and the London Amendments respectively
2. Class I and II ozone depleting substances in the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) in the USA
3. Council Decision 88/540/EEC and 91/690/EEC Annex A, B and C (transitional substances) respectively.

Vishay Semiconductor GmbH can certify that our semiconductors are not manufactured with ozone depleting substances and do not contain such substances.

**We reserve the right to make changes to improve technical design
and may do so without further notice.**

Parameters can vary in different applications. All operating parameters must be validated for each customer application by the customer. Should the buyer use Vishay Semiconductors products for any unintended or unauthorized application, the buyer shall indemnify Vishay Semiconductors against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal damage, injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized use.

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